"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; moderate to brisk northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,758. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1912.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

CONFESSION NAMES MORE TAXI ROBBERS

Police Now Hunt the "Three Brigands" Who Grabbed a Share of $25,000 Loot.

KINSMAN HAS TOLD ALL

Leads Police Over Route Robbers Took, and Tells How They Discussed Plans—Five Held Here.

With five of the principals of the Trinity Place holdup, in which two messengers of the East River National Bank were assaulted and then robbed of $25,000 that they were taking from the Produce Exchange Bank to the East River National, the police of New York and five hundred other American and Canadian cities were searching last night for five other men who are now known to have had a part in that daring crime. Every detail of the crime has been told in the confession of one of the prisoners.

Three of the men who are wanted and whose arrest is promised soon are known in the criminal world as the "Three Brigands." Though they did not participate in the actual assault and robbery of the East River National messengers they were present when the money was divided, and bullied those who did the dangerous part of the job into giving them $10,000 of the loot.

One of the two men arrested yesterday is Eugene Splaine, alias Frank J. Ford of Boston, known as a strong armed gun man. It was Splaine, according to Commissioner Dougherty, who blackjacked Wilbur F. Smith of 901 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, the 60-year-old messenger, who was in the taxicab. The man who climbed into the taxicab with Splaine and blackjacked Frank Wardell, the 16-year-old lad, who was with Mr. Smith, is known to the police as "Dutch." He is still at large, but his arrest is said to be imminent.

The second man arrested yesterday is Joseph Lamb, a dishwasher, employed in a hotel at 53 Washington Square South. He is the man who ran out in front of Gino Montani's taxicab when it neared Edgar Street and Trinity Place, the object of the "stall," according to Lamb's confession, being to give Montani an excuse to slow down for the purpose of letting Splaine and "Dutch" climb into the cab, and Kinsman, the young man arrested on Monday, get on the seat next to Montani, who expected to be arrested, and wanted a chance to explain that he was forced to obey orders because Kinsman held a loaded pistol against his stomach.

The Round-up of the Gang.

These are the men now under arrest, each charged with robbery and assault and each arraigned yesterday and held in $15,000 for examination in the Tombs Court, to-morrow morning.

ALBROZZO, JESS, of 83 West Third Street, the friend of Montani, who was the go-between of the cab owner and the men who committed the crime, and who collected Montani's share of the loot, which was $3,000.

KINSMAN, EDWARD, alias "Eddie Collins," of Boston, the man who rode on the seat with Montani.

LAMB, JOSEPH, of 53 Washington Square South, also known as "Scotty," who furnished the excuse for Montani to slow down, for doing which he was to get $25. The police say that "Scotty" never got a cent.

MONTANI, GINO, the taxicab owner and driver, of 147 West Fourth Street.

SPLAINE, EUGENE, alias "Frank J. Ford," of Boston, who, with the man named "Dutch," climbed into the taxicab and blackjacked the messengers. Under arrest in Memphis, Tenn.

The men yet to be arrested are "Dutch," "Joe the Kid," a friend of Dutch, who closed the door of the taxicab after "Dutch" got in, and the "Three Brigands," one of whom is known as Matteo and another as Paoli, according to the police. It was said last night that the police had not identified the third brigand, but this is probably a mistake, and the belief is general that not only does Commissioner Dougherty know all three, but that he has every reason to expect the arrest of all of them within a very short time, possibly to-day.

Three women are also held in $5,000 bail as accessories to the crime, but the police do not expect to maintain this charge. One of these women is Annie Hull, better known as "Swedish Annie," the friend of Kinsman, who helped him spend a part of his share of the money, and then let out information that eventually led to Kinsman's arrest and identification as one of the hold-up men. The other women, whose part in the affair has not been disclosed by the police, are Myrtle Hoyt and a young girl known as "Rose."

From every one of the persons now in custody, with the exception of Montani, the police have obtained valuable information. Kinsman has made a full confession, and so has Albrozzi, while "Scotty," who did his part and didn't get paid, has told everything that he knows. He was not taken into the confidence of the plotters to any extent. All that he was permitted to know was that if he ran out in front of the taxicab when told to do so he would get $25. He of course witnessed the hold-up, and has told Commissioner Dougherty what he saw.

The Capture of Splaine.

Commissioner Dougherty received information Sunday night that Splaine had left Chicago on an Illinois Central train and that his destination was either Hot Springs, Ark., or New Orleans, probably the latter city, where he could have connected with a fast train for San Francisco or some other Pacific Coast city. Annie Hull, before her arrest, told some of her friends that she and "Eddie," as she called Kinsman, were going to the Far West, and it is believed that an arrangement had been made for them to join Splaine there. When Splaine, who was in Chicago, read of Kinsman's arrest he immediately left the city.

That Splaine was on board an Illinois Central express bound for New Orleans was established late Monday night by Detectives Daly and Claire of the New York Detective Bureau, who were sent to Chicago by Commissioner Dougherty to find him. Memphis and intermediate points were immediately notified, and shortly after 11 o'clock yesterday morning a telegram was received from the Chief of Police of Memphis saying that Spaine and a man who gave his name as James J. Keith had been arrested in that city on their arrival from Chicago. Spaine, according to later information received by Commissioner Dougherty, consented to waive extradition proceedings and to return to New York at once. Daly and Claire are now on the way to Memphis to get him.

As for the man Keith, Commissioner Dougherty is not inclined to believe that he is concerned in the Trinity Place hold-up. He is held, however, pending an investigation.

$2,850 of the Cash Recovered.

The police have now recovered $2,850 of the $25,000 that was taken from the bank messengers. Of this $850 was in a grip

Continued on Page 4.

H. CLAY PIERCE LOSES SUIT.

Fails to Appear in Court, and Jury Awards Mrs. Rycroft $171,000.

Henry Clay Pierce, the oil capitalist, failed to appear before Supreme Court Justice Erlanger, when a suit brought against him by Mrs. Alice G. Rycroft, of 243 West End Avenue, was called. The jury awarded Mrs. Rycroft $171,000. Justice Erlanger granted Pierce's lawyers a stay of execution until the third week of April.

E. B. Boise, counsel for Pierce, told the court that his client was ill in Florida, and asked that the trial of the suit be postponed. Robert Stewart, attorney for Mrs. Rycroft, told the court that the trial had been postponed several times, and that it could not be delayed any more without his consent. This he declared he would not give.

Both Mr. Boise and Justice Erlanger tried to persuade Mr. Stewart to consent to go to Florida and take Pierce's testimony there. But he declined to accept the proposition, even when Justice Erlanger remarked:

"You can go down to Palm Beach and have a little recreation and vacation at Mr. Pierce's expense."

Mrs. Rycroft testified that Pierce was dining with her family at her house in May, 1903, and suggested that she transfer her stocks and bonds, $150,000 in value, from Arthur S. Leland & Co. to Post & Flagg. She learned later, she said, that Pierce had arranged to have the stocks in the new account in his own name, instead of hers. In this way, she said, she lost them. In his answer to the suit, Pierce denied this account of the stock transfer, though he admitted he ordered the transfer itself.

ENRICHED FOR SAVING GIRL.

Track Worker Bequeathed 9,850 Acres of Land by Grateful Father.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, Feb. 27.—James F. Montgomery, a railroad section hand, has fallen heir to a tract of 9,850 acres of land in Pecos County, said to be valued at something like $35,000 or more, for having saved the life of Gertrude Ambrose, the youngest daughter of Albert Ambrose of Portland, Oregon, five years ago.

Mr. Ambrose died recently in California and bequeathed the land to Montgomery, with whom he kept in touch and befriended.

The rescue of Mr. Ambrose's daughter occurred when Ambrose and his family were traveling on the Southern Pacific, en route to California. The train was wrecked near Marfa, Texas. Montgomery was working on the tracks near the scene, and, breaking through the car in which the Ambroses were riding, rescued the little girl, and, returning, carried her father, who was hurt, from the wreck.

Mr. Ambrose owned large tracts of land in Texas and New Mexico and was interested in mining properties.

FOUND DYING ON BRIDGE.

Skull of Unidentified Man Fractured, He Dies in Hospital.

Policeman Muldoon, of the Queensboro Bridge Squad, found an unconscious man on the promenade in the centre of the bridge last night. The man had a cut on his head. Dr. Franklin, who was called from the Presbyterian Hospital, said the man's skull was fractured, and that he was in a serious condition. The man was taken to the hospital, where he died at 11:15 P. M.

His clothing was searched and revealed only a couple of sales slips of "The Stove Manufacturers Repair Association, George S. Russ, 230 Water Street." The slips bore date of Feb. 17 and Feb. 22. A shaker was one of the articles bought but the writing on the other could not be deciphered. The name of the purchaser was not on the slips.

The man was about 32 years old, five feet 11 inches in height, weighed 170 pounds, and had dark complexion and hair, and gray eyes. He wore a dark gray suit of good material, and a cap, but no collar or tie.

There was nothing to indicate that the man had been drinking and the police are at a loss for a theory to advance as to the manner in which he received his injuries.

AIRMEN FOR BRITISH ARMY.

Aviation School on Salisbury Plain—$800,000 for Aeroplanes.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The estimates of expenditure for the British Army for the financial year 1912-13, including effective and non-effective services, aggregate $139,300,000, an increase of $850,000 over those of 1911-12.

The entire increase in the estimates is due to the proposed expenditure by the Government on the development of aviation in the army. In a memorandum accompanying the estimates Lord Haldane, Secretary of State for War, says that a complete military aviation school, with a full complement of aeroplanes and all the workshops necessary thoroughly to train officers of both the army and the navy, will be established at an early date on Salisbury Plain, the great manoeuvring ground of the army in England. Eight hundred thousand dollars is to be expended on the acquisition of aeroplanes alone.

FOR MISSOURI COMPROMISE.

Gov. Hadley Proposes to Taft Men to Divide Delegation.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—In a secret conference at the Racquet Club to-night Gov. H. S. Hadley, the recognized Roosevelt leader of Missouri, proposed a compromise with Taft leaders for a division of delegates to the National convention.

Thomas K. Niedringhaus of St. Louis, Treasurer of the Republican State Committee, backed up Gov. Hadley's plan.

Charles D. Morris, Chairman of the State Committee; Otto F. Stifel, who has undertaken the organization of the Taft forces in the State, and Henry W. Kiel, ex-Chairman of the City Committee, completed the party.

It is known that the Taft adherents went into the conference reluctantly, determined not to yield an iota, and the gathering ended without any definite arrangement being made.

Liner Pisa Short of Coal.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 27.—A wireless message was received late to-day from the Hamburg-American Line steamer Pisa, fourteen days out from Hamburg for Philadelphia, that she would be at Halifax before morning for bunker coal. She has 500 passengers.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, world's famous tonic, delicious flavoring all desserts.—Adv.

THE VASTER AMERICA OPENING UP FOR US

Stephen Bonsal, for The New York Times, on a Mission to Tell of Its Opportunities.

THE OUTLOOK IN PANAMA

Eager for Canal Legislation—Message from Taft Pleases Vice President Chiari—Knox Arrives and Is Welcomed.

In view of the great expansion of relations between the United States and the countries of South America that is certain to follow the completion of the Panama Canal a year hence, The New York Times has sent Mr. Stephen Bonsal, an experienced diplomat and writer, on a six months' tour of South America. Mr. Bonsal will write articles, chiefly for The Sunday Times, on social, political and commercial conditions, with the purpose of bringing the peoples of the two Americas into closer mutual understanding and interest.

Mr. Bonsal will also send occasional cables. The first of these, from Panama, appears below, and notes a brief interview with Acting President Chiari, to whom Mr. Bonsal bore a verbal message of greeting from President Taft.

Mr. Bonsal's first article, dealing with the Panama Canal, will appear in The Sunday Times within a few weeks.

By STEPHEN BONSAL.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA CITY, Feb. 27.—I had a pleasant conversation with Acting President Chiari at the palace this morning, looking over the harbor, which is to-day possessed by the fishing pelicans, soon, however, to be crowded by the commerce of the business world as we now know it, and of that other business world which is awakening.

President Chiari was greatly pleased with the courteous message of good-will which Mr. Taft charged me on leaving Washington to give to his brother Executives of Latin America, and reciprocated his good wishes in words of evident sincerity.

Whatever may be the feelings which Secretary Knox's trip has excited in adjacent countries, there can be no doubt of the cordial attitude to him here.

President Chiari emphasized this good feeling, and, as he described it, an increasing harmony happily characterizes to-day the working together of the Panaman and American authorities.

He expressed the hope that the Congress at Washington would shortly legislate for the canal, settling all matters for the operation of the permanent organization, so that the Panaman administration and Congress could intelligently initiate their plans for the development of the untouched resources of the country and arrange for the great magazines of manufactured products which Panamans confidently believe will soon convert their capital city into a market place and distributing point for all Central and South America.

The President expressed the hope that the railway to the northwest highlands of the republic—the most important link in his scheme for developing the country's resources—might find early approval from Washington and financial support from New York. He added that undoubtedly the land laws of the republic would shortly be modernized, so that foreigners could acquire immediate title. He regretted the present system, which he admitted had been a drag on emigration and had retarded the settlement of the country.

I should add that the canal officials agree with the Panaman President on the necessity for early canal legislation. There is every reason to believe that the stupendous work of building the canal will be practically completed within twelve months, and it is certain that the canal has far outstripped the indispensable preparations for its proper government and its intelligent utilization by steamship companies and shippers in this part of the world, accustomed to lay their plans far ahead, and here it is conceded on all sides that legislation for the permanent status of the canal and the Isthmus zone is imperatively necessary.

On this account the visit of Secretary Knox is doubly welcome.

Mr. Knox arrived in Colon this morning on the cruiser Washington, and later left by railroad for Panama City, arriving this afternoon. As many diplomats accredited to Washington are here taking notes, the Secretary does not find himself in strange company.

KNOX IN PANAMA.

Notables and Americans Turn Out to Welcome the Secretary of State.

PANAMA, Feb. 27.—The Central and South American tour of the American Secretary of State has begun auspiciously with beautiful weather and big welcoming crowds at Colon and Panama. Mr. Knox went ashore at Colon from the United States armored cruiser Washington shortly after 8 o'clock this morning, and was met by a large number of prominent Government officials and American

Continued on Page 3.

$50 NEW YORK TO PACIFIC COAST. Lehigh Valley Railroad. March 1 to April 14. —Adv.

An Artist Who Makes Wonderful Shoes.

Story of a remarkable man who knows more about feet than any one else in the world and gets fabulous prices for his creations. Read it in **Next Sunday's Times.**

WOMAN DRIVES AUTO THAT KILLS A WOMAN

Victim Is Speeded to Hospital, Where Pilot Faints When Told of Fatality.

POLICEMEN AID ON RIDE

Mrs. Frances Mager's Car Runs Down Mrs. Mary Wagner Behind a Street Car.

Persons at 112th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, among them Policemen Callan and Greenbaum of the West 125th Street Police Station, saw an elderly woman alight from a St. Nicholas Avenue car about 6:30 o'clock last evening and stand beside the tracks while she waited for a truck to pass. Behind the truck ran an automobile driven by a woman with a chauffeur on the seat beside her.

The woman motorist tried to swing around the truck just as the woman in the street decided to hurry ahead of the truck to the sidewalk. As the auto shot out from behind the truck the woman stood transfixed in the street. There was a yell from the spectators and a scream from the woman at the auto wheel as she applied the brakes.

The auto was moving rapidly, however, and though slowing down it struck the woman, throwing her beneath the wheels. The forward wheels passed over her body and the automobile came to a stop with the woman between the front and rear wheels.

The woman in the auto sat rigid for an instant and then fell forward over the wheel, sobbing hysterically. The policemen dragged the victim from the street and put her in the tonneau of the auto, a big touring car. The motorist, who said she was Mrs. Frances Mager, wife of G. A. J. Mager, a manufacturer of machinery, relinquished her seat to the chauffeur, George McNealis, and ordered him to drive at full speed to Harlem Hospital, at 136th Street and Lenox Avenue. Mrs. Mager climbed into the tonneau, where the policemen held the injured woman. With the policemen waving aside traffic, the auto sped up Lenox Avenue, one of the officers hanging on to Mrs. Mager, who had nearly collapsed and was in danger of falling out.

At the hospital both women were hurried inside, Mrs. Mager having to be supported, and as Dr. McKinley pronounced the victim of the accident already dead, Mrs. Mager fainted. She was revived, and after a time was able to be driven to the West 125th Street Police Station. There her husband, summoned by telephone by a friend who had witnessed the accident, was awaiting her, as was Coroner Feinberg.

Mrs. Mager and the chauffeur explained how the dead woman had stood still at first and how afterward she had stepped from in front of the truck directly in the auto's path.

Mrs. Mager is an expert automobile driver, having handled her own car for more than a year. Yesterday she was on her way to her husband's office at 211 East Ninety-fourth Street, to carry him to their home, 252 West Seventy-sixth Street, and first had driven to Bronxville. She was on her way downtown when the accident happened. Coroner Feinberg paroled her in the custody of her husband until 10 o'clock to-day, when he will hold an inquest.

At the hospital the card of Dr. Benjamin Shertils of 2 West 118th Street was found in the dead woman's handbag. The physician was summoned to the hospital and he identified the woman as Mrs. Mary Wagner of 127 West 112th Street. Her husband, when notified, said his wife had been on a shopping trip and must have been on her way home when she was killed.

TAXICAB HITS TWO WOMEN.

Both Knocked Down and Slightly Injured in Times Square.

Mrs. Eno Vivian, of 407 West 123d Street, and Miss Bessie Hill, an actress, living at the Hotel Gerard, were knocked down by a taxicab yesterday afternoon, in front of the Hotel Astor. Mrs. Vivian had been to luncheon at the Hotel Astor, and was leaving to go home. As she was about to step from the curb into Broadway Miss Hill came alongside of her and both started across the street, walking abreast. They became confused at the stream of passing automobiles and turned back once or twice and then stepped forward suddenly.

Robert A. Stout, a chauffeur, of 171 Eighth Avenue, was going north in a taxicab. He, too, became confused, not knowing whether the women were going to pass in front of him or wait for him to pass. The result was that they started forward just as he did. The taxicab hit both women.

Mrs. Vivian when picked up refused medical attention, asking that she be taken to her own physician. A large touring car had drawn up and its services were proffered and accepted, and Mrs. Vivian was taken away in it. Miss Hill was attended on the spot by Dr. Krulburg, an Army surgeon, who was one of the crowd, and was then taken to her hotel. Her left shoulder blade was fractured. The chauffeur told his story to Policeman Hughes, of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, and was let go.

Gov. Tener to be Taft Delegate.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Feb. 27.—Gov. John K. Tener when asked to-day if he would be a delegate to Chicago, said: "I will be a delegate at large and will be for President Taft."

DON'T TAKE CHANCES. Drink Crystal Spring Water, bottled at the Spring, Catskill Mts. 'Phone Murray Hill 590. —Adv.

RIGGS LOSES, 42 TO 2; LIE PASSED BY BLACK

Sullivan Urges Boy Senator from Brooklyn to Apologize to O'Brien, but He Refuses.

DELAY ACTION ON BISSELL

Gov. Dix Accepts Rebuff Mildly—Protest Filed Against Sullivan of Norwich for Tax Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27.—By a vote of 42 to 2 the Senate sustained an adverse report of its Finance Committee this afternoon on the nomination of Edward G. Riggs, the veteran political and financial writer, as a Public Service Commissioner for the First District. The only Senators who voted for Mr. Riggs were Loring M. Black, Jr., and Barth S. Cronin, both from Brooklyn. It was the first hard slap at Gov. Dix which the Senate has administered so far, but more trouble is predicted.

The Senate session at which the nomination of Mr. Riggs came up for confirmation was the most exciting of the year. The lie was passed by Senator Black, who is known as the "Kid Senator"—he is only twenty-three—in response to an assertion made by Senator James H. O'Brien, one of his Brooklyn colleagues, that Brooklyn Rapid Transit influences were back of the nomination of Mr. Riggs.

A number of Senators, including "Big Tim" Sullivan, Thomas H. Cullen, and J. Mayhew Wainwright of Westchester, the latter the senior in the Republican ranks, with Lieut. Gov. Conway joining in the plea, urged Senator Black to apologize to Senator O'Brien and to the Senate, but the youthful lawmaker remained obdurate. He did speak a few words of apology to the Senate, but declined to withdraw or have expunged from the record what he had said to Senator O'Brien.

Both the Democrats and Republicans caucused on the question of confirming Mr. Riggs. In the Democratic caucus the vote stood 18 to 4, Senators Cullen of Kings, Ferris of Oneida, Long of Suffolk and Nassau, and Murtaugh of Chemung voting in favor of confirming Mr. Riggs. Senators Black, Cronin, Sanner, and O'Brien, Democrats from Brooklyn, did not enter the caucus at all.

In the Republican caucus the vote showed ten against and six in favor of confirming him. Those supporting Mr. Riggs in the Republican caucus were Senators Travis of Kings, Allen of Rensselaer, Thomas of Madison, Walters of Onondaga, Hewitt of Cayuga, and Platt of Steuben.

Immediately after the Democratic caucus the Senate Finance Committee met and voted to present the name of Mr. Riggs "for consideration." This was done when the Senate met after a long recess at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Chairman Frawley of the Finance Committee moved that Riggs be rejected.

Black Charges Bad Faith.

Senator Black at once arose in his seat. It was apparent that he was laboring under a great deal of excitement, which he suppressed with difficulty. There was a decided tremor in his voice as he spoke. He began by mildly extolling Mr. Riggs and wound up by accusing the Democratic majority in general and two of his Democratic colleagues from Brooklyn in particular of bad faith.

"These two men," said Senator Black, "deceived me into going down to Gov. Dix with a list containing eight names, among these the name of Mr. Riggs, and proposing them as candidates for Public Service Commissioner that would be acceptable to the Brooklyn Senators. There is nothing these men can say to place themselves in a decent light before the public or before the Senate. They deliberately led the Governor of this State into a trap."

"I only rise to say," declared Senator Cronin, "that every word Senator Black has said is true and cannot be refuted. I want to enter my protest against this entire proceeding."

Senator Duhamel of Brooklyn, who has switched from the Independence League and become a full-fledged organization Democrat, said he did not think the people of Brooklyn looked upon Mr. Riggs as fit for the place, and then "Big Tim" Sullivan got the floor. He was the Tammany representative in the negotiations with the Brooklyn Senators. He asked Senator Black if it were not true that the Brooklyn Senators had entered a pact to hold up all confirmations until they got what they wanted, and if they had not pledged themselves to present the name of a good man?

"Isn't Mr. Riggs a good man?" asked Senator Black.

"You sit down and be a good boy," said "Big Tim," "and I will get down to Mr. Riggs in my own way and my own time. I never broke my word to a human being in all my life and I am 49. I want to have the satisfaction of hearing from Senator Black that he doesn't think I have done so now."

Senator Sullivan's face was flushed with anger as Senator Black said that he certainly must hold that every one who had taken part in the doings of to-day without first consulting the Brooklyn men had helped to violate a solemn agreement. It was at this point Senator O'Brien took part in the debate.

"We have long been handicapped by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, a New Jersey corporation," he said. "We don't want a man on the Public Service Commission who is either for the Interborough or the Brooklyn Rapid Transit. We want a man who is for Brooklyn. The people of my district believe that Brooklyn Rapid Transit influences are behind Riggs.

The Lie Passed.

"I am one of the backers of Mr. Riggs, and if you mean that I am influenced by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit in my support of Riggs you are a liar," shouted Senator Black in a rage that seemed to choke him. Senator Cullen, who occupied the seat next to Black, sought to mollify his young colleague, and urged him to apologize and withdraw his remarks.

"I will not withdraw my remarks unless the gentleman amends his statement so as to exclude me. I am the principal backer of Mr. Riggs."

Senator O'Brien, who in the meantime had resumed his seat, ignored the demand. Lieut. Gov. Conway, Senator Wainwright, and Senator Sullivan later joined in Cullen's demand that an apology be made to the Senate and to Senator O'Brien.

"Say, young fellow," said 'Big Tim,' "you ought to do the right thing by Senator O'Brien. You're 23 and he is 50. I think some respect is due to a man who can be elected to the Senate when he is 50. That's more than you will be."

Senator Black insisted that the assertion made by Senator O'Brien was general in its scope and that he could not

Continued on Page 2.

$50—FLORIDA TOUR—$50 Pennsylvania Railroad. Leaves New York March 5. Special Pullman train to Jacksonville. Tickets good for three months. Consult Ticket Agents or 'phone Madison 79-00. —Adv.

SIR JOHN TENNIEL IS 92.

Famous Punch Cartoonist, Now Quite Blind, Looks Forward to Summer.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Sir John Tenniel, the famous cartoonist, who was on the staff of Punch for fifty years, celebrated his ninety-second birthday to-day.

He is still in good health and is looking forward to the Summer to renew his walks from his home in Kensington. His great pastime is to be read aloud to by a companion; for some time now he has been quite blind.

CITY AUTOS IDENTIFIED.

Aldermen Pass Resolutions Calling for Large Numbers on Cars.

The Board of Aldermen yesterday passed the resolution requiring that all city-owned automobiles must bear the words "City of New York" painted in letters at least five inches in dimension on the back of the car. The color must contrast with the color of the body of the car. The penalty prescribed for any infringement of this law is a $10 fine. A special exemption is made in regard to cars used by the Police Department.

Alderman Folks, who introduced the resolution, explained that the purpose of the ordinance is to provide identification for city-owned automobiles, with the hope that it will cause more discrimination in their use by city officials. A similar ordinance was vetoed by Mayor McClellan.

HAD $12,000, DIES IN SQUALOR

Former Albany Servant Lived on Charity of Neighbors.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 27.—Mary Lang, spinster, 78 years old, who had lived on charity for many years, was found dead in squalid apartments on Monroe Street to-day. To the surprise of her neighbors, whose bounty she had partaken of for years, she was found to have the limit of deposits in several savings banks, and to be worth over $12,000. No relatives have been found by Coroner Hillson.

Miss Lang in her younger life had been a servant in Albany families.

MISS NICOLL NEAR DEATH.

Oxygen Heart Stimulants Used to Save De Lancey Nicoll's Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Feb. 27.—Miss Josephine Nicoll, daughter of De Lancey Nicoll, who has been dangerously ill of pneumonia at the St. James Hotel in this city, had a heart collapse to-day and late to-night is reported in a critical condition. Five physicians and four nurses are in attendance upon her, and members of the family from New York and other cities have been summoned.

Her temperature was 108 to-day and oxygen heart stimulants were used. Drs. Ely and Thompson of New York are among the doctors in consultation. All agree that Miss Nicoll has a fighting chance.

During last night Miss Nicoll passed through the crisis of her illness, and the relapse came to-day as an unexpected complication.

TWO VESSELS AGROUND.

Norwegian Crew Have a Day's Tramp on Cuban Sand Without Food.

CAPE SAN ANTONIO, Cuba, Feb. 27.—The Norwegian ship Patriarch is aground on Cape Correntos, twenty-five miles from here, and a Cuban warship has been ordered to her assistance.

Capt. Johansen of the Patriarch and his crew of fifteen men arrived here to-day from the ship after trudging through sand since yesterday morning without food or water. Five of the men were in a state of exhaustion.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—The freight steamer Goldsboro, which plies between this port and Atlantic City, went aground to-day on Brandywine Shoal, in Delaware Bay. The vessel was lashed by a forty-eight-mile gale, and when the vessel failed to float at high tide the crew abandoned her for the night and sought shelter in Cape May.

HARRISON WINS IN CHICAGO.

Mayor's Friends with Hearst's Aid Carry Primaries.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—The Hearst-Harrison combination carried the Democratic Aldermanic primaries to-day. Apparently all the candidates pledged to support Mayor Harrison's policy, save two, have been nominated.

Roger C. Sullivan, National Committeeman from Illinois, played but a small figure in the fight. His followers made an indifferent effort to carry three or four of the thirty-five wards, but were beaten in the Thirteenth Ward, for years a stronghold of his adherents, and apparently lost Sullivan's home ward, the Fourteenth.

"It is the greatest victory for a greater Chicago and progressive and clean politics that Chicago ever saw," said Mayor Harrison to-night.

ARRESTED IN STATEROOM.

Wireless from Germany Detains Here Liner Passenger and Woman.

The Hamburg-American liner Pennsylvania arrived at Hoboken yesterday evening and was met at the pier by Detectives Weinthal and Breen of the Hoboken police force. The detectives went to the second-class stateroom occupied by Leopold Solomon and a woman listed as Mrs. Solomon and placed them under arrest. They were turned over to the immigration authorities and will be sent to Ellis Island to-day.

The arrest followed a wireless message to Assistant Supt. Schweiger of the Hamburg-American Line from Capt. Russ of the Pennsylvania. Capt. Russ said he had received a wireless message telling him that Solomon had deserted his wife and children in Germany and eloped with another woman. It was also charged that he had embezzled 34,000 marks from a machinery house in Hamburg which employed him as an expert accountant. Solomon and his companion refused to talk last night.

Barry Wins in Players Club Suit.

ALBANY, Feb. 27.—The Court of Appeals to-day decided in favor of Richard Barry of New York in his fight to be restored to membership in the Players Club of New York. His membership was vacated because he wrote a magazine article in March, 1911, criticising actors as a class. He denied that he had violated any of the rules of the club.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED—SS Venezia, Naples, Feb. 14.

Genuine crystal pebble eyeglasses, the cool kind that never mist. SPENCER, now 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

NINE GOVERNORS JOIN IN SUPPORT OF TAFT

President's Managers Exult in More Pledges Than Roosevelt Has.

THREE OTHERS ARE CLAIMED

William Barnes, Jr., in Statement Declares the Colonel's Speech Violates Republicanism.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The increasing elation of the Taft managers as to the effect of the Roosevelt candidacy was emphasized to-day, when telegraphic pledges of support from nine Republican Governors were given out from the President's headquarters. The Executives going on record in favor of the President's renomination were Eberhart of Minnesota, Carroll of Iowa, Hay of Washington, Goldsborough of Maryland, Tener of Pennsylvania, Hooper of Tennessee, Spry of Utah, Pennewill of Delaware, and Pothier of Rhode Island.

In addition to the signed statements made public, the Taft managers claim the support of Govs. Deneen of Illinois, Oddie of Nevada, and Mead of Vermont.

To add to the joy of the President's supporters, William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the New York State Republican Committee, gave out a statement here to-night in which he declared Roosevelt's speech at Columbus was a violation of Republicanism.

The declaration of some of these Governors is a striking proof of the fact that in many States, which are thought radical, there is a strong Taft sentiment, and that Mr. Roosevelt cannot count upon even those States that are commonly referred to as progressive.

The announcement concerning the Governors from the Taft bureau is taken as an answer to the Chicago conference of seven Governors on whose solicitation Col. Roosevelt based his formal entry into the Presidential contest.

Twenty-two States now have Republican Governors, and all, except two, are now accounted for in the various statements of Presidential preferences. They are listed as follows: Declared for Taft, 9; claimed by Taft managers, 3; declared for Roosevelt, 7; declared for La Follette, 1; preference not announced, 2.

The Governors who have come out for President Taft all take the position that his record entitles him to renomination. Following are the more striking extracts from the Governors' dispatches:

Eberhart of Minnesota: "President Taft's Administration, measured by all standards of accomplishment and fidelity to duty, entitles him to the indorsement of a second term, which I believe the inherent sense of fairness and justice of the American people will ungrudgingly give him."

Carroll of Iowa: "There is no justice in the opposition to President Taft. His Administration has been clean and capable, in harmony with platform pledges. A just appreciation of the square deal would accord him a renomination without a contest."

Wise and Progressive.

Hay of Washington—Few Administrations can point to the enactment of so many wise and progressive laws as that of President Taft's. I feel it the duty of every true progressive Republican to support Mr. Taft for renomination and re-election.

Goldsborough of Maryland—It is my opinion that President Taft has given the country one of the best Administrations in its history. I firmly believe that when the record of the Republican Party under his wise leadership is fully made known to the people they will rally to his standard, renominate, and re-elect him.

Tener of Pennsylvania—In view of the able manner in which President Taft has conducted his office, the constructive and substantial achievements of his Administration, I unhesitatingly predict his re-election.

Hooper of Tennessee—President Taft is personally popular in Tennessee and his Administration commands general public confidence.

Spry of Utah—I am glad to reiterate my personal preference for Mr. Taft as Presidential nominee. * * * I regard him as the most logical as well as the strongest man whose name has been mentioned in connection with the Republican Presidential nomination.

Pennewell of Delaware—I am strongly in favor of President Taft's renomination. His splendid record should insure his re-election.

Pothier of Rhode Island: "President Taft is a safe man at the head of the Nation. His record entitles him to a renomination, in which event he should receive a most emphatic popular indorsement."

In making public these telegrams the Taft bureau says that Republican Gubernatorial candidates in the last elections in States normally Republican but now headed by Democratic executives have almost unanimously declared for Taft.

Barnes Repudiates Rooseveltism.

William Barnes, Jr., gave out his statement just before going to the White House to dine with President Taft. In part he said:

"The speech of Mr. Roosevelt at Columbus is a violation of Republicanism. When casually read it would seem to contain a formulation of doctrine but coupled as it immediately was with a declaration of the author's candidacy for the nomination to the Presidency, it acquired virility, but lost that dispassionate devotion to principle which would have given it whatever quality it might have possessed. In other words, this exposition at Columbus was to preface a candidacy rather than to maintain a principle and a candidacy which had been by its progenitor distinctly repudiated.

"This seems to clear to me that although it is impossible for me to subscribe to the doctrine of the Columbus speech I would feel that if I were one who could subscribe to that doctrine my feet were on slippery ground.

"There is no doubt whatsoever that the best judgment of the Republican electors of New York will be expressed at the primary on March 26, and that the convention which will assemble in Rochester on April 9 as a result of that primary will reaffirm those principles of the Republican Party which have made it in the past the medium through which the thoughtful and patriotic people of the country have rested in security.

"The Republicans of the State of New York can no more be swerved from their obvious duty now than they were in 1896, when that State with others united to hold the party firm in resistance to the crazed ideas of that hour."

Rayner's Attack Amuses Senate.

Senator Rayner of Maryland, speaking to-day in the Senate, made a pointed reply to Col. Roosevelt's "Charter of Democracy" speech. He insisted that nothing he had to say was intended to weaken Col. Roosevelt's chances for the nomination, as no other Republican candidate, in his opinion, would be so easily defeated at the polls. The Colonel's speech was characterized by Mr. Rayner as the "most dangerous doctrine ever brought forward by any one who has the slightest regard for the stability of our institutions and whose opinion is entitled to any weight or respect."

Senator Rayner's speech kept the Senate in a titter of amusement and the visitors in the galleries repeatedly laughed aloud. Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, who has decided to refrain from participation in the coming campaign, sat beside Mr. Root throughout and they exchanged smiles. In the middle of the address, Mr. Roosevelt's son-in-law, Representative Nicholas Longworth, who has declared for President Taft, entered the chamber, was told what was going on, and laughed at first, then solemnly sat through it all.

Mr. Rayner said he did not think Mr. Roosevelt's pronouncement at Columbus was an impulsive outburst, but that he had given to the subject more thought than he ordinarily devoted to subjects he was to talk about. He expressed conviction that, if elected, Mr. Roosevelt would do what he could to destroy the judicial system. His motive, as viewed by the Senator, would be that in the past the judiciary alone had stood between him and his dictatorial ambition.

BITTER FEELING IN CHICAGO.

Rival Headquarters Begin to Use Harsh Language.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Extreme bitterness has developed in the Roosevelt and Taft headquarters in Chicago. Acting on advices from Washington, the Taft managers began to liven up their announcements for public consumption, while the Roosevelt people issued a story in which they pictured the collapse of the Taft campaign in the Southern States.

Representative McKinley, National manager of the Taft campaign, it was learned to-day, has been advised that the Washington people do not propose to carry on a "pink tea" campaign from now on. At the Roosevelt headquarters the managers have been advised from Eastern sources, it is said, to "take off the mufflers." No matter how dignified the two candidates may remain it is certain that the partisans of the two men are preparing to hit out without mercy.

Both the Roosevelt and Taft people are planning to make Illinois the battle-ground of the West. Secretary Stimson comes here Tuesday to sound the Administration keynote speech in reply to Col. Roosevelt's Columbus speech. President Taft will follow on the heels of his Secretary of War, and four days later, at the banquet of the Illinois League of Swedish-American Republican Clubs, will reply to his predecessor. It is rumored that the President will devote most of his speech to the recall as applied to the judiciary.

The Roosevelt headquarters were in glee to-day over the telegrams from Pearl Wright, National Committeeman from Louisiana, and Col. Cecil Lyon, National Committeeman from Texas, who have declared for Roosevelt.

FOR DELAYING CONVENTION.

Bacon Thinks Roosevelt Affects Democrats' Plans—Mack Doesn't Agree.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Senator Bacon of Georgia, one of the Democratic leaders in the Senate, declared to-day in favor of postponing the Democratic Convention in Baltimore, which has been called for June 25, until a later date, because, as now arranged, it would be held only a week after the Republican Convention in Chicago.

"The entrance of Roosevelt to the contest for the Republican nomination to the Presidency," said Senator Bacon, "has so complicated things that I think the Democratic National Committee should take steps to postpone the time for holding the Democratic Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 27.—Thomas Taggart, National Committeeman from Indiana, asserted to-night that he would favor a postponement of the Democratic National Convention.

"At the time the date for the convention was fixed," said Mr. Taggart, "I was in favor of providing for a lapse of two weeks between the Republican and Democratic Conventions. I am for any move that will give us a better chance to analyze the situation."

"I don't see any need of a postponement," said Norman E. Mack, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, in this city last night. "But if any emergency arose through the action of the Republican gathering, a postponement for a week of the Democratic Convention could be arranged for them."

RIGGS LOSES, 42 TO 2; LIE PASSED BY BLACK

Continued from Page 1.

withdraw what he had said unless he was explicitly exonerated. He did say he felt sorry if the Senate had taken offense at his statement which was made in the heat of a debate, but with such qualification that it was literally true.

Senator Wagner in his closing remarks said that the Democratic majority in the Senate had no desire to differ with Gov. Dix, but that the Senate was a dignified body with responsibilities and prerogatives of its own, and a body not to be dictated to from any quarter.

"In this instance," said Senator Wagner, "we do not believe that the Governor's nominee presents the best interests of Brooklyn or that he is fit for the office. As to his Democracy I cannot say anything, but I must confess that I never knew he was a Democrat until he wanted this job from a Democratic Senate. The articles he has written during the last twenty years certainly do not show any love for the Democratic Party."

Senator Cobb, speaking for the Republicans, said that Gov. Dix was taking a very narrow view when he appointed Democrats to replace Republicans on a commission which it was intended should be non-political.

Action on Bissell Postponed.

Under a resolution adopted in the Democratic caucus it was decided to postpone action on Herbert P. Bissell, whom Gov. Dix nominated for the vacancy on the Public Service Commission for the Second District. It is expected that Mr. Bissell will be subjected to the organization fire when his name comes up for confirmation.

Gov. Dix, when asked what he thought of the Senate's action with regard to Mr. Riggs, said:

"There are three distinct branches in our Government and the Senate had a perfect right to do what it did to-day. My duty ended when I made the nomination."

"Will you send another name to the Senate?" the Governor was asked.

"That has not been decided," was his reply.

Should he fail to do so William McCarroll, the present incumbent, will hold over for another year. The Governor under the law cannot make recess appointments for the Public Service Commissions.

Meanwhile Stephen Ryan, Democratic State Committeeman from Chenango County, filed a protest with the Finance Committee against the confirmation of William H. Sullivan of Norwich as a State Tax Commissioner. The protest was signed by all the members of the Democratic County Committee of Chenango County except one, the Democratic Town Committeeman of Norwich, and every Democratic member of the Board of Supervisors with one exception.

Mr. Ryan issued a statement, in which he said that the protests had been filed for the reason that Mr. Sullivan's standing "in his business and professional life are such as would bring discredit on the Democratic Party."

"Furthermore," continues the statement, "he has always been in league with Jotham P. Allds's political machine, and this machine is publicly discredited in Chenango County. As proof of the fact that he is in league with this machine we cite the fact that Sullivan is now holding two offices that he received by appointment at the hands of this machine. Also the fact that he has in the past received lucrative appointments from the same source.

"The Governor evidently has been deceived in this matter."

ROOSEVELT WANTS A CAMPAIGN LEADER

Declares He Cannot Take Charge Himself and Will Stay at Home During Contest.

DENIES REFERENCE TO TAFT

Opinion Neither Asked Nor Expressed, He Says—Confers with Bass and Threatens Reporters.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 27.—Discussion of his political chances in New England, talks on literary themes with friends, and considerable traveling around Boston and Cambridge, pursued by a convoy of reporters on whom he turned twice in anger, made a very busy day for Col. Theodore Roosevelt.

The political situation in New England was canvassed at length by Col. Roosevelt with Gov. Robert Bass of New Hampshire and a party from that State, which included Clarence E. Clough of Lebanon, Chairman of the Republican State Committee; Frank A. Musgrove of Hanover, Speaker of the House of Representatives; several members of the Governor's Council, and other leaders. With the party was Col. Fred P. Hale, son of ex-Senator Eugene Hale of Maine.

When Gov. Bass and his party emerged from the house the Governor said:

"The fight is on now, and I have not the least doubt but that we will send a Roosevelt delegation to Chicago."

Active Leader Wanted.

It developed to-day that the Roosevelt movement is at present without a National leader to take active personal charge. Those who have consulted with Col. Roosevelt since he has declared his readiness to accept the nomination say he has stated that he cannot take personal charge of the movement. Col. Roosevelt said to-day that it was his present intention to return home and spend as much of his time as possible at Oyster Bay, with occasional visits to his editorial office in New York.

Asked as to the truth of a report that Senator Dixon of Montana would be the man at the helm, the Colonel replied that Senator Dixon would be acceptable to him, and that it was originally thought the Senator would take charge. Illness in his family, however, had made it necessary, Col. Roosevelt said, for the Senator to abandon this plan for an indefinite period.

Several other names were suggested to the Colonel, but he said no decision had been reached, and he had no idea as to who would be selected.

Reports published to-day that he had made an attack upon President Taft brought forth a heated denial from Col. Roosevelt, who declared that they were unequivocally false. He was manifestly angry as he talked to reporters in Speaker Grafton D. Cushings's home, and declared that in his political conferences yesterday, during which he was reported to have made the statement that the President was not progressive, Taft's name had not been mentioned.

"No one has asked me for any expression of opinion as to the President or his administration," the Colonel said with emphasis. "And I have given no opinion."

Wants People to Choose.

He reiterated that he was actuated by no personal hostility to President Taft or to his administration. As he put it, he wished the people to have a chance to say whom they want for President, and whom they wish to be the nomineee of the Republican Party.

In reply to a request for an explanation of his position, Mr. Roosevelt issued this statement:

"I could not more definitely state my position on the great issues of the day than I stated it in my Columbus speech and again yesterday before the Massachusetts Legislature. In addition to calling attention to what I there said on the subject of popular government, I also call particular attention to what I said at Columbus on the business situation and the proper attitude of the Government toward business so as to insure conditions that will make for the prosperity of the business world and of all our people.

"In my Ohio speech I dwelt with emphasis upon the two great subjects of immediate moment to our people, the need of having a real and not merely nominal popular rule, and the need of securing prosperity for the business man, the wage-earner, and the farmer alike. As I then said, I most emphatically believe that it is necessary to have an equitable division of prosperity, but that it behooves us to keep in mind that we cannot divide the prosperity unless the prosperity is there to divide, and that to secure the well-being of the business world is emphatically in the interest of every citizen of the United States."

A characteristic incident of the morning was when Col. Roosevelt espied District Chief Maurice Hefferman of the Boston Fire Department in the hall of Speaker Cushing's residence, and hastened to welcome him. Grasping the Chief's hand he dragged him into the room before the newspaper men.

"Now, gentlemen," said the Colonel, "this is the Chief, and don't forget him. Governors are all right, but here is my old friend, who takes the trouble to come up to see me. Don't overlook him, for I value his friendship highly. Chief, I am mighty glad you came."

"Col. Roosevelt," stammered Chief Hefferman, "I just wanted to shake your hand. You are one of our great Americans, and the people depend upon you."

With beaming countenance the Chief left, and as he departed he exclaimed enthusiastically:

"There is the most wonderful man in the country. He is a great man."

Turns Angrily on Reporters.

When the ex-President left the Cushing residence for Dr. Sturgis Bigelow's home he was followed by newspaper men in another machine. When the Roosevelt car drew up in front of the Bigelow home, the second car stopped a short distance behind it. Col. Roosevelt walked to the door of the newspaper men's automobile and opened it and protested that he did not consider it necessary for them to followed him all the time, as he was engaged on purely social affairs, and nothing that he might do on his trip to Cambridge would have any political significance. He was told that it was the reporters' duty to their papers to stick by him and they intended to do so.

The Colonel then left them and went to the Bigelow home, where he remained a short time, and then started for Cambridge, with the reporters in pursuit. When Harvard Square was reached the Colonel turned to enter the portals of the Hasty Pudding Club, when the cameras were again turned upon him. He promptly sought the press taxicab again.

"This is unpardonable," he fairly blurted, "it is unpardonable, I say, to be photographed when I am entering a private club. It must be stopped immediately."

Just at that instant the photographer turned his lens upon him and the Colonel dashed at him.

"If you take my picture I'll break your camera," said the Colonel.

"All up for the scrimmage," said one of the reporters, but the camera man refused to make any fuss, folded up his apparatus disconsolately and walked away. The Colonel then turned sharply about and fled into the clubhouse.

"Yes," he confessed later, "I was angry. It isn't right. My picture has been taken several thousand times since I came to Boston and I haven't even changed my hat."

Col. Roosevelt took luncheon with his son Kermit and some of his friends, talked books, and came back to Boston to spend the night with Dr. Bigelow. He returned to Cambridge in the evening to take dinner with President Lowell of Harvard.

To-morrow at 10 o'clock Mr. Roosevelt has an appointment with Prof. Barrett Wendell, Brooks Adams, and other literary friends. The Harvard Overseers' meeting comes at 11 o'clock. At 1 o'clock the Colonel will take luncheon with a group of Progressives, and at 3 o'clock he will leave for New York.

MADMAN'S DARING, SAYS JUDGE.

Roosevelt Platform Savagely Attacked by Justice Howard, Republican

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 27.—Declaring that Theodore Roosevelt has the daring of a madman, "and the instinct of a beast," Supreme Court Justice W. O. Howard of Troy, a Republican, severely criticises the ex-President in a statement to-day.

"Roosevelt's platform is plain," says the statement. "The principle which he enunciates, if applicable to the State courts, is of course applicable to the United States courts. Followed to a conclusion, his platform reads: 'Let all things be decided first by the State courts, then by the United States Supreme Court, and then by the mob.'

"No other public character in the Nation would have dared to proclaim this alarming revolutionary doctrine. Bryan, who perhaps believed in it; Wilson, who, if it were wise, could easily believe in it—neither of these promulgators possessed half enough courage to espouse it; but Roosevelt is a genius, and he has the daring of a madman, the instinct of a beast.

"In battle he is ruthless. Opposition whets his ferocity. The hardest blows only make him grin. He is cunning like an Indian, wise like a wizard, tenacious like a bulldog, magnetic, versatile, tireless, fearless, restless, relentless. And this is the man that Taft, gentle, honest, safe, good-natured, must reckon with—Taft and the American people."

LONDON CONDEMNS ROOSEVELT.

Taft Has Not Deserved to be Used as His Warming Pan, Says The Times.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28.—The London Times says editorially this morning that a great amount of sympathy with President Taft has been aroused by Mr. Roosevelt's announcement. It is felt that he has been rather hardly treated.

He was practically compelled to accept his present position, and in doing so was assured of the support of the man who is now trying to supplant him. Mr. Roosevelt was not in a position to seek re-election four years ago, but he presented Mr. Taft to the country as one whose policy was identical with his own, who would carry it out by methods less aggressive and sensational than those of which people were getting a little weary.

President Taft has honestly striven in just the ways expected of him to carry out reforms. Although he has no doubt made some mistakes, he has had to suffer some misfortunes, and has not known how to carry with him the more extreme of his supporters.

His friends feel he has not deserved, either by his conduct in the Presidency or by his loyal support of Mr. Roosevelt in the previous Administration, to be treated as a warming pan to occupy the position until Mr. Roosevelt is ready to resume it.

That "Subtle Qualification."

The Daily News says:

"Mr. Roosevelt commenced his candidature for nomination by explaining that when, in 1904, he said, 'Under no circumstances will I accept another nomination,' he meant another 'consecutive' nomination. Nobody read that into it until this moment, and this subtle qualification came strangely from the apostle of virile directness in the very hour of directing an assault upon the legal subtleties of Judges.

"However, the main thing is that Roosevelt is after the Republican nomination. He is not likely to get it. The dropping of his self-denying ordinance will not help Roosevelt, nor will the fact that he is running against his own former protégé.

"All the advantage that Roosevelt can boast is a genius for advertising, and there are hosts of people who really think that advertisement is all he really wants."

The Morning Post comments similarly, saying:

"Whatever may be Mr. Roosevelt's demerits, he certainly possesses the knack of getting himself talked about. Mr. Roosevelt's career shows how he likes to be in the limelight. He is always eager to play the chief part on whatever stage he may be."

Yesterday's Evening Standard says editorially:

"We have too much respect for Col. Roosevelt to feel very enthusiastic over his action in throwing his hat into the ring. President Taft has gone on increasing in popularity since he went to the White House; Col. Roosevelt has steadily lost ground.

"He is now trying the game of a desperate man, flooding the country with buttons supposed to be inspiring, manufacturing catchwords, which he hopes will sweep the country. He has the press dead against him, largely on account of his broken pledge never to be a candidate for the Presidency again, but also because it is recognized he is sliding into the position of a wild man of the woods.

"He has 'as much chance of defeating President Taft as the chief rabbi has of being the next Pope.' His proper sphere is the dignified retirement of the Senate."

MICHIGAN PRIMARY UNLIKELY.

Enough Senators Opposed to Beat Gov. Osborn's Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 27.—Enough members of the State Senate are lined up against Gov. Osborn and Col. Roosevelt to make it practicaly certain that the Governor's plan to give the State delegation to the ex-President by means of a Presidential primary law will fail.

The State Convention to elect delegates in the old way has been called to meet in April. The Constitution provides that "immediate" effect can be given a new law by a two-thirds vote of both houses. A canvass of the Senate shows eleven against the Osborn plan, which is one more than enough. Even if the Governor should succeed in having the measure enacted it is not likely that it would be allowed to go into operation. Many lawyers say the "immediate effect" feature of the programme is unconstitutional, because the requirement that such a law must be designed to avert a crisis.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DENTISTRY

For something over eighteen years I have practiced dental specialization at this location. During all that time I have studied and experimented to find a method of filling and treating teeth without pain, and since 1904 I have been able to do so.

Past experience may make you skeptical on this point, and if such a statement was offered without abundant proof, you would do well to doubt it. For this reason I have a booklet containing testimonial letters, strongly indorsing my claims, from many well-known people in Greater New York who have been coming to me for years. It is called "Dentistry by Specialists and the Gentle Art of Painlessness," and I shall be glad to send you a copy.

EDWARD EVERETT CADY, D.D.S.,
FULTON ST., cor. COURT SQUARE, BROOKLYN.
(Less than one minute from Borough Hall Subway Station; sixteen from 42d St.)

TARIFF ATTITUDE QUESTIONED.

Politicians Want Roosevelt to Explain His Position.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Col. Roosevelt's position on the tariff is causing much speculation here to-day. In neither his Columbus nor his Boston speech did he mention the subject. That leaves Col. Roosevelt's position as set forth in a recent statement where he declared for a Tariff Board. That puts him on record as indorsing President Taft's tariff plank. The strangeness of this arises from the fact that it was in the tariff fight that Mr. Taft was most sharply criticised.

It is expected that Col. Roosevelt will define his position on this subject within the next few days, and politicians are interested to see how he will differentiate between his plan for tariff revision and that of the President.

The Evening Star to-day displays on its first page this statement:

"From sources entirely independent of the White House it is ascertained that the confidence entertained by the Administration and others that Col. Roosevelt would not be a candidate against Taft was based on definite and repeated statements by Col. Roosevelt, made within a year, that he would not be a candidate in 1912 and did not intend to oppose President Taft for renomination."

HARMON AGAINST THIRD TERM.

Roosevelt No Better Than Former Presidents, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 27.—Gov. Harmon declared in an interview to-day that he was against the third term for Presidents, and said that he believed we should follow the precedent set by Washington and Jefferson.

"If we should give one man three terms as President," he said, "this would be getting to be a personal government or a monarchy. In other words, Roosevelt is no better than our former Presidents."

Gov. Harmon declined to discuss his campaign for the Presidential nomination, but said he had received many letters from men throughout the country who agreed with his views as expressed before the Constitutional Convention.

PRIMARY CALL ISSUED.

Committees to be Chosen and County Candidates Selected March 26.

The Board of Elections of the City of New York has issued notice that under the amendment of the primary laws of 1911 the official primary election of the enrolled Democratic, Republican, Socialist, Independence League, and Prohibition voters will be held on Tuesday, March 26, between 3 and 6 P. M., in each of the several primary districts of the city for the election of the following:

Members of the State Committee, members of Congressional District Committees, members of Senatorial District Committees, members of Judicial District Committees, members of Assembly District Committees, members of the County Committee, for county officers, and in the County of New York, also for Judges of the Court of General Sessions, and for Justices of the City Court of the City of New York, members of the City Committees, members of Borough District Committees, members of Municipal Court District Committees, members of Aldermanic District Committees, together with such subcommittees or Executive or Campaign Committees, appointed by such State or other committees as herein provided for, and also such other committees as may be provided for by the rules and regulations of the party desiring such additional committees.

The number of delegates to conventions and members of committees to be elected and the time and places at which the conventions and committees are to meet for organization are embraced and set forth in the respective primary election calls issued by the Democratic, Republican, Socialist, Independence League, and Prohibition Party County Committees.

The location of each polling place in Manhattan, the election district, with the primary district, whose voters may vote at each polling place and the names of the parties whose primary election will be held, are set forth in the list furnished by all the parties concerned.

PLANS A PRIMARY TEST HERE.

Roosevelt Committee to Put Up a Full Set of Convention Delegates.

Although there were few visitors of political prominence at the headquarters of the Roosevelt Committee, in the tower of the Metropolitan Life Building, yesterday, Oliver C. Carpenter, who is in charge of the headquarters, was a very busy man. As a result of his activities, a full set of delegates from New York City to the National and State Conventions will be put upon the ballots at the Spring primaries, to be held on March 26, and the voters will have an opportunity to let it be known whether they prefer to be represented by men pledged to Col. Roosevelt or by those selected by the regular Republican organization.

To bring this about it is necessary to prepare petitions for the nomination of Roosevelt delegates. The petitions to be circulated in the twenty-two Congressional districts in the five boroughs will bear the names of National Convention candidates, and the Assembly district petitions, sixty-three in number, will contain the names of State Convention candidates. These petitions must be signed by 5 per cent. of the enrolled voters in each district and filed with the Board of Elections by midnight on March 9. The task of circulating them will probably be started to-day.

The Roosevelt supporters believe that it will have a country-wide effect if they can show at the primaries here that the people want delegates from this State instructed for the Colonel. When the supporters of President Taft heard of the unusual activities going on they said they were not at all worried and predicted that the Roosevelt men will find themselves blocked at every angle in a fight to control the State Convention at Rochester on April 9.

Mr. Carpenter sent word to the newspaper men early yesterday afternoon that he was too busy to see them, but later on he snatched himself away from his work long enough to listen to a few inquiries. He would not comment, however, on what had been going on, refusing either to deny or affirm a rumor that the fight at the direct primaries would be carried by the committee into Suffolk and Nassau Counties, and perhaps into other sections of the State.

"I can tell you all about it to-morrow, but not to-day," he asserted.

Some of the stenographers were addressing postal cards to be used in conducting a thorough canvass of the city "to feel the pulse of the voters"; but about this Mr. Carpenter also had nothing to say. As he disappeared into his private office he handed the reporters a typewritten slip which bore the information that Gov. Johnson of California and Regis H. Post, Governor of Porto Rico from 1907 to 1909, had called during the day. Gov. Johnson, the slip read, believes that under the State-wide primary law which prevails in California "the result will be twenty-six delegates for Col. Roosevelt by a vote of two or three to one in his favor." Mr. Post stated that he "earnestly advocates Col. Roosevelt's nomination."

What the Roosevelt emblem will be could not be learned yesterday, but not a few expressed the belief that it will be a square, emblematic of "the square deal." This was used when a petition was filed in the Eighteenth Congressional District recently, but as this petition was filed too early, it will have to be refiled. The names of the members and officers of the committee will probably be made public to-day, it was announced.

The only other bit of information that came to light was that Samuel Aronwitz, Corresponding Secretary of the Republican organization in the Sixth Assembly District, the home of County Chairman Samuel S. Koenig, is now in the Roosevelt fold.

William L. Ward, National Committeeman and the Roosevelt leader in Westchester County, was not at the headquarters yesterday, and it was reported that he is getting things in shape for a fight at the primaries in Westchester County.

Col. Roosevelt is scheduled to get back to town this evening, unless he suddenly changes his plans, and he will probably be at The Outlook office to-morrow.

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REBELS TAKE JUAREZ, MARCH ON CHIHUAHUA

United States Troops Patrol the Border, but No Bullets Fall on American Soil.

ONLY ONE MEXICAN WOUNDED

Texas Cowboys Rout Mexican Cattle Robbers and Kill Four—Another Band Driven Off Ranch.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 27.—The Vasquistas took Juarez without resistance at 10:20 this morning. The rebels, commanded by Gen. Emelio Campa, Gen. Inez Salazar, and Gen. Gomez, marched from Bouche to Juarez late Sunday evening and were in Madero's old camp, across the river from the El Paso smelter, before daybreak.

The Juarez garrison, composed entirely of volunteers from among the citizens, made a show of defense and manned the machine guns, garrisoned the adobe breastworks, and tried to be loyal to the Madero Government.

Soon after 7 o'clock the rebel army was assembled in the narrow draw opposite Sunset Heights in El Paso, and Gen. Salazar made a speech to his men. The first fighting was done at 10:02 o'clock when the rebel advance guard opened fire on the school houses, where the Federal defenders were stationed. No answer was made to this volley, and another raked the roofs of the buildings in the main part of the town.

The cannon went into action at 10:08 and fired a shot into the centre of the town. A second shot also went wild, when the cannon was abandoned for closer fighting. At 10:15 A. M. the Mexican Consul in El Paso, Señor E. C. Llorente, flashed a report that the town would capitulate without a fight, and at 10:20 the streets were filled with rebel soldiers, who disarmed the volunteer guards, captured the two machine guns, and rode through the streets, shouting "Viva la libertad!"

To-morrow morning the march of Gen. Campa's forces on Chihuahua will begin, according to announcement made by the Commander to-night. Col. Antonio Rojas, with 700 rebels, arrived at Bauche, shortly after noon, and stopped there, awaiting developments at Juarez. Campa notified him to resume his march, and Rojas is expected to arrive some time during the night.

Gen. Campa declares there are 900 rebels already in Juarez, and that the arrival of Rojas's group will give him the total of 1,600. He says that Major Tomas Loza will remain at Juarez with 300 men, and that the remainder will proceed southward over the line of the National Railway early to-morrow for the assault on Chihuahua, which is being held by Gen. Pascual Orozco.

Gen. Campa said that he did not believe the report that Col. Francisco Villa, with his loyal insurrectos, was coming to Juarez, and that he considers the town safe from any assault by Federals.

Gen. Salazar, commanding the rebel forces at Juarez, appointed Major Tomas Loza, secretary to Col. Demetrio Ponce, one of the rebel leaders, Mayor of the city. Loza was installed as municipal chief shortly after noon to-day, and immediately began organizing a police force. His first order was that the saloons be kept closed. The result was that there have been only minor disturbances this afternoon and evening. Every step taken by the rebels apparently is with a view to avoiding any possible action that might cause trouble with the United States Government.

Communication between El Paso and Juarez was suspended almost entirely during the day, the crossing of the international line by individuals being limited to the bearers of passes. It was announced to-night that communication will be restored and street car service resumed between the two cities to-morrow morning.

United States troops patrolled the border at the time the attack was made upon Juarez, apparently ready to enter the town if El Paso should be endangered. As the rebels marched into Juarez they found all houses closed. Only one man, Capt. Romero of the defenders, was wounded, and he accidentally.

Emilio Vasquez Gomez, whose name has ben used by rebels who took Juarez today, and who has called on President Madero to resign, declared he would not go to Juarez to accept the provisional Presidency of the republic. He said he was surprised at the investment of Juarez, asserting he thought the revolutionists were going to march south and beleaguer Chihuahua.

The United States troops now in El Paso include the entire Twenty-second Infantry and one battery of field artillery, which arrived during the night; four companies of the Eighteenth Infantry, and four troops of the Fourth Cavalry. Col. E. Z. Steever, commanding the Fourth Cavalry Regiment, is in command of the American patrol. The soldiers are stationed in the downtown district, except the artillery, which detrained this morning at 7 o'clock at Fort Bliss, five miles out from town.

AUSTIN, Texas, Feb. 27.—Adjt. Gen. Hutchings will leave San Antonio to-night for El Paso, where he will assume charge of the State troops stationed there. Gen. Hutchings left Austin this morning for San Antonio, where he was in conference with Gen. Duncan, in command of Federal troops.

TUCSON, Ariz., Feb. 27.—Passengers from the West Coast of Mexico brought word to-day that Americans resident at La Dura, Conichi, and Sahuaripa were heavily armed against any anti-foreign outbreak.

Dispatches received to-day from La Dura stated that Mexican bandits fired on John Hanesly of Hollywood, Cal., and Alexander McPherson of Indiana while the two were riding yesterday. Neither man was wounded, but the horses of both were killed.

COWBOYS ROUT MEXICANS.

Kill Four Who Raid Cattle—Besieged Ranchers Drive Off Another Band.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Feb. 27.—A band of twenty-seven Mexican rebels who had crossed to the American side and attempted to steal a herd of catttle was completely routed on Friday afternoon in a running fight with fourteen cow punchers thirteen miles down the Rio Grande River from Presidio, Texas. Four of the Mexicans were killed and several wounded.

Charles Tuttle, who was brought to San Antonio to-day to have a bullet extracted from his right shoulder, was the only cowboy wounded.

MARFA, Texas, Feb. 27.—After several hours' fighting the American ranchmen defending the Nelson Morris ranch at Cuervo, Mexico, near the Texas line, drove off the Mexican bandits who attacked the ranch headquarters yesterday.

A Mexican cowboy brought news of the fight late last night with an appeal to the Texas cowboys for assistance. Brown Paschall, manager of the ranch; four Americans, and five friendly Mexicans were barricaded in a large adobe ranch house at Cuervo, headquarters of the ranch. The insurgent band who tried to capture the ranch were said to number fifty. The ranch is one of the largest in Northern Mexico.

According to the story of the courier, the insurgents approached the ranch yesterday afternoon and demanded stores, saddles, horses, and guns. Paschall refused, and with the bookkeeper, Miller, the foreman, and two other Americans took refuge in the house. A Mexican blacksmith at the ranch is said to have been killed.

Twenty armed cowboys were on the point of invading Mexico to rescue the men on the Nelson Morris ranch when a messenger met them at Polaris on the American bank of the Rio Grande, and told them their friends were safe.

The messenger said the bandits attempted to loot the ranch. Brown Paschall, manager of the ranch, resisted and barricaded the main adobe building. It is not know here whether any one was hurt in the fighting which followed. The bandits finally withdrew, threatening to return.

Paschall refused to retreat to the American side of the river, declaring he would be ready to fight it out if the bandits returned. A number of cowboy friends of the Americans at the ranch have gone to Paschall's assistance. Meanwhile a band of Americans, said to be of fair proportions, is reported gathering at Polaris, ready to dash into Mexico if the ranch needs aid.

Three special trains loaded with American soldiers passed through Sierra Blanca, bound for El Paso, last night. An effort was made to have a company of the soldiers cross the river to save the ranchmen, but this was refused. A large command of insurgents is camped on the Concho River, and has demanded the surrender of the city.

GUADALAJARA, Mexico, Feb. 27.—Thirty rebels were killed and many others wounded in a battle with the State troops fought at Tonaya, near San Gabriel, in the southern part of the State of Jalisco to-day. According to information received here the Federals lost a Lieutenant killed and three policemen wounded. The rebels were led by Francisco Del Toro, who succeeded in escaping with fifty of his men.

Samuel E. Magill, United States Consul here, has been notified that five American citizens interested in the San Miguel Mining Company, an Indianapolis concern, have been driven from the property near Ebutla. No details as to the occurrence have reached here. The party was on a tour of inspection.

MADERO NOT ALARMED.

President of Mexico Belittles the Fall of Juarez—Ordered Surrender.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 27.—The fall of Juarez lacks the importance that it had when Madero wrested it from Diaz's troops last May, in the opinion of Administration officials. Then it was the crowning event of a long series of operations, it is contended, while now the same circumstances do not exist.

The following signed statement was given out by President Madero:

"The Government does not consider Ciudad Juarez to be of particular strategic importance. The proof of this is the fact that it has maintained there neither a large military force nor munitions of war, and had made no attempt to defend the point, as would have been the case had Juarez been a place of decisive or even considerable importance to the country.

"The delicate situation which a fight at Juarez would have precipitated moved the Government to telegraph the Mexican Consul at El Paso orders to take any action he deemed advisable to prevent the possibility of shots being fired by the combatants across the international boundary. His orders gave him the right to sacrifice the possession of Juarez if necessary to carry out these instructions.

"In view of these orders it is evident that Consul Llorente has only carried out his instructions.

"The political importance of the taking of Juarez is not the same, nor does it in any way approach the importance the capture of that city had when I led the Maderista revolution. There have been no previous military successes which made the present occupancy decisive as was the case then and it is not feared that the taking of that point now will advance in the estimation of the public the importance of the present revolutionary activities in Juarez."

What the next step on the part of the Mexican Government will be was not made public to-night. Unofficially it was stated an effort would be made to starve out the rebels by cutting off food supplies, this to be accomplished, it is believed, through the cooperation of the American authorities.

Notwithstanding the views of the administration, the occupation of the border town is looked upon by many Mexicans and foreigners as likely to go far toward putting new ambition into the revolutionary movement.

Americans in the capital who were on the verge of panic yesterday were assured of safety for the present at least by the turn of events though many have made preparations to leave the country.

FEAR FOR CAPTIVE AMERICANS.

Douglas Aroused by Report That Mexicans Will Shoot Seven.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Feb. 27.—The revolutionary spirit in Douglas, which had been smouldering for several weeks, became intense to-day when a report was circulated that the seven Americans who were captured at Fronteras, Mexico, and charged with being outlaws, were to be put to death by the Mexican soldiers.

The Americans were caught with arms and ammunition on their persons, and the Mexicans charged they were en route to join the revolutionists. The Americans were placed under guard and to-day were brought to Agua Prieta by train. Immediately a guard was formed and the men started on a march to Cananea, where, according to Commissionario Scowles of Agua Prieta, they will be given a fair trial. Few persons here, however, believe the men ever will reach Cananea, but that they will be shot to-night and the report brought back that they were killed while trying to escape.

TORREON, Feb. 27, (via telephone to Viesca.)—American citizens besieged by rebels at Veledarna to-day communicated with the local military commander, saying that for three days they have been subjected to robbery and rough handling and that they are in actual danger. Their request for military protection was refused, on the ground that there were not sufficient troops in Torreon. Foreigners at Veledarna were authorized to arm themselves for their own protection.

For fifteen days Torreon has been blockaded by Vasquistas, and in that time residents have received no outside mail. Provisions are running short.

Military reinforcements arrived overland yesterday and repair trains were sent out under escort on the main line of the National Railways, where many bridges have been burned.

TAFT WANTS NEUTRAL ZONE.

Negotiations Now in Progress with Madero to Protect Border.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 27.—The news received in a dispatch from Col. Steever at El Paso that the insurrectos under Campa had taken Juarez was not a surprise at the War Department to-day. Col. Steever reported that no act that in any way menaced the lives of Americans on the United States side occurred during the day.

The United States force at El Paso is 3,000 strong, with two batteries and 468 artillerymen placed so as to cover every approach to El Paso. Secretary Stimson and Major Gen. Wood said to-night that they were satisfied from Col. Steever's dispatch there was no immediate danger.

The whole situation was talked over at the Cabinet meeting to-day, and Secretary Stimson gave a detailed report of all that had been done to protect the American side. It was agreed by the President and the members that the arrangements were equal to the emergency, and that the thing for this Government to do was to "sit tight."

There was much talk to-day in official circles about establishing a neutral zone wherever American interests along the boundary line are in danger from fighting. The suggestion is that by an arrangement with the Madero Government United States and Mexican troops in a proportion to be agreed on should establish a cordon around Juarez for three or four miles and hold it against all comers until all danger from the insurrection is over. The same thing has been discussed for Agua Prieta across from Douglas, Ariz. By such a plan United States troops could cross the line and effectively keep back marauders.

The plan has been laid before Madero and is the subject of correspondence between the two Governments. Madero fears to assent to it because of the possible irritation that would occur to the Mexican people who are not at this time disposed to think of Americans in a very friendly spirit. While Madero could by executive order enter into such an agreement the demand for the consent of the Mexican Congress might be made in a way to incense the people more than ever against the United States.

The fall of Juarez gives to the insurrectos a clear channel of entry for arms and ammunition. The Treasury Department, as during the Madero revolution when the same port was taken, will allow consignments of all goods, armes included, to be received at El Paso, Texas, and will transfer them to the authorities in possession of the Customs House across the Rio Grande, although Col. Steever, in command of the American troops, had suggested that all munitions of war be prohibited from entering Mexico at that point.

A determined effort will be made to preserve neutrality, but shipments having the appearance of lawful trade, consigned from one dealer to a customer in Mexico, cannot be stopped, though arms shipped from American territory and presenting with such shipment evidence of a conspiracy formed on American soil to engage in an armed expedition against the constituted authorities of Mexico will be held up.

Mexican Ambassador Martinez to-day expressed the opinion that the present disturbances in Mexico would not lead to a "real revolution, because a majority of public opinion was opposed to it." He said the "various local disturbances" would be put down in two or three months at the longest.

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Other ticket offices, open during business hours, are located at 111 West 125th Street, 461 Broadway (cor. Grand Street), 170 Broadway (cor. Maiden Lane), Hudson Terminal Building, Desbrosses Street Station, Cortlandt Street Station; also in Brooklyn at 336 Fulton Street and Flatbush Avenue (L. I. R. R.) Station.

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MOTORIST KILLS PARIS POLICEMAN

Leans Out of Car and Shoots Officer Who Wanted Name Owing to Overspeeding.

OUTRAGE IN CROWDED SQUARE

Car After the Murder Rushes Away and Chase Is Fruitless — Had Been Stolen in the Morning.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—A motor car outrage of a horrible character was committed to-night in the crowded square in front of the St. Lazare Station in the centre of Paris.

At 5:50, when traffic in front of the station, one of the busiest points in Paris, was at its height, a motor car was observed descending at very high speed the steep and rather narrow Rue d'Amsterdam, which runs into the Place du Havre. Before the station a policeman named Garnier was directing the traffic. He noticed that the car was exceeding the limit for such a crowded centre, and stepped into the middle of the road holding up his white baton, as a sign to the motorist to draw up. The car slowed down without stopping. Just as Garnier produced his notebook and asked the name and address of the occupants, the chauffeur moved the lever and the car leaped forward with a bound.

Without a moment's hesitation Garnier sprang on the footboard and clutched a man who sat beside the chauffeur. Thereupon a third man, who sat inside, leaned out of the window and deliberately shot Garnier three times in the chest. The policeman fell from the footboard into the roadway, dead.

The drama occurred at a moment when the broad space in front of the station, into which half a dozen streets run, was most densely crowded. Before the passersby could realize it the car had darted down the Rue du Havre into the Rue Tronchet, where it narrowly averted a collision with a steam tram. A chase was immediately begun, but the car, proceeding at a reckless rate, dashed past the Madeleine down the Rue Royale, across the Place de la Concorde, and up the Champs Elysées, where it was lost to view.

The police have ascertained that the car was stolen in the morning at St. Mandé, a Paris suburb.

ULTIMATUM TO HOLLAND.

China Sends Warships to Get Indemnity or Bombard Batavia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—Chinese warships have been ordered to Java under instructions to begin a bombardment of Batavia if the Dutch Government does not pay an indemnity demanded for the killing of Chinese, who are said to have been attacked by Dutch soldiers.

In an ultimatum sent to the Dutch Government yesterday, provisional President Sun Yat-Sen stated that an attack on Java would be begun if the indemnity were not paid within a week.

This information was received here today in a private dispatch from Dr. Sun's private secretary to Tong King-Chong, editor of The Chinese Free Press.

Dr. Sun, it is added, declared in his ultimatum that passports would be handed to the Dutch Minister, who is said to be at Shanghai en route to Peking, if the indemnity were not paid.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 27.—An official dispatch concerning the Chinese riots in Java says that 800 Chinese have been arrested at Soerabaja, capital of a residency of the same name, on the north coast.

The dispatch adds that the Chinese made no resistance, that the situation has quieted, and that business is being resumed under practically normal conditions.

The Nieuwe Courant, commenting on the threats of the Chinese Cabinet to cancel treaty relations with Holland, or to make other reprisals, says it is to be presumed that these threats are based on erroneous information.

The three cruisers which left Shanghai are the Hai Chan, the Hai Yuhe, and the Hai Sun. They were fully provisioned and equipped under the direction of Wong Chung-Wei, the Minister of War.

Advices to other Chinese newspapers here say that the attack on the Chinese by Dutch soldiers, news of which was received from Nanking last night, was made without provocation, and that three Chinese were killed and many others were arrested.

Chinese here explain the proposed action by Dr. Sun on the ground that the Manchu Government no longer exists, and that the Dutch Government must treat with the revolutionists, although the republic has not been formally recognized.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28. — A Times dispatch from Amsterdam says it is learned, in connection with the strong measures urged by the Nanking Cabinet, that the Chinese Minister at The Hague has heard nothing of his rumored recall.

TO MARRY IN LONDON.

Wedding of T. W. Smith and Miss Ellis to Take Place March 2.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Arrangements have been made for the marriage by special license at St. George's Church, Hanover Square, on March 2 of Thomas Walter Smith of North Carolina, son of the Rev. Thomas Smith, and Miss Margaretta Ellis, daughter of the late John Ellis of Kentucky.

TRY DESPERATELY TO AVERT COAL STRIKE

English Cabinet Ministers Confer with Employers and Miners' Representatives for 11 Hours.

100,000 WILL BE OUT TO-DAY

But the Situation Is Believed to be More Hopeful—Effects of a Strike Would Be Felt at Once.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28.—Although absolute secrecy is maintained as to the character and progress of the conferences, which occupied eleven hours, in Downing Street yesterday, the impression gathered from the guarded remarks of the Ministers, coal owners, and miners' representatives who attended them is that the situation regarding the coal dispute is now more encouraging.

The conferences were inconclusive, but sufficient progress, it is believed, was made to justify the hope that a settlement will be reached to-day. (Wednesday.) Seventy-eight thousand men will come out to-day, raising the total number of miners on strike to over 100,000.

Public tension is high throughout the country. The business and industry of the nation will at once begin to feel the effects of a national strike if no settlement is reached to-day, for the railway companies have made arrangements to curtail their services immediately a national coal strike is declared, and a vast number of men employed in auxiliary industries will be thrown out of work.

In Leeds alone 50,000 men employed in mills, forges, and engineering shops are working under notices.

One shipbuilding firm on the Tyne has lost six repairing contracts owing to the uncertainty.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28.—No settlement of the coal dispute was reached at the various conferences yesterday, in which the Premier and members of his Cabinet and the representatives of the mine owners and the miners participated. Unless a settlement is reached the strike of 800,000 miners will begin on Friday.

The official statement of the proceedings issued last night, which, some predicted, would report that an agreement had been reached, merely recorded the fact that various conferences took place, but told nothing of what was done or said at any of them. It concluded with the announcement that the conferences would be resumed to-day, from which all that can be deduced is that the Government is still striving to avert a stoppage of the gigantic industry on which this country's commercial supremacy is based.

Between 30,000 and 40,000 miners in Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire ceased work yesterday in accordance with notices previously given, and it is now quite evident that, as the time limit provided for in the notices expires, the men will lay down their tools and await the action of the Miners' Federation.

Whatever progress has been made in the negotiations, they at least have not advanced to that stage where it is deemed advisable that the members of the Cabinet, and the representatives of the owners and the miners should meet together. It had previously been expected that such a meeting would be held in the course of yesterday afternoon.

The position of the miners' representatives is much simpler than that of the owners' representatives. The former are authorized by the National Miners' Federaton practically to present the ultimatum: "A national minimum wage or a national strike."

Until the owners are persuaded to concede the minimum wage principle it is obvious that nothing can be accomplished by bringinig the disputants together. From the fact that this has not been done it is inferred that the Cabinet has not succeeded in inducing the owners. Welsh as well as English, to make that concession.

That the sanguine expectations, widely held, of ultimate success are not yet altogether justified is shown by the answer given by James Haslam, Member of Parliament and leader of the Derbyshire miners, who attended the conferences, to interviewers in reply to a question concerning the outlook. "There is no outlook at present," said Mr. Haslam. "The Government seems to have gone as far as it can go. The Ministers are very anxious, just as we are, but it is going to be a rum job."

In Parliamentary circles, where presumably inside information has been obtained, there is an undeniable feeling of optimism, but if Government intervention fails by Friday morning practically every colliery in the land will be shut down. Meanwhile many thousands are making ready to strike, and the time left to accomplish anything by negotiation is alarmingly short.

The negotiations yesterday continued until nearly midnight. Premier Asquith had another conference at his official residence with the Owners' Committee after 9 o'clock, and because of the crisis, neither the Premier, Chancellor Lloyd-George, nor the President of the Board of Trade, Sydney Buxton, was able to appear in the House of Commons last night.

The Times says that the Government last night submitted definite proposals for the settlement of the coal strike and that a definite answer is expected to be given by both mine owners and miners to-day.

In the view of other morning newspapers likely to be well informed, the coal difficulty presents a grave outlook, mainly owing to the obduracy of the Welsh mine owners, who decline to grant a minimum wage on any terms whatever. Hints that the Government might force a Minimum Wage bill through Parliament seem to have had the effect of stiffening the backs of the mine owners generally, who resent seeing their hands forced in this manner.

Altogether the conferences will not be resumed in a very hopeful spirit to-day. It appears that Premier Asquith had arranged to see the King last night, hoping to be in a position to announce that a settlement was in sight, but at the last moment the audience was postponed, owing to the totally inconclusive day's negotiations.

Earl Grey, in a published interview, expresses the belief that the only solution lies in the adoption of the system of copartnership.

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GRAVE-DIGGERS STRIKE NOW.

Sunday Work, Long Hours, Poor Pay, Send Thirty Out at Glasgow.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The strike fever has now reached the Glasgow grave diggers, and unless their grievances are settled it will be a hard matter to secure decent burial in that town. Thirty grave diggers there are nursing a grouch, because their hours are too long and their wages too small. One of the strikers, who was interviewed to-day, said:

"If people would bury their dead decently in the day time there would be no need for us to strike. But Sunday is the favorite day for funerals, and if we are forced to break the Sabbath by burying bodies we must be paid extra for it. We have no union, but it takes a practiced hand to dig a comfortable grave. They're bringing in blacklegs, but I wouldn't be found dead in the kind of grave they dig."

TO END TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

Powers Are Considering Mediation—97 Killed in Beirut.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—Confirmation of the reports that the powers are meditating intervention with the object of bringing the Turkish-Italian war to an end is given in a semi-official note published here this morning.

France, according to this note, is ready to associate herself in any collective action which may be taken by the powers in making representations to each of the belligerents with a view to finding a basis for mediation and for bringing about peace.

In an elaboration of the semi-official note it was explained in Government circles this evening that France had no intention, as was stated in some of the morning newspapers, of making "energetic representation" to Turkey alone, nor had she any intention of joining the other powers in asking Turkey to withdraw the Ottoman troops from Tripoli.

If intervention by the powers is possible, it was pointed out, it will be friendly and neutral, and addressed alike to Italy and Turkey.

France is somewhat disturbed by the Italian bombardment at Beirut, and Premier Poincaré to-day instructed the French Ambassador at Rome, M. Barrere, to confer with the Italian Foreign Minister, the Marquis di San Giuliano, and to point out to the Italian Government that France reserves all rights relative to the consequences of the bombardment of the Syrian port to French interests and on French citizens.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 27.—The Vali of Beirut gives a complete list of the casualties resulting from the bombardment by Italian cruisers.

According to his figures forty-one officers and men were killed on the Turkish warships which were sunk, fifty-six civilians were killed, and twenty officers and men and fifty-seven civilians were wounded.

SURGERY FOR GOITRE.

Prof. Kocher's Remarkable Success In New Treatment of the Disease.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Prof. A. Kocher, the famous surgeon of Berne, Switzerland, has arrived in London for the purpose of lecturing to the Royal Society on the manner in which surgery has almost completely ousted medicine in the treatment of the deadly disease exophthalmic goitre.

Their highly successful surgical treatment of this hitherto most intractable ailment has made the name of Prof. Kocher's father and his son a household word in the surgical world. Prof. A. Kocher's father, Prof. Theodore Kocher, received the Nobel Prize for Medicine in 1909.

Prof. A. Kocher, interviewed to-day, described the routine followed by himself and his father at their clinic in Berne. He said:

"Our treatment consists in withdrawing from functional activity part of the thyroid gland in the neck. This may be done by removing one of the lobes of the gland or by tying off its blood supply. We have now treated more than 800 cases in this manner, the results being such that we are convinced that this is the only rational way of treating the disease."

In reply to suggestions that sufferers from exophthalmic goitre bore surgery very badly, Prof. Kocher said:

"In our 800 cases we lost but 30 per cent. It should be stated, however, that operative treatment should only be undertaken in the early stages of the disease, before the heart is affected."

In addition to lecturing to the Royal Society, Prof. Kocher will probably attend surgical clinics at some of the London hospitals, where demonstrations of the English methods of surgical procedure will be given for his benefit.

MRS. JEFFREYS JAILED A DAY.

Forced Into Bigamous Marriage to H. F. Parshall, She Said.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Mrs. Deborah Jeffreys was sentenced to one day's imprisonment in the Central Criminal Court this afternoon for bigamously marrying an American, Horace Field Parshall, who through his counsel asked the court to deal leniently with the woman. Mrs. Jeffreys's confession, which was made when she was charged at Bow Street on Feb. 16, was read in court.

It stated that her husband urged her to marry Mr. Parshall in order to obtain the latter's money and pass the same over to him. He threatened to kill her if she informed Mr. Parshall that she was married, and compelled her to introduce him as her brother-in-law.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 27.—Thirty-two of the passengers and crew were drowned yesterday by the foundering of the steamer Deliverance, a Government vessel plying on the Kwango River, on the borders of the Belgian Congo, according to a dispatch received by the Petit Bleu.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 27.—The Government today issued a proclamation fixing the date of the Presidential election as May 25, when a successor to Auguste B. Leguia, whose term expires in September, will be chosen.

OLYMPIC STRIKES SUBMERGED WRECK

Only a Propeller Blade Broken, but the Vessel Must Go to Belfast for Repairs.

SHOCK SEVERE, BUT NO PANIC

Well-Known Persons Among the Many Passengers Who Left Here on the Big Liner a Week Ago.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ON BOARD THE SS. OLYMPIC, Feb. 27, (by wireless via the Lizard.)—The Olympic, which left New York last Wednesday, struck a submerged wreck when three days out, and one of her propeller blades was broken.

Previous to the acident the vessel had beaten her record for speed, going at an average of 23 knots an hour, but the breaking of the propeller of course caused her to slow down. The accident was accompanied by a considerable shock, but there was no other damage than that to the propeller, and the passengers were perfectly calm. The ship will go into drydock for repairs.

When the accident occurred the nearest land was 750 miles west of us, but in spite of this, by means of wireless telegraphy, it was possible to send the news of the mishap direct to Cape Race, Newfoundland. The two operators on the Olympic are E. J. Moore and A. Bagot.

Joe Houston has been a great favorite on the vessel, displaying nuggets from his mine, betting any amount upon anything, and bidding up the pool. He lost $700 to Oscar Lewisohn, Edna May's husband, who also won the last pool of $750.

Maggie Teyte, returning after her American triumphs, sang at a private dinner party given by Mrs. Lewisohn last night. Arthur Collins was one of the guests.

Charles F. Knight of Knight engine fame, acting as pool auctioneer, obtained unprecedented prices for prize numbers. He has been very popular on board.

Whitelaw Reid, American Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, is suffering from a severe cold and has been confined to his cabin.

BELFAST, Feb. 27.—The White Star Line announces that the injury to the Olympic consists only in the breaking of one blade of one of her propellers.

After landing her passengers at the usual ports, the liner will come to Belfast to have a new blade put in, which will be a matter of only a few hours' work.

The repairs would be executed at Southampton but for the fact that there is no dry dock at that port sufficiently large to accommodate the Olympic.

The steamer will be delayed only a day beyond her scheduled time of departure on her return trip to New York.

FLYMOUTH, Feb. 27.—The White Star liner Olympic arrived here to-night.

THE VASTER AMERICA OPENING UP FOR US

Continued from Page 1.

residents and citizens of Colon, who greeted the Secretary with cheers.

The Panaman Government is fulfilling its promise to make the Secretary's visit a notable event. For his part Secretary Knox declared that he was surprised at the extent of the preparations for his entertainment and gratified with the cordiality of his reception. He arrived at Panama by special train this afternoon and was greeted by a committee representing the Government and Maurice H. Thatcher, Governor of the Panama Canal Zone. After formal exchanges the women of the party were presented with bouquets.

The Secretary and others were escorted to automobiles between lines of police holding back a great throng anxious to see the Secretary. The station was fairly hidden by American flags. As Mr. Knox appeared in the street the party halted, and the crowd uncovered as the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." The route to the Tivoli Hotel, where the party occupy the Presidential suite, was lined with detachments of police and firemen.

After luncheon Secretary Knox called on Acting President Chiari and the members of the Cabinet at the palace, the officials returning the call. The women of the American party also exchanged visits with the wives of the Panaman officials. The American Minister and Mrs. Dodge gave a dinner to-night at the legation in honor of the distinguished visitors, the guests including Acting President Chiari, President Arosemena, who is on leave of absence from his office; Second Vice President Fedrico Boyd, Aristides Arjona, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Dr. Belisario Porras, former Minister to the United States and now the Liberal Party's candidate for the Presidency; Aurelio Guardia, Minister of Finance, and Chief Justice Espriella and their wives.

Mr. Knox responded gratefully to the speeches of welcome, but he reserved his first formal set speech for delivery at an official function to-morrow. The dinner was followed by a reception, at which some 400 prominent residents met the American Secretary.

On his arrival at Colon this morning the American Minister to Panama, H. Percival Dodge, presented Mr. Knox to the Panaman Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Aristides Arjona; Rafael Arosemena, the Governor of Colon, and other personages.

To Gov. Arosemena's speech of welcome Mr. Knox answered that he bore a message of good will and friendship from the President and people of the United States to the Latin-American countries and expressed himself as deeply impressed with the reception extended to him at his first stopping place.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Feb. 27.—The day of the arrival of Secretary of State Knox in Nicaragua is to be declared a public holiday throughout the country. Mr. Knox is to be accorded Presidential honors during his visit, and he will be presented by the Government with a medal specially cast in commemoration of the event.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27. — Secretary of State Knox cabled to-day to the White House from Colon his acceptance of an invitation to speak in San Francisco May 7. Mr. Knox will address the Directors of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition and the Allied Boards of Trade of the city on the subject of South and Central America, and it is expected will tell of his trip to the Latin-American republics.

Fire and Police Fund Growing.

Subscriptions are still being received to the general fund which is being raised by J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for the Fire and Police Departments. J. P. Morgan & Co., acting as Treasurer for the fund, report the following additional subscriptions, bringing the total up to $62,000: Wells Fargo & Co., $500; cash through Kuhn, Loeb & Co., $500; anonymous, $25; Walter D. Robinson, $5; Mrs. William W. Leslie, $20, and Margaret T. Johnston, $10.

WILL BIND OPERA SINGERS.

Kaiser's Opera and Metropolitan Agree as to Enforcing Contracts.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—The Kaiser's Royal Opera and the Metropolitan Opera of New York have arrived at an understanding with reference to German singers who break their contracts in order to earn bigger salaries in New York.

Privy Councillor Winter, Business Manager of the Royal Opera here, announces that henceforth, under certain conditions, it will be possible to prevent the appearance of contract breakers in America. In case that cannot be done, it will be possible for the Kaiser's opera to indemnify itself by garnisheeing the American dollars which have tempted the songbirds to violate their German obligations. A formal agreement embodying the arrangements is being drawn up.

Herr Winter also announces that a bargain has been concluded by which the Berlin tenor Jadlowker, who is now singing at the Metropolitan, will remain with the Kaiser's opera for the next five years, with the exception of brief Winter and Summer vacations.

William J. Guard, press representative of the Metropolitan Opera Company, stated last night that for three years a working agreement had existed between the Metropolitan Opera Company and the Berlin Opera Company whereby neither would approach the singers of the other with an inducement for them to break their contracts. He said that he knew of no arrangement for either of the opera companies to reject the services of a singer who had broken a contract with the other.

The visit of Privy Counsellor Winter, Assistant Director of the Berlin Opera, to this city last January, Mr. Guard said, had no relation to the plans of the Metropolitan Opera Company. At the time of Counsellor Winter's visit Mr. Gatti-Casazza denied that the Metropolitan Opera Company had induced any of the Berlin stars to break their contracts with the offer of higher salaries, citing the case of Freida Hempel, whose New York debut has been postponed from year to year because of her Berlin obligations.

MOTOR STEAMER'S LONG TRIP

The Sealandia on Her Way to Bangkok, Burning Oil Only.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The motor liner Sealandia has arrived at London on her maiden trip to Bangkok. Her voyage tends to confirm the highest expectations raised by her trial performances at Copenhagen. Interviewed yesterday, M. Knodsen, managing technical director of the Danish East India Company, which owns the Sealandia, said:

"In our voyage we are using 1,000 tons of oil, leaving room for 6,600 tons of cargo. An ordinary steamship of the same size for a similar voyage would require 5,000 tons of coal, leaving room for only 2,000 tons of cargo.

MAYOR OF GREATER BERLIN.

Dr. Steiniger the First to Hold the Office—Thirty Candidates.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—Dr. Karl Steiniger, until now City Chamberlain of Berlin, was to-day elected Mayor of Greater Berlin.

Dr. Steiniger's election as first Mayor of Greater Berlin places him at the head of the third greatest municipality in the world, the only cities exceeding it is size being London and New York. The population of the city is nearly 3,500,000.

The combination of Berlin proper with the suburban municipalities was brought about after long agitation. It was only last May 16 that the Prussian Diet adopted a bill for the formation of the combined municipality. Under the new form of government the City Council will have control over matters of transportation, building plans, and the acquisition of suburban lands for the purpose of forming a permanent forest and meadow girdle around the city.

The Municipal Council is to consist of one hundred members, about one-third of whom are elected by the city itself and the remainder by the suburban districts.

Dr. Steiniger was selected from a list of thirty candidates, comprising State and city officials, educators, merchants, and leading industrial men.

EXPECTS AMUNDSEN FIRST FROM SOUTH

Sir Ernest Shackleton Thinks the Norwegian Will Be Heard From Before Scott.

HAS THE LONGER JOURNEY

But English Captain in South Pole Race Must Stop to Pick Up His Party.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28.—In the course of a conversation yesterday, Sir Ernest Shackleton gave some interesting information regarding the probability of early news from the various antarctic expeditions.

"There are," he said, "five expeditions in the antarctic, British, Australasian, Norwegian, German, and Japanese. Of the British expedition under Capt. Scott and the Norwegian under Amundsen we may hear at any moment, but, for reasons which I will explain, I should not be surprised if Amundsen's news came to hand first.

In view of the competition it is certain that Scott would leave his base in MacMurdo Strait at the earliest possible moment. This would be about Feb. 10. He should reach Steward Island, New Zealand, three weeks later, as he has to stop at Cape Ardare to pick up some of his party.

"Amundsen will make his way to Hobart from his antarctic base in the Bay of Whales. Although he will have a longer return journey than Scott, he has no party to pick up, and prevailing winds will help his ship, whereas Scott will have to beat up against westerly winds. It is for this reason that I should not be surprised if news from Amundsen came first.

"In the case of Dr. Mawson's Australasian expedition his ship, the Aurora, should arrive at Hobart about the beginning of April with news as to the exact places where his parties have been landed, and probably with definite important information as to whether the coastline of Wilkesland exists or not.

"In all probability the ship of the German expedition, under Lieut. Filchner, is well frozen in in the Weddell Sea. As there is more ice there than in any other part of the antarctic, he may have found no proper landing place, and therefore have kept his ship as a frozen-in base. He will first be heard of at Punta Arenas or Buenos Aires if his vessel has not been imprisoned in ice the last of April.

"The expedition of the Japanese, which left for the purpose of going to the Bay of Whales, I do not regard as serious, and it need not be taken into account in the south polar race."

ELLEN TERRY 64 YEARS OLD.

Famous Actress Receives Many Congratulations from America.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Ellen Terry today celebrated her sixty-fourth birthday.

She received many congratulatory messages from America.

"Anarchy," Says ex-Gov. Gillette.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 27.—"Col. Roosevelt is too radical," declared ex-Gov. J. N. Gillette of California, who stopped here last night on his way home. "His advocacy of a plan for the people to review decisions of the highest courts of the land is the craziest proposition I ever heard. It's anarchy."

Gov. Foss's First Veto This Session.

BOSTON, Feb. 27.—The first veto message of Gov. Foss for the present session was sent to the Legislature to-day, the Governor having declined to approve the bill appropriating $450,000 to be expended in three years for the suppression and extermination of gypsy moths.

The Development of the Art of Fireproofing

THE fire safety of the truly modern dwelling, as well as of the skyscraper, is the direct result of the National Fire Proofing Company's efforts to adapt fireproof materials to building requirements met with only by the American architect.

The trend of modern American building construction has been directed, to an enormous extent, by this Company's influence upon building methods, as well as upon its development of fire-resisting materials.

The "Seal of Fire Safety," which should be upon every modern structure, marks the use of National Fire Proofing Company's materials and methods.

National Fire Proofing Company
Flatiron Building
General Offices: PITTSBURG, PA.
Established 1889

NATIONAL FIRE PROOFING COMPANY
The SEAL of SAFETY

FIRING REVOLVER "TRIVIAL."

Argument of the Clergyman Who Startled the House of Commons.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Samuel Henry, the clergyman who was arrested for firing a revolver in the lobby of the House of Commons yesterday, appeared at the Bow Street Police Court to-day. He said his object was to draw attention to the fact that he had written a book entitled "Tolstoy and the Messiah," which the Government had suppressed.

It was a quite trivial thing, he argued, to fire a revolver in the air. It was nothing dangerous, offensive, or alarming. It was simply a straightforward method of attracting attention.

The Magistrate ordered a remand so that Henry could be medically examined.

LORAINE PRODUCES "98.9."

New Play by C. B. Fernald Is Full of Amusing Situations.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28.—Robert Loraine produced last night at the Criterion Theatre a new play by the American dramatist, C. B. Fernald, bearing the cryptic title "98.9"—meaning four points above the normal temperature on the clinical thermometer and being descriptive of its impetuous hero, played by Mr. Loraine.

The piece is full of amusing situations and many witty lines. It began better than it finished, and with pruning and compression may be a success.

WIRELESS ON FISHING BOATS.

France May Grant Installation Bounty and Allowance for Upkeep.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28.—A Paris telegram to The Times says that in pursuance of the example set by the German Government in granting a subvention for the encouragement of wireless telegraphy in fishing boats, a credit of 250,000f. ($50,000) has been asked from the Government to encourage the installation of wireless telegraphy in French fishing smacks.

Boats carrying their own apparatus would receive an installation bounty of $400 and an upkeep allowance.

NEW ORLEANS
TEXAS MEXICO
CALIFORNIA
Lv. New York Daily 3:38 P. M., 4:38 P. M., 12:30 A. M.,
via
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South
Dining, Drawing, Stateroom, Sleeping & Observation cars, connecting New Orleans with Southern Pacific for the Pacific Coast.
Apply 264 Fifth Ave., cor. 29th St.

Living Without a Telephone
Is Like Living on a Desert Island.

IT is easy to arrange for Telephone Service.

BECAUSE HE HAD NO 'PHONE.

If you are not a good traveler and yet long to know how it feels to be cast away upon a desert island, move into a new set of offices where there is no telephone installation, and live without a "wire" for four days. It is a whole lot worse than breaking your right arm and having to do everything with an untrained left.

"I couldn't have stood it another day," said the wild-eyed man who had this experience recently. "I missed three business deals, two invitations to dinner and three chances to go to the theatre. I let my life insurance lapse in the excitement, and I had to send a messenger out with an important paper, because I couldn't get a certain party by telephone. The messenger lost the paper, and as a result I'm out a hundred dollars."

—Evening Mail, Feb. 15, 1912.

JUST telephone or write our Local Commercial Office.

While the telephone has become such a necessity in business and social affairs, only a condition like the above can make one fully realize how great is our dependence upon the service. Suppose you notify us as far in advance as possible of any removal you intend to make. We can have your telephone service ready for you.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

Wild's
JWCo. EST. 1852.
Orientals
The Largest Specialty Rug House in America.

Quality and condition of an Oriental rug are almost as difficult to determine as its authenticity.

Good faith in all three depends chiefly upon the shop from which your purchase is made.

Wild's Orientals, large and small, expensive and inexpensive, represent the net result of the most competent judgment and a fixed purpose to conduct a rug business on the highest plane of honorable American methods.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Avenue & 35th Street
NEW YORK

Experts have figured that farmers will receive for the 1911 crop $9,000,000,000; $250,000 will be spent for next year's Farm and Fireside. Merely an entering wedge toward preparing to spend the rest of the nine billion, or a good proportion of it, upon the goods advertised in Farm and Fireside.

Farmers have money to spend. Farm and Fireside is the medium that reaches them. The manufacturer who uses Farm and Fireside to exploit his goods will get his share of this money.

FARM AND FIRESIDE
THE NATIONAL FARM PAPER
New York Springfield, Ohio Chicago

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It gives relief to hot, swollen, moist, aching feet. Always use it to Break in New Shoes. Try it to-day. Sold everywhere, 25c. *Don't accept any substitute.*

The Coffee you like—and keep on liking—is more welcome than some ordinary sort.

HOTEL ASTOR COFFEE

is making millions of friends—and holding them, first by being *different* and then by being *always the same.* Infinite care—years of learning how—have made it perfect. It goes farther than the ordinary kind, too.

"Quality Coffee is True Economy"

Sold only in sealed tins, 38c. per lb. at your grocer.

B. FISCHER & CO.
Importers New York

Frisbie Collars
The "Cadillac" owes its selling vogue to its telling style. Well-made, because hand-made
2 for 25 Cents
FRISBIE, COON & CO. MAKERS TROY, N.Y.
GIMBEL BROTHERS
NEW YORK
BROADWAY THIRTY-THIRD STREET

BENCH AND PULPIT DEBATE ON RECALL

Judge Speer of New Jersey Circuit Court Replies to the Rev. Mr. Scudder.

WOULD PRAY FOR JURIST

Difference Between Lincoln and Roosevelt Is Pointed Out to the Militant Minister.

The recall of Judges and the political kinship of Col. Roosevelt and Abraham Lincoln formed the bone of contention in an animated exchange of letters in Jersey City yesterday between the Rev. John L. Scudder, former pastor of the First Congregational Church in that city, and Judge W. H. Speer of the New Jersey Circuit Court. The expressions of opinion came about in connection with an address by Judge Speer on "Emotional Government," in which he had attacked the principle of recall of Judges.

"I believe I am with the overwhelming majority of the American people," wrote Mr. Scudder, "when I say that we distrust Judges as a class, even as we distrust United States Senators, both of whom, as a rule, owe their positions by favor of the privileged interests in this money-mad country.

"Addresses such as you made the other evening will not change this deepening sentiment in the United States; for opposed to the 'passing whim and caprice' of the crowd, there is that awful fact staring us in the face, namely, the cowardice and subserviency of Judges in the presence of those who obtain offices for them.

"You are an intelligent man, but I fear you are possessed by professional prejudice. You need education along popular lines. The American people are 'onto the game.' Soon they will become an irresistible force. Five years from now every Judge in the land will be subject to the recall. Privilege has ruled long enough. Now the people will have their innings.

"You may distrust the people, but don't forget the fact that the people do not distrust themselves, and the people have the vote. You are on the wrong side, old man, and I shall pray for your political conversion. I hope you will 'see the light,' but you probably never will, for you belong to a class and do not believe in the mass. With Abe Lincoln and Roosevelt, I believe absolutely in the people. If ever they make mistakes they can rectify them as speedily as they make them."

Reply by Judge Speer.

To this Judge Speer replied yesterday, saying in part:

"I do not distrust the people, but on the contrary I have an abiding faith, just as Lincoln had, in their 'ultimate justice.' I have always said that I distrust the untrained, uninformed, and hasty judgment of the voters. I am utterly against enacting to-day's folly into to-morrow's law. I believe in a Government based on the permanent, reasoned will of the people; not on their ephemeral emotions.

"This was the doctrine of Lincoln and Washington, and I feel no shame, but rather a pardonable pride, in entertaining it myself. I have always said, and I say now, that when the American people understand a question thoroughly they will decide it correctly, but neither they nor any other people in the tide of time has determined or can determine the difficult questions of government without study and mature deliberation.

"The snap judgment of the people has no more sanctity than the snap judgment of an individual, and it was against this that the people themselves, distrusting themselves in their moments of passion and haste, established a written Constitution for their own restraint. No, Dr. Scudder, I am not the man of class. You are the man of class, and an ever-diminishing class at that, who desires to substitute for the stability of the Constitution the fickleness of the voter, and for the independence of the Judges the infuriation of the mob. Dr. Butler has well said:

"'It must never be forgotten that the same individuals constitute both the mob and the people. When their baser passions are aroused they are the mob; when their higher nature controls they are the people. The demagogue makes his appeal to the mob, but the statesman's appeal is to the people.'

"I fear the mob, inflamed by demagogy—I trust the people, whose 'ultimate judgment' will ultimately and everywhere prevail."

Judge Speer then takes up the pastor's pronouncement of standpatism "with Abe Lincoln and Roosevelt."

"You and Roosevelt are as far from standing in Lincoln's position," he says, "as I am from standing in yours. Lincoln never bent his course to conform to mere clamor. He never believed in a gusty Government whose Constitution should be a mere weathercock veering with every puff of the wind.

"When the crowd clamored for immediate proclamation of emancipation, he postponed its publication. He was for vested rights of property, and would have purchased the slaves.

Lincoln Never a Hypocrite.

"Above and beyond all, he never believed he could fool the people by playing the hypocrite as Roosevelt has done. He trusted their ultimate judgment and justice. Lincoln rendered the people heart homage; Roosevelt merely renders them lip loyalty. It would have been impossible for Lincoln to have played the Roosevelt game. Lincoln's actions would never have believed his utterances so palpably as to have permitted the deadliest of all parallels—Roosevelt's decision on Nov. 8, 1904, 'Under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination,' and Roosevelt's decision on Feb. 25, 1912, 'I will accept the nomination for President if it is tendered to me.'

"Lincoln was loyal to truth and loyal to friendship, and personal ambition never overleaped the bounds of that loyalty. Because I revere Lincoln's life I despise Roosevelt's duplicity."

Concerning Dr. Scudder's suggestion of cowardice and subserviency in Judges, Judge Speer declares that while there have been and will be conspicuous examples of judicial subserviency and cowardice, just as there have been and will be examples of the same and worse qualities among the clergy, "the great majority of our Judges are fearless, independent, and honest, and will remain so until the triumph of the judicial recall. When the recall becomes universal, cowardice and subserviency on the bench will be the order of the day. The recall would tend to make Judges mere phonographs for the reproduction of the prevailing fancy of the time, not the steady ministers of justice, careful alike of the rights of the minority and the majority."

"No, my dear doctor," he concludes, "I am not the reactionary; you are the reactionary. Representative government succeeded the direct vote of the people.

"The sole and only appropriate function of the initiative, referendum, and the recall is the restoration of representative government when it shall have been lost. They are instrumentalities for the preservation, not for the destruction, of representative government. They are simply additional weapons in the popular arsenal, to be used only in extreme cases, and never to be open to ready resort.

"Your erection of them into means for the immediate translation of mere popular whims into public statutes or judgments of courts exhibits you as a reactionary who would go back to the old system of the market place which the fathers consciously discarded in favor of the system of representative government.

"The system advocated by you would introduce utter confusion, ruinous instability, and a chameleon instead of a Constitution. You and I both desire the same thing—the welfare of the people. We differ as to the means of bringing about that universally desirable end."

DU PONT DENIES CHARGES.

Senator Reed to Speak on Bribery Resolution To-day.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Senator du Pont of Delaware in the Senate to-day voiced a flat denial of the charges against him in the resolution introduced by Senator Reed of Missouri yesterday, which asked investigation of Mr. du Pont's election. Mr. du Pont said he would welcome any action the Senate might deem proper to take. The matter went over.

The Reed resolution for an inquiry was allowed to go over until to-morrow on the request of Senator Reed, who said that by then he would have certain facts concerning the election, the exact nature of which was not disclosed by him.

CONFESSION NAMES MORE TAXI ROBBERS

Continued from Page 1.

belonging to Kinsman, which was found in his father's home on Windemere Road, near Boston. The other $2,000 was found in a safety deposit box in the Bowery Savings banks. The key to that box was given to Dougherty by Albrozzi, although the box was not in his name, but in that of an Italian saloon keeper, Joseph Pascallo, of 208 Thompson Street, who is better known as "Jimmie Push." It was in the back room of his place, according to the confessions of Kinsman and Albrozzi, that the stolen money was divided between those who actually committed the crime and the "Three Brigands."

Pascallo admitted yesterday that Albrozzi told the truth about the money, but said he did not know what was in the package when Albrozzi handed it to him and asked him to get a safety box to put it in. Pascallo said he had an impression that the box contained something of value, but did not know that it was part of the proceeds of the Trinity Place hold-up. He said that Albrozzi in his confession had exonerated him from any guilty knowledge of what the box contained.

"Albrozzi," said Pascallo to a TIMES reporter, "came to my place on the Tuesday that the hold-up occurred and handed me a package. He said he was going to the country, and that the box contained something he did not care to run the chance of losing. I was not curious and did not ask him what was in the box. After he gave me the box I tossed it under the bar and it remained there for two days when my attention was called to it by one of my employes.

"I had forgotten all about getting the safety box, and the next day I went to the Bowery Savings Bank, got the box, and put the package in it. The box was in my name, as Albrozzi says. I did not see Albrozzi for two days after that, and when he did show up I gave him the key, which he turned over to Commissioner Dougherty after his arrest on Monday."

As Albrozzi had said, the box when opened contained $2,000 in five-dollar bills. The money was taken charge of by the police.

When the men under arrest as principals in the hold-up were arraigned before Magistrate Herrman, in the Tombs Court yesterday afternoon, Pascallo was in court, accompanied by Frederick E. Goldsmith, his lawyer. Pascallo was not under arrest, and Goldsmith promised that he would produce him any time the police desired to question him. Goldsmith also appeared for Albrozzi and for the girl known as "Rose," who is a friend of Albrozzi. Goldsmith, who was a law partner of the late "Little Tim" Sullivan, issued a statement in which he denied that Albrozzi had confessed to the police, as Commissioner Dougherty says he has done.

Kinsman's Confession.

In connection with the confession of Albrozzi, the police last night gave out the story told to them by Kinsman. This story, they say, is corroborated in nearly every particular by the confession of Albrozzi. Kinsman told everything, and afterward went in an automobile with Inspector Dougherty and took him over the route followed by the robbers after the hold-up.

"I was born in 1889," Kinsman said to the police, "in Boston, and my parents still reside in that city. I am the oldest of six children, and have five brothers and one sister. I went to the public schools until I was 13 years old, when I quit to accept a job in the School Street Bank, Boston. I guess there was something wrong with me from the start, for I did not keep the job but four days, and for the next three or four years I drifted from place to place, holding little jobs, but never keeping any of them long.

"I was a strong kid, and by the time I was 16 years old I was an amateur baseball player and a boxer, and won several battles in the ring. I was arrested several times for fighting, but never for anything more serious. I always did like fine clothes, and I fancied the gay life, and always had a hankering to come to New York and be a sport. I wanted to have a diamond, too. Last May I got my chance, and some time in the latter part of that month I landed in New York with a few dollars in my pocket.

"What little money I had was soon spent, and it was not long before I was sleeping in the parks. One day I wandered into a gymnasium and told the proprietor I was a fighter, and he matched me with a negro, and although I was not in good condition I knocked the negro out and the proprietor gave me a job in his place. While working in the 'gym' I met a fellow who was interested in the Nutshell Café, at Twenty-fourth Street and Sixth Avenue, and he gave me a job as a waiter in that place. Then my luck turned and I got a good deal of money and met the girl, Annie Hull, through whom the police found out that I was mixed up in the hold-up of the bank messengers.

"I met a lot of queer people in the Nutshell. One of them was a fellow they called 'Dutch,' and he used to be around nearly every night. He was a soft-spoken chap, and I took a fancy to him. Sometimes he tried to use big words, and when he did I sometimes thought he was nutty. One night 'Dutch' brought to the Nutshell a little hatchet-faced dago named Jess. He told me Jess was a smart guy, and that he wanted us to be friends.

"Jess and 'Dutch' had some drinks, and after a while Jess called me and said that he had a swell job on hand and wanted to let me in on it. I knew what he meant, and told him I did not want to get mixed up in it. Jess and 'Dutch' showed up again the next night, and finally I agreed to go in on the job, and I went with them to 87 West Third Street, where Jess, whose last name is Albrozzi, lived. There I met a man I had known in Boston as 'Gene' Splaine, a fellow they called 'Scotty' and a fellow they called 'Joe the Kid,' who was a friend of 'Dutch's.' There were six of us in the room, and Jess told us what the scheme was.

"He said that he had a friend named Montani, a chauffeur, who owned his own taxicab and who did big jobs for banks. On Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, Jess said, his friend Montani took an old man and a kid to banks where the old fellow and the kid would get money, sometimes as much as $70,000 in cold cash. He said they generally got the money from a bank downtown, not far from the Battery, and that they took it to a bank opposite to the Broadway Central Hotel.

"This was about ten days before the hold-up. We stayed in Jess's room until after midnight, and then we went downtown and Jess pointed out to us the bank where Montani drove the messengers to get the money.

Studied the Route and Plans.

"On the way back Jess walked us over the route he said that Montani generally took on his way back to the uptown bank. We went through side streets, then up several blocks underneath the elevated, and every now and then we would stop and investigate places which we thought would be good places to pull the job off. We finally landed back at Jess's place, and when we parted each of us had agreed to submit a plan for the robbery.

"Jess also acted for Montani, and in the course of the next few days Montani submitted a plan through Jess. Splaine also had a plan, and so did 'Dutch' and Jess. We met in a back room in the Nutshell and talked over the different schemes. We discussed the best and safest ways to stop the taxi, a way to get 'Dutch' and Splaine inside of it, a way to keep anybody from yelling or making an outcry, the division of the swag, and the place to meet after the job was pulled off.

"On the Sunday night before the day set for the job we all met and agreed on our plan. Tuesday night Jess reported that Montani had been to the bank, but they did not get any money that day, and that, he said, meant that when he went down Thursday the messengers would probably get a big pile, maybe as much as $100,000. Wednesday, however, Montani had an unexpected call, and made the trip and got some money. That did not change our plans for the Thursday hold-up.

"At 1 o'clock on the morning of the hold-up 'Dutch' came to the Nutshell and asked me if I was ready. I had to work a little later, and he waited for me. At 4 o'clock Splaine showed up, and he was mad and he wanted to know if I was going to lay down on the gang. I took off my apron and went away with him and 'Dutch.'

Ready for the Job.

"We went to Dutch's room on either Fifteenth or Sixteenth Street, near Sixth Avenue. There we found Jess, Scott, and Joe the Kid waiting for us. They had some drinks there, and along about 5 o'clock we all went to sleep. At 8:30 we got up and made ready to pull off the job. Dutch had a couple of blackjacks and a pistol. He wanted me to take the pistol, but I refused and told him I could use my hands. Joe the Kid then took the pistol and Splaine and Dutch took the blackjacks.

"We had some breakfast and then walked down to Thompson Street, walking in pairs, with Jess and Splaine leading the way. On Thompson Street Jess pointed out the place where the swag was to be divided. Jess left us here and the rest of us went on down town. At Rector Street we went into a saloon and had a drink, and in there in a little back room we met Matteo and Paoli and another fellow I don't know. They were friends of Jess and are the fellows they call the 'Three Brigands.' These three fellows, all gun men, are never without their guns, and I was surprised to find them, for I did not know they were to be in the job.

"Matteo and the fellow we call 'Matty,' a big blond fellow, told us that if any of us failed on the job he would kill the ones who did. The brigands went away and later I saw 'Matty' standing in a doorway not far from the place where the job was going to be pulled off. Dutch and Joe the Kid were stationed on the east side of the street, while Splaine and I had the right side to look after.

The Plan Goes Through.

"Right on schedule time Montani came in view. He was coming at a slow jog, and Dutch took off his hat as if to scratch his head. That was the signal for us to get ready. Scotty got ready to run out in front of the taxi to give Montani an excuse to come to a stop or almost to one so as not to run Scotty down. Scotty did not get right in front of the car and Montani came almost to a stop right alongside of him. Splaine and Dutch then quickly opened the side doors and climbed inside. 'Joe the Kid' slammed the door shut after Dutch, and Scotty did the same thing for Splaine, who nearly fell out before he got in. I jumped up on the seat with Montani.

"I was scared to death, and I sat there half stupefied, when Montani punched me in the ribs and whispered to me to put my hand against him or point a finger at his side. I never ran a machine in my life and don't know anything about them, and I never told him how to run his car as he says I did. I knew that Dutch and Splaine were doing their part of the job with the blackjacks, and it made an awful feeling in me.

"Montani put on speed, and it seemed to me like we were going 100 miles an hour. We squeezed in between trucks, and at one time I thought we would get caught in a bunch of trucks, but we escaped that. A cop who was on duty waved the traffic aside and we shot on up the street. Finally we stopped behind a big truck loaded with boxes, and Dutch and Splaine jumped out, slamming the doors behind them. Dutch had the money bag.

"I hopped off and I looked for Dutch, and saw him reeling around in the street like he was drunk. His collar was covered with blood, and blood was all over his clothes in front. Montani had speeded away, and I looked back and saw a cop on the running board of the taxi and the taxi going south away from us. All of a sudden somebody touched me on the shoulder and said, 'Come along,' and it nearly scared me stiff, but it was only Splaine.

"We walked a short distance and got on a street car, and somebody asked Dutch where he got the blood on his face and he told them he had been in a fight, and they fell for it. Splaine wiped the blood off of Dutch's face with his handkerchief. He threw the handkerchief away, and when we came to an elevated station we got off the street car and went to Bleecker Street on the elevated.

The Loot Divided.

"We went to 208 Thompson Street when we left the elevated, where we had agreed to divide the money. We went into a back room to which Jess, who met us there, had a key, and which he called a tap room, one with several spiggots over the washstand. I might say here that the reason why Jess was not present at the hold-up was because it was necessary for him to go some place where he could prove an alibi if necessary so as to protect Montani. Jess told us that Montani would certainly be arrested, and that if they could connect him with Montani the police would find out that he and Montani were friends, which would make it very hard for Montani to beat the case.

"When we went into the back room of the saloon where we were to divide, to my surprise the brigands came in. Jess was mad as a hornet when he saw them, and there were some words.

"Dutch was still holding the bag with the money. He threw it on the floor. Then we opened it, and I never saw so much money in all my life. There were four big packages. One contained $10,000 in ten-dollar bills, and there were three others, each containing $5,000 in fives. Matty reached over and grabbed the big package containing the tens. He held it up and said that it was for the brigands, $3,000 for each of them and $1,000 to be used in helping Malloy, who was about to be tried in Brooklyn for a hold-up, to beat the case. There was a row over this, but we did not have any time to lose, and rather than give the cops a chance to land us we let the brigands get away with the $10,000.

"This is the way the money was divided:

The Brigands	$9,000
Defense of Mallo	1,000
Albrozzo	3,000
Montani, (given to Jess for him)	3,000
Dutch	3,000
Splaine	3,000
Myself	2,750
Joe the Kid	250
Total	$25,000

"Scotty, poor devil, who took the chance of getting run over, did not get a cent. That was pretty mean when it is known that all he was promised was $25. I got less than Dutch and Splaine, as they had done the strong-arm work inside the taxi and deserved more. Joe the Kid worked with Dutch, and I suppose Dutch looked after him.

How They Got Away.

"As soon as the money was divided we left the place. There was no handshaking and no talking. Splaine and I went uptown together and I went and got Annie. Splaine got rid of his clothes with the blood on them and bought some new ones.

"We all met, Splaine and Annie and I, at Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue. We hired a taxi there and told the driver to take us to Peekskill. We were afraid to take a chance with the ferries or the railroads. At Peekskill we caught a train for Albany and spent the night in that place. I bought Annie a new hat and gave her some money, and the next day, Friday, she went back to New York, and Splaine and I went to Chicago. We arrived in Chicago Saturday morning and I bought some new suits of clothes and some silk underwear. I had bought a diamond ring in Albany.

"In Chicago we had a lively time, and I took in all the sights of the tenderloin. I went to a ball given by the Knights of Kent and whipped a fellow who got gay with the manager. Splaine drank like a sailor and did not take the trouble to change his money into bigger bills. He had his pockets stuffed with fives. Last Friday I started for Boston, and while there I saw some of my friends, among them a girl I had known. She was a good girl, and I told her to forget all about me. Sunday I came to New York, met Annie, and the next day the police got me. The rest of the story is a matter of police record."

Commissioner Dougherty said that the Malloy referred to in Kinsman's confession was the man who was arrested several weeks ago in Brooklyn when he was about to attack Horace Mann, an employe of Swift & Co. Mann was on his way to the Brooklyn Trust Company at the time with $1,500 in cash and $3,500 in checks belonging to his employers. A policeman caught Malloy as he raised his blackjack. A jury acquitted him the day after the Trinity Place hold-up. Malloy, according to the police, has since been arrested for carrying concealed weapons and is now in the Tombs.

Kinsman Rides Over the Route.

After Commissioner Dougherty returned from his automobile tour with Kinsman, during which Kinsman pointed out to him the route followed by Montani after the hold-up, the Commissioner gave out what he said was the true description of that route. The hold-up occurred about 15 feet from Edgar Street, and as soon as the sluggers were in the taxicab and Kinsman was on the seat beside him, Montani drove up Church Street to Chambers and then east in Chambers to Broadway and from Broadway west to a place about opposite 52 Park Place, where Dutch, Splaine, and Kinsman made their escape, walking to Greenwich and then through Murray to West, and from West east through Warren to West Broadway, where they caught a northbound trolley car. At Spring Street they left the car and went the rest of the way to Bleecker Street on the elevated.

Mrs. Elizabeth Goodwin, the police matron, who did such good work in getting information from Annie Hull, the friend of Kinsman, was kept busy yesterday dodging interviewers who wanted to get her own story of how she managed to get the information that put Dougherty on the trail that ended in the capture of Kinsman.

The condition of Wilbur F. Smith, the aged bank messenger, who was so brutally beaten, is said to be very serious. Assistant District Attorney Nott, who is in charge of the case for the District Attorney, said yesterday that in the event of Mr. Smith's death the charge against the robbers would be changed from one of assault and robbery to one of murder in the first degree.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 27.—The man arrested here for connection with the New York taxicab robbers, and who is believed to be Eugene Splain, had $921 hidden in his shoes. It was found to-night. He says he saved the money and also enough to purchase the big diamond he wears in a ring. Both he and Keefe deny having anything to do with the taxicab robbery. They say they were on their way from Chicago to an Arkansas resort for their health.

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$59.00	Iran	10.3x2.1	$29.75	$49.50	Mousoul	11.7x2.10	$35.00
$59.00	Shiraz	12.7x1.8	$29.75	$88.00	Mousoul	16.2x2.11	$39.00
$59.00	Iran	12.3x1.11	$29.75	$78.00	Cam. Hair	12.5x2.11	$45.00
$59.00	Mousoul	13.2x2.4	$29.75	$88.00	Mousoul	12x2.10	$49.00
$59.00	Iran	12.6x2.10	$29.75	$95.00	Kurdistan	17x2.4	$47.50
$69.00	Mousoul	15x2.2	$29.75	$95.00	Kurdistan	16.2x2.2	$49.50
$69.00	Kurdistan	13.7x1.10	$29.75	$97.50	Kurdistan	15.2x2.10	$49.50
$59.00	Iran	12.3x1.10	$29.75	$88.00	Iran	13.2x2	$49.50
$75.00	Kurdistan	16.2x2	$35.00	$97.50	Mousoul	16.6x2.9	$59.00
$69.00	Mousoul	10.1x2.5	$39.75	$88.00	Kurdistan	15.9x2.7	$59.00
$75.00	Kurdistan	14.10x2.3	$39.75	$89.00	Iran	12.8x2.11	$59.00
$85.00	Mousoul	16.2x2.3	$39.75	$125.00	Iran	18x3	$59.00
$85.00	Mousoul	15.8x2.6	$39.75	$150.00	Iran	19.9x3	$95.00
$75.00	Shiraz	13x2.4	$39.75	$150.00	Iran	19.4x3	$95.00
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SEALED VERDICT IN CROKER DIVORCE

Jury Before Justice Goff Disagrees, but Must Announce a Formal Decision To-day.

BRIDEGROOM IS A WITNESS

Former Riding Master Complains He Never Saw His Wife After the Marriage.

A sealed verdict will be returned this morning in the Breen divorce suit, in which the former Miss Ethel Croker, daughter of Richard Croker, seeks her freedom from John J. Breen, at one time a riding master in an uptown tan-bark academy.

Supreme Court Justice Goff ordered the sealed verdict after a jury had used up all the afternoon in deliberating upon the merits of the evidence. Some of the evidence adduced related to the days when Miss Croker, while riding for exercise, met Breen in Central Park while he was giving a morning canter to his employer's saddle horses.

There was a quantity of testimony, however, concerning Breen's relations with Miss Maud Diehl of Toronto, Ont., the Toronto hotel telephone girl, who testified Monday that she had held "a mild flirtation with Breen."

The star witness of yesterday's session was Breen himself. Francis L. Wellman, counsel for the Crokers, gave the witness a busy hour on the examination stand, forcing Breen to admit that he had asked Miss Diehl to swear that she was not in his room at the Grand Union Hotel in Toronto.

"So you were willing to commit purjury," demanded Mr. Wellman. "And you were willing to ask a girl to commit it, too?"

"Yes," replied Breen, "to save her reputation."

Breen proved easy prey for the cross-examiner. His resistance failed to keep from the jury that he had been divorced before his marriage to Miss Croker and that he had begun his $100,000 suit against the Crokers for alleged alienation of the affections of his wife, after the inception of her divorce suit. In the direct examination, Breen declared that he had never lived with his wife.

"The day we married," he said, "Ethel went back to her parents and they have seen to it I never was in her company again."

The defendant denied flatly all the accusations brought against him by the detectives who were detailed to shadow him in Toronto in 1910.

The hearing attracted many spectators. Mrs. Croker and her daughter had their luncheon in an ante-room and did not appear in the hall until late in the afternoon, when they became tired of waiting for the jury to return a verdict and left the building.

Throughout his testimony, Breen and the counsel for his wife had several verbal engagements.

"Do you think it was right to hug and kiss this girl," asked Mr. Wellman after Breen had admitted that he had met Miss Diehl in his bedroom after they had both had several highballs.

"I don't see any harm in kissing a girl," came the answer.

"Then you would kiss any girl?"

"Would I?"

"I am asking you—would you?"

"I don't think I would."

As a parting shot, Mr. Wellman produced Breen's marriage license, in which the groom was described as a "clerk, a widower, and a resident of Hoboken." Mr. Wellman pointed out that Breen was none of these and that he had even lied on the eve of his wedding to Ethel Croker.

In his summing up, W. M. K. Olcott, counsel for Breen, pointed out that if the jury granted Mrs. Breen a divorce, the reputation of Maude Diehl, a poor working girl engaged to be married, would be eternally blasted.

NOT EMPLOYED BY THE TIMES

"Albert Hoffman, Cartoonist," Guilty of Misrepresentation.

It has been reported to THE TIMES that a man who calls himself Albert Hoffman and says he is a cartoonist representing THE TIMES has called at various places in New York and asked favors in the name of this newspaper.

THE TIMES has no cartoonist named Albert Hoffman, and has never had, as far as can be ascertained. If Mr. Hoffman says he represents THE TIMES he is guilty of misrepresentation.

BRINGS BACK GAME BIRDS.

World-Wide Collection Arrives to Stock an Illinois Farm.

A thousand specimens of game birds from various countries arrived yesterday on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnewaska from London. They are imported by Samuel Evans to be sent to Oak Park, Ill., where they are to be bred and distributed throughout the United States. They were exhibited in London by Mr. Evans at the Royal Zoological Gardens in Regent's Park.

Included in the collection are wild ducks from Lake Baikal, in Siberia, and wood ducks from Lake Victoria Nyanza, Central Africa. There are also a large number of swans, geese, and ducks from Japan and a sacred ooseling bird from Siam, which has no memory and forgets to eat. An attendant has to watch the ooseling night and day, it is said, to keep it from starving to death.

Mr. Evans brought back from England a number of American wood ducks which were the descendants of some he had sent there for breeding several years ago. He brought them back to put new blood into his flocks at Oak Park.

Mr. Evans said yesterday that he had been very successful in breeding prairie chickens both on his farm and in captivity in England, and that the gamy American bird was growing in favor and rapidly supplanting the grouse and pheasant as a popular hunting proposition in England. In England, he said, there are many shooting preserves where every year Americans go and shoot American prairie chickens on English and Scotch covers.

There were 456 pedigree cows on the Minnewaska imported for breeding purposes.

NURSE A SUICIDE IN SUBWAY.

Thought She Had Consumption, and Jumped in Front of a Train.

Believing that she was suffering from tuberculosis and had only a short time to live, Fritzie Knittel, 27 years old, a nurse living at the Austrian Immigrant Home, threw herself in front of a southbound Brooklyn express at the Bowling Green Subway station yesterday morning and was instantly killed.

Hundreds of persons on the station platform saw the girl run down the stairs at the main entrance to the station, take off her short coat, and, after placing it over the back of a bench in the middle of the station, dive in front of a train which, in charge of Motorman Harry Hickman, was just pulling in.

Hickman heard the screams of women on the platform and saw the woman as she jumped. He shut off the power and reversed the train. The front truck of the first car passed over the girl's body, almost severing it at the waist. Death was instantaneous.

A search of the woman's clothing revealed cards bearing her name and address. A receipt for $135 in cash and a check for $600 deposited with the Austrian Home was also found. The home was notified, and William Pfeiffer, the Superintendent, went to the Greenwich Street Station and identified the body.

Mr. Pfeiffer told the police that he had found a note, written by Miss Knittel, saying that, as the writer believed she was suffering from tuberculosis, contracted while nursing in a hospital in Vienna, she intended to commit suicide. The girl had said a few days ago that she might take poison, as "it was a quick way to die." The Austrian Consul will take care of the body. The motorman of the train was not arrested.

GEBHARDT FLEES BY STATE HOUSE CELLAR

Jersey Senator Hears That Rival Hunterdon Leader Is in Capitol Looking for Him.

RETURNS WITH POLICE GUARD

Rival Later Goes to Gebhardt's Hotel and the Senator Leaves It for Another.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 27.—The feud that has long existed between the two Hunterdon County Democratic factions resulted this afternoon in the stationing of two policemen at the entrance to the Senate Chamber to protect Senator William C. Gebhardt from atttack, while two other patrolmen were detailed to accompany him from his hotel to the State House and back.

Reports came to Senator Gebhardt this morning at a secret session of the Senate that James Nelson Pidcock, a rival leader in the Hunterdon Democracy, was in town and was looking for him. As the time for the noon recess approached he learned that Mr. Pidcock had reached the State House. While Mr. Pidcock made a round of the rooms adjacent to the Senate Chamber, Mr. Gebhardt made a hurried departure by way of the cellar, seeking refuge at the Trenton House, where he has rooms.

When he desired to return to the State House for the afternoon meeting a message was sent to Police Headquarters, and two men in uniform were sent to escort the Senator through the streets. Two other officers, in plain clothes, were placed at the entrance to the Chamber, and they stood guard for the rest of the day. Mr. Pidcock failed to put in an appearance again, but Senator Gebhardt was accompanied back to his hotel by the policemen. When he arrived there he was informed that Mr. Pidcock had also engaged rooms in the same hotel, so the Hunterdon Senator, still flanked by a police guard, went to the Hotel Windsor for the night.

For some years there have been two Democratic factions in Hunterdon County. The one led by Senator Gebhardt is known as the "Holy Rollers," while the other, captained by Mr. Pidcock, is characterized as the "Pirates."

Disbarment proceedings for alleged attempts at jury selection influencing were instituted against Senator Gebhardt last week, and the charges were aired before the Supreme Court yesterday afternoon. The suit was brought by ex-Attorney General Robert H. McCarter, but he declined to state for whom he acted, and Mr. Gebhardt asserts that it is an effort on the part of his political enemies to discredit him.

Commission to Examine Haslett.

County Judge Fawcett of Brooklyn appointed yesterday a commission to inquire into the competency of Samuel E. Haslett, the wealthy recluse of 138 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, and alleged victim of a conspiracy to obtain possession of his property. The Commissioners are ex-Supreme Court Justice William D. Dickey, Chairman; Charles J. McDermott, Vice President of the Brooklyn Bar Association, and Dr. Thurston H. Dexter, a Brooklyn physician.

The Charm
of an English
Dining Room

WITH agreeable effect the stately ritual of Eighteenth Century hospitality influenced the plenishments of the Georgian Dining Room.

The bountiful Sideboard with its old-world grace of curving front and tapering supports,—the Cupboard, through whose trellised lattice gleams a hint of shining silver or of fine-coloured porcelains,—the Table with its ample surface of rich-hued and polished mahogany,—each one has its necessary part to play.

Such an underlying sentiment, too, is preserved in our faithful Reproductions of the work of Sheraton, Heppelwhite and the brothers Adam.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company
INCORPORATED
34 and 36 West 32d Street
Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway
New York

ROBBED IN FRONT OF HOME.

Thugs Fell Cigar Manufacturer and He Is Found Unconscious.

Herbert Hanson of 466 Forty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, passing through Sherman Street in the Windsor Terrace section on his way home at 10 o'clock last night, saw a man lying on the sidewalk outside of 97 Sherman Street. The man was unconscious and Hanson ran to Coney Island Avenue, where he got Policeman Cunningham of the Fifth Avenue Station.

Cunningham ran back to where the man lay just as members of the family of Levine Aghlimian, a cigar manufacturer, ran from their home at 97 Sherman Street. They had missed Mr. Aghlimian, who had gone to roll a barrel of ashes onto the sidewalk and had not come into the house again.

It was Mr. Aghlimian who lay on the sidewalk, and after he had been carried into his home Dr. Maxwell Galloway of 1 Sherman Street dressed several cuts in his head and revived him.

Aghlimian said he had been putting the barrel in front of his house when two men sprang on him. They beat him up and finally left him senseless. Mr. Aghlimian's diamond and ruby stickpin, worth $165; a diamond ring, worth $190, and $89 in cash were missing. He could not give the police a description of his assailants, as he said he had scarcely seen them in the darkness.

$1,500 FOR AIKEN ASSAILANT.

City Council Offers Reward to Catch Negro Who Attacked Mrs. Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., Feb. 27.—The City Council of Aiken met in special session this afternoon and offered a reward of $1,500 for the arrest and conviction of the unknown person who last night murderously assaulted Mrs. Frederick O. Beach at her front gate in the heart of Aiken.

Mr. Beach stated that his wife could furnish the police no clue as to the identity of the man who called her to the gate and slashed her throat, then tore her earrings from her ears, but that he was positive her assailant was a negro who wore an overcoat too large for him.

The town lockup is filled with negroes arrested to-day as suspects, and Mayor Gyles states that other arrests will follow to-morrow.

Mrs. Beach is reported to be resting easy to-night. While the gash in her throat is an ugly one, it is not dangerous.

The stranger made use of the name of Harrimans, calling from the gate that he had a note from Katie, who is in the employ of Mrs. Joseph Harriman. This fact leads to the belief that the assailant was familiar with the intimacy existing between members of the Beach family and that of Mrs. Joseph Harriman.

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

RECOMMENDED by physicians to those who need a safe, effective and palatable aid to digestion. "Three Star Jameson" makes a wholesome and pleasant beverage at meals when mixed with water in suitable proportions. Mollifies the stomach and tones the system.

A good home beverage.

BANK WRECKER'S WIFE INSANE

Tells Strange Stories About Rothschild Hiding $500,000 Here.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Mrs. Theresa Batten, former wife of David Rothschild of the defunct Empire State Bank of New York, for the wrecking of which he was sentenced to a long term of imprisonment in Sing Sing, where he eventually died, was sent to-night to the Dunning State Hospital for the Insane.

Mrs. Batten since her arrival in Chicago on Feb. 13 occupied an expensive suite at the Blackstone Hotel, previous to which she had resided for some time at Reno, pending a suit for divorce brought by her present husband, Eugene Batten.

According to the hotel people Mrs. Batten made various strange statements, one being that before David Rothschild was arrested he secreted about $500,000 in a safety deposit box and bequeathed this money to her at his death. She said she had recently obtained the keys to this box, and proposed to go back to New York, get the money, and give it to the depositors of the wrecked banks.

The order upon which Mrs. Batten was committed to the Dunning institution was entered upon the petition of Dr. Leo Kessell, her brother.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions are their Low Prices
Macy's
Herald Square, B'way, 34th to 35th St.

NEW JAPANESE HAND EMBROIDERED CREPE ROBES $8.89

Imported through our office in Yokohama

A row of stitching at waist, down back, around hem, at collar, at sleeves—and, presto; you have a handsome frock that might have cost five times the price of the robe semi-made.

According to our specifications these robes have been cut with five gores, thus simplifying the process of making.

The hand-embroidery is plentiful and fine, covering skirt and blouse in Japanese floral designs, or in bowknot and floral designs.

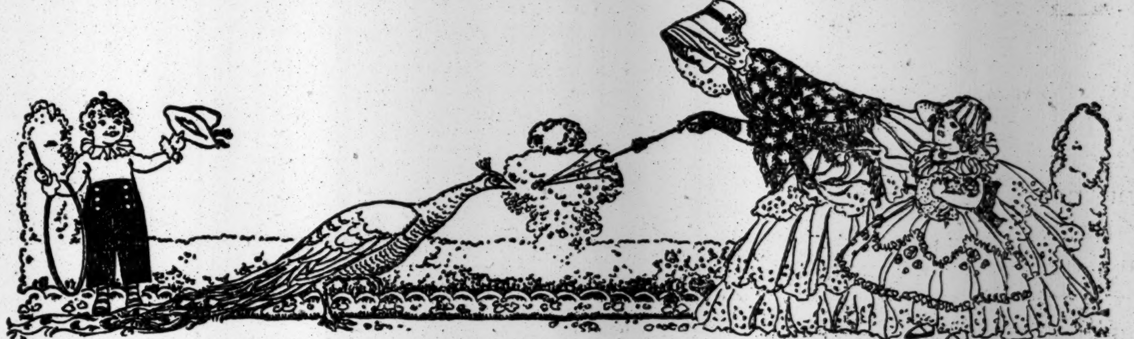
Colors: White embroidered in lavender; Delft blue or black; also sky, pink, lavender and gray, embroidered in white or shaded self tones.

Main Floor.

C ★ G
BRETELLES HYGIENIQUES
CHARLES GUYOT A PARIS
GUYOT SUSPENDERS
EACH PAIR OF GENUINE GUYOT'S BEARS THESE MARKS C ★ G PARIS
(Made in France)
Standard Style (Cotton) **50c**
Full Dress Silk Weaves—$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and More
At all reliable stores.
Mailed direct upon receipt of price—postage paid—if your dealer hasn't them.
Ch. Guyot, 100 5th Ave., N. Y. City

GIMBELS

The BILL-FOLD BANK
is a constant companion and incentive to thrift. See it at the offices of Gimbel Brothers, Bankers, (Rear Balcony, Main Floor) or ask to have a Field Teller sent to call at your home.



The Exquisite New Laces, Tunics And Embroideries Are Presented

Lace, Lace, and still more Lace—is one of the most certain of the season's fashion notes. It will be used for flounces, for fichus, for veiling, as applique on velvets and satins—in brief, for every trimming purpose that clever designers can invent.

Everybody knows this now, although when our lace expert was abroad it wasn't so certain, by any means. But we found that the great Paris *couturiers* were including a great deal of Lace in their early orders and that the Lace makers were sanguine of a good season. So we plunged, and now have pleasure in presenting what we think is the finest collection of Laces, both real and machine-made, that you will find in New York today:

The Display of REAL LACES Is Superb.

It is a season of extremes, and here are new Carrickmacross Laces on fine net ground that we ordered six months ago in Ireland, as well as the rich, heavy Cluny lace, much of it in the rather open *Anglais* effects, from the Novelty Edges at **65c** a yard to Flounces at **$10** a yard. There is the very effective Bohemian Lace, with graceful vine designs, resembling Princess Lace on a cobwebby background, at **$4.75** to **$12.50** a yard. Filet Laces range from motifs at **18c** each to 36-inch Allovers at **$25** a yard.

Of course there is a rich showing of lovely designs in Venise, Duchess, Rose Point and other favorites.

Bridal Veils make a bewitching group of their own that suggests Easter weddings and orange blossoms. From a simple Veil of Lierre, at **$9.50**, to a very rich design in Princess Lace and Real Applique, at **$55**; many with pattern for cap as well as the border. We drape these Veils to order.

In the Laces made on hand-machines in St. Gall, Switzerland, the workmanship is so fine and the designs are so delicate that it is difficult to imagine that they have not been entirely done by hand.

The patterns are very novel and intricate. Here, for example, is a wide flouncing of fancy Lace, in a quite open lattice effect, with a very rich edging of Vandyke points and novelty Venise, **$10.50** yard. There are charming reproductions of the real Bohemian, Shadow, Venise and Princess Laces in a great profusion of designs, with prices ranging from **22c** to **$10.50** a yard. Quite new and very effective is the coarse Ratine Lace that will go so well with the new Eponge cloth and with white or colored linen, at **30c** to **$3.75** a yard.

Equal variety is found among the BLACK LACES, both real and machine-made. Particularly handsome are the rich silk Guipures, the Chantilly and the Ribazine Laces, as well as the black Venise, Cluny, Marquise, Shadow and other desirable sorts, at prices ranging up to **$20** a yard.

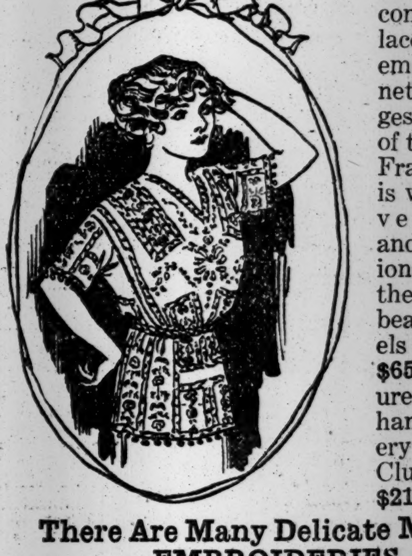
Real Irish Laces—Special Offerings.

A charming collection, 1 to 4 inches in width, **15c** to **$3.75** a yard, regularly 25c to $4.25.

There Is a Decided Change in TUNICS

Chiffons, Nets, Crystal Beads and Spangles have been joined by voile and batiste, charmingly hand-embroidered in France, in white, with inserts of real Venise, filet and Irish crochet lace, at **$13.50** to **$100**. Others with hand embroidery in raised floral designs, with inserts of Irish crochet, or trimmed with real Bohemian lace, are **$15** to **$45**. Sheer Linen or batiste Robes, with Madeira hand-embroidered, are **$40** to **$67.50**, and White Voile Robes with filet or macrame bands in white or ecru, **$6.50** to **$27**.

The Jeanne d'Arc Cuirasse Is Illustrated



In its delicate combinations of lace and hand-embroidery on net it but suggests the armor of the "savior of France." But it is very new and very graceful, and is a fashionable mode of the season. In beautiful models at **$10** to **$65**. The picture shows one of hand-embroidery on net and Cluny lace, at **$21.50**.

There Are Many Delicate Madeira EMBROIDERIES

Every woman loves this exquisite hand-work on soft, fine linen. The new designs are specially charming, chiefly in English eyelet effect, although some are in combination with blind-work. We ordered these nearly a year ago, and they have just come to us from needleworkers, by way of Paris. From the narrow 2¼-inch Edge or 1-inch Insertion the assortment runs to the 22-inch Flounce—many in matching sets, **28c** to **$8.25** a yard.

Another beautiful group is of ST. GALL EMBROIDERIES, finely made on hand-machines, in close imitation of hand-work. Entirely new blind and open-work designs, including lily of the valley, rose, bow-knot, effective Vandyke points, scallops and other exclusive patterns, many in matching sets, at **20c** to **$3** a yard, for 1 to 16-inch widths.

Finally there are strikingly effective Flouncings of white voile and batiste, 40 and 45 inches wide, with ecru embroidery, macrame lace effects, Colbert designs and rich combinations of Venise and Ratine lace and Embroidery, **$2.25** to **$8.50** a yard.

The exhibit contains so much that is novel, beautiful and exclusive that we are sure you will enjoy it, just as we are sure that you will find it indispensable in its aid in planning your Summer costumes.

In conjunction with the Laces and Embroideries the beautiful display of Dress Trimmings is continued.

Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
Actual Makers

89 Regent Street
Goods Purchased in London Charged to Home Account at English Prices.

We desire a choice in everything in life—in the purchases we make—in the duties we perform—even our virtues are dominated by our tastes.

Cross Novelties

BONBON BASKET—Made of Woven Metal, Gold Plated, with Removable Crystal Bowl for Bonbons, Nuts, &c.......... $3.75
LARGER SIZES.... $6.75 and $8.50
BONBON STAND—Prince's Silver Plated Rack, with 3 Coalport China Plates Which are Held Securely in Place.... $8.00
Same Stand, with 4 Plates, $9.75
SANDWICH STAND—Same Design As Above But with Much Larger Rack and 3 Sandwich Plates.......... $12.50
ROLL BASKET—English Willow Removable Basket in Prince's Silver Plated Stand, Which Has Handle for Serving and Stands Solidly on 4 Feet.......... $8.00
VIENNA TRIOPOT—A Combination Coffee Pot, Sugar and Creamer, Which When Not in Use Fit Securely One Above the Other—Made of Prince's Silver Plate.......... $7.00

Only the mediocre is successfully copied. No successful counterfeits have ever been made of CROSS Goods.

Cross English Gloves
For Men and Women

FOR LADIES—
16 BUTTON White Glace.......... $3.50
16 BUTTON Black Glace or Black Glace with White Stitching, also in 3 Shades of Tan and Champagne.......... $3.75
20 BUTTON—White Glace.......... $4.00
24 BUTTON—White Glace.......... $4.25
PIQUE KID—Tan and Black, Self Stitched or Silk Embroidered Backs—2 Clasp.......... $1.50
FOR MEN—
YELLOW CHAMOIS.......... $1.50
WHITE DOESKIN.......... $1.75
CREAM TAN CAPE—1 Button.......... $2.00
WHITE CAPE—Black Embroidered Backs.......... $2.00
TAN KID—1 Clasp.......... $2.25

Catalogue Sent Upon Request
Prompt Attention to Mail Orders
Repairs a Specialty

FIRST FLOOR—LEATHER GOODS, LUGGAGE, STATIONERY, GLOVES.
SECOND FLOOR—TRUNKS, MOTORITIES, GLASS AND METAL NOVELTIES, SADDLERY.

MARK CROSS
World's Greatest Leather Stores
Up-town { 210 Fifth Avenue
Near 26th Street
Downtown—253 Broadway
Opposite City Hall
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Agencies Throughout the World

MRS. DUQUESNE HURT BY A JAMAICA MOB

New York Woman In a Serious Condition—Party Have a Narrow Escape from Death.

POLICE KILL TWO RIOTERS

Further Fighting in Kingston Owing to the Raising of Street Car Fares Is Feared.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 27.—Americans have not been spared in the rioting which has been going on here in connection with the street railway trouble.

A party of Americans driving in an automobile were attacked by a mob to-day, and one of them, a lady, was seriously injured.

The party included Capt. and Mrs. Fritz Duquesne of New York and Mr. and Mrs. Wortley of Brooklyn. The automobile was proceeding through the streets when a group of men attacked it with bricks and stones. Mrs. Duquesne was struck by one of the missiles, and is said to-night to be in a serious condition.

The Americans were in imminent peril of their lives, but their assailants were finally beaten off by Capt. Duquesne with a hammer, and Mr. Wortley, armed with a jack handle. Two of the rioters were knocked unconscious and later were sent to a hospital.

Kingston was given over to mob rule during part of last night, and as a result of collisions between the police and the populace two men were killed and more than thirty were wounded, some of them severely.

One mob attempted to extinguish the gas lights in the city for the purpose of looting, and the attempt failed only because of the severe repressive measures taken by the police.

The excitement of the populace against the Canadian company which runs the street cars was very great. Unarmed policemen were mauled by the mob and forced to take refuge in stores and private houses.

Sir Sydney Olivier, the Governor, with his Secretary, Major Wyndham, while driving through the city to observe the situation learned that policemen were besieged in a spirit store. Both alighted from their automobile and went to the assistance of the police. As they were passing through the crowd the Governor was struck with a brick in the neck, while his Secretary received a blow on the arm.

Sir Sydney Olivier then proceeded to Police Headquarters and ordered that the riot act be read. Some shooting followed by armed parties of police sent out to clear the streets, and there were several serious encounters, in which two of the rioters were shot dead and others were wounded. The mob dispersed at about midnight.

Conditions during the day improved considerably, about half the cars having resumed service. Passive resistance on the part of passengers to the payment of increased fares continued.

The police fear another outbreak to-night, some of those engaged in the rioting having succeeded in purchasing arms this morning before the authorities prohibited further sales by the hardware stores.

The Governor in an interview to-day said that the car company was trying to get out of an honorable undertaking in the absence of legal documents. He added that he had referred the question to the Board of Trade at London, asking whether a public company could abolish a system which had been in vogue for thirteen years and increase the rate of fare at will.

Capt. Fritz Duquesne has had an adventurous career. He served in the Boer war, both as soldier and newspaper correspondent, and later worked on New York newspapers. He has written many magazine articles, especially on big game hunting in Africa.

UPHOLDS BOARD OF CLAIMS.

Court of Appeals Declares Law Creating It Is Constitutional.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27.—The Court of Appeals, by a vote of 4 to 3 to-day, declared constitutional the law passed by the last Legislature creating the State Board of Claims and legislating out of office the Court of Claims.

The prevailing opinion was written by Chief Judge Cullen, in which Judges Haight, Bartlett, and Collin concur. The dissenting opinion was written by Judge Gray, with Judges Chase and Vann concurring.

"The question is," says Judge Cullen, "whether the Court of Claims—so denominated by the Legislature—was in reality a court within the constitutional provision, or only an auditing board and a quasi-judicial body. We think it was the latter. The Legislature is without power to create a court of State-wide jurisdiction."

Regarding the change of the name of the court the opinion says:

"The Legislature is master of its own diction, and if the intent of the Legislature is clear it is the duty of courts to give effect to it. Intent only is material. But the motives in the one case, changing board into court, 1897, seem to have been about as praiseworthy as in the other, changing court to board, 1911.

"In the first to make a tribunal a court and extend the term of its members, so as to put the tenure of its members beyond the reach of their political opponents in case they should thereafter come into power; in the second, by the party then in power to regain the control and appointments to office which their adversaries had sought to place beyond their grasp."

MUST DIVIDE WITH HUSBAND.

Wife Who Divorced Baron Graffenried Owned Property in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27.—Gertrude Van Cortlandt, the divorced wife of Baran Raul De Graffenried, whom she married in France, will have to divide the real property in New York City, known as Empire Court. After the marriage in Paris on April 17, 1901, the wife purchased the New York property and transferred an undivided half interest in it to her husband.

The decree of divorce was awarded to the wife at Geneva, Switzerland, and under the Swiss and French laws the property would revert to the wife. The Baroness asserted the law was a part of the judgment, which the courts of this State were bound to recognize, while the attorneys for the Baron insisted it had no effect on the real estate law of this State.

Justice Giegerich decided in favor of the Baroness, and his decision was reversed by a vote of two to three Judges in the Appellate Division, Justice Ingraham writing the court's opinion. The Court of Appeals to-day affirms the Appellate decision. No opinion was written in the highest court.

Hinman Hurt by Baggage Truck.

ALBANY, Feb. 27.—Senator Hinman was injured while waiting for a train on the platform of the Delaware & Hudson station late last night. He was about to take a train for Binghamton when a baggage truck, being drawn along the platform, ran over his left leg, bruising it badly. The injury was dressed temporarily.

Carpenters on Strike for $5 Scale.

Between 3,000 and 4,000 members of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners went on strike yesterday to enforce a demand for a union wage scale of $5 a day. The strike is directed against 77 employers, 27 of whom are members of an association of master carpenters. Headquarters have been established for the strikers at 210 East 104th Street, where it was reported that the strike, which is confined at present to Harlem and the Bronx, has affected a number of buildings, as well as carpenter shops.

LEGISLATURE QUITS MAR. 29.

Both Houses So Decide—$27,294,400 Appropriation Bill Passes Assembly.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 27.—Little having been accomplished in the Legislature the last two months, there was general surprise to-day when the Assembly passed the annual Appropriation bill and a resolution providing for final adjournment on March 29, while the Senate without delay or discussion also passed the latter. This gives the Legislature one month in which to complete the business of the session.

The early adjournment is in marked contrast with that of last year, when the gavel fell the last time on Oct. 6. The leaders of both houses say that there is no business to be finished this year except local measures and the appropriation bills.

The Appropriation bill passed by the Assembly carries $27,294,400, an increase of $1,434,400 over last year's.

Assemblyman MacGregor offered an amendment eliminating the provision for $250,000 for printing official notices and general laws. This he characterized as "newspaper graft." He stated that last year a proposal to increase the salaries of the legislators, involving an increase of about $150,000, was opposed by "these very papers who get this graft, and who were violently against giving to legislators a proper salary."

The Senate passed the Ormrod bill allowing compensation to a person who has been imprisoned unjustly. Bills appropriating $3,816,306 for the State's portion of highway improvements were also passed.

WARLIKE DEBATE ON PEACE.

Strong Opposition Voiced to Anglo-American Celebration.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 27.—After a day of strife in the Senate, members of the Finance Committee gave a hearing on the question of celebrating the centennial anniversary of peace between Great Britain and America, but what was expected to be a peace hearing was for a time marked with the belligerency which characterized the Senate's session. Senator Saxe's bill, appropriating $500,000 to meet the State's expenses at the proposed international celebration, was the specific matter of discussion.

Alphonse Koelbe, representing the German-American Citizens' League, made a target of the bill and declared it would commit the State to invidious discrimination against other countries with whom we have been at peace.

Assemblyman Martin McCue, thought the money could be spent to better advantage by building forts on the northern frontier. "Those back of this bill want to be dined and wined by Dukes and Princes and Kings," said John Gill of the Masons and Plasterers' Union of New York.

NAMES NEW TAX APPRAISERS.

Controller Sohmer Appoints Three New Yorkers to $4,000 Places.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27.—State Controller Sohmer announced to-day the appointments of Percival E. Nagel, John T. Martin and Dr. Solomon Goldenkranz, all of New York City, as transfer tax appraisers for the county of New York at a salary of $4,000 each.

They take the place of Frank K. Bowers, T. Ludlow Chrystie and William Blau.

John J. Bridges, Owen Murphy and James J. Monahan of Brooklyn were appointed transfer tax appraisers for Kings County at a salary of $3,500 a year each, in place of former Assemblyman Charles F. Murphy, William Wentz and William Schnitzspan.

Australian Scouts at City College.

The Australian Boy Scouts paid a visit to the City College yesterday afternoon. They were welcomed by President Finley, who thanked former Controller Metz for bringing them. In his address to the students Mr. Metz said that this city did more to educate its boys without expense to themselves than any other city. The scouts entertained the students with vocal and instrumental music.

TWO CHINAMEN SHOT IN A TONG BATTLE

Four Hip Sing Warriors Invade Forbidden Territory and Wound Tom Lee's Nephew.

RETREAT UNDER HOT FIRE

Mott Street Forces Pursue and Drop One of the Fugitives at "the Deadline."

Four Chinamen slipped quietly through the Arcade from Doyers Street at 8 o'clock last night, and walked to the door of 18 Mott Street, a fruit and tobacco store, over which hangs the sign of Sang Yick. Behind the counter, however, at all times is Lee Kay, nephew of Tom Lee, leader of the On Leong Tong, and the real proprietor of the store.

The four men flung the door inward as far as it would go, and crowding into the opening, each man presented a revolver and pulled the trigger again and again. A bullet struck Lee Kay in the left arm. He turned to run into a rear room. Another bullet struck him beneath the left shoulder blade and he toppled to the floor behind the counter.

From the rear room, at the first sound of the shooting, bounded two Chinamen, revolvers in hand. Instantly they answered the fire from the little group in the door. The four men there sprang into Mott Street, and scuttled for the Arcade, in which is the "dead line," the line which no Hip Sing Tong man nor On Leong Tong man may cross, the one from Doyers Street, the other from Mott. The four who sped for the shelter of the Arcade were Hip Sing Tong gunmen, say the police, and Lee Kay lay dangerously, probably mortally, wounded on the floor of his store, in part payment for the killing on last Jan. 4 of Ching Foo and Lung Yu, President and Vice President of the Hip Sing Tong, who were shot as they sat on their stools in Mock Duck's gambling house.

Behind the Hip Sing men pounded the two men who had jumped from Lee Kay's back room. They fired as they ran and the Hip Sing men fired back as they sought the safety of Doyers Street. Coming through the Arcade was George Sullivan of 49 Franklin Street. A bullet knocked off his hat.

Sullivan dropped to the floor of the Arcade and lay there while a dozen bullets whizzed over his head. Three Chinamen, firing over their shoulders, sped past him and disappeared in Doyers Street. One dropped almost beside him. Two men, the two who had come from Lee Kay's, saw the man fall and, turning, hurried back into Mott Street. Sullivan still lay on the ground when Policeman Wade ran in.

Behind him came Deputy Commissioner Mackay, Capt. Tierney of the Elizabeth Street Station, and Capt. Linden, in charge of the detectives there.

"They ran into 18 Mott Street!" shouted Sullivan to the policemen, and leaving Wade to care for the wounded Chinaman, the others ran to Lee Kay's store. A Chinaman who had been in hiding in the doorway, tried to slip past Wade when the others left him. He grabbed the man just as he dropped a revolver.

In the store, Mackay and the others found Kay behind the counter unconscious. As they bent over him Policeman Cunneen entered from the rear, dragging a Chinaman whom he had found in the rear yard when the sound of the shots had brought the policeman running to the place.

Dr. Russell was called from the Hudson Street Hospital and Kay was hurried there, together with the Chinaman who had fallen in the Arcade. Cunneen's and Wade's prisoners were taken to the Elizabeth Street Station, where they said they were Frank Yee of 5 Mott Street and Li Fong of 28 Mott Street. Assistant District Attorney Minton questioned them, but they refused to answer any questions except to tell their names and addresses, and finally they were taken to the hospital.

There they were led before Kay and the other wounded man, who said he was On Hing of 12 Pell Street. Kay immediately said that he could not identify either of the men, though the police declare that they were Kay's protectors who emerged from his rear room. Hing, who the police say is one of the Hip Sing Tong gun men, said at first that he believed Li Fung had shot him. Then he said he was not the man, and finally he said he wasn't sure who had shot him. Fong and Yee were locked up, however.

The shooting occasioned great excitement in Chinatown. The Chinamen left the streets and for hours afterward there was not one of them to be seen. Tom Lee telephoned twice to Lieut. Kenny in the Elizabeth Street Station, asking for police protection and declaring that he feared he would be killed before morning. Extra policemen were stationed through Chinatown, and Lee was told that he would be protected. He was in terror, however, and barricaded himself in his quarters, which have an icebox door and are fitted up like an arsenal.

Lee has not appeared on the streets since the shooting of Jan. 4, for, until two On Leong Tong leaders of rank equal to that of Ching Foo and Lung Yu have been killed, there will be no safety for an On Leong Tong of high estate.

W. D. HOWELLS'S BIRTHDAY.

Author Makes It the Occasion of a Letter to City School Children.

The seventy-fifth birthday of William Dean Howells will be celebrated in the public schools Friday. At the request of Claude G. Leland, Superintendent of Libraries in the public schools, Mr. Howells has written the following letter:

12 East Fifty-eighth Street,
Feb. 23, 1912.

Dear Girls and Boys:

Mr. Leland, Superintendent of Libraries, has told me that he would like to tell you on the first of March that I was born on that day, seventy-five years ago. It was so very long ago that I remember very little—I may say nothing, indeed—about it; but I suppose it was a raw day, such as comes at that season in the Eastern Ohio country, and the Ohio River was gathering its waters, as it often did, to overflow the little coal-smoky town of Martin's Ferry, where I was born.

A New York girl or boy would not think much of being born there, but I rather like it myself, because it was my dear young father's and mother's home, and home is so precious to us wherever it is. Just in the same way our country is precious to us, and I feel that you and I are somehow related, because we are all Americans. Perhaps some of you were born in Europe, and are Americans because you have come to live here. Well, you are none the less Americans for that.

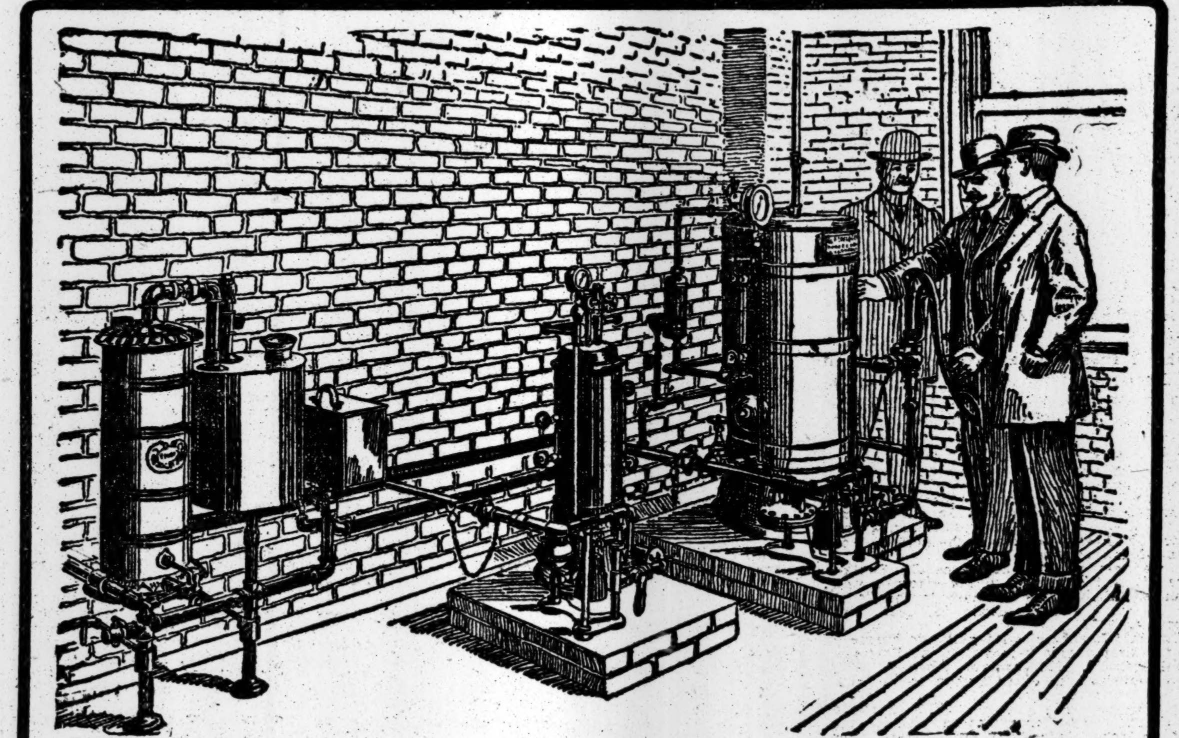
I have heard you are all very patriotic, and proud of this country of ours; you sing songs about it, and wish it to be the greatest country in the world. Well, I wish so, too; but more still I wish it to be the best country, the kindest to other countries, and the truest and faithfulest to its own children, especially if they are poor, and if they have to work while other children play. I think that children ought to play when they are not studying, but if they must work to help themselves and their families, that is no bad thing as long as they do not work too hard. I had to work when I was a boy and I am glad of it.

But while I would wish you to love America most because it is your home, I would have you love the whole world, and think of all the people in it as your countrymen. You will hear people more foolish than wicked say, "Our country, right or wrong," but that is a false patriotism and bad Americanism. When our country is wrong she is worse than other countries when they are wrong, for she has more light than other countries, and we ought somehow to make her feel that we are sorry and ashamed for her.

You will think this letter a long sermon, but I hope you will not find it too solemn. If we could meet, no doubt we should have some joking; for I believe life ought to be gay as well as good.

Most of you do not know who I am, but perhaps Mr. Leland will tell you.

Yours affectionately,
W. D. HOWELLS.



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SCHIFF WOULD AMEND BRANDT CASE RECORD

His Lawyers Ask Leave to Enter New Affidavits Contradicting Fischer-Hansen's.

TWO BY HIM DIFFER WIDELY

One Was Used in Habeas Corpus Proceedings—Brandt Two-thirds Out of Prison.

Counsel for Mortimer L. Schiff and Howard S. Gans were not pleased yesterday to learn that an affidavit from Carl Fischer-Hansen, who was Brandt's second counsel, had been added to the papers filed with Supreme Court Justice Gerard when Brandt's lawyers applied for the writ of habeas corpus. The impression is that the filing of this affidavit was the result of an afterthought, because reference to it was interlined in ink in the typewritten order.

It is contended by Mr. Schiff's counsel that this affidavit by Fischer-Hansen holds false statements, and they ask that affidavits made by Mr. Gans and John H. Iselin, a former partner of Mr. Gans, be made a part of the records before Justice Gerard in order that the alleged false statements may be corrected.

Last evening there were given to the newspapers copies of the affidavits made by Mr. Gans and Mr. Iselin, a copy of the letter sent to Attorney General Carmody, District Attorney Whitman, and Mirabeau L. Towns, Brandt's lawyer, and copies of the affidavits made by Fischer-Hansen on Jan. 26 last and on Feb. 12, which, it is asserted, flatly contradict each other in many important particulars. To these documents was added this statement from Messrs. Nicoll, Anable, Lindsay & Fuller, counsel for Mr. Schiff and Mr. Gans:

We assume that the Grand Jury investigation now in progress is being conducted for the purpose of getting at the truth regarding the grave reflections which have been made upon the administration of justice in this county. Of course, if there are guilty persons they should be punished. On the other hand, if the accusations are groundless, the Grand Jury should know it. Their conclusions should not rest upon the testimony of such witnesses as Fischer-Hansen and Brandt, especially if there are other witnesses who have knowledge upon the subject regarding which they have testified or may testify.

We therefore hope that every witness having any knowledge will be called. The affidavits of Messrs. Gans and Iselin have been sent to the District Attorney for submission to Justice Gerard in order that they may be made a part of the record upon which the Appellate Division and the Court of Appeals will ultimately act.

But they also contain information which may be of service to the District Attorney and aid him in so conducting the examination of Fischer-Hansen and Brandt as to bring out the truth. While the District Attorney has not yet seen fit to avail himself of our offer to furnish all information within our power, the offer is still open.

Fischer-Hansen's Affidavits Conflict

It was pointed out by Mr. Schiff's lawyers that in the affidavit dated Jan. 26, 1912, which Fischer-Hansen made for the District Attorney, the statement is made "definitely and unequivocally" by Fischer-Hansen that he was retained by Brandt and appeared for him before Judge Rosalsky on March 28, 1907, when Brandt withdrew his plea of not guilty and substituted a plea of guilty, and that he also acted for Brandt on April 4, 1907, when sentence was imposed. Prior to March 28, Fischer-Hansen swore, he called upon Brandt in the Tombs, and that then Brandt said to him: "I am guilty and I am going to plead guilty." Special stress is laid on the fact that nowhere in this affidavit does Fischer-Hansen say anything about a statement by Brandt to the effect that Mr. Gans had promised leniency in case a plea of guilty was made. But in several places in this affidavit reference is made to Brandt's alleged belief that a plea of guilty would be rewarded by a light sentence or later by commutation.

In the affidavit dated Feb. 12, which is the one filed with Justice Gerard, Fischer-Hansen withdraws the statement that he was Brandt's counsel on March 28, 1907, and had previously conferred with him. He also says that he never saw Brandt before the prisoner appeared before Judge Rosalsky. That day Fischer-Hansen happened to be in the courtroom on another case. But, notwithstanding this slight knowledge of him, Brandt sent him a letter a few days later, Fischer-Hansen swears, asking him to call at the Tombs. He made the call and then recognized Brandt as the man for whom he acted as an interpreter a few days before.

Then Fischer-Hansen repeats the alleged statements of Brandt about the change of plea from not guilty to guilty, under an arrangement with Mr. Gans whereby he was to be rewarded by a light sentence. Fischer-Hansen also tells of Mr. Gans's "visits" to the Tombs, and the fact that "they," meaning the Schiffs or Mr. Gans, provided Brandt with food from outside restaurants.

Counsel for Mr. Schiff and Mr. Gans then make this comment on these two widely different affidavits:

The falsity of Fischer-Hansen's later affidavit is proved by his statements in his earlier affidavit. In that affidavit he says that he repeats his conversation with Mr. Schiff and Mr. Gans, and indicates plainly that his talk with Schiff and Gans was prior to March 28, (the day on which the plea of guilty was withdrawn.) He first says that he had a talk with Brandt and then went back to his office and called up Mr. Mortimer Schiff and told him that he "had been retained by this fellow," and that Mr. Schiff referred him to Mr. Gans; that he then called up Mr. Howard Gans and said, "Mr. Gans, I am appearing for this valet of Schiff's, and he has given me to understand that arrangement has been made whereby he is to plead guilty merely as a matter of form." This shows clearly that Fischer-Hansen claimed in his first affidavit that he had been retained by Brandt prior to the entry of the plea of guilty, and that his conversations with Mr. Gans were prior to that time.

Conflicting Statements in the Case.

It is contended by counsel for Mr. Schiff that any person seeking the truth amid this array of conflicting statements can discover it by from this chronological account taken partly from Mr. Schiff's statement in yesterday's newspapers and by the affidavits made by Mr. Gans and Mr. Iselin:

March 18—Gans visited Brandt in the Tombs, and had his first and only conversation with him after the date of his arrest. (Gans's affidavit.)

March 19—Fischer-Hansen called Schiff on the telephone, and said that he was interested in the Brandt case and was referred to Gans. (Schiff's statement.)

March 21—Rosenthal called on Schiff, and said Fischer-Hansen was trying to get the Brandt case away from Baylis, and had offered to act without pay. (Schiff statement.)

March 22—Brandt was indicted.

March 25—Interview between Mr. Rosenthal and Messrs. Gans and Iselin, in which Rosenthal urged intercession for Brandt should he plead to burglary in the first degree, which request was flatly refused with the statement that Mr. Schiff did not care whether Brandt pleaded guilty or stood trial, as the evidence was conclusive. (Iselin affidavit.)

March 27—Interview between Rosenthal and Iselin, in which Rosenthal repeated his suggestion regarding a plea of guilty, and received same answer from Iselin as on March 25.

March 28—Brandt brought before Judge Rosalsky, and, with Fischer-Hansen standing at his side, changed his plea from not guilty to guilty to the indictment of burglary in the first degree. (Affidavit of Mr. Iselin.)

MR. GANS'S AFFIDAVIT.

This is the affidavit made by Mr. Gans, and which he seeks to have incorporated in the papers in the habeas corpus proceedings:

Supreme Court, New York County.—In the matter of the application of Foulke Englebrecht Brandt for a writ of habeas corpus.—State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

Howard S. Gans, being duly sworn, says: "I am a member of the bar of the State of New York, and for over seventeen years have been engaged in the practice of my profession in the City of New York. I have read a compared copy of the affidavit of Carl Fischer-Hansen filed in this case and verified the 12th day of February, 1912. In that affidavit Fischer-Hansen among other things says:

He (Brandt) told me then that on the particular morning on which I had been called by Judge Rosalsky to speak to him, he had at the advice of Howard Gans withdrawn his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to the indictment found against him, and that he merely wanted me to go with him to court on the day of sentence as a matter of form. I had a number of conversations with him, but as he told me he had made an arrangement whereby everything would be satisfactory, and that he was under promise not to discuss the facts in the case, and that he was aided and advised by Mr. Gans, and that the Schiffs were taking a kindly interest in him, which statements were borne out by the fact of Mr. Gans's visits to him in the Tombs, the fact that they provided him with food from outside restaurants, and a number of other things, and as I had not any opportunity to look over the minutes of the Grand Jury, I was absolutely in the dark as to the specific charges that had been brought against him.

I, of course, have no way of knowing what Brandt may have said to Fischer-Hansen, but the statements attributed by Fischer-Hansen to Brandt to the effect that Brandt had withdrawn his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to the indictment found against him by my advice, that I made visits (I made only one) to him in the Tombs, and that the Schiffs or I provided him with food from outside restaurants are each and every one of them absolutely and unqualifiedly false.

My only visit to Brandt in the Tombs was on March 13, the day after his commitment by Magistrate Whitman, when I called upon him in response to a note which he had sent to Mr. Schiff requesting Mr. Schiff to see him. That was the only conversation which I had with Brandt at the Tombs or elsewhere after the day of his arrest.

Never Made Brandt Any Promise.

Neither in that conversation nor at any other time, nor in any other manner did I make to Brandt any promise or inducement of any kind whatsoever intended to influence or which could have influenced him to plead guilty. My said conversation with him in the Tombs lasted a few minutes, and to the best of my recollection related solely to the threat he then made that if the charge against him was pressed he would make reflections upon Mrs. Schiff, and to which my sole reply was in substance that he had better not tell lies about anybody, as it would do him no good. This was the entire substance of my conversation with him.

At the time of my said conversation with Brandt he had no counsel, so far as I knew. Subsequently three seperate lawyers appeared in his behalf, namely, Mr. Bayliss, Mr. Rosenthal, and Carl Fischer-Hansen.

As bearing upon the reliance which can be placed upon any affidavit from Fischer-Hansen, I call attention to the fact that in an affidavit dated Jan. 26, 1912, of which the District Attorney furnished me a copy, Fischer-Hansen swore unqualifiedly as follows:

I was retained by Lawrence De Foulke Brandt and appeared as his attorney and counsel before Judge Rosalsky in the Court of General Sessions March 28, 1907, and April 4, 1907. The said Brandt pleaded guilty to burglary in the first degree before Otto A. Rosalsky on March 28, 1907, and on April 4, 1907, was sentenced to State Prison for a term of thirty years.

At the request of the defendant I called upon him in the Tombs and saw him in the counsel room downstairs immediately prior to March 28. I said to him: "What are the facts in your case?" He said: "I am guilty and I am going to plead guilty."

The foregoing is the allegation of the earlier affidavit which Fischer-Hansen attempts to explain away in the early part of the affidavit which he has filed in the present proceeding.

Then follows Fischer-Hansen's report of the alleged statement by Brandt to the substantial effect that it was arranged with the Schiffs that he would have a light sentence and be sent back to Sweden. It is significant that in this affidavit which purports to cover the entire ground no mention is made by Fischer-Hansen of any alleged conversation between Brandt and myself in which I made a promise to induce him to plead guilty.

I may add in this connection that on Jan. 25 or 26 of this year, prior to the date of the earlier of the two affidavits above referred to, Fischer-Hansen called at my office voluntarily and told me that he had been misquoted in an article which had appeared in one of the newspapers of that morning and that he desired to have me know it.

Fischer-Hansen an ex-Convict.

He also told me that day that at no time had he received from anybody any suggestion or intimation that Brandt had pleaded guilty under a promise that by pleading guilty he would receive a lighter sentence and specifically that he had never received any information or intimation to that effect from Brandt or myself. I have omitted denying in detail other false statements in Fischer-Hansen's affidavits because apparently they have no relevancy to the present proceeding, but I assert that all statements made by Fischer-Hansen in either of said affidavits or otherwise which suggest that there was any arrangement to which I was a party or of which I had knowledge by which Brandt was influenced to plead guilty are absolutely false.

Also as bearing upon the credibility of Carl Fischer-Hansen I call attention to the fact that in February, 1909, he was convicted of the crime of attempted bribery and sentenced to a term of one year in prison, which term he served, and that in May, 1909, he was disbarred as a member of the bar of this State.

I ask that this affidavit be accepted and made part of the record upon which the order of Mr. Justice Gerard sustaining the writ of habeas corpus is based.

I have not made this affidavit earlier for the reason that until the publication of the Fischer-Hansen affidavit in the newspapers last evening I had supposed, and had every reason to suppose, that the order of Mr. Justice Gerard would be based solely upon the court records and the stenographers' minutes.

I infer that the submission of the Fischer-Hansen affidavit was an afterthought upon the part of counsel for Brandt, inasmuch as I am informed that the reference to the affidavit in the order as entered was not typewritten, but was interlined in ink.

HOWARD S. GANS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of February, 1912.

MILLARD DAVIS,
Notary Public, New York County.

Rosenthal's Pleas for Brandt.

The affidavit of Mr. Iselin recites that he was a partner of Mr. Gans from Jan. 1, 1906, to Jan. 1, 1908, and that he was present in Mr. Gans's office during part of the conversation between a lawyer named Rosenthal, purporting to represent Brandt, and Mr. Gans, which occurred, he thinks, on March 25, 1907. Then Mr. Iselin says:

In the course of that conversation I heard Mr. Rosenthal ask Mr. Gans whether he, representing Mr. Schiff, would intercede for Brandt should the latter plead guilty to burglary in the first degree, for which crime he was then under indictment.

Mr. Gans replied, in effect, that no such intercession would be made by or on behalf of Mr. Schiff; that Brandt was a dangerous criminal, and should be punished accordingly; that it made no difference to Mr. Schiff whether Brandt pleaded to the indictment or stood trial, and that the evidence of his guilt was conclusive.

In the same conversation Mr. Rosenthal also inquired whether Mr. Gans, on behalf of Mr. Schiff, would accept back the diamond pins which had been stolen by Brandt. This Mr. Gans refused to do, saying that they must be returned to the owner in the usual and customary manner, after Brandt's conviction.

On March 27 I, myself, in Mr. Gans's absence, had a talk with Mr. Rosenthal, who repeated to me practically what he had said to Mr. Gans in my presence in the conversation above given, and received from me similar answers.

At no time was there any promise or statement made, within my knowledge, to Brandt or to any one purporting to represent him, to the effect that in the event of his pleading guilty to the crime of burglary in the first degree, or to any other crime for which he was then under indictment, or upon any other contingency, or in any other event whatsoever, clemency so pleading guilty, or in any other event, would be urged for him by or on behalf of Mr. Schiff; or that in the event of his that any effort would be made or measures taken by or on behalf of Mr. Schiff to obtain a commutation of his sentence or a pardon; but, on the contrary, so far as I have personal knowledge, on the occasions of both the conversations specified above, Brandt's representative was emphatically told that Brandt was undoubtedly guilty, was believed by Mr. Schiff and his attorneys to be a dangerous criminal and worthy of as severe punishment as the court sentencing him might deem proper, and that he could expect no intercession or other assistance from Mr. Schiff directly or indirectly, either before or after his conviction.

Gans Not on Bench Nor in Court.

On March 28, 1907, in the absence of Mr. Gans, I attended before Judge Rosalsky in the Court of General Sessions, as Brandt was then to be brought into court on the indictment for burglary in the first degree. On this occasion Brandt was brought into the courtroom and arraigned at the bar, where Fischer-Hansen stood beside him.

Whether Mr. Hansen did this at the request or suggestion of Judge Rosalsky I cannot at this time recall. At any rate, during the subsequent proceedings Mr. Fischer-Hansen was present at Brandt's side and spoke with the prisoner Brandt, but said little, if anything, to the court.

Brandt himself answered all questions, which were addressed to him by the court or by the clerk. The clerk asked Brandt, in effect, if he desired to withdraw his plea of "not guilty" to the indictment charging him with burglary in the first degree and to plead guilty thereto. Brandt answered that he did.

Thereafter he was questioned by Judge Rosalsky as to his former life and criminal record, and was then remanded for sentence and taken from the courtroom.

From the opening of court on that day until Brandt was taken from the courtroom, after his plea as above set forth, Mr. Gans was not present in the courtroom, nor, to the best of my belief, was he in the Criminal Court Building at all on that morning.

The statement made in Carl Fischer-Hansen's affidavit, filed in this proceeding, to the effect that on the occasion of Brandt's pleading guilty to the indictment charging him with burglary in the first degree, Howard Gans was sitting on the bench with Judge Rosalsky, is wholly false.

As above stated, Mr. Gans was not in court on that occasion at all. The statement that on that occasion I was sitting on the step leading up to the bench is also false. I was not even sitting within the railed inclosure, to which at that time ex-members of the District Attorney's staff were usually by courtesy admitted.

I was not in court at all on the occasion of Brandt's sentence.

These two affidavits by Mr. Gans and Mr. Iselin, together with the statement of Mr. Schiff, printed yesterday, as against the affidavit of Fischer-Hansen and the word of Brandt, are referred to in this way by Mr. Schiff's lawyers:

Mr. Iselin's affidavit is fully supported by Mr. Gans's. If an affidavit coming from such a man as Fischer-Hansen could be entitled to any credence, it would be completely destroyed by the flat contradictions contained in the earlier affidavit, and for that matter his charges against Mr. Schiff and Mr. Gans are flatly and conclusively contradicted by Mr. Schiff, Mr. Gans, and Mr. Iselin. Against the solemn word of any of those gentlemen, certainly no one would take the word of Fischer-Hansen or Brandt.

The letter sent to Attorney General Carmody and District Attorney Whitman reads:

New York, N. Y., Feb. 27, 1912.

Hon. Thomas F. Carmody, Attorney General, Albany, N. Y.
Hon. Charles S. Whitman, District Attorney, New York City.

In re Brandt.

Dear Sirs: It has been our understanding, and we believe the understanding of all concerned, that the application by Brandt for a writ of habeas corpus was made solely upon the records and stenographer's minutes in the proceedings in the Court of General Sessions, which resulted in Brandt's conviction and sentence and that the court's order would be based only upon such record and minutes.

It was only by the newspapers of last evening that we learned that in addition to the record and minutes, an affidavit of Carl Fischer-Hansen had been filed by Brandt's counsel, and from the fact that the reference to this affidavit was interlined in ink in the typewritten order, we infer that its submission was an afterthought.

This affidavit is made by a man recently convicted and disbarred for the crime of attempted bribery and purports to repeat a statement made by Brandt, a convicted felon, regarding his conversations with our client, Mr. Gans.

In view of the attack thus made upon the orderly administration of justice in the criminal courts in which the District Attorney is the official prosecutor, to say nothing of the reflection upon our client, an honorable member of the bar, made by a felon, and passed on by an ex-convict, we are sure that in the interest of justice and fairness to our client, you will not permit such an affidavit to remain uncontradicted if a contradiction is forthcoming.

We furnish such a contradiction in the inclosed affidavit of Mr. Gans, verified this day, and entitled in the habeas corpus proceedings in order that it may be filed therein and properly recited in Mr. Justice Gerard's order, to which you will doubtless have no difficulty in securing the necessary amendment. Yours truly,

NICOLL, ANABLE, LINDSAY & FULLER.

P. S.—We will send you during the afternoon an affidavit of Mr. Iselin, supporting that of Mr. Gans, which we request may be also filed and recited in Mr. Justice Gerard's order.

FISCHER-HANSEN'S AFFIDAVIT.

Here is the first affidavit made by Fischer-Hansen on Jan. 26 and filed with the District Attorney, and which contradicts the one made by Fischer-Hansen under date of Feb. 12 and filed with Justice Gerard:

State of New York, County of New York.

Carl Fischer-Hansen, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

I was an attorney and counselor at law admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, and during the year 1907 I was engaged in the active practice of the profession.

I was retained by Lawrence De Foulke Brandt, and appeared as his attorney and counsel before Judge Rosalsky in the Court of General Sessions March 28, 1907, and April 4, 1907.

The said Brandt pleaded guilty to burglary in the first degree before Otto A. Rosalsky on March 28, 1907, and on April 4, 1907, was sentenced to State Prison for a term of thirty years.

At the request of the defendant I called upon him in the Tombs and saw him in the counsel room downstairs immediately prior to March 28. I said to him: "What are the facts in your case?" He said: "I am guilty and I am going to plead guilty." I said: "If that be the case why did you send for me?" He said: "I was told it would look better if I came into court with a counsel of my own choice."

I asked him what he meant by "looking better," and he said he could not tell me, but that he had made his arrangement and that he had been promised by the Schiffs that if he would plead guilty and say nothing he would be taken care of after one year and get money enough to go back to Sweden and start in business for himself.

Our conversation was partly in Scandinavian, I being a Dane. I asked him to tell me some of the details of the occurrence, but he said he could not because he had promised the Schiffs not to speak to anybody.

I had read in the newspapers a report of the occurrence and a statement to the effect that Mr. Schiff after the alleged attack had offered to give him $50 and send him back to Sweden. I asked him if that was true. He said: "Partly; he gave me money and told me that he would send me back to Sweden and give me money to start in business if I would just do as he said and say nothing to anybody." He said to me: "You know he is worth over $5,000,000."

I said to him: "You ought to open up and give me some facts on which I can base a plea to the court for clemency. If Mr. Schiff was willing to send you back to Sweden a couple of days ago, he might still be willing to do so, and the court might be willing to suspend sentence on condition that you go away." He said: "I can't tell you; in fact, it is not necessary, because that is all arranged."

I went back to the office and called up Mortimer Schiff, whom I knew personally. I told him I had been retained by this fellow, but I could not understand what the fellow was getting at. If any arrangement had been made I, as his attorney, ought to know it. Mr. Schiff said that he would make an appointment to meet me in the afternoon; that he didn't know his engagements for the day, but would call me up at 2 o'clock. At 2 o'clock I had Mr. Schiff on the phone again, and Mr. Schiff said:

"Mr. Hansen, I have consulted with my family and I can say nothing to you, but Howard Gans is my attorney and he will discuss the matter with you."

I said: "Mr. Schiff, all I want to know is if there is any such arrangement as this boy tells me; he will give me no facts."

He, Mr. Schiff, said that everything had been arranged, and he said: "Mr. Gans will discuss that matter with you, Mr. Hansen."

His Talks with Gans.

I then called up Howard Gans. I said: "Mr. Gans, I am attorney for this valet of Schiff's, and he has given me to understand that an arrangement has been made whereby he is to plead guilty merely as a matter of form. I called up Mr. Schiff and Mr. Schiff told me that he would call me up at 2 o'clock, and at 2 o'clock he referred me to you."

Mr. Gans said: "Well, I can't discuss that with you, Mr. Hansen. You will have to discuss that with the District Attorney's office."

I called Howard Gans up on the telephone again a day or so after. I had seen Brandt, and Brandt had told me that he could not understand why nobody from the Schiffs had called to see him, and he wanted me to call up Schiff and ask if everything was all right. I told Mr. Gans over the phone that I didn't know just what he meant except that he was referring to this arrangement, and Gans said: "I don't know. We are going to have him examined by some doctors."

I think the day before the final disposition of this case I called Mr. Gans on the 'phone and asked him if the Schiffs, in view of the fact that they seemed to be kindly disposed toward the fellow, would join me in making a request to the Court for a suspended sentence. He said, "What do you suppose Jerome would say to that?" I said, "Jerome would have nothing to do with it; the fellow has pleaded; it is now entirely up to the Court, and that is done very frequently." He said, "We don't care to discuss the case any more."

On the morning when the defendant was arraigned for sentence I was sitting at the table outside the railing in the court room. A gentleman with an overcoat and a moustache addressed me and asked me if I appeared for Schiff's valet. I said, "Yes." He said, "I understand he worked for a member of your family in Tuxedo." I said, "Yes, he did, for pretty nearly a year, and they speak very highly of him. I expect to get him off with a suspended sentence or a light sentence." He said, "Well, there will be no light sentence in this case; he is going to be salted away." I asked him what he meant by that, and he said: "You wait and see." He also mentioned another family in Tuxedo that Brandt had worked for, but I forget the name of that family.

A few days after sentence had been imposed, and after Brandt had been sent to the State prison at Sing Sing, to begin his term, a client of mine by the name of Ryan, one of those implicated in the case of People vs. Eaton, confined in the Tombs awaiting trial, handed me a letter which he said had been given to him by Brandt. The letter was addressed to me. On my return to my office I opened the letter. It appeared that it contained another letter in a separate envelope addressed to Mrs. Schiff.

Accidentally Opened the Letter.

Accidentally I opened both envelopes. There was a note thanking me for what I had done, and asking me to kindly give the within letter into Mrs. Schiff's own hands. The within letter was addressed to Mrs. Schiff, and in pencil he had written for my information, "Please be sure and see that Mrs. Schiff gets this herself; give it into her own hands. She is a very rich lady, and is going to get me out of my trouble," or words to that effect.

I read the letter addressed to Mrs. Schiff, and I was so perplexed by the contents that for the time being I did not know just what to do. I finally decided to ask the advice of Judge Rosalsky, who had presided in the case. I went to court; he was presiding at a trial, and I handed the letter to him. He read the letter carefully, and I suggested to him that it seemed apparent that a great injustice had been done to Brandt.

Judge Rosalsky then suggested that he and Mr. Jerome and Mr. Gans and I should meet at 2 o'clock on the same afternoon to decide what to do in the premises. At 2 o'clock Judge Rosalsky told me that Mr. Jerome could not come, but that Mr. Nott would come in his place, and finally Judge Rosalsky, Mr. Nott, Mr. Gans, and myself started to confer together. The letter was read by every one present, and finally given by Judge Rosalsky to Mr. Gans.

I have called to-day, Jan. 25, 1912, at the office of Mr. Howard Gans, and discussed with him the contents of that letter, and called his attention to the conference we had had over it. He said that the allegations or statements made in that letter were all false; that they had evidence to prove that they were false. I told Mr. Gans that he needn't discuss that matter, or apologize to me for anything in that letter because that didn't concern me in the least. He said: "I just wanted you to know that there was no relationship between the two, that we have evidence to show that."

The day following the sentence I called at the Tombs to see a client. I went upstairs and Brandt was passing the gate when I called to him. I asked him how he felt, and he said he felt all right. I told him that he was the gamest client I had in a long while. He seemed cheerful.

He then said: "This is only a formality. After a year I am going to be free and they are going to send me back to Sweden and give me money enough to start in business"; and this was substantially what he had stated to me whenever I tried to get into consultation with him regarding the case.

Calls Sentence Inhumane Now.

He seemed at all times, both before and after sentence, to rely entirely upon some understanding whereby he would only serve a year, and at that time, of course, I believed that there was such an understanding, and this belief I conveyed to some Swedish people, who subsequently called to see me regarding him, and it was strengthened by a remark made to me by Howard Gans, when, a few days after, I met him in the Criminal Court Building and remarked to him about the severity of the sentence.

I said: "Pretty severe sentence, thirty years." Gans said: "Oh, we will get him out after a while."

I have practiced criminal law exclusively for years, but I have never heard of such an inhumane sentence as thirty years to States Prison for a first offender, especially one who pleaded guilty. Had I not been convinced from my conversation with my client that some understanding existed between my client and the other side, the details of which he told me by reason of a promise made to them he could not divulge, I most assuredly should not have permitted him to plead guilty.

The letter that I have referred to confirmed me in the belief that such an understanding existed. In view of what happened subsequently it now looks to me as if they now only fooled the boy into the belief that they would come to his rescue, but by doing so exacted a promise from him not to explain matters to his attorneys, and thereby prevented his attorneys from preparing his defense.

The defendant never stated to me that he knew of any arrangement of any kind entered into with Judge Rosalsky, but he did say to me on one occasion that he had been told by Schiff's lawyers that he was to be arraigned before Judge Rosalsky.

CARL FISCHER-HANSEN.

Sworn to before me this 26th day of January, 1912. ARTHUR R. SMILEY,
Notary Public, New York County, No. 170.

Second Affidavit Widely Different.

This is the affidavit made by Fischer-Hansen on Feb. 12, and which he claims is simply a summary of his affidavit made on Jan. 26, but, as pointed out by Mr. Schiff's lawyers, the two affidavits differ in many important particulars:

Carl Fischer-Hansen, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

That he has made an affidavit in the proceedings of the People against Brandt, in connection with District Attorney Whitman's report to the Governor of the State, said affidavit being dated Jan. 26, 1912.

That in that affidavit I state as follows:

"I was retained by Lawrence De Foulke Brandt and appeared as his attorney and counsel before Judge Rosalsky in the Court of General Sessions March 28, 1907, and April 4, 1907."

When I signed said affidavit I had a distinct recollection of having appeared in the Brandt case once before Judge Rosalsky, sitting in Part I., and later on April 4, in another Part, before the same Judge.

In a recent conference between District Attorney Whitman, Judge Rosalsky, and myself my attention was called to a fact which, upon reflection, I find coincides with what actually took place, namely: On the day when I first appeared before Judge Rosalsky it was under the following circumstances:

I happened to be in Part I. on other business. Judge Rosalsky presided in said court, and on this particular morning he had sitting with him on the bench Howard Gans, Mr. Schiff's attorney, and on the steps leading up to the bench was sitting Mr. Iselin, a partner of Mr. Gans, and also a former Deputy Assistant District Attorney. In response to his name called by the Clerk, Brandt appeared without counsel before Judge Rosalsky. A few minutes after, while said Brandt was being led back to the pen, Judge Rosalsky called him back and also called my name, and said:

"Mr. Hansen, I don't know if this defendant fully understands English, so will you please ask him if he understands the proceedings?"

I asked Brandt if he understood the nature of the proceedings, of which I had no knowledge myself at the time, and he said "Yes," he did. I had never seen Brandt before, and knew nothing about his case; in fact, didn't even know that he was Schiff's valet. I wasn't told to consult with him as to the case, but merely to act as an interpreter, because I happened to be a Scandinavian, the same as Brandt.

A few days after this occurrence, I received through the mail a letter from said Brandt, asking me to come and see him in the Tombs, as he desired me to act as his attorney. When he came to the counsel room, and I had been introduced to him, I recognized in him the same man for whom I had been acting as interpreter a few days before.

He told me then that on that particular morning on which I had been called by Judge Rosalsky to speak to him, he had, at the advice of Howard Gans, withdrawn his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to the indictment found against him, and that he merely wanted me to go with him to court on the day of sentence as a matter of form.

I had a number of conversations with him, but as he told me he had made an arrangement whereby everything would be satisfactory, and that he was under promise not to discuss the facts in the case, and that he was aided and advised by Mr. Gans, and that the Schiffs were taking a kindly interest in him, which statements were borne out by the fact of Mr. Gans's visit to him in the Tombs, the fact that they had provided him with foot from outside restaurants, and a number of other things, and as I had not any opportunity to look over the minutes of the Grand Jury, I was absolutely in the dark as to the specific charges that had been brought against him.

The only information that I had upon the subject was what I gleaned from his answers to Judge Rosalsky's cross-examination of him on the day of sentence, and from the contents of a certain letter, which by mistake had been opened by me, which was given to me after he had left for Sing Sing.

I need not say that in a case when the defendant has pleaded guilty and has signed a confession and refuses to discuss the facts with his attorney, that any attorney who under those conditions would attempt to make him change his plea and repudiate his confession would be guilty not only of unprofessional conduct but subornation of perjury.

CARL FISCHER-HANSEN.

Sworn to on the 12th of February, 1912, before Arthur R. Smiley, Notary Public, New York County, No. 170.

BRANDT TWO-THIRDS FREE.

Gives $5,000 Bail on Burglary Charge—Must Put Up $2,500 for Assault.

Foulke E. Brandt was not released from the Tombs yesterday. His counsel, Mirabeau L. Towns, said disgustedly that Brandt might be kept in the Tombs a day or two longer by new complications, but District Attorney Whitman is of the opinion that the last obstacle has been met and that the prisoner will be freed at 11 o'clock this morning.

The attempt to free Brandt began at 10 o'clock, and when the sun set the prisoner, in the words of his counsel, was about two-thirds free. That is, bail to the amount of $5,000 had been furnished on the burglary charge, but the $2,500 additional on the separate charge of assault had not yet been furnished. That will be attended to to-day.

Mr. Towns first appeared with the prisoner before Judge Crain in General Sessions, Part I. Judge Crain was willing to accept bail on the assault charge, and he did, in fact, set the bail on that charge at $2,500. Mr. Towns might have proceeded in backward fashion, therefore, and bailed his client out on the lesser charge first. But he wanted to rid himself of the burglary charge first, and when Judge Crain explained that he was not positive as to his jurisdiction with respect to that charge and, in turn, referred Mr. Towns back to Justice Gerard, there was nothing to do but walk back to the County Court House.

It was lunch hour by this time, and Mr. Towns was asked to appear with the prisoner at 3 o'clock. He presented himself on the dot, and with him, to aid in straightening out any further entanglement, were Assistant District Attorneys Johnston and La Velle. Brandt, neatly dressed, as usual, sat on a bench in the courtroom. To all appearances, he was a mere spectator. The formalities of the signing of the bail bond took only a few minutes, and then the lawyers and the prisoner left the courtroom.

But Brandt was called back before he had descended the staircase to formally acknowledge his signature, and then the news of his identity spread about. When Brandt made his second exit the courtroom emptied itself on his heels, and about 500 persons followed him to the Criminal Court Building. His first step to freedom was clearly noted, too, for the prisoner wore no handcuffs. The crowd followed him until the door of the Tombs closed behind him.

Brandt to Answer Schiff Statement.

Mr. Towns lagged slowly in the rear of the procession with a representative of the Illinois Surety Company. It was expected that Mr. Towns would immediately go before Judge Crain and free his client on the assault charge. But after a conference with Mr. Whitman he stated that Brandt would have to stay in the Tombs for the night.

"I'm simply too tired to make any more moves to-day," said Mr. Towns. "I was up until 4 A. M analyzing Mr. Schiff's statement, and Brandt will simply have to wait another day. Besides, the surety company wanted a cash deposit in advance, and although they only asked for 2 per cent., I couldn't scrape that up on the instant. I'll be here again in the morning, but don't be surprised if Brandt doesn't get out until Thursday."

It was stated on good authority, however, that the prisoner could easily have been bailed out had Mr. Towns insisted, but that the interests of the District Attorney's office demanded that Brandt be kept a prisoner until such time as he could be taken immediately from the courtroom before the Grand Jury. His testimony before the jury probably will be taken to-day.

"Will Brandt make a statement in answer to Mr. Schiff's statement?" Mr. Towns was asked.

"Yes, he will," replied Mr. Towns, "but not until he is a free man. Meantime, however, I have something to say regarding that 8,000-word statement from Mr. Schiff. I was up all night reading it over."

Mr. Towns analyzed Mr. Schiff's statement from end to end and made these points:

That he doubted the authenticity of the letters which Mr. Schiff accused Brandt of writing.

That Mr. Schiff's statement of his treatment of the burglar was entirely incredible.

That the whole thing was a prima facie case of conspiracy, as shown by Mr. Schiff's own statements.

That Mr. Schiff, if his story is true, forgot that there was such a thing as remedy by law.

That his examination of Brandt by hired alienists was wholly without warrant by law.

That Mr. Schiff led Brandt into an ambush when he told him to come to his office for money.

District Attorney Whitman called four witnesses before the Grand Jury yesterday. They were Carl Fischer-Hansen, the second lawyer to represent Brandt in 1907; Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, the alienist who twice examined Brandt in March, 1907; C. A. Peterson, from whom Lieut. Joseph D. Wooldridge, according to his testimony before Commissioner Richard L. Hand on Feb. 20 last, obtained information concerning Brandt's record, and Mrs. C. A. Peterson, who runs an employment bureau on Third Avenue.

The District Attorney would not state what Fischer-Hansen had added to his testimony of Monday. It was learned, however, that the Grand Jury went over Mr. Schiff's statement, as printed in yesterday's TIMES, paragraph by paragraph, and Fischer-Hansen was asked about all parts of the statement connected with his name. Later Fischer-Hansen admitted that he was so incensed at Mr. Schiff's statements regarding him that he then and there tried to have Mr. Schiff indicted. Failing in this, he went straight to the West Side Court to have a warrant sworn out for Mr. Schiff, charging criminal libel. This failed also because the lawyer did not have legal proof that Mr. Schiff had made the statements to which he took exception. Then he wrote this letter to Mr. Schiff, and last night brought a copy of it to the office of THE TIMES:

Fischer-Hansen to Mr. Schiff.

Mr. Mortimer Schiff, New York City:

Dear Sir: The newspapers of this morning contained statements purporting to emanate from you, in which, among other things, you say that I was instrumental in having Brandt write and send to Mrs. Schiff the letter which was given me by a prisoner in the Tombs, after Brandt had been sent to Sing Sing, and which letter I, on the same morning that I received it, gave to Judge Rosalsky.

This statement is so utterly false and malicious that I this forenoon attempted to have you indicted under Section 1,352 of the Penal Law for having uttered and given it to the press. On second thought, and in view of the fact that you have clamored with such apparent sincerity for a public hearing, and in view of the further fact that I desire a public hearing, I applied this afternoon in the Magistrate's Court in Fifty-seventh Street, Magistrate Herbert presiding, for a warrant for your arrest.

I was refused the warrant on the ground that, although the statement had appeared alike in all the newspapers as coming from you, I lacked legal evidence to show that you really were the author and the one who had given it or caused it to be given to the press. Knowing from what I have read and learned during the Brandt case that you are a person imbued with very strong sense of justice, I hereby ask you, in view of the gravity and the falsity of the statements that you have made, to give me an admission to the effect that you gave or caused to be given the abovementioned statement to the press.

When you know that I never had been told by my client Brandt or anybody else a single word or hint regarding anything appertaining to his relationship with you and your family, you may appreciate the injustice that your statement has done me.

During the few days that I acted for Brandt as his attorney I saw him at most three or four times in the public counsel room down stairs, and at no time did I speak with him over five or ten minutes, and at no time did he even suggest to me there was anything to his case but what appeared upon the face of the indictment.

In view of the above, I hope you will be man enough to comply with my request in order that justice may be done, both to you and me.

Hoping to receive an early reply, I am,
Very truly yours,
CARL FISCHER-HANSEN.

P. S.—I might add that I have never seen or heard of or communicated directly or indirectly with Brandt or any human being who knows him since I saw him in the Tombs until this case came up.

Witnesses Before the Grand Jury.

The appended postscript, of course, is not to be taken too literally, for Carl Fischer-Hansen was the first to greet Brandt when he entered Justice Gerard's courtroom on the day the writ of habeas corpus was argued. On that occasion he spoke to Brandt and shook hands with him, to the apparent displeasure of the prisoner.

Dr. MacDonald, it is believed, was asked about his examination of Brandt, assisted by Dr. William Mabon, another alienist, on March 11, 1907, and again on March 21, 1907. The District Attorney, it was said, may try to show that these alienists had no right to examine Brandt under Sections 80 and 82 of the insanity law without an order made by a Judge or court of record.

Mr. Peterson's story to the Grand Jury concerned Wooldridge's investigation. Lieut. Wooldridge stated before Commissioner Hand that he had gone to Mr. Peterson, who, he said, ran an employment agency on Fourth Avenue, and that Peterson had sent him to a Mrs. Johnson on Sixth Avenue, from whom he got the data for the report to his superior, Inspector McLaughlin. But Peterson denied yesterday that he had ever run an employment agency, or that he had ever been interviewed by Wooldridge. He is a ticket agent, and knew nothing and never had known anything about Brandt. His wife, he said, ran an employment bureau on Fourth Avenue and not on Third Avenue.

Mrs. Peterson, his wife, said that she never sent any detective to Mrs. Johnson, either, and that, so far as she knew, she never had any one in her employ who had ever spoken to a detective about Brandt. She ran the employment bureau herself, she said.

On this latter point a TIMES reporter got a still different version, for when he called at Mrs. Peterson's agency, 285 Third Avenue, a man who said his name was Sampson declared that he and not Mrs. Peterson had charge of the agency. He said he knew nothing about Brandt and could not recall that he had ever been at that office.

The Gans Letter to McLaughlin.

In this connection, the letter in which Howard S. Gans asked Police Inspector McLaughlin to investigate Brandt's record, only parts of which have been quoted, is of interest. The letter in full follows:

March 20, 1907.

People ex rel. Schiff vs. de Foulke.

My Dear Inspector: I write this in confirmation of the request that I made to you over the phone, namely, that you cable at our expense to the authorities in Stockholm, Sweden, to inquire for particulars as to the report of Foulke Engel Brandt, otherwise known as Lawrence de Foulke, the individual who has pleaded guilty of burglary in the first degree committed upon Mr. Mortimer Schiff's house.

The facts to which he testified are that he was convicted of larceny in 1901. He says he is only 21 years of age now, which would make his conviction as of the date when he was 15. It seems to be improbable that his criminal record there ceased at that time, and I should imagine that we will be able to unearth something more. He is to be sentenced next Thursday, but I can, of course, have the date of sentence adjourned, if necessary.

Do you not think it might be a good plan to have his record on this side looked into a little further? The report from Sergt. Wooldridge with regard to de Foulke's forgeries at Far Hills shows that he obtained the employment with Mr. Kull at Far Hills through C. A. Peterson's Employment Agency Bureau, at 283 Third Avenue. According to the statement which he had given us, he was employed shortly after his arrival here by Mr. Ledyard Blair of Blairsden, N. J., and was between six and seven months, and resigned "owing to a change in housekeepers." That thereafter he was out of employment two months, and that after that he took "small positions" until October, 1905, when he went to work for W. H. B. Hoffman, at 35 West Fifty-first Street, and that he left their employ in July, 1906, after which he was employed by Mr. Schiff. After he left Mr. Schiff he went to board at 156 West Forty-sixth Street, the house of a Mrs. Floyd.

I do not believe that anything fruitful can be obtained through Mrs. Floyd, since the Pinkertons investigated that, and have found from her nothing further than that he made an attempt to borrow money from her, and that he did not pay his board bill. As to the rest, your own judgment will tell you whether or not it is worth following up.

My idea is, of course, to be able to present to Judge Rosalsky a record which, taken in connection with the character of the defendant, will require the imposition of a long sentence.

With thanks for your many kindnesses in the matter I am, faithfully yours,
HOWARD S. GANS.

Detective Taylor Retired.

District Attorney Whitman would not comment on any part of the Schiff statement, not even regarding the criticism leveled at him, beyond saying that the statement did not meet the issue as to whether Brandt had been illegally sentenced to thirty years in prison by pleading to a crime which he did not commit. Mr. Whitman repeated that he had no intention of calling any member of the Schiff family before the Grand Jury, but at the same time wanted it understood that he did not control the Grand Jury.

The Grand Jury will continue its investigation to-day, but Mr. Whitman refused to say who the witnesses would be. The investigation, he thought, would be completed by the end of next week. He said that he intended to serve notice of an appeal from Justice Gerard's decision on Mr. Towns either to-day or to-morrow.

Lieut. John Taylor of the Kingsbridge Police Station, who was charged with neglect of duty by Police Inspector Schmittberger in connection with the Brandt case, was retired yesterday by Commissioner Waldo. Taylor has been in the Police Department nearly thirty-four years, and his retirement carries with it a pension of $1,250 a year. His trial before Trial Commissioner Walsh was to have come off to-morrow, but on Saturday it was announced that the rules of the department prevented Commissioner Walsh from trying Taylor, the application for retirement having been made before charges were preferred.

RICHARD SCHUYLER A SUICIDE

Bloomfield, N. J., Real Estate Dealer Inhales Illuminating Gas.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., Feb. 27.—Richard Kingsland Schuyler, a real estate dealer of this place, committed suicide in his boarding house here during the night by inhaling illuminating gas. He was found dead in his room this morning when a member of the family with whom he boarded went to call him for breakfast. He was found propped up in bed with pillows, and the end of a gas tube inserted in his nostrils.

Mr. Schuyler was born at Arlington, Hudson County, N. J., sixty-nine years ago. He and his wife separated some time ago, and since then he had been boarding in the house at 158 Thomas Street, Bloomfield. His wife went to live in New York State.

Some time ago Schuyler is reported to have told several friends that his financial affairs were causing him a great deal of worry, and this is thought to have caused him to end his life. Efforts to locate either Mrs. Schuyler or their two sons are being made.

HAPPY ONLY SIX WEEKS.

Stenographer Who Married Chief Clerk Wants No Home Boss.

Mrs. Ethel N. Cryan started suit yesterday in the Supreme Court for separation from her husband, Albert N. Cryan. She was formerly his stenographer. He is a chief clerk with the American Can Company, Tenth Avenue and Fourteenth Street. Mrs. Cryan asked $20 a week temporary alimony, Justice Hendrick reserved decision.

Six weeks after their marriage, says Mrs. Cryan, although she had worked under him for three years, her husband began to quarrel with her. He refused to take her to dinner or to the theatre and defied her wish that the governess of his five-year-old daughter, by a former marriage, be discharged.

DARROW DETECTIVE CONFESSES BRIBERY

Franklin Pleads Guilty and May Testify Against McNamara Attorney.

COURT RULE FAVORS DARROW

Los Angeles Judge Decides That Transcript Evidence Given to the Defense Is Insufficient.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 27.—Bert H. Franklin, former Deputy United States Marshal and chief detective for Clarence Darrow of the McNamara defense, pleaded guilty to-day to the second count in the indictment which charged that he had attempted to bribe a juror, Robert Bain.

Franklin freely admitted his guilt. Darrow, prior to appearing in court to-day, reiterated that he was innocent of any and all charges of bribery pending against him and that he had absolutely nothing to fear.

Another indictment, which charged Franklin with bribing a prospective juror, George N. Lockwood, was continued ninety days for trial.

Franklin will be sentenced on Friday. Meantime he will have his liberty on $2,500 cash bail. His plea is taken as proof that he would be the State's chief witness against Darrow. It is expected that he will receive a light fine.

District Attorney Ford informed the court that owing to certain developments in the case Franklin would withdraw his plea of guilty of attempting to bribe the juror, Bain, and would plead guilty to one count. The other count was dismissed.

"Practically all that Mr. and Mrs. Bain testified to in reference to my giving them the money is absolutely true," said Franklin after the proceedings. "I have done wrong and am anxious to make restitution. I have made a false step, and hope by leading a model life in the future to live it down."

When the case of Clarence Darrow, also under indictment by the Grand Jury for bribery, was called this afternoon, Judge Sutton reversed his decision of last Friday and declared that the transcripts of the testimony as gathered by the Grand Jury and furnished to Attorney Roberts, who is defending Mr. Darrow, was insufficient. The Darrow attorneys contended that in the transcript the names of witnesses and their testimony had been omitted, and that Arthur Keetch of the District Attorney's office had taken this testimony when the official reporter was out. Mr. Keetch asked for time to confer with his associates, declaring that if it was necessary to call the Grand Jury again the present indictments would be useless.

The county Grand Jury was in session to-day to investigate further certain angles of the alleged dynamite plot. Attorney John R. Harrington and P. J. Cooney of Chicago appeared before the jury to tell what they know of the wholesale intimidation of witnesses and jury bribing in the McNamara case.

The United States Grand Jury, with Special Prosecutor Lawler in charge, resumed its inquiry into the dynamite case this afternoon. Mrs. Mary Casey testified to what she knew of the conspiracy to wreck The Los Angeles Times plant. Mrs. Casey, when first found, promised to disclose matters relative to the alleged dynamite plot that the officials did not know. But on the stand she became vague and refused to testify except in generalities. In vain the lawyers endeavored to extract specific facts pertaining to names, dates, and places, but she failed to remember them.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 27.—William J. McCain, local business agent of the Bridge and Structural Ironworkers' Union, and W. Bert Brown, former business agent of the same union, pleaded not guilty here to-day to indictments returned at Indianapolis in the alleged Nation-wide dynamite conspiracy.

The pleas were made in a proceding to determine whether the defendants are to appear at Indianapolis.

ABSOLVES LABOR UNIONS.

Didn't Wreck Quebec Bridge, Says Construction Company.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—Officials of the Phoenix Bridge Company of Phoenixville, Penn., in charge of the construction of the Quebec Bridge, which fell into the St. Lawrence River on Aug. 29, 1907, causing the death of sixty-four persons, declared to-day without equivocation that it was unjust to the McNamaras and to trade union organizations to charge that they were responsible for the catastrophe, as intimated in dispatches from Montreal.

While the officials refused to be quoted, it was declared that the catastrophe was caused by some faulty material put into the bridge, which was planned to have the longest cantilever span then existing.

The plans for the bridge were changed, and the pier set back 100 feet, making the bridge that much longer. The theory was that every portion of the bridge should be strengthened in proportion, and it was supposed that this had been done. The bridge company thinks that some little detail was overlooked, which eventually caused the crash.

At the local office of the William J. Burns Detective Agency, which is believed to be working on the supposition that the fall of the bridge was caused by labor sympathizers, it was denied absolutely that Burns or any of his men are doing so.

TAGGART WINS AT PRIMARIES.

Controls Majority of Delegates to Indiana State Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 27.—There was a spirited contest to-day at the Democratic primaries between the Taggart and anti-Taggart forces, with the result that Taggart controlled the situation and has elected practically all of the eighty-six delegates to the State Convention. He is supporting Sam Ralston for Governor, while the antis are for Congressman Boehne.

The Taggart victory here, say his supporters, gives Ralston a clear majority of the delegates so far as they have been chosen at contests between the two wings of the party. There will probably be several contests. In the tenth ward following charges of fraud, two of the opposition forced themselves into the polling rooms. One of them was shoved out at the door and the other was thrown out of the window by the Taggart election board. The police arrived just in time to prevent a riot.

In the Third Ward the Taggart men got around the booth, voted slowly so as to consume time, and kept the others standing around for hours. Many left through disgust. In one ward six saloonkeepers were on the Taggart delegate slate. In another two saloonmen and a brewery manager were proposed as delegates. All brewery employes and saloonkeepers were working for Taggart delegates.

It is charged by the anti-Taggart forces that the Corrupt Practices act was openly violated by hauling voters to the polls. In order to prevent identifications of the autos the numbers were removed. Many Democrats are to-night condemning the methods employed, but Taggart got the delegates for Ralston, and his managers do not apear to be disturbed.

CREW ESCAPE IN DORIES.

Fishing Schooner Dashed to Pieces on Reefs of Cape Porpoise.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Feb. 27.—News of the loss of the fishing schooner Mildred V. Nunan, off Cape Porpoise, last night, was received here to-day. Capt. Howard Nunan and his crew of twelve men reached shore safely in dories. The schooner was trying to enter Cape Porpoise Harbor and was carried ashore on Vaughans Island Reef by the heavy northeast gale. She is lying bottom up to-day and split in two.

The Nunan was owned by Capt. Nunan and Ernest Goodall of Sanford. She registered 43 tons net and was built at East Boothbay in 1903.

A Quarter is as big as a Half to-day.

7,526 scarfs in a Sale.

A cleanup of our Half-Dollar scarfs, with the cleanup of a maker who makes only 50c. scarfs and better.

Some $1.00 scarfs included for good luck.

25c.

10c. buys a bargain too.

Solid linen collars that were 40 cents each.

A variety of styles.

2246 of them.

Men's suits and overcoats marked down.

$15 and $20.

Youths' suits, sizes 32 to 35 chest.

$10.

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Three Broadway Stores

at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

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Strong nerves, equable temper and wonderful physical vigor, distinguish Rice-eating people.

Chronic "Grouch"—due chiefly to undigested food—soon disappears on a Rice diet.

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HOTEL ASTOR RICE

is very finest quality

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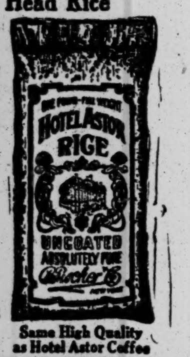

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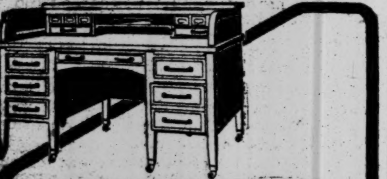

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ALL SCOTCH WHISKY

CELESTINS

VICHY

Natural Alkaline Water

Bottled at the Springs

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

Not Genuine without the word

CELESTINS

AIRY PLAY BY PINERO WINS MUCH LAUGHTER

Though Much Ado About Mostly Nothing, It Has Very Funny Lines and Situations.

IT IS ADMIRABLY PLAYED

Miss Gertrude Elliott, Mr. William McVay, and Mr. A. Scott-Gatty Score in an Excellent Cast.

PRESERVING MR. PANMURE, a comedy in three acts, by Sir Arthur Wing Pinero. Lyceum Theatre.

The Right Hon. Reginald Stulkeley, M. P.	Lumsden Hare
Talbot Woodhouse	Alexander Scott-Gatty
St. John Panmure, J. P.	William McVay
Alfred Hebblethwaite, M. P.	Frederick Powell
Hugh Loring	Ralph Nairn
Brabner	W. H. Dupont
Kitts	John Rogers
Grant	Charles Dowd
Mrs. Panmure	Teresa Maxwell Conover
Myrtle	Mona Hungerford
Mrs. Hebblethwaite	Annie Esmond
Dulcie Anstice	Isabel Irving
Miss Stulkeley	Elizabeth Fagan
Josepha Quarendon	Gertrude Elliott

"Preserving Mr. Panmure" might bear the sub-caption "Who Kissed the Governess?" For if the governess hadn't been kissed there wouldn't have been any necessity for preserving the very weedy, old country gentleman, who, in spite of being a weed himself, knew a blossom when he saw one. Josepha Quarendon was the blossom, a decidedly presentable and pulchritudinous young person who spent such time as was necessary in attempting an educational process for the benefit of the Panmures more than precocious Miss Myrtle. And this young person's habits of observation and deduction were not without their part, eventually, in bringing a storm about her governess's ears and upsetting the entire household.

But, after all, if Mr. Panmure hadn't found it necessary to make a pose of virtue it is not impossible that he wouldn't have been led into vice. Which, come to think of it, is not so very far from what often happens in this world of ours.

It was Mr. Panmure's business once a week to deliver a sermonette for the benefit of the servants of the household, this highly interesting ceremony following evening prayers. And Mr. Panmure was a dunderhead. For the life of him he couldn't think what to sermonize about. Well, that was just where the little governess was willing and able to help him, and having selected good St. Polycarp as the subject, she knew just where to put her hands on the books out of which Mr. Panmure could crib material to astonish the whole assemblage. So much having been accomplished, Mr. Panmure kissed the governess—oh, yes, much against her will. And the fat was in the fire.

It takes three out of four acts of Mr. Pinero's play to get Miss Josepha Quarendon out of the mess into which, through too much faith in her own sex, she landed herself after Mr. Panmure had kissed her. But her troubles in the meantime are as nothing compared to those of the weedy old gentleman himself. He, be it mentioned, has a wife, and she is only one of the several women who are immediately concerned in finding out which gentleman is guilty.

Mr. Alfred Hebblethwaite, a portly, plethoric M. P., in years quite as advanced as Mr. Panmure, is another of the suspects, with a hot-tempered wife to take a distinctively active part in the inquisitorial proceedings. Also there is a younger man, Mr. Hugh Loring, with a prospective bride-to-be who wants to know. And there are again the Right Honorable Reginald Stulkeley, M. P., and his secretary, Mr. Talbot Woodhouse, to come under suspicion.

For Josepha, you see, though her sense of the proprieties has been outraged, has promised the horrid Mr. Panmure that she will not tell. And as all the various gentlemen are more or less in love with Josepha and as all the ladies of the household are equally against her, it need hardly be added that her position is far from pleasant. Especially as she is ultimately discovered in Mr. Panmure's library minus her shoes and stockings, wearing a pair of gentleman's slippers, and appearing in a very bedraggled state as a result of a foolish insistence to remain out in the rain and sleet unless one of the younger, unmarried gentlemen make himself a victim and agree to pose as the man who did the kissing.

It is extremely funny in the first place to see the guilty Mr. Panmure defending himself against the suggestion that it was he who kissed the governess, but it is far funnier, presently, to see him conducting an investigation, and browbeating his gentlemen guests with a view of ascertaining which of them has done the awful deed. And there is a climax of laughter in the sight of Mr. Panmure eventually summoned to family prayers and ready to preach his sermon, but suddenly deprived of his manuscript by the now vengeful little Josepha, who tears it up in front of his eyes, leaving him to descend to the drawing room in a state of funk and without a single idea about St. Polycarp and the sermon in his silly old head.

What follows in the final act is the selection by Josepha of the man who is to be made happy by her for the rest of his life, a selection presumably left to chance, but in which chance is materially assisted by the clever young governess.

The play represents Mr. Pinero in a most playful mood. Much of its humor comes, of course, from a large fuss made over an exceedingly small matter. But there are times when one rather wishes that the playwright and the actors would come to Hecuba more quickly. The third act is especially faulty in this respect, and yet, for all that, the third act contains some of the funniest incidents of the play. On the whole "Preserving Mr. Panmure" may be called an amusing if uneven play, but of its general brightness and cleverness there can be no question.

It is very well acted at the Lyceum with the very ingratiating Miss Elliott in the rôle of Josepha, a trifle strong in personality perhaps to be quite so much upset over a little thing, but, in all other respects admirably suiting and suitable to the rôle. She plays as always with distinct charm, a good sense of character, and abundant vivacity and spontaneity.

Mr. William McVay is a capital Panmure, very funny, indeed, and very lifelike, though he does err in taking the kiss incident out of the vein of comedy into a sort of Sardou realm. As the young man who eventually wins Josepha, Alexander Scott-Gatty could not be improved on. In fact, of the men in the cast he gives the most completely satisfying performance. The general cast, however, both men and women, leaves little to be desired.

GERMANS IN 'BELLE HELENE.'

Give Amusing Performance of Offenbach's Burlesque Operetta.

Offenbach's burlesque operetta, "La Belle Helene," put an Irving Place audience on the verge of hysterics last night when it was presented by Director Amberg's company after the manner of Max Reinhardt's Munich production. Funny as the operetta is itself—and it will be remembered from the English production at the Casino Theatre in 1899, when Lillian Russell played Helen—the additions of Reinhardt's ideas of stagecraft made it one continuous laugh.

The Reinhardt "flower path," such as he has placed in "Sumurun," is used, only at the Irving Place the right aisle was made to serve as the roadway, but the idea is burlesqued. When King Menelaus makes his entrance from the rear of the audience he stops and speaks to his friends along the aisle, and when he and the beautiful Helen have a domestic row on the way to the seacoast the poor King lags behind to ask the advice of the neighbors along the aisle. And when he starts on his journey that is to be the opportunity for a meeting between Helen and Paris, he continues it up to the top balcony and waves a last farewell over the railing.

The story, of course, concerns the love of Helen of Troy and Paris—the "apple man," she calls him—and the characters include, besides these two and King Menelaus, Agamemnon, Orestes, Achilles, Ajax, divided into two parts; Calchas, the augur of Jupiter, and a number of other mythological favorites.

The acting of the entire company, beginning with Grete Meyer as Helen, was exactly in the spirit of the piece, and the costuming was amusing in its mixture of ancient dress and modern accessories. Fraulein Hedwig Richard as Orestes in a blue bathing suit and Paul Vereheyen as Paris with white gloves and cane were particularly good.

A CHORUS FROM TORONTO.

Concert by the Mendelssohn Choir and Thomas Orchestra.

Five years ago the Mendelssohn Choir of Toronto came to New York and gave two concerts that startled and delighted those who heard them by the remarkable qualities of its singing. Last evening the choir returned and gave the first of two concerts in Carnegie Hall, where there was a considerably larger audience than that which heard them before. Dr. A. S. Vogt is their conductor now, as then. The choir comes this time in conjunction with the Theodore Thomas Orchestra of Chicago, under Frederick A. Stock, and the programme of the concert last evening contained a number of orchestral selections besides the choral numbers, in which there was an orchestral accompaniment.

The Toronto chorus is quite as remarkable now as it was on its first visit to New York; and that is tantamount to saying that it is the most remarkable body of choral singers ever heard here. It numbers, apparently, about 250 singers, or less. It is finely balanced between the different voices, and there is no dearth of the tenors that are so often deficient in large choirs. The body of its tone is superbly rich, sonorous, and massive when these qualities are needed, and is modulated down to the softest pianissimo. It is evidently a chorus in which there is an intelligence behind every voice; one in which every voice counts and every voice is expected to be capable of doing what is required of all. This rigorously selected material has been submitted to an exacting training, and Dr. Vogt is not only to be praised for the splendid results of his discipline, but as well to be congratulated on having such singers at his disposal.

In homogeneity and balance of tone and all the gradations of dynamics, in the absolute precision of attack, in flexibility and finish of phrasing, this chorus could hardly have a superior. It starts its phrases and carries them through as though it were one voice; and there were many passages in which its diction was as clearly intelligible as though it were the utterance of one good singer. With all this precision there is not lacking freedom and elasticity, as the conductor chooses. Choral singing of such quality is stimulating and deeply moving in its results upon the listener.

The programme of this concert was not as good as the performance itself. It was very miscellaneous in character, and put together without much apparent thought of congruity of styles and values. It should be remembered, however, that there was no doubt a purpose of showing what could be accomplished in music of widely differing character.

The most perfect achievements of the choir were the two unaccompanied selections in the beginning, the "Crucifixus" by Antonio Lotti, in eight parts, and Gounod's setting of Psalm CXXXVII, in six parts. With orchestra there were the "Index Crederis" from Berlioz's "Te Deum," music written for sonorous and grandiose effect, and quite successful in attaining it; a chorus from Wolf-Ferrar's "La Vita Nuova," and the "Sanctus" from Bach's B minor mass. Here, too, was choral singing of the very highest order, admirably supported by the orchestra. The highest point was reached, no doubt, in the "Sanctus," in which was shown clearly the contrapuntal structure of the music, with massive volume and a true grandeur of effect.

There was then a considerable drop in the altitude, to part songs by von Storch, F. F. Bullard, and Howard Brockway, and an arrangement of "Annie Laurie" by Granville Bantock. The last numbers were by Elgar, a chorus out of his suite, "From the Bavarian Highlands," and the choral epilogue from his "Caractacus."

The Chicago orchestra played Georg Schumann's melodious overture, "Liebesfrühling," Theodore Thomas's orchestration of Wagner's song, "Traume," the Bacchanale in the Parisian version from "Tannhäuser," and the "Symphonic Waltz" by Mr. Stock, the conductor, that was heard here last season. The playing of the orchestra had many of the highest qualities that were enjoyed at its previous visit here earlier in the season. The audience was full of enthusiasm and appreciation for the Mendelssohn Choir. Bullard's part song, "The Nottingham Hunt," had to be repeated.

"The Rose Maid" Shown in Baltimore

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 27.—"The Rose Maid," a new Viennese operetta, was seen for the first time on the stage in America at the Academy of Music to-night. The composer is Bruno Granichstaedten, who came from Austria to be present at the first performance, and the English book is by Harry B. and Robert B. Smith. The piece is in two acts and four scenes, and the story concerns the adventures of the Duke of Barchester and a party of American heiresses who are abroad in search of titles. The company included Audrienne Augarde in the title rôle, J. Humbird Duffey, Edith Decker, R. E. Graham, Ed Gallagher, Al Shean, Juliette Dika, Dorothy Follis, Robert M. Bottomley, Emilie Lea, and May Emory. The members of the Austrian Embassy attended to-night's performance.

Franklin Riker in Song Recital.

Franklin Riker, an American tenor, appeared in a song recital yesterday afternoon at the Belasco Theatre, assisted by Charles Gilbert Spross at the piano. His programme was not stereotyped. It included an air of Handel's; songs in Italian and French by Richard Barthelmy, Emmanuel Chabrier, Paul Puget, and Massenet, and songs by Tschaikowsky, Sjögren, A. Walter Kramer, and Grieg. American composers were represented by Henry Holden Huss, F. Morris Class, Marshall Kernochan, and the singer himself.

LUSITANIA VOYAGERS ASLEEP AS SHE SAILS

New 1 A. M. Departure Lets Passengers Attend the Theatre Before Embarking.

SUPPER SERVED IN SALOON

Change in Sailing Time Eliminates Morning Rush to Get Aboard—At Fishguard Monday Morning.

The sailing of the Cunard express liner Lusitania at 1 o'clock this morning marked a new departure in east-bound ocean travel which promises to become very popular with Atlantic travelers because of the elimination of the rush to get to the steamship pier before 9 o'clock in the morning, the former sailing hour.

One well-known traveler, who is making his sixty-fifth eastward trip, said last night, after boarding the liner, that it was the first time he had any distinct recollection of leaving New York, as on all previous occasions his many friends had given him a farewell supper and sat up all night with him in order to see that he really caught the steamer.

The 485 cabin passengers and the 300 persons booked for the third class began to arrive on board shortly after 6 o'clock last night. Several women, traveling alone and coming from a distance from New York, arrived at 7 o'clock and had dinner served in the main saloon at 8 o'clock, as they did not wish to wait up for the buffet supper that was offered later.

The new sailing hour was made possible by the lighting of the Ambrose Channel, and as big steamships had been brought up at all hours of the night there was no reason, the pilots said, why they could not sail away in the darkness, especially as the channel is much freer from small craft at night than in the daytime.

Chief Steward Allison and his staff were all in readiness for the reception of the first cabin passengers. Supper was served in the main saloon at 9 o'clock. The tables were laid out and decorated with choice flowers and Emile Bertrand, the chef, with three of his assistants, clad in the snowiest white raiment, were standing by the buffet table at the after-end of the saloon ready to carve all kinds of artistic dishes for the passengers and their guests who came to see them off. In addition for those who felt the chill night air were hot bouillon and roast beef, with tea, coffee, chocolate, and all kinds of cakes, pastries, and fruits.

Most of the passengers came on board between 9 and 11 o'clock, and after taking a light supper retired to their cabins. The theatregoers came on board last, dressed in evening attire.

Among the late comers were Joseph Brooks and Herbert Gresham. The former is going to London to engage a company for the Drury Lane production of "Ben Hur," and Mr. Gresham, general stage manager for Klaw & Erlanger, will begin getting things in readiness. Frank L. Brown, Chairman of the Panama Exposition in San Francisco, is also a passenger. He is called abroad on business connected with the exposition, but will stay only until the return of the Lusitania. Gertrude Vanderbilt, the dancer, arrived shortly before midnight with a party of thirty friends, who promised to stay until the boat sailed.

Everybody was pleased that the Lusitania by leaving so early will probably arrive at Fishguard between 8 and 9 o'clock next Monday morning, allowing them to eat their luncheon in London or catch the 2:20 o'clock boat express from Charing Cross to Paris or Brussels, arriving at either city at 9 o'clock the same night, or Berlin the next morning.

In the Summer, when the liners go on the short route, the time of arrival will be three hours earlier, the Cunard agents say. Passengers not only avoided the early rising and drive to the pier this morning, but they also saved the expense and inconvenience of going to a hotel for the night.

Passengers for Ireland will land at Fishguard and catch the morning boat for Rosslare, which makes connections with trains for all parts of Ireland.

The night was bright and clear, with a westerly wind blowing 35 to 40 miles an hour, and the river and slips were all clear of ice when Commander Charles on the bridge gave the signal to Capt. E. J. Roberts, the marine Superintendent, sharp at two bells, to lower away the gangway.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Roland Hogue, an Australian baritone, has been engaged by Henry W. Savage for the role of Capt. Donald Grahame in "Little Boy Blue," at the Lyric Theatre, to replace C. Morton Horne.

Mabel Taliaferro will play a limited season in vaudeville over the Orpheum Circuit, opening at the Majestic Theatre, Chicago, on March 10. She will appear in a one-act play by Edward Peple, called "Taken on Credit."

Owing to the length of the performance of "Oliver Twist," the curtain at the New Amsterdam Theatre will rise on the first scene at 8 o'clock each evening hereafter, and at 2 o'clock at the matinees on Wednesday and Saturday.

Baroness Lida von Wedell has completed an oil sketch of Leopoldine Konstantin in the role of the Beautiful Slave of Fatal Enchantment in "Sumurun." The sketch has been placed on view in the lobby of the Casino Theatre.

Continuation Sale starting to-day with Lot No. 558.

R. J. Horner & Co.

having removed from their 23rd St. Store to their New Building, 20 to 26 West 36th St., where they will open, on or about March 4th, with an entirely New Stock,

Jacques Cohen, Auctioneer

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PUBLIC AUCTION

the entire stock of

High Grade Furniture

of Every Description

For the Drawing Room, Library, Living Room, Boudoir, Dining Room, etc. Also for the office

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Sale takes place on the premises,

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GIRLS FORM MARRIAGE TRUST

Scotch Plains Youths Must Either Wed or Provide Silk Gowns.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTFIELD, N. J., Feb. 27.—Unless the leap year plans of Scotch Plains girls go amiss the 1912 marriage record of the village will shatter the figures of former years.

Under the leadership of Miss Florence Wade the unmarried young women of the village have banded themselves into a "pop-the-question brigade." All of the young women have followers, and unless they propose marriage by Easter Sunday the young women will take the matter into their own hands. Miss Wade, the leading spirit of the band, is 26 years old and is the organist in the Methodist Church.

"Certainly all the girls are going to pop the question to their best fellows," said Miss Wade to-day. "All the fellows will be treated alike and if they display no intention of looking up a minister Easter Sunday we will pop the question.

"If they refuse to marry we will demand a silk gown, and if they are not sports enough to give that they will all get fired."

ARRANGE FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

Confederate Veterans' Camp Have Social Session at Hotel Astor.

Forty members of the Confederate Veterans' Camp of New York attended a meeting of the organization last night at the Hotel Astor. R. W. Gwathmey, a member of the Otey Battery of Richmond and of the Thirteenth Battalion of Virginia Artillery during the civil war, presided, and Eugene H. Levy, a former private in the Donaldsville, Louisiana, Artillery, read a diary which he kept during the ten months of the siege of Petersburg before Lee's surrender at Appomattox Court House.

It was decided to hold the Camp's annual Memorial Day services in this city on the last Saturday in May, and to make a steamboat excursion to West Point early in June. Resolutions were also passed in memory of the recent death of Mrs. Roger A. Pryor. Among the veterans who attended the meeting were: C. R. Hatton, an Adjutant General of A. C. Godwin's Brigade; Edwin Silvage, formerly of the First Maryland Infantry, and Gen. Henry T. Douglass, once an engineer on the staff of Gen. Magruder.

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Six-cylinder perfection—the supreme achievement in motor car construction—is strikingly exemplified in the Fifty Horse Power

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Test Its Riding Qualities

You simply cannot realize what six-cylinder perfection means until you have travelled in the Fiat. Let us demonstrate to you the exhilaration of riding in such a car over any route—country or city, as you may suggest.

The 35 H.P. Fiat Four-Cylinder Shaft Drive Model, with any style open body, $4500. Six-cylinder, any style open body, $5500.

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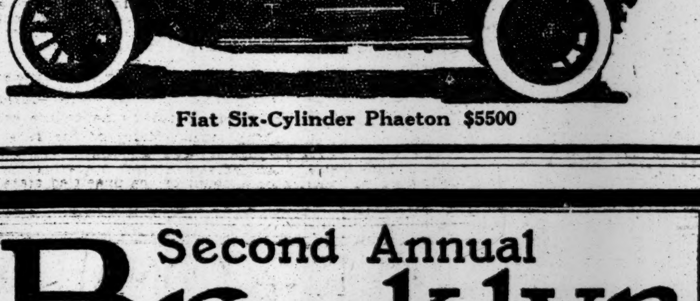

Fiat Six-Cylinder Phaeton $5500

Second Annual

Brooklyn Auto Show

THE Brooklyn Auto Show this year excels in every respect that of 1911, which was pronounced by competent judges the most beautiful exhibition of the kind ever held in the United States. Concert afternoon and evening by Old Guard Band.

Open Until Saturday Night

23rd Regiment Armory

(Bedford Avenue, "Atlantic to Pacific")

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS

Auto Show Souvenir

During each day of the Show, the first 500 ladies purchasing tickets at the Box Office, after 1:30 P. M., and the first 500 purchasing tickets at the Box Office, after 7:30 P. M., will receive a box of Park & Tilford's Finest Chocolates.

To reach the Show from Manhattan, take Fulton Street "L" to Franklin or Nostrand Avenue Station

OVERALLS CAUSE DEATH.

Carpenter's Raiment Hooked by Engine and He Is Killed on Track.

A waiter on a dining car standing in the Grand Central yards last night saw the body of a man dangling from a motor engine passing on another track. At a cry from him Joseph Herdner, the motorman, of 431 East 155th Street, brought the engine to a stop. Life was already crushed out of the man. One of his legs had been cut off under the wheels.

The body was identified as that of Andrew Fessler, a carpenter, of 3,753 Park Avenue, who had been working in the Grand Central yards. A projecting piece of the engine had hooked his overalls as he stood by the track, and dragged him over the rails. Policeman Ryan of the East Fifty-first Street Station made an investigation, but no arrests followed, as he considered it an unavoidable accident.

Automobile Exchange

The car you are looking for and automobile accessories advertised in this column. Unreliable advertisements rejected.

ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 60c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.05.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

We have a number of cars left here on sale by our patrons, and among them some 1911 and 1912 cars; rare bargains; it will pay you to investigate.

USED CAR DEPARTMENT,

STODDARD MOTOR CO.,

225 West 57th St., near Broadway.

BARGAINS-Before deciding confer with us It will pay you.

AUTOMOBILES—High-grade used cars. Large stock of standard makes. Cash or terms to suit. We buy, sell, and exchange. Cars taken on commission. No storage charges.

BODIES, TOPS, WINDSHIELDS.

TIRES to reduce your tire cost by from 30% to 50%. Send for our "TIRE PRICE WRECKER."

RUMBLE & RACING SEATS very cheap.

TIMES SQUARE AUTO CO., 1,710 Broadway, Near 54th St. 'Phone 7363 Col.

Bodies All Makes All Styles "Headquarters"

New or used and open or closed.

Right in stock, can fit any chassis,

And the whole job finished to suit.

PRICES LOWER THAN ELSEWHERE!

Fifty Business Bodies at HALF Value.

Tops, Seats, Windshields, etc., at ½ price.

"ARENA," 124 to 130 West 56th,

Body Department of Broadway Auto Exchange.

AUTOMOBILE OUTLET CO.

THE LIGHT EXPENSE BARGAIN HOUSE.

Over 100 high grade cars, all makes; touring $225 to $3,000; runabouts and roadsters, $175 to $600; as you cannot judge the value of a used car by printed prices, come and inspect; we are two blocks west of costly Broadway, and can save you one-third on prices prevailing elsewhere; easy payments arranged. 334 West 44th St., between 8th and 9th Avs. 'Phone 5738 Bryant.

USED PEERLESS CARS.

The time to buy a USED CAR is now before the Spring opens. If you want a bargain call and inspect our list of used cars. ALL MODELS OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED. Peerless Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,760 B'way, N. Y. C.

Tires & Tubes 50%-70% Discount

Magnetos, Lamps, Windshields, Tops, Seats, Half Price!

Broadway Auto Exchange, 1,761 Broadway, (56th-57th.)

Autos at ☛ "Headquarters"

New York's Automobile Bargain Establishment "Par Excellence."

Every Make and Style, $150 to $3,500.

Broadway Auto Exchange, 1761 Broadway.

Big bargains in slightly used cars, Chalmers, Peerless, Simplex, six-cylinder Stevens-Duryea, Fiat, Rambler; all fore door, fully equipped, and excellent condition; will sell quickly; need cash. Astor, 1,606 Broadway.

Renault, Itala, Isotta, and Locomobile limousine cars, late models, and in perfect condition; great opportunity to quick buyers. Astor, 1,606 Broadway.

Stevens-Duryea, little six, fore door; fully equipped; perfect condition; bargain. Astor, 1,606 Broadway.

A fine Chalmers limousine, 1911, 30 h. p., slightly used; guaranteed. K. C. Darling, 208 West 50th St.

Spot cash paid for all makes of automobiles. Astor Automobile Exchange, 732 7th Av.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRS.

AUTOMOBILES OVERHAULED

and repaired. First-class work guaranteed. Charles Griffiths, 238 East 20th St. Tel. 5344 Gram.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

Packards, open, closed, elegant 7-passengers, regular customers, $2.00-$4.50 hour; monthly, $200-$500; theatre, $4.00-$10.00. Murray Hill 91.

Automobiles

Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.

All Makes Bought, Sold and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.

BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.

BOSCH MAGNETOS INSTALLED scientifically and reasonably. B. M. Co., 223 West 46th St.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

EVERITT Self-starting cars. Shepherd Motor Car Co., B'way, near 51st St.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

"SIMPLEX" "Made in N. Y. City." 240 West 59th St. Tel. 6183 Col.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6060.

Accom. commercial vehicles. No posts, no elevators. HILLTOP GARAGE 447 to 453 West 151st.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION, $35. Booklet Explains WHY Our Course Is BEST. STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 223 West 54th St., near Broadway. "Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit."

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet, 302 West 57th St.

Quality and Quantity

To The New York Times:

The advertising of the BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE in The New York Times has brought exceptional results, both as to inquiries and sales, not to speak of the general publicity.

We keep an accurate record of the direct results of all advertising and the records show that The New York Times not only brings an enormous quantity of inquiries but that the quality of the inquiries is far above the average.

The results from the advertising of the BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE indicate that The New York Times comes nearer to combining quality and quantity of circulation and results than any other newspaper we have used.

THE GROLIER SOCIETY,
A. E. Smith, President.

GIANT REGULARS OFF FOR MARLIN

Party of Fifteen Players, in Charge of Mathewson, Leave St. Louis To-night.

Christy Mathewson, Rube Marquard, and Grover Hartley left the city yesterday for St. Louis, where "Matty" will round up a party of fifteen of the Giant regulars and take them to Marlin. The squad will have two special sleepers out of St. Louis to-night, and all expect to report to Manager McGraw at the Giants' camp to-morrow night and will be ready for work on Friday morning. Charley Herzog and Arthur Devlin joined Mathewson at Harrisburg, and Capt. Larry Doyle will also join before reaching St. Louis.

Chief Meyers and Snodgrass, who have been spending the Winter in California, are now on their way to Texas. Merkle, Fletcher, Jack Murray, Josh Devore, "Red" Ames, Wiltse, Crandall, Wilson, and several other players will be in the party which leaves St. Louis to-night. The regulars are not due to work very hard in Texas, and the regular pitchers will receive only the lightest kind of work. McGraw has been unusually successful in bringing his pitchers up to the opening of the season gradually, and there has been very little lame-arm trouble on his pitching staff. The hard work of the Spring training camp falls on the recruits, who go through their paces fast every day.

The Brooklyn regulars also started for Hot Springs yesterday to join Manager Bill Dahlen and the Dodger recruits who have been at the resort for a week. Willie Keeler will have charge of the Brooklyn expedition. Catcher Phelps, whom Brooklyn got from Toronto in exchange for Pitcher Steele and Outfielder Moran, were with Keeler when he left. At Philadelphia Capt. Jake Daubert and Pitcher Stack, who was traded by Philadelphia for Doc Scanlon, joined the party. The squad will grow as it goes along. John Hummel, who is booked to play right field for the Superbas this season, will join at Harrisburg, and Pitchers Baron, Knetzer, Schardt, and Outfielder Coulson will augment the squad at Pittsburgh. "Dolly" Stark, Burke, and several others join at Cincinnati, while Nap Rucker, Cy Barger, Higgins and Daley will go to Hot Springs from Memphis. Brooklyn has great hopes in Morrow, the Purdee College pitcher whom President Ebbets signed last season. He has the reputation of being the best twirler among the Western colleges.

Mr. Ebbets is so busy with the details of building his new park that he will not go to the Spring training camp. He stated yesterday that he considered himself fortunate in getting Willie Keeler to coach his players in batting and base running. Keeler is a past master at the bunting game, and will instruct the Dodger batsmen in this difficult style of hitting. Manager Dahlen expects to have every member of his team in uniform by Friday.

Capt. Bill Sweeney, the Boston second baseman, comes out as one of the most serious holdouts of the season. He is not satisfied with the contract which President John M. Ward sent him, calling for a salary of $3,600. Sweeney has written to President Ward stating that he wants $4,200, as he believes his excellent work last season warrants the raise. "Without boasting," says Sweeney, "I think I can say that I played $4,000 ball last year for a salary of $3,000. On my playing alone I think I deserve a salary of $4,200. I was offered the management of the Cincinnati Club by President Herrmann, but the Boston management would not listen to my going, thus depriving me of a good chance which may never come my way again. I was very anxious to go to Cincinnati as manager. The action of the Boston Club in blocking the deal cut me out of a fine opportunity to make good at the top of my chosen profession. Under these circumstances I feel that I am entitled to some consideration at the hands of the Boston Club. I am not bluffing when I say I will not sign the contract of $3,600 offered me by President Ward."

If the Boston Club does not meet Sweeney's terms he will go into business with his father, Dr. John Sweeney, in Newport, Ky.

Phillies Leave for Spring Training.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—Accompanied by a number of non-combatants, ten players of the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club left here to-day for West Baden, Ind., where a stop will be made on the way to the Spring training grounds at Hot Springs, Ark. At West Baden the party will join fourteen players of the club who are already there. According to present plans the entire party will leave the Indiana health resort on Sunday and will reach the training grounds the next day. The party included players Dooin, Knabe, Chalmers, Doolan, Lobert, Titus, Oldham, Kutz, Cashman, and Scanlon, President Horace S. Fogel, some friends of the team, and a number of newspaper men.

Collarless Shirts for Cub Players.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Manager Frank Chance of the Cubs having figured out that baseball shirts made without collars are fifteen degrees cooler than those having them has ordered two sets of uniforms for his players without this adornment. They are to be used on extremely hot days. One uniform is to be used in traveling, the other on the home grounds. The home uniforms will be of cream color with a blue stripe. The traveling garment will be of solid blue.

Sullivan Signs with White Sox.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Billy Sullivan, cashier and ranking veteran of the White Sox in point of service, attached his signature to a new contract yesterday. Pitcher Jordan of New London, Conn., right-hander, also sent in a signed contract.

Bernier to Coach New Hampshire.

DURHAM, N. H., Feb. 27.—Charles Bernier, who recently signed with the Detroit Club of the American League, will coach the New Hampshire College baseball team for the coming season.

Boston Nationals at Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 27.—Manager John M. Ward of the Boston National Club arrived here to-day to conclude arrangements for the Spring training of his team. The entire squad will report in Augusta March 6. Mr. Ward has made tentative arrangements with George Stallings for the exhibition games with the Buffalo team.

Ebbets Drafts College Pitcher.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Feb. 27.—The Brooklyn Baseball Club has drafted Morris Kent, former baseball and football star of the University of Iowa, and for some time pitcher with the Waterloo (Iowa) Club. Kent will report at Hot Springs, Ark., at once.

ENGLISH STROKE AT YALE.

Harriman to Study Rowing at Oxford and Cambridge.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 27.—That English methods of rowing are to figure to some extent in the training of the Yale crew this season is believed to be indicated by a trip which William Averill Harriman, son of the late E. H. Harriman, and coach of the Yale freshman crew, is making to England. Harriman will spend three weeks at Oxford and Cambridge Universities about the time of the annual regatta of those universities, and it is believed that the trip is being made for the purpose of studying the English stroke with a view to its adaptation to Yale needs.

Rowing officials at Yale maintain secrecy in regard to the trip and say it has no special significance. It is admitted that during his stay Harriman may give an order for an English shell. Harriman sailed last Thursday.

Olympic Horse Riding Competitions.

Secretary James E. Sullivan of the Amateur Athletic Union yesterday received a letter from the Swedish Olympic Committee regarding the horse-riding competition and modern pentathlon during the Olympic Games. The letter calls attention to the fact that the entry on June must give the number of competitors and horses, while the second entry, closing July 1, must state the names of the competitors. Owing to the difficulty in securing horses for the modern Pentathlon, it is required that competitors who desire to have horses supplied by the Swedish Olympic Committee must make the desired application on or before April 1.

International Wrestling Contest.

The international wrestling contests which will be staged Friday night at the Clermont Avenue Rink, Brooklyn, in which Karla, the Mohammedan from Panjaab, India, will appear should create unusual interest. Karla, with Bux and Gama, who put Zbyszko on the defensive for upwards of three hours, are the first mat artists from the Far East that ever invaded England.

ENGLAND LEADS AUSTRALIA.

British Cricketers Now 357 Runs Ahead in Test Match.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—English cricketers increased their lead in the international match with Australia yesterday at Sidney, Australia. When play began England had scored 324 in the first inning and Australia had lost 5 wickets for 133 runs. The remaining 5 wickets added 43 runs, the inning closing for 176.

England compiled 209 for 9 wickets in the second inning, when play ceased for the day. With one wicket to fall England is now 357 runs ahead.

FIRST PRACTICE GAME.

McGraw's Team Defeats McCormick's Nine by Score of 4 to 3.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, Feb. 27.—Bunching all their hits in the last two innings, John McGraw's team defeated Harry McCormick's youngsters, 4 to 3, in the first practice game of the year. McCormick's combination jumped off to a two-run lead in the opening inning and picked up another tally in the fourth. McGraw's outfit did not score until the fifth, but jumped Jack Ferrell for two counts in that round and two more in the sixth. As soon as his team showed in front McGraw called the game.

Emmet Munsell did not allow a hit or a run in the three innings he worked, retiring eight men in succession after Jack Johnston had played him for a pass in the first round. The former Dallas star put all his stuff on exhibition, flashing a sharp-breaking curve and good speed.

Jack Ferrell, who succeeded him in the fourth, was not so anxious to go stale before the season even starts, and contented himself, as did Tesreau and Maxwell, with getting the ball over the plate. The three were hit rather hard, Ferrell yielding three singles, two doubles, and a triple; Tesreau three singles, and Maxwell two singles.

The fielding was smart on both sides. Henry Groh whose infield play has been a continued sensation since the beginning of training, shared the honors in this department with Harry Devore, who pulled down three flies in short left field as well as his big brother ever did. Devore improves every day, and will probably establish connection with a good minor league club when the Giants get back to the North. He was his team's batting star, drawing a pass the first time up and a single the second, being the only player on his team to reach first base twice. With two down in the fifth Wilbert Robinson singled and loped to third on Maxwell's long double to left. Groh drove both men home with another two-timer to left.

Johnston broke open the sixth with a triple down the left field line, but neglected to get started when Shafer signaled for a squeeze and the sacrifice was wasted. Bues, however, brought him through with a hard smash through short, and himself scored on Stock's error on Burns's grounder and Jacobson's infield out, Stock to Luby. McGraw's line-up was easily the strongest hitting array, on dope, but was helpless as long as Munsell pitched curves to them.

Tesreau and Maxwell both got off to uncertain starts, but soon settled down. Stock's hit, a pass to Devore, and McCormick's infield out accounted for the McCormicks' first run and Shafer's muff of Robinson's throw on an attempted double steal by Devore and Luby presented them with the second.

Tesreau retired the side in order in the second and worked safely through the third, though the path was rough. An infield error put Maxwell in bad at the very start of his spell on the mound, singles by Dupuy, a local boy, and Munsell chasing Thompson over the pan.

Frank Nohowell, the Columbia University man, did not get out to practice. He sprained an ankle yesterday and neglected to have it attended to. He expects to be around again in three or four days. The score by innings:

							R.	H.	E.
McGraw's Team	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	5	1
McCormick's Team	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	5	1

CHAMPIONS TO COMPETE.

Sheppard, Gissing, Meyer, Kiviat and Others in War Veterans' Sports.

Olympic, National, and metropolitan champions will be seen in action to-morrow night in the armory of the Twenty-second Regiment with the running of the Spanish War Veteran's games. If there was nothing else in the way of features aside from the 400 meter race in which Mel Sheppard and Harry Gissing will figure at the post of honor, this event alone would be worth a journey to witness. Each is acknowledged to be in his best form and able to set a new mark for the distance—437.4 yards.

In addition to this all-star attraction, however, there will be Alvah Meyer, the sprinting "phenom"; Hal Heiland and Charlie Clark in the short-distance events; Abel Kiviat, who showed his heels to the best in the country in the Baxter mile, and who will attempt to lower Sheppard's best mark of 2.17 4-5 for the 1,000 meter route, and "Wee" Willie Kramer, who has been taking the measure of Bonhag and the other champions at races over a journey, will take a shy at the "Indoor King's" best mark in the 3,000 meter race.

Clubs in Cross-Country Run.

The Sheridan Athletic Club Larriers will hold a cross-country run on Sunday with the athletes of the Educational Alliance. The start will be made at 3:30 from East Broadway and Jefferson Street.

High School of Commerce Games.

The High School of Commerce will hold its annual indoor track and field games Friday night at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. Eleven events are scheduled for the members of the school alone in which over 450 entries have been received. In addition to the regular closed events, two special numbers have been arranged for with the feature being an eight-mile team race. Many of the best long-distance runners of the Amateur Athletic Union have sent in their entries, including Harry Smith and Frank Joyce, Pastime-Mohawk team; "Eddie" Carr and "Eddie" Jordan, Xavier team; A. Ahlgren and H. Cullen, Glencoe team; Frank Devlin and "Tom" Dwyer, Mott Haven team, and three from the Morningside Athletic Club. The other open event will be a two-mile handicap bicycle race. All of the best flat floor bicycle riders of the district will compete in this event.

2,000 MOTOR BOAT OWNERS WITHDRAW

Hudson River Association Starts Break from American P. B. A. Over Change of Rules.

That the attitude taken by the American Power Boat Association at its annual meeting held last week would be resented by the real amateurs in the motor boat game was expected. The first break came when at the annual meeting of the Hudson River Yacht Racing Association a resolution was unanimously adopted for the appointment of a rules committee to make rules under which their regatta for 1912 will be held.

This association is composed of the following clubs: Albany Yacht Club, Rondout Yacht Club, Poughkeepsie Yacht Club, Newburg Yacht Club, Highland Boat Club, Shattemuc Yacht Club, Tarrytown Yacht Club, New York Motor Boat Club and Colonial Yacht Club, Tarrytown Boat Club, Tappan Zee Yacht Club, Yonkers Yacht Club, twelve clubs representing a membership of 2,000 owners.

In commenting on the action of the association Commodore Selden of the New York Motor Boat Club said: "Formerly the regattas of the Hudson River Yacht Racing Association were held under the rules of the American Power Boat Association, but the intention of that association is so evident from its last meeting to use the amateur clubs and members of such clubs merely as adjuncts to conceal the jockeying moves of naval architects and engine builders in covering their professionalism, that the 2,000 boat owners of our association have decided it is about time to make rules of our own under which veritable amateur races can be held and leave to the naval architects and engine builders of the A. P. B. A. their own professional races.

"No one who was not present could imagine the boldness of their actions. A group of about three men had formulated an entirely new set of rules which they expected would be ratified by some seven or eight delegates, the average attendance heretofore at an annual meeting of the association. Instead of this, when the meeting was finally called to order there were ninety delegates present, all full of fight. The programme had to be radically changed. One naval architect put a rule over by which a 16-foot hydroplane would rate as a 32-foot displacement boat. When this was discovered by the architects interested in hydroplanes they raised such objections that the resolution had to be reconsidered and a committee appointed to decide on what a hydroplane really is.

"Next the Race Committee had a resolution passed that any foreign club which might win the gold challenge cup could not take it away with them but would have to race for it always in American waters. Such an unsportsmanlike rule was promptly reconsidered by the more sober delegates and that rule remains as formerly.

"I look for our action to be promptly followed by other racing associations, as the amateur racing sport of motor boats is now too large to be controlled by the naval architects and engine builders; these gentlemen must either follow the lead of the amateur boat men or flock by themselves in a class purely professional."

The next regatta of the association will be held at the clubhouse of the New York Motor Boat Club on Labor Day. There will probably be an attendance of 5,000. The following officers were elected for 1912: President—E. W. Marshall, Yonkers Yacht Club; Vice Presidents—W. H. Frank, Poughkeepsie; J. P. Olcutt, Tappan Zee; R. B. Greene, Tarrytown, and C. F. Chapman, New York; Secretary—Joseph H. Acker, Tarrytown; Treasurer—James Bedell, Shattemuc; Measurer—Charles O. Gunther, Nyack.

Racing Commission for Maryland.

Baltimore County, Md., in which Pimlico, the old race course of the Maryland Jockey Club, is situated, is striving for the establishment of a racing commission to govern the racing of horses. A bill has been prepared by Mr. Bowen and will be introduced in the House of Delegates to-night to create this commission. It is framed after the law that created the New York Racing Commission, and the duties of the body are along the same lines. In its preamble the act undertakes to provide for the regulation, control, and licensing of horse racing within Baltimore County. The commission so named is composed of Redmond C. Stewart, Frederick Von Kapff, and Spaulding L. Jenkins. They are to hold office for four years, and their successors will be appointed by the Governor.

One Race Meeting for Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 27.—In all probability there will be but one Spring race meeting here, and that will be at Churchill Downs. Word was received from General Manager Matt Winn that it has practically been decided not to ask for a division of racing dates this Spring, and Douglass Park will get the Fall meeting. The State Racing Commission is expected to meet about March 16 to assign the dates. It is understood Lexington will ask for thirteen days. It is likely Louisville will want eighteen days, following Lexington, and Latonia twenty-five days.

Big Offer for Knight of the Thistle.

R. H. McCarter Potter, owner of the Pequest Stud, refused an offer of $7,000 for his stallion, Knight of the Thistle, made by an agent of a prominent English breeder a few days ago. Mr. Potter named $12,000 as a figure at which he would sell the horse. Knight of the Thistle, a nineteen-year-old son of Rosebery-The Empress Maud, was foaled in Great Britain, where he raced with distinction. His most notable victories were the March Stakes, at Newmarket; Royal Hunt Cup, at Ascot; Limekiln Stakes, Kempton Park, Great Jubilee, and Craven Stakes, at Epsom.

Croker Horse Killed at Exercise.

Richard Croker, who is wintering at Palm Beach, Fla., with his niece has been notified of the death of his two-year-old Orono, by the Derby Winner Orby. The horse broke loose at exercise, and in trying to jump a gate was killed. Orono was a promising youngster, and was expected to make an excellent showing on the turf.

Horsemen Leaving Mexico.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 27.—The Juarez races were called off to-day owing to the rebel attack on the town. Many of the race horses were brought across the border to the American side, and horsemen are preparing to leave Mexico on account of the unsettled state of the country.

AUTO RACING DATES.

Ten Events Sanctioned by the A. A. A. Contest Board.

The automobile contest dates have been assigned by the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association, and eighteen proposed contests are awaiting official assignment of dates. Of the latter probably ten or twelve will be added to the racing schedule. One of the latest applications is that of the Old Orchard Automobile Association for a three-day meeting on the beach sand, which is intended to replace the Ormonde beach meet.

The racing season opened at Bakersville, Cal., on Washington's Birthday with the annual Bakersville road race of 212 miles. It was a successful affair, and resulted in an easy victory for the Stutz car driven by Jack Basye. There were fifteen starters, including the Buick, Knox, National, Mitchell, and Pope-Hartford. The time of the Stutz car was 5:44:59, which was excellent considering the rough course. The Mitchell was second in 7:05:25, and the Buick third in 7:08:49.

The following definite dates and proposed contests were announced yesterday by the Contest Board:

SCHEDULED EVENTS.

March 4 to 9—Track, Montgomery, Ala.; Alabama Automobile Association.
March 17—Track, San Jose, Cal.; Emile Agraz and W. T. Buehren.
May 4—Santa Monica Road Race; A. M. Young, Chirman.
May 14 to 17—Commercial Vehicle Reliability Run; Chicago Motor Club.
May 30—Speedway, (500-Mile Race;) Indianapolis Motor Speedway.
May 30—Track, Salem, N. H.; Rockingham Park.
June 20—Algonquin Hill Climb; Chicago Motor Club.
August 8 to 10—Beach Races, Galveston, Texas; Galveston Auto Club.
August 23 and 24—Elgin Road Races; Chicago Motor Club.
September 2—Speedway; Indianapolis Motor Speedway.
October 7 to 11—Reliability Run; Chicago Motor Club.

PROPOSED CONTESTS.

March 4 to 8—Reliability Run; Houston (Texas) Motor Club.
April 27—Speedway; Los Angeles Motordrome.
May 17 and 18—Track, Denver, Col.; Colorado State Auto Association.
June 6—Reliability Run; Washington Post.
June—Reliability Run; Auto Club of St. Louis.
June—Hill Climb, Portland, Me.; Maine Automobile Association.
July 4—Track; Petersburg, Ind.
July 4 to 6—Beach Races, Old Orchard, Me.; Old Orchard Auto Association.
July 4 and 5—Track, Taylor, Texas; Taylor Automobile Club.
July—Road Race, Riverhead, L. I.
July—Reliability Run; Maine Automobile Association.
July 15—Reliability Tour; Wisconsin State Auto Association.
September—Track, St. Louis, Mo.; Universal Exposition Company.
October 5—Fairmount Park Road Race; Quaker City Motor Club.
October 12—Track, Salem, N. H.; Rockingham Park.
November 6—Track, Shreveport, La.; Shreveport, Auto Club.
Road Race; Wichita Falls, Texas.
Track, Milwaukee, Wis.; Milwaukee Auto Club.

CHANGE OF AUTO LIGHTS.

Technical Committee Proposed to Consider Bill at Albany.

A movement is on foot to have the Stilwell bill referred to a committee consisting of President Henry Sanderson of the Automobile Club of America, a prominent accessory man, and one other technical expert. The bill refers to the new style of tail light to be used on the automobile, and is opposed in its present shape by motorists throughout New York State. If the bill becomes a law, it will cost the automobile owners in New York State about $2,000,000, as the proposed change in lights means an individual loss to each owner of $30. The bill is supposed to favor a patented device which costs about $20, with an additional $10 to install it on the car.

It is generally admitted that some modification of the present height of the tail lamp might be made, but the proposed change is characterized by President Deer of the New York State Automobile Association as "one of the most unreasonable pieces of legislation that has ever been inaugurated against automobilists, not only in New York State, but it would apply to every automobilist who came into our State from the outside, and places us at the mercy of owners and manufacturers of the patented light."

The needs of State automobilists are known and appreciated by the Automobile Club of America and other motor organizations, and it is felt that if the proposed change is submitted to a technical committee the requirements for the protection of the public and justice to auto owners would be fully met. The Automobile Dealers' Association and other bodies are taking active steps to prevent the passage of the bill in the lower house in its present shape.

OPPOSE AUTO SIGNALS.

Owners Don't Want Cars Equipped with Them to Indicate Slowing Down.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 27.—Representatives of automobile associations of the State protested vigorously to-day before the Senate Committee on Codes against the Stilwell bill, which would compel automobile owners to equip their machines with changeable signals to indicate when the machines were about to slow down. It would cost about $40 to install the Stilwell signal on a motor car.

Melvin Bender, representing the State Automobile Association, said the bill, would open the door to the adoption of a dozen similar devices. As the bill applies to the owners of machines driven into New York from other States it would have a tendency to keep out other automobilists and hurt business in general.

Charles C. Terry said it could be taken for granted that the owner of some patent would have a monopoly. He added that it was not necessary to show a green light below the red light on the rear of an automobile when the machine is slowing down, and that there was never any accident which would be avoided by such device.

The bill is favored by representatives of chauffeurs.

AUTOISTS THRONG BROOKLYN SHOW

Long Island Club Night Brings Out Big Crowd—Many Racing Drivers on Hand.

With a decided improvement in weather conditions there was an increase in the number of visitors yesterday at the second annual Brooklyn Automobile Show at the Twenty-third Regiment Armory. As on Monday, 1,000 women visitors received fancy pound boxes of bon-bons.

It was "Long Island Automobile Club Day," and the majority of the members of that organization met one another in the wide aisles of the armory floor or at the booths of the club at the south side of the building, making the occasion an enjoyable one socially for them. To-night will be "society night," but there will be no increase in the price of admission.

Many prominent speed drivers were present. David Bruce-Brown, twice winner of the Grand Prize race, dropped in during the afternoon with Ralph De Palma. Louis Disbrow, who is expected to establish new records this season, with his new 290 horse power racer, and several other speedy but smaller cars, which he is building at Jamaica, was among the visiting drivers; also Neil Whalen, who has been Disbrow's teammate in a number of races. Ralph Mulford, who won the Vanderbilt Cup race at Savannah last Fall; "Bill" Chandler, his mechanician; George Aimslee, and others were also on hand. George Robertson, President of the Motor Drivers' Association, who before his accident was considered for a long time America's premier driver, and other pilots were present.

Gen. Charles Nelson, who was second Assistant Postmaster General under President Cleveland, dropped in as an unexpected visitor and paid his respects to J. V. Lowell, the Warren-Detroit manager. Both Gen. Nelson and Mr. Lowell are from the South, where the former has motored many thousands of miles in his Warren "40." He will leave Brooklyn this week for Dixie on the steamship City of Savannah.

Each day the interest in the commercial vehicle section of the show increases, and hundreds of business men have visited the display. The field for motor trucks in Brooklyn and Long Island is one of the best in the country. There are truck farms scattered in all parts of the island, which provide produce for the merchants in Manhattan and Brooklyn, and wise farmers have realized the importance of quick delivery. The towns on the island are connected by smooth highways, along which the farms are located, and it is only a matter of a few hours for produce to be delivered fresh to the markets from far points on the island.

There are twenty-two different makes of commercial wagons on view of all sizes, tonnages, and capacities suitable for all lines of business. Many sales were reported yesterday. F. T. Bloxham sold a five-ton Peerless truck to the L. Michel Brewing Company. Other makes sold included Garford, Alco, Ford, Durabe-Dayton, and Packard. The complete list of trucks now is as follows: Alco, Autocar, Brooks, Buick, Cass, Commer, Crawford, Decatur-Hoosier, Durable-Dayton, Ford, Garford, Gramm, Knickerbocker, Knox, Kissel-Mar, Lippard-Stewart, Mercury, Poss, Pope-Hartford, Packard, Peerless, and Universal.

Speed of Electric Vehicles.

The standardization of the electric vehicle from a speed standpoint was the subject of an illustrated lecture last night by Alexander Churchward before the Electric Vehicle Association of America at its monthly meeting at the Engineering Societies Building. Mr. Churchward brought many facts to bear on the subject and advanced a mass of statistics to support his contentions. He specially advocated "keeping the maximum speeds down to such a point that the electric vehicle will hold its present position, that for city work and short hauls it is the cheapest and most reliable method of mechanical traction." A discussion followed, in which many present took part. The monthly business meeting of the club was held before the lecture with President W. H. Blood in the chair.

Boy Scouts Lose Rifle Match.

The rifle team of Morris High School defeated the Australian Boy Scouts' sharpshooters in a 500-point match yesterday afternoon in the Old Battery A Armory, 166th Street and Franklin Aveune, by the score of 462 to 402. The teams were made up of five boys. There was no perfect score of 100 points made by any of the participants in the match, the nearest approach to the mark being made by Romeo of the Morris High School team, who tallied 98. The individual point score of each team was as follows:

MORRIS H. S.	Pts.	AUSTRALIAN BOY SCOUTS.	Pts.
Jaeger	87	Way	84
Furia	90	Bouria	91
Tickett	92	Glaskin	87
Fogg	95	Allen	83
Romeo	98	Davidson	57
Total	462	Total	402

Manhattan Closes Basket Ball Season.

Manhattan College basket ball team closed its season last night by defeating the five from Seaton Hall College of South Orange, N. J., on the courts of the Irish-American A. C. by the score of 42 to 17. The New Yorkers, after playing a total of seventeen games throughout the season, were victorious in twelve, while they were defeated in five games. Manhattan played a fast game and carried the Jerseyites at a fast clip from the first whistle. At the close of the first half the score stood 24 to 10 in favor of Manhattan, and with their usual fast finish ran up eighteen points, while their opponents only scored seven. Suarez and Loesch, the veterans of last year, were the individual stars for Manhattan, each tallying eight goals from the field. The line-up:

Manhattan.	Position.	Seton Hall.
Suarez	Right forward	Nuegent, Kerrigan
Ryan, Bolton	Left forward	Jones
Leonard	Centre	Flaherty
Loesch	Right guard	McQuaid
Flynn, Bligh	Left guard	Pipolaski, Curran

Goals from field—Suarez (8,) Loesch (8,) Jones (4,) Flaherty (2,) Flynn, (2,) Ryan, Leonard, Loesch. Goals from fouls—Flaherty (3,) Loesch (2.) Referee—J. Burchell, St. John's College. Time of halves—Fifteen and twenty minutes

To Study Soccer Conditions.

Fred A. Barter, President of the Province of Quebec Football Association, and A. E. Dawson of the Sons of England Football Club of Montreal, two prominent factors in soccer football in Canada, arrived in this city yesterday in order to get into close touch with the soccer conditions here, and with the ultimate object of establishing proper and amicable relations between the soccer followers of the two countries. The object of their tour, which will extend to New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, is to learn at first hand the basis of organization in this country in order to apply the principles, if found practicable, to the formation of a National organization across the border.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE, 1912.

FORMERLY EASTERN LEAGUE.

	AT TORONTO.	AT MONTREAL.	AT BUFFALO.	AT ROCHESTER.	AT BALTIMORE.	AT PROVIDENCE.	AT NEWARK.	AT JERSEY CITY
TORONTO.		May 25, 26, 27, 28 July 7, 8, 9, 10 Sept. 7, 8, 9	June 10, 11, 11, 12 July 4, 4*, 5, 6 Sept. 4, 5, 6	May 30, 30*, 31, June 1 July 18, 19, 20, 20 Sept. 2, 2*, 3	May 1, 2, 3, 4 July 27, 28, 29, 29 Aug. 16, 17, 17	April 26, 27, 28, 29 June 24, 25, 26 Aug. 9, 10, 11, 12	April 22, 23, 24, 25 June 20, 21, 22, 23 Aug. 13, 14, 15	April 18, 19, 20, 21 June 16, 17, 18, 19 Aug. 6, 7, 8
MONTREAL.	June 6, 7, 8, 8 July 15, 16, 17 Sept. 11, 12, 13, 14		May 30, 30*, 31, June 1 July 18, 19, 20, 20 Sept. 2, 2*, 3	June 10, 11, 11, 12 July 4, 4*, 5, 6 Sept. 4, 5, 6	April 18, 19, 20, 20 June 20, 21, 22, 22 Aug. 13, 14, 15	April 22, 23, 24, 25 June 16, 17, 18, 19 Aug. 6, 7, 8	April 26, 27, 28, 29 June 27, 28, 29, 30 Aug. 16, 17, 18	May 1, 2, 4, 5 June 24, 25, 26 Aug. 9, 10, 11, 12
BUFFALO.	June 3, 3, 4, 5 July 11, 12, 13, 13 Sept. 16, 17, 18	June 13, 14, 15 July 1, 1*, 2, 3 Sept. 19, 20, 21, 22		June 6, 7, 8, 8 July 15, 16, 17 Sept. 11, 12, 13, 14	April 22, 23, 24, 25 June 24, 25, 26 Aug. 9, 10, 10, 12	May 1, 2, 4, 5 June 27, 28, 29, 30 Aug. 16, 17, 18	April 18, 19, 20, 21 June 16, 17, 18, 19 Aug. 6, 7, 8	April 26, 27, 28, 29 June 20, 21, 22, 23 Aug. 13, 14, 15
ROCHESTER.	June 14, 15, 15 July 1, 1*, 2, 3 Sept. 19, 20, 21, 21	June 2, 3, 3, 4 July 11, 12, 13, 14 Sept. 15, 16, 17	May 25, 27, 28, 29 July 8, 9, 10 Sept. 7, 7, 9, 10		April 26, 27, 29, 30 June 17, 18, 19 Aug. 6, 7, 7, 8	April 18, 19, 20, 21 June 20, 21, 22, 23 Aug. 13, 14, 15	May 1, 2, 4, 5 June 24, 25, 26 Aug. 9, 10, 11, 12	April 22, 23, 24, 25 June 27, 28, 29, 30 Aug. 4, 17, 18
BALTIMORE.	May 10, 11, 13, 14 Aug. 2, 3, 5, 5* Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 6, 7, 8, 9 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 23, 24, 25	May 15, 16, 17, 18 July 30, 31, 31, Aug. 1 Aug. 29, 30, 31	May 20, 21, 22, 23 July 26, 27, 27, 29 Aug. 19, 20, 21		May 28, 29, 30, 30* July 8, 9, 10, 11 Sept. 5, 6, 7	May 31, June 1, 2 June 9 July 5, 6, 7, 14 Sept. 15, 16, 17	May 25, 26, 27 June 14, 15, 15 July 21 Sept. 1, 8, 9, 10
PROVIDENCE.	May 15, 16, 17, 18 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 29, 30, 31	May 21, 22, 24, 24* July 26, 27, 28, 29 Aug. 19, 20, 21	May 10, 11, 13, 14 Aug. 2, 3, 3, 5 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 6, 7, 8, 9 July 30, 31, 31, Aug. 1 Aug. 22, 23, 24	June 3, 4, 5, 6 July 1, 2, 4, 4* Sept. 19, 20, 21		May 25, 26, 27 June 14, 15, 15 July 21 Sept. 1, 8, 9, 10	May 31, June 1, 2 July 5, 6, 6, 7 Sept. 11, 12, 14, 15
NEWARK.	May 21, 22, 24, 24* July 30, 31, 31, Aug. 1 Aug. 22, 23, 24	May 16, 17, 18, 19 Aug. 3, 4, 5, 5 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 6, 7, 8, 9 July 26, 27, 27, 29 Aug. 19, 20, 21	May 10, 11, 13, 14 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 29, 30, 31	June 7, 8, 8 July 12, 13, 15, 16 Sept. 11, 12, 12, 14	June 10, 11, 12, 13 July 17, 18, 19, 20 Sept. 2, 2*, 3		May 3, 29, 30, A. M. June 5, 6 July 3, 4 P. M. 10, 11 Sept. 21, 22
JERSEY CITY.	May 6, 7, 8, 9 July 26, 27, 27, 29 Aug. 19, 20, 20	May 10, 11, 12, 14 July 30, 31, 31, Aug. 1 Aug. 29, 30, 31	May 20, 21, 22, 23 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 22, 23, 24	May 15, 16, 17, 18, 18 Aug. 2, 3, 3 Aug. 26, 27, 28	June 10, 11, 12, 13 July 17, 18, 19, 20 Sept. 2, 2*, 3	July 7, 8, 8, 9 July 12, 13, 14, 15 Sept. 16, 17, 18	April 30 May 28, 30, P. M. June 3, 4 July 1, 2, 4 A.M, 8, 9 Sept. 7	

*Holiday.

N. Y. A. C. WINS AT HOCKEY.

Winged Foot Team Defeats Hockey Club by 6 to 2.

The New York Athletic Club hockey team had little trouble in maintaining their hold on third place in the Amateur Hockey League championship series last night, as they defeated the Hockey Club seven by a score of 6 goals to 2 after two halves in which there was more shinny shown than real hockey. From the outset the Winged Foot players had the upper hand, tallying the first three goals before their opponents could get the right focus on the New York Athletic Club cage.

The tally at the end of the initial period was 3 to 2 in favor of the ultimate winners, who subsequently increased their score in the concluding half of the game. The Hockey Club players, who are still at the bottom of the championship ladder, contested every point gained by the athletic club exponents, but found themselves unable to show any idea of direction when it came to an opportunity to make a scoring play.

Reinmund scored the first count for New York when by virtue of a really pretty team play he was enabled to slam through an angle shot which evaded the watchfulness of Regensberger. Denesha was the medium by which New York Athletic Club added to its score the counts being made within a few seconds of each other after 11:40 of play.

Fredericks for the Hockey Club then jumped into the breach and managed by what was solely individual play to record the only two goals gained by his team, which ended the scoring for the first half of the match.

In the second half, after over ten minutes of the sharpest kind of hockey, in which there was a world of stick slashing and tripping, Reinmund managed to get the puck on a pass from Denesha and tally the fourth goal for his side. Gordon, the point, was the player who contributed the next tally for New York, leaving his position wide open in the doing. The last count was made by Denesha on a pass from Peabody after the former had made a carry the length of the ring. In this period there was a seeming wholesale infliction of penalties, as during the major portion of the time the New York Athletic Club team had but five men on the ice. The summary:

N. Y. A. C.	Position.	Hockey Club.
Woods	Goal	Regensberger
Gordon	Point	Norsworthy
White	Cover point	Britton
Denesha	Rover	Hamley
Reinmund	Centre	McKenzie
Peabody	Left wing	Hargrave
McKenna	Right wing	Fredericks

Goals—First period: Reinmund, 2:49; Denesha, 11:40; Denesha, 11:57; Fredericks, 13:32; Fredericks, 17:44. Second period: Reinmund, 10:26; Gordon, 13:32; Denesha, 16:35. Penalties—First period: Hargraves, 2 minutes for slugging; Denesha, 2 minutes for tripping. Second period: Denesha, 2 minutes for slashing; Gordon, 2 minutes for tripping; Reinmund, 2 minutes for loafing. Referee—Ernie Garon, Wanderers Club. Assistant referee—J. Bulger, Wanderers Club. Time—Twenty-minute halves.

WARNING TO GOLF CLUBS.

Delinquents May Be Left Off Handicap List if Names Are Not Sent In.

Unless the Secretaries of a number of well known nearby golf clubs get a move on prominent amateurs are likely to be left off the Metropolitan Golf Association handicap list. There are still twenty-three delinquent clubs, including such prominent organizations as the Garden City Golf Club, Englewood Country Club, Deal Golf and Country Club and the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club.

Blanks were sent to the sixty-six various clubs, on Feb. 2 with the request that they be filled out and the reports returned by Feb. 13. Up to Feb. 15 only 26 clubs had reported. Since then 17 more have been received. The list must be turned over to the printers in a few days and the committee urgently requests the members of the delinquent clubs to at once telephone or otherwise communicate with their local handicap committees and insist that the reports be sent in at once. If the clubs have no one to rate it would be a great convenience to the M. G. A. committee if they would return the report endorsed to that effect. The committee has decided to hold the list open until one-half of the tardy ones have reported, when all work will stop on the rating and the list turned over to the printers.

The delinquent clubs are as follows:

Bedford Golf and Tennis Club, Canoe Brook Country Club, Deal Golf and Country Club, Englewood Country Club, Essex County Country Club, Fairview Country Club, Flushing Country Club, Garden City Golf Club, the Golf Club of Glen Ridge, Mahopac Country Club, Morris County Golf Club, National Golf Links of America, North Jersey Country Club, Ocean Country Club, Princeton Golf Club, Rockland Country Club, Rumson Country Club, Saegkill Golf Club, Scottish-American Golf Club, Shinnecock Hills Golf Club, South Orange Field Club, St. Andrew's Golf Club, and Tuxedo Golf Club.

BALTUSROL GOLF TOURNEY.

Theodore H. Keer Leads Field in Two Cup Contests.

More than seventy-five members of the Baltusrol Golf Club took part in the week-end competition which began on Saturday and continued until yesterday. Theodore H. Keer led the field in both the Secretary's and Artic Cup contests, finishing only one down to bogey in the first named. His handicap was 13. W. Green (10) was 2 down and J. R. Shannon (14) 3 down. They received 3, 2, and 1 point, respectively. At medal play for the Artic Cup Keer returned a cord of 83, 13—70, which entitled him to 3 points. Green got 2 points with 82, 9—73, and Shannon 1 point, with 88, 14—74. Other cards included H. P. McFadden, 97, 20—77; Oscar Woodward, 83, 5—78; B. J. Downer, 97, 19—78, and V. S. Byron, 93, 14—79.

D. W. Granberry and J. H. Eggers have reached the final round in the February competition for the President's Cup. Granberry has a 7-stroke allowance and Eggers 14. L. W. Callan won the President's Cup in December and W. Green in January. The Winter championship, now passed into history, was won by Granberry, who led Oscar Woodward by a margin of 4 strokes over the 72-hole route. J. S. Woodward, 2d, was third. Granberry at present leads in the ringer competition with 12 "birdies," John Woodward is next with 9, while Callan and Byron are tied for third place with 6 each.

Shannon heads the list in the selected score competition with a 58 net. Others close up are Granberry, 59; H. C. Cornwall, 60; Theodore Keer, 60; Eggers and E. C. Carter, 61; John Woodward and Green, 62. There are a dozen others with scores between 63 and 67.

Huking Takes Billiard Game.

In last night's game of the amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at Keeney's Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, Brooklyn, John Huking, who represents Brooklyn in the National Intercity Billiard League, defeated Edward Milkman by the score of 37 to 26. Huking was playing at thirty-seven points, and made his necessary total in seventy-five innings. Milkman was handicapped at thirty-one points. Huking made a high run of five points and Milkman's best efforts netted him three points. In the continuation of the tournament this evening M. Sancher, playing at thirty-two points, will oppose Irving Ells, whose allotted handicap is thirty-one points.

Hoppe Increases His Lead.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Feb. 27.—Willie Hoppe continued his good work at 18.1 balkline billiards here this afternoon in the second installment of his 2,000-point match with Harry Cline. Hoppe scored his 400 points in sixteen innings, while Cline was totaling 264. Hoppe scored a high run of 121 points and closed with an average of 25, while Cline managed to score a high run of 108 points and an average of 16½.

Hoppe to-night won his third straight match by a score of 400 to 209. Hoppe's high run was 56, and Cline's 54. Hoppe's average was 18 4-22, and Cline's 9 11-22.

Brooklyn Downs Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 27.—Brooklyn won another game from Kansas City to-night in the National Amateur Three-Cushion Billiard League, 50 to 40. The contest went 92 innings. Charles Otis for Brooklyn had a high run of 4 to 3 for James Kerr of Kansas City.

Gravesend Yachtsmen Elect Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Yacht Racing Association of Gravesend Bay, held last night at the Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn, the officers elected for 1912 were: President—Charles M. Kemp; Secretary and Treasurer—H. E. Scribner; Measurer—H. J. Gielow. Peter Bentley, Chairman of the Regatta Committee of the Atlantic Yacht Club, submitted for the approval of the association some new courses in the Lower Bay, to be used next Summer. The matter was referred to a committee who will report at the next meeting, to be held on March 12.

Yale Drops Game to Columbia.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 27.—Yale lost to Columbia at basket ball here to-night, 13 to 18. Columbia led all through the game. Many fouls were called on both teams.

BRITISH MOTOR BOAT CHALLENGE ACCEPTED

First Race for the International Trophy Will Be Held Aug. 31—May Select Hudson Course.

The Board of Governors of the Motor Boat Club of America at a meeting yesterday at the clubhouse, Fifty-fourth Street, west of Broadway, accepted the challenge from the Royal Motor Boat Club of England for the British international trophy, and announced Saturday, Aug. 31, as the date for the first race.

As there are to be at least two races in the series the second contest will take place on Labor Day, Sept. 2, weather and other conditions permitting. In the event of a third race being necessary the date will be decided after the Labor Day contest. The location for the races was not decided upon, but will be taken up at a future meeting.

A resolution was passed that the club consider the availability of various locations in the neighborhood of New York suitable for holding the international race before coming to a decision.

Several of the most desirable locations that were considered were open to the great objection of drift wood, and if such could be eliminated there are several magnificent courses in the lower Hudson that would be available, where the public and all those interested would have an unobstructed and close view of the races.

Half a dozen boats designed as defenders are being built in America, all expected to excel the wonderful Dixie IV., which triumphed last year, and which was later wrecked at Buffalo. It is planned to put the old Dixie's engines into a new hull.

In addition to the English challenge it was reported that there was a prospect of the French motor boat enthusiasts being included as participants in the contest this year.

The meeting, which was called by Commodore Melville, was presided over by Henry R. Sutphen, the others present being Albert E. Smith, J. M. Shaw, Samuel Cochrane, and M. M. Whitaker.

TIGER FRESHMEN SCHEDULES

Six Football and Fourteen Baseball Games to be Played.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 27.—The freshman managers of Princeton's cub teams have been busy this week completing the schedules for the approaching baseball season and the 1912 football season next Fall. The football schedule follows: Oct. 5, Lawrenceville at Lawrenceville; Oct. 12, Princeton Preparatory School at Princeton; Oct. 19, open; Oct. 26, Mercersburg at Mercersburg; Nov. 2, Harvard, '16, at Cambridge; Nov. 9, Yale, '16, at Princeton.

Manager A. G. Harlow, '13, announces the following fourteen games for the 1915 baseball men this year: April 17, Trenton High School at Trenton; April 20, Central High School of Washington at Princeton; April 24, Philadelphia Central High School at Princeton; April 27, Hill School at Princeton; May 1, Lawrenceville at Lawrenceville; May 4, Blair Hall at Princeton; May 8, Peddie Institute at Princeton; May 10, Andover at Andover; May 11, Exeter at Exeter; May 15, Pennington at Princeton; May 18, Yale, '15, at New Haven; May 21, Princeton Prep at Princeton; May 24, Mercersburg at Princeton; May 25, Yale, '15, at Princeton.

WILLIE FITZGERALD WINS.

Finishes Strong and Outpoints Gans in Royale A. C. Bout.

Willie Fitzgerald of Brooklyn made another successful start in his efforts to "come back" as a welterweight in his ten-round bout with Young Joe Gans at the Royale A. C. in Brooklyn last night. The pair furnished a battle that never lagged in action, and the winner had to travel at a fast clip in the closing rounds to overcome the lead which his opponent had gained in the earlier chapters.

Gans weighed in at 143 pounds just before entering the ring, and Fitzgerald weighed one pound more. Up to the half-way mark in the bout Gans appeared the likely winner, having four of the five rounds. He failed to keep up this speed, however, and from the fifth round to the finish he gained but a single round. Fitzgerald came on much stronger near the finish than his opponent had been in the earlier rounds and managed to offset the advantage. In spite of the fast work and hard punching neither scored a knockdown and neither was able to draw blood from his opponent.

Tame Bout at Brown's.

Jeff Smith of Bayonne, N. J., and Billy West engaged in a tame ten-round bout as the main event of the stag of the Brown's Gymnasium Athletic Association last night, and whatever honors were to be given at the end of the contest belonged to Smith. The Bayonne boxer appeared to be willing to mix matters at all times, but West was quite the reverse, his one aim, apparently, being to avoid taking any punishment.

Jeannette Defeats Morris.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 27.—A scheduled fifteen-round fight between Joe Jeannette and Andy Morris of Boston was stopped in the sixth round by the referee because of the battered up condition of Morris.

Hicks Outpointed Perron.

Two so-called welterweights, Frank Perron, self-styled champion of the New England States, and Freddie Hicks of Detroit, weighing 156 and 161 pounds, respectively, fought a rather ordinary ten-round session last night at the Fairmont Athletic Club with Hicks being entitled to the honors by outpointing his opponent.

Notes of the Boxers.

A record sized crowd is expected at the Long Acre Athletic Association to-night to witness the ten-round boxing bout between Knockout Brown and Young Fitzsimmons, the west side lightweight. In this match, Fitzsimmons sees a chance to make a place for himself in the lightweight division, for a victory over the blonde German will be a big boost for him. It is a busy week for Brown, and to-night's bout will be the second within three days. Brown is the busiest of the local boxers just at present, and has had half a dozen bouts within the past few weeks.

The moving pictures of the twenty-round bout between Abe Attell and Johnny Kilbane for the world's featherweight title, will be shown for the first time at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre during the week of March 4.

Eddie O'Keefe of Philadelphia and Johnny Dundee of New York will have a return match at the Empire Athletic Club next Monday night. Manager McMahon has had the bout transferred from the Olympic because of the great interest in the contest among boxing fans. The winner of the bout will make an effort to get a match with Johnny Kilbane, the new featherweight champion.

At the Fordon Athletic Club to-morrow night, Eddie Clarke of Philadelphia will box ten rounds with Mike Stetson of the west side. Matchmaker Dick Curley announces one of the longest fistic bills of the season, having arranged in all for fifty rounds of boxing.

Knockout Smith of the east side and Eddie Kelley of Harlem will furnish the main attraction of ten rounds at the Olympic Athletic Club on Saturday night.

Jack Dillon, the Philadelphia lightweight, and Marty Brown will come together in the star bout of ten rounds at the Sharkey Athletic Club to-night. Dillon made a fine showing last week against Joe Daw and in Brown he will find a tough opponent. Joe Mooney and Frankie Williams will furnish the six-round semi-final bout.

On Saturday night at the Sharkey Athletic Club Kid Barnes of the east side and Knockout Eger of the west side will box ten rounds in the main event of an attractive card.

James J. Coffey, the Irish heavyweight, who has just come to this country will have a good tryout at the New Polo Athletic Association on Friday night when he boxes Al Benedict in a ten-round bout. Coffey comes from Dublin and is a giant. He is 6 feet 3 inches tall, and weighs 197 pounds. His bout with Benedict will show whether the new-comer has a future in the heavyweight ranks. In the six-round semi-final, Billy Kramer will box Jimmy Paul.

Eddie Smith and Jack Dorman will mix in a ten-round glove contest at the Malvern Athletic Club in the Bronx to-night. If Smith is successful in this bout he will be matched with Leach Cross. In the other ten-round bout on the bill, Young Harry Lewis will box Jimmy Webber.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 28, 1912.

OF COURSE.

My position is perfectly simple. I stated it as clearly as I could in 1904 and reiterated it in 1907. I said that I would not accept a nomination for a third term, under any circumstances, meaning, of course, third consecutive term.—THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

We are sure that every man of honest and candid mind must deeply regret that an ex-President of the United States has embarked upon an undertaking which he finds it necessary to serve by such a pitiful sophistication. "Under no circumstances will I be a "candidate for or accept another nomination," said Mr. ROOSEVELT on the night of his election in 1904. "Under no circumstances." That is an all-embracing clause, and by its natural meaning excludes the possibility in any circumstances or at any time of accepting "another nomination." The "circumstance" of a nomination happening to be made or tendered in 1912, obviously, falls within the intent of the renunciation, as a nomination made in any other year would so fall. That Mr. ROOSEVELT meant and intended to be understood as saying that he would never accept another nomination to the Presidency is made plain by this declaration made Dec. 11, 1907: "I "have not changed, and shall not "change, that decision thus announced." It was an announcement made in the broadest possible terms, and three years later it had not been changed and there was a renewed assurance that it would not be changed. There is no room for doubt that Mr. ROOSEVELT meant what the country understood his words to mean, that he would never again be a candidate.

This question was asked of Col. ROOSEVELT in Boston on Monday: "Do you intend to support the Re"publican nominee, whoever he may "be?" "Of course I shall," he replied. But, forewarned by the miserable quibble about the third term, the country will not be at all surprised to hear Mr. ROOSEVELT say in July, after Mr. TAFT has been nominated: "Of course I did not mean that I "should support any candidate the "convention might name. I only "meant that I should support the can"didate if the convention nominated "me."

It is a disagreeable necessity which compels us to withhold full faith from the public statements of an ex-President of the United States.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

The courts may be left to dispose of the case of BRANDT himself in such manner as justice and the law demand. The original charge that he was unjustly sentenced as a result of a "conspiracy" may, also, be left to the determinations of the Grand Jury and the courts. It is of public interest and importance that that inquiry be pressed until the truth is made known. But the statement made public through the press by Mr. MORTIMER L. SCHIFF brings to the fore another aspect of the case which also, for reasons of grave public interest and importance, should be investigated.

Mr. SCHIFF made his statement through the press because the opportunity he sought to make it on oath before Judge HAND was denied him. It is a statement that any man would be most reluctant to make, but Mr. SCHIFF has acted wisely in making it, since it completely refutes and for all time disposes of the slanderous accusations and innuendoes originating in the base mind of BRANDT himself, used by him as the basis of his application for clemency, and which have been spread broadcast through the community in the discussion of the case. There was never a shred of evidence to support the infamous statements of BRANDT, yet they have played a most conspicuous part in the proceedings to set free this embezzler, forger, and thief. They have been used to create sympathy for him, to bolster up the conspiracy theory, and to them have been added other lies and slanders until the case was beclouded with such a mass of falsehood that the inquiry into the simple question of its merits has been made complex and difficult.

Mr. SCHIFF's manly and perfectly convincing statement disposes of these falsehoods. It was his public duty to meet them and refute them in this way, because, as he said, if BRANDT were to be set free as the result of his vile insinuations and charges, every householder would be at the mercy of a dishonest and revengeful servant. But there is another duty to be performed, a duty demanded by justice and by the community for its own protection. It is the duty to inquire and discover who is responsible for making public the slanderous inventions of BRANDT. They were made public in the form of plain hints and insinuations at the beginning of the proceeding for freeing him. It is now clear that they were made public without any sufficient inquiry as to their truth or falsity, even if any inquiry at all were made. A letter written by a convict or a statement or a communication made by him containing such charges is, manifestly, not presumed to be true, it is not fit matter to be given out to the press or in any manner to be made public. Doubtless it was this which prompted the Governor to order the sealing of the papers in the case when he denied BRANDT's application for pardon. Section 1,352 of the penal law of this State declares:

> Any person who willfully states, delivers, or transmits by any means whatever, to any manager, editor, publisher, reporter, or any employé of a publisher of any newspaper, magazine, publication, periodical, or serial, any statement concerning any person or corporation which, if published therein, would be a libel, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

The slanderous quality of BRANDT's allegations against a member of Mr. SCHIFF's household is evident. It is plain that in communicating these charges to the newspapers, some of which made them the basis of the foulest insinuations, a flagrant public and private wrong was done, for which the responsibility ought to be fixed. Assassination of character is a matter worthy of the attention of the Grand Jury.

LEGALIZING REFORMS.

Representative SULZER has introduced in the House a bill which practically gives the force of law to the Executive orders of 1906 and 1909 for the improvement of the foreign service, and somewhat extends them.

Under this bill provision is made that all applicants for appointment in the lower grades of the service shall undergo a strict and practical examination in "business experience and ability, "the resources and commerce of the "United States, with special refer"ence to the development of export "trade, international, commercial, and "maritime law and history, American "history, Government and institu"tions, and one language other than "English." The Secretary of State is required to report the names of those found on examination to have fitness for appointment to the lower grades of the service, and also "the names of "those Secretaries in the diplomatic "service and of those Consular officers "or departmental officers or employés "who, by reason of efficient service, "an accurate record of which shall be "kept in the Department of State, "have demonstrated special efficiency." Further, the President is authorized to make all appointments of Secretaries, Consuls General, and Consuls to grades instead of to places.

These provisions have partly been in force under Executive order for from three to six years, and have worked admirably. They should have the force of law, which is given to them by Mr. SULZER's bill.

OUR POSSIBLE COAL STRIKE.

England seems to be escaping from a coal strike on the scale of a war, but so narrowly as to warn us to prepare for our own similar trial. The men presented their demands yesterday, and the operators took a week for consideration. It is to be remarked in the first place that the employers are asking nothing, and that the men are asking the amendment of the adjustment which was reached after great tribulation, and which has worked in a manner worthy of all praise ever since. The consumers of coal have borne the weight of that adjustment since the Roosevelt Administration, and they are in no mood to have another load placed upon their shoulders unnecessarily. They wish both employers and miners to have and to do justice, and they hold the scales of opinion which will compel both parties to work for a settlement on that platform. An informed public opinion which shall settle in the first place the principles upon which it will stand permanently is therefore one of the first conditions of avoidance of a wrangle, with its bitterness, between classes, and turmoil, to be suppressed by law and force if necessary.

Some of the demands are matters of simple discretion, which there is no harm in asking, and in either granting or refusing. The public cannot take a commanding position on the request for an annual settlement instead of the one which, with renewals, has lasted for almost a decade. An annual settlement makes for instability, and those fond of a quiet life would prefer the longer term, but there is nothing essential about it. The same may be said about the length of the workday, and the amount of the wage. They are eminently suitable for adjustment between the parties, and what suits both will suit everybody. It is to be remarked that the arbitrators of the Roosevelt time found that the men were not underpaid relatively to other occupations, and that they recommended an increase, with a sliding scale for sharing the advantage of rising prices with their employers. The men have had both the increase and the bonus, and now ask for more on the plea of a rising scale of living. But that is a general complaint, and all parties must meet it in the manner the Inter-State Commerce Commission imposed upon the railways. They are not allowed to raise rates, but must increase their margins by increased efficiency and economy. This is true of everybody, even unionists, unless the cost of living is to rise interminably. The doom of higher railway wages was settled then, and a great reinforcement was given to the prevention of other wage increases. The coal miners doubtless would receive a higher wage if they would work harder or longer or more efficiently. But an increase of wages, with a shortening of time and the establishment of a minimum rate, cannot now be enforced by unionism against a public opinion in no mood for accepting an increased price for coal.

After the talking has proceeded long enough, it will probably appear that demands are to be made for the recognition of the union and the enforcement of the closed shop. Unless the mines shall be closed to free labor the unions cannot create such a scarcity of labor or of coal that either the employers or the community can be coerced into conceding the demand, which is wrong in principle and unfit to be conceded under a Government worthy the name. This is one of those things which should never recur, as it is now recurring after consideration and settlement by a commission whose superior never acted in any American labor dispute. It came to its duties because the unions had pursued a course of murder and terrorism of families whose heads narrowly escaped murder. The commission, after hearing all that the unions could urge in defense of the demand, reported that the practices which it condemned

> would be outside the pale of civilized war. In civilized warfare women and children and the defenseless are safe from attack, and a code of honor controls the parties to such warfare which cries out against the boycott we have in view. Cruel and cowardly are terms not too severe by which to characterize it.

On this point there can be no compromise. If the demand for the recognition of the union and the collection of union dues by the employers shall be allowed at all, it must be in a form which shall not close the mines to free labor. The law which would not allow the employers to exclude the free laborers will not allow the unionists to exclude the non-unionists. The demand cannot have been included as a makeweight, something to be abandoned in consideration of the allowance of something else. The right to work in peace must be free to every man, without any consideration except his compliance with the law which protects all alike. On other points the employers would do well to concede all that conditions permit, and the employés would do well to accept the utmost which they can get in a fair market for labor.

LIVING RECORDS OF THE INDIAN.

The letter from Mr. ALEXANDER KONTA of the Modern Historic Records Association, printed elsewhere, suggests that the phonograph and kinetoscope be used to chronicle vividly the fast-vanishing phases of Indian life in North and South America. Opinions differ as to whether the American Indians are a dying race. It is certain that their first contact with the white man's civilization was disastrous. The white conqueror's superior weapons and intelligence, his vices, and his greed for the lands that were the Indians' hunting grounds, were all forces which operated toward the extinction of the tribes. In the last half century, however, the Indians have learned the white man's ways and have lived his life; save in out-of-the-way corners, they are multiplying. But only their physical features remain; their languages, customs, traditions, and old habits of life are fast disappearing.

It is these, which represent the most picturesque phases of an important epoch in American history, that Mr. KONTA would have preserved to edify and entertain posterity. Yesterday's Paris wireless dispatches to THE TIMES brought the news that the university of that capital is concerned about the rapidity with which old French dialects are disappearing. Its professors propose an automobile tour of the provinces to make phonographic records of speech at every village where a distinct dialect is spoken. Mr. KONTA suggests that the American Government co-operate with the nations to the north and south to establish "an in"ter-American system for the taking "and preservation and exchange of the "living records" of the American Indians. It is a subject which should at once interest the officials of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington.

MISS STONER'S "PRECOCITY."

It is easy to dismiss matters contemptuously that are contrary to custom. If this had always been done in the field of education, no woman now living could read or write, for it was formerly the custom not to teach women anything that savored of learning. Within the memory of living men, talk of woman's higher education was, at first, greeted with sneers. We therefore repress our impulse to treat slightingly the case of "child prodigies" who have been educated by their parents in many languages and sciences before the age at which children under ordinary tutelage have mastered their alphabet. THE TIMES has printed the story of the healthy nine-year-old daughter of Mrs. J. B. STONER of Pittsburgh, whose published writings show a curious blend of childish conceits and mature thinking. To this she has been trained upon the parental theory that "early impressions are lasting," and that the first years of a child's life are pre-eminently the years in which it can grasp the learning which one generation hands down to another.

Little Miss STONER has received precisely the sort of teaching that was given by his father to the child GOETHE. In BIELSCHOWSKY's "Life" we learn that GOETHE's father condemned the teaching of the public schools, and began very early with his children as their private teacher. They were rapidly taught "Latin, Greek, Hebrew, "French, English, and Italian—history "and geography, religion, natural "science, mathematics, drawing, mu"sic," and so on. In an exercise book of the seven-year-old WOLFGANG is an original conversation in Latin between himself and a mate, he speaking in the rôle of a father. The colloquy begins as follows:

> Father—What are you doing there, my son?
>
> Son—Making wax figures.
>
> Father—I thought so. Oh, when will you ever put nuts aside? [The little rogue here indulges in a pun on the Latin word nuces, which can mean both "nuts" and "childish play."]
>
> Son—Why, I'm not playing with nuts, I'm playing with wax.
>
> Father—Ignoramus, can it be that you don't know the meaning of "nuts" in this connection?
>
> Son—Now I remember. But see how well I have learned in a short time to model in wax.
>
> Father—To spoil wax, you mean.
>
> Son—I beg your pardon. Am I not creating rather clever things?
>
> Father—Yes, indeed. Show me some of your malformations.
>
> Son—Among other animals I have made, with special success, a cat with a long mustache, and a city mouse and a field mouse to illustrate one of HORACE's satires, translated by DROLLINGER into pure German doggerel.

There are other classic allusions in the colloquy which no child, though he were a genius, could have made had he not received the extraordinary education which GOETHE's father deemed proper for his son. The verses and writings of little Miss STONER, which THE TIMES has printed, are equally sprightly and informed, and would be creditable to a child of twice her age. It is not necessary to assume that because of his early studies and productions the figure of GOETHE towers above that of every other man of letters of his generation, or to prophesy that the children of this and that parent who departs, as GOETHE's father departed, from the customary ways of teaching will make their marks in history. The young GOETHE romped and played like other children; his health was unimpaired. Unquestionably his early education gave him a great advantage. The parallel which we have drawn is at least suggestive.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Police Work of the Best Sort.

Great as was the general relief and satisfaction when it was first known that the police had solved the mystery of what was seemingly by far the boldest and biggest robbery ever committed on the street in New York, both will be increased by the present revelations as to how and by whom the East River National's messengers were deprived of the $25,000 they were carrying.

For it now appears that this crime was not the outcome of a terrifying plot by bold desperadoes, in open and successful warfare with society, and that it does not indicate a serious failure of the measures for the protection of life and property which civilization, as illustrated in this city, has taken. The robbers were a distinctly amateurish lot, with all the stupidity which is the weakness of the criminal class, and their triumph was achieved, not through any special skill or audacity, but because they happened to find—or to be found by—a man, supposed to be trustworthy, who could not resist the temptation to betray the confidence reposed in him by his employers.

This is bad enough, to be sure, but it is a very different thing from proof that here in New York a little band of armed highwaymen can, whenever they please, duplicate the wild exploits of highwaymen and "road agents" as narrated in frontier legends. The Church Street affair partook of the nature of what the police call an "inside job"—was more like an embezzlement of funds than an out-and-out theft.

These peculiarities, however, added to, rather than detracted from, the difficulties that confronted the police, and the ability with which the police met and overcame them is the best possible answer to the charge, so often repeated of late, that the Detective Bureau is in a state of demoralization and breakdown. Deputy Commissioner DOUGHERTY did in this case work which fully justified by its brilliancy the high expectations, founded on his record, which were expressed when he took office. Acting with energy and promptness, he threw a net over the whole country. As events turned out, he did more than was necessary, for he had to deal with sneak thieves rather than with bandits, but it is highly to his credit that he guarded against possibilities as well as probabilities.

Of course, he has not yet convicted his prisoners. The evidence against them, however, seems to be complete, and, as much of the stolen money has been found in their possession, the chance of their escape is minute indeed.

A Mystery from Missouri.

In an effort to explain the sudden leap into National fame of the Ozark Houn' Song, The Buffalo Times credits it with making a "homely appeal to the masses" and calls it "a Pindaric ode "in behalf of the oppressed, thumped, "kicked-about creatures, human or quad"ruped." Furthermore, we are told that "it is a defiance, too, an assurance that "the kicking, beating, and abusing won't "be stood for, always."

Perhaps, and then, again, perhaps not. The trouble with this explanation is that it assumes the existence in the United States of widespread sympathy for "the man with a grievance," and also the existence here of many men who, like the owner of the "houn'," would wait until their dogs had been long maltreated by "the boys" before warning them to seek other forms of amusement, under pain of far from alarming displeasure. That is the attitude of the man with a grievance—and with nothing else. It is not, all of us have believed and can still hope, an attitude characteristically American.

Of course, there are such men, and not a few of them, but most of them are hanging around barrooms waiting for somebody to buy them a drink. The typical American doesn't let his dog, houn' or other, be kicked more than once without proceeding to do something.

The fact remains, however, that the Ozark song has attained a remarkable vogue with remarkable rapidity, and promises to play no small part among the noises of the coming Presidential campaign. There must be a reason. Is it any other than the rarity, nowadays, of the production of verse really crude and naïve—verse of the sort that abounds in the old ballads and is almost or quite absent from most ballads of recent manufacture? The four lines that everybody knows have a quality of which there is no trace in the quatrains in like style that scores of rhymesters are vainly attempting to force into public knowledge and circulation. Addition is impossible because the original four lines tell the whole story and exhaust all its possibilities. Attempts to "apply the moral" only bring out the intrinsic absurdity of the situation described—only suggest the probability that when a dog gets kicked around he deserves it and that his master is no better when, instead of acting, he threatens.

Some parodies of the song are at least amusing, and among the best of them is this one, in what can very accurately be called dog Latin:

Quandocunque in urbem veni
Calcitrant pueri canem meum;
Tametsi canis venaticus sit
Cessandum est canem calcitrare.

"Terminate" in a New Sense.

Over in the Grand Central Station, at the head of one of the inclines that are giving all the commuters heart disease, there is a big sign which reads: "Lower Level. Trains terminat"ing at New Rochelle, Port Chester, and "Stamford. Tracks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5."

That is a curious use of the verb "to terminate," and quite new to at least some of the observers whom it has half shocked and half amused. Just because a usage is curious and new, however, one is not compelled to call it bad. The temptation to do so is strong, but in this instance, before yielding to it, one should be prepared to suggest a substitute word that would exactly convey the intended meaning—the meaning which this word unquestionably does express to all of the people who read it.

"Stopping" would be utterly wrong and cruelly misleading, for far from all the trains stopping at the towns mentioned are to be found on that lower level. Phrases like "going no further than" would inconveniently lengthen the inscription, and not be quite right, either, while "terminate" can easily be stretched to the required significance.

Moreover, the word is accustomed to that sort of treatment, for "exterminate," which ought to mean "banish," has long carried without protest the wholly different meaning of "complete slaughter."

Purists may say that trains "terminate" in their front and rear cars, but purists, fortunately, do not make language, and their objections to changes and innovations are never heeded.

RECORDS OF INDIAN LIFE.

Mr. Konta Thinks It Time to Take Them on Films and Rolls.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A recent report from Sitka of the ravages of pulmonary diseases among the Indians of Alaska makes timely the question, "What is being done to preserve the records of the American natives for posterity?" The American Indian is approaching, if, indeed, he has not already reached, the last stage of his native existence. Either he is gradually disappearing, or he is adopting the white man's civilization and adapting himself to it. In both cases the records of his own civilization will be lost unless something is done and done speedily.

Much has been done, much is being done. Of this I am perfectly well aware. Explorers, missionaries, settlers, Indian fighters, army officers, and, later, scientists, have gradually accumulated a valuable volume of information. The camera has been brought into play, (the series of photographs made by Edward S. Curtis for J. Pierpont Morgan practically stands first); our museums have their Indian collections, and, last of all, a beginning has been made with the phonographic registering of Indian music.

This mention of the phonograph leads me to my point, which is that we have not as yet begun to take a systematic living record of the Indian in all the phases of his life. Descriptions of it in books, drawings, and photographs are all well enough, but moving pictures would be still better. Vocabularies and grammars are indispensable, but phonographic records of vanishing tongues would be better still, even for the information of linguistic specialists. The question of the origin of the American native is as yet one of the mysteries of ethnology. We shall wish to solve it even after that native has been assimilated or has ceased to exist. And a complete set of living records may in the future prove of the greatest value in solving the problem.

When speaking of the American Indian, we in this country are apt to overlook the Indians of Canada, and, still more, those of Central and South America.

The field is too vast for private undertaking, too vast for the resources of the Modern Historic Records Association, whose chief aim is the making and preservation of just such records as these. The founding of similar associations in different parts of the world is already being discussed, but its realization will take time, and co-operation between them all still longer. Meantime, no feature of the life of the present is vanishing faster into the past than the native civilization of the American Indian, from the subarctic to Patagonia.

Can not the Government at Washington, the leading power on this continent, be petitioned to put itself in communication with the other Governments north and south of it for the purpose of establishing an Inter-American system for the taking and preservation and exchange of the living records of the vanishing American Indians? The Modern Historic Records Association would gladly place at the service of the movement such resources as it has already at its command in the beginning of its existence.

ALEXANDER KONTA,
Chairman Executive Committee The Modern Historic Records Association.
New York, Feb. 26, 1912.

Mother and Crippled Husband.

To pay the rent and buy food and fuel for a family of seven has become the responsibility of a young mother whose husband is handicapped by an incurable disease of the spine and no longer able to do more than care for the home in her absence. The woman is eager to work, but the children are too small to allow her to do this every day. She is now earning $5 a week without neglecting them or overtaxing her strength, and this with what her church gives her provides the necessary food. The Charity Organization Society asks for $240 to pay the rent and buy the needed fuel for the family and diet for the baby.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be acknowledged.

The Charity Organization Society acknowledges, with thanks, the following contributions received in response to previous appeals in THE TIMES: "H. M. K.," $1; "J. H. Y.," $1; "A Trained Nurse, $1; Mrs. Gertrude L. Glass, $2; B. Yuebrac, $2; "Cash," $1; "I. H. N.," $66; "G. M.," $2; W. C. Mead, $1; "S. D. S.," $1; "T. J. R.," $2; "C. C. B.," $3; through THE NEW YORK TIMES, $5; through THE NEW YORK TIMES, $2; "S. H. H.," $5; "Cash," $1: "Cash," $1.

MR. WHITMAN'S CONDUCT.

Everett P. Wheeler Thinks It Unprofessional in Brandt Case.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read in your issue of Feb. 24 the statement by the District Attorney for New York County, as follows:

> We are agreed that Foulke E. Brandt's indictment was illegal. We are agreed that his conviction was illegal. And, these things being true, we are agreed that his sentence was consequently also illegal.

This statement surprises me so much that I am moved to ask for information through your columns on the following points:

> (1.) Is it not the object of courts of justice to protect honest and law-abiding citizens and keep them free from danger in their homes?
>
> (2.) Is not the District Attorney the counsel for these law-abiding citizens, who constitute the great majority of the people?
>
> (3.) Does not the sixth canon of ethics adopted by the New York State Bar Association state, "It is unprofessional to represent conflicting interests," and does not the fifteenth of these canons declare that "the lawyer owes entire devotion to the interest of the client, warm zeal in the maintenance and defense of his rights, and the exertion of his utmost learning and ability"?
>
> (4.) Does not Section 542 of the Code of Criminal Procedure declare: "After hearing an appeal the court must give judgment without regard to technical error or defects, or to exceptions which do not affect the substantial rights of the parties"?

If these questions must be answered in the affirmative, what are we to think of this statement of Mr. Whitman's? Elected to act as counsel for the people and not for the criminal, how is it possible for him, professionally, to take the side of the criminal and publicly to declare that the claim of the criminal's lawyer is correct, as he does in the statement before quoted? The case is in litigation. It is Mr. Whitman's business to argue the case for the people. If he were the counsel of an individual and should make such a statement as he has made in regard to his client's case, he certainly would be disbarred. Can any one tell me why it is less unprofessional for him to make such a statement for his client, who, instead of being one man is a body of perhaps a million of men, women, and children, who are entitled to the protection of the law, and who supposed that Mr. Whitman was elected to give them this protection?

But let us go a step further. I have never made a specialty of criminal law, but I think I understand the English language. If I do understand the language of Articles 400 and 402 of the Penal Code, Brandt, according to some of the testimony that has been printed, was guilty of burglary in the first degree. He certainly opened by some means "a scuttle, or other thing used for covering or closing an opening" to a dwelling house in which there was at the time a human being. He "armed himself therein with a dangerous weapon," and in the night, while committing a crime in that building, he assaulted a person who was at that time peaceably engaged in the business of going to bed. Certainly there was evidence tending to show all this presented to the Grand Jury which indicted Brandt, and he pleaded guilty to the charge. How can the attorney for the people be excused for combining with the attorney for the culprit to procure the release of the offender? Bear in mind the provision of the Criminal Code before quoted. It is not for "technical error or defects or exceptions which do not affect the substantial rights of the parties" that a judgment is to be reversed. Assuming, for the sake of the argument, that there was some technical error or defect in the proceedings, still, after a lapse of five years, when the witnesses generally would be scattered and impossible to procure, it seems to me shocking to permit a judgment of conviction to be set aside upon any such allegation.

A great deal has been intimated, but not distinctly asserted, to the effect that there was no proof that Brandt broke into Mr. Schiff's house. It is, however, well settled law, and was so held by the Court of Appeals in the McCourt case, 64 N. Y. 583, that the crime of burglary was committed, so far as the breaking into the house was concerned, by going to a cellar door, lifting the latch, and entering the cellar. This was so held in a case where there were outer doors to the cellar which were open and which the prisoner did not touch. The court said of the cellar door:

> This door was an outer door of the house. The fact that there was another door opening outwardly before reaching it did not make it an inner door of the house. Like a storm door, the outer door was a barrier to the approach to the outer door of the house, and access to the house could not be obtained until the second door was opened.

But even if there were a technical question on this subject, is it not plainly the duty of the court, and even more the duty of the attorney for the people, to oppose the setting aside of a judgment for any technical defect? The ink is hardly dry on the countless editorials that have been written in support of this proposition. The American Bar Association, the New York State, and the New York City Bar Associations have all declared in its favor. What possible excuse can Mr. Whitman give for refusing to advocate this principle which many of us think is vital to the administration of justice, and instead thereof giving his client's case away by such an extraordinary statement as that which he gave to the press last week?

But take the other horn of the dilemma: If it is true that Brandt committed no crime in Mr. Schiff's house, and that he is really an innocent man, what right has Mr. Whitman to endeavor to keep him in prison on the purely technical point that he ought to have obtained his release, not by habeas corpus, but in some other way? If he is absolutely innocent, it is the business of the District Attorney to dismiss the indictment.

In short, Mr. Editor, the conduct of this public official, for whom hitherto I have had great respect, astonishes me and many other members of the bar. If he has any explanation to give we should like very much to hear it.

EVERETT P. WHEELER.
New York, Feb. 26, 1912.

"Shut-Ins" During Lent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Readers desirous during Lent on to Ascension Day to bring about the unexpected, unsought welfare of "shut-ins" of the United States, Canada, &c., i. e., those who because of accident, years of illness, are shackled to their couches, chairs, rooms "have never lived a single vital moment," much less known "one crowded hour of glorious life" in all the active joy of health, send stamped addressed envelope for names and addresses of intelligent, appreciative "shut-ins."

WILLIAM T. TOTTEN,
Secretary Yankee Christmas Club, Station S., Philadelphia, Penn.
Feb. 26, 1912.

BISSEXTILE.

Of days like those we've had this month,
Sure twenty-eight are plenty—
And yet, we know, we are, this year,
Condemned to nine and twenty!

When Julius Caesar found he had
To place an extra day,
To make his calendar come straight,
He should have lengthened May.

With all twelve months to choose it from,
Selecting one like this!
An alienist might well suspect
That something was amiss.

No wonder that the men arose
Who thirsted for his gore;
They got it—so he lost the chance
To spoil the year still more!

—GEORGE B. MOREWOOD.

DEBATE SOCIALISM WITH MILDNESS

Morris Hillquit and Prof. Clark Admit They Have a Large Area of Agreement.

HEARD BY MANY WOMEN

Civic Leaguers Fill the Waldorf Green Room—Both Speakers Disagree with Father Vaughan.

The pros and cons of Socialism were set forth yesterday afternoon by Morris Hillquit and Prof. John Bates Clark of Columbia in a debate which drew members and guests of the National League for the Civic Education of Women to the Waldorf in such numbers that the Green Room was not big enough to hold them all. They stood at the rear, they stood at the doors, they stood in the aisles, and they huddled around the platform. But the excitement and disorder popularly supposed to attend debates on this burning question were absent, and the points scored on either side were greeted only by the polite pat-pat of many gloved hands. In her brief speech declaring the meeting called to order Mrs. Gilbert E. Jones smilingly noted the presence of a man with a bag, and expressed the hope that the bag contained no bomb. It did not. Nothing explosive marred the serenity of yesterday's discussion.

Even the debaters were not violently at odds. After Mr. Hillquit had had his first say Dr. Clark, who was there to argue against Socialism, gave voice to his rejoicing that there was so large an area of agreement between them, and at the end he paid a tribute to the Socialists for putting forth so much in the way of criticism and suggestion that has tended and will tend to make the present social system provide more adequately for the very justice which is Socialism's aim. Both speakers plunged straight into the consideration of Socialism as an economic question, thus differing from Father Bernard Vaughan, who in his series of Lenten conferences on the subject at St. Patrick's Cathedral has confessed his lack of interest in Socialism as a theory of economics.

An Explanation of Socialism.

"Socialism," said Mr. Hillquit by way of definition, "is a movement for certain economic reforms contemplating a radical change in the ownership and distribution of national wealth. It demands the collective ownership of all social instruments of production in all the principal industries to be operated on a democratic plane."

Then he cleared his ground by a rapid fire of sweeping negatives. Socialism is not indefinite, but rather the best-defined political creed of to-day, and certainly the only internationally organized party. It forecasts no Utopia, seeking neither to change nor to abrogate civilization. It is primarily and principally an economic theory, and the expressed philosophies and convictions of individuals who happen to be Socialists must not mislead the world into thinking that Socialism stands for either agnosticism in religion or against the maintenance of family ties. It is not ephemeral, for it is based on economic conditions existing to-day, nor is it grossly materialistic, in that it is standing for a social ideal. It does not stand for a community of property. It is not concerned with consumable property. It does not question nor care how many dresses, how many hats, how many automobiles a body may have. (A perceptible ripple of relief here.) It does not demand an equal distribution of wealth, but an equable distribution of wealth. But it does call for the collective ownership of the social instrument of production. In this day and generation, the workshop has become social, and the capitalist owning these instruments demands tribute from the workman who uses them, who must use them if he would live. Thus Mr. Hillquit.

Why It Would Fail.

Dr. Clark started off with the assertion that he and Mr. Hillquit believed in the same end, but differed as to the means, that both wanted the good things of the world to be as large in amount as possible and the division of them as equable as possible. The personal fracas between them was due to his conviction that the Socialist's scheme of things would fall far short in the amount to be divided, and that even the standards of equity might be more nearly approached under some other arrangement. Leaving quite out of consideration, for the purpose of discussion, the fate of the capital-owning class, he was willing to let the wisdom of Socialism stand or fall by what it would do for the working class.

"I, too, would be a Socialist and counsel revolution," said Dr. Clark, "if I thought the present system hopeless both from the standpoints of utility and equity, and that such hopelessness was based on some fundamental flaw in the system itself."

But Dr. Clark expressed his earnest conviction that under a Socialist régime the working class would be worse off than at present, what with the difficulty of assigning the prizes of life, the trouble in the assignment of the pleasant and unpleasant occupations, the difficulty in managing 500 trusts, in getting highly productive labor in the face of a mutual agreement to shirk in the care of the children and the enormous stimulus to population engendered by the lightening of the responsibilities of parenthood. He feared that the proposed régime would not be favorable to technical progress which humanity needs, and which competition stimulates.

But above all Dr. Clark predicted that there would be a fatal falling off of production, so that the workingman's average would be lower than it is now. Even before the falling off, the amount added to his income would be small. Say the capital invested in a business was $1,000 for every workman, and say there were a thousand workmen employed. Say this $1,000,000 business paid a 10 per cent. dividend every year. Each workman's share would be $100, an addition which would soon be swept away by the waning production.

Then a Summing Up.

Mr. Hillquit came up smiling for the rebuttal, charmed, so he said, that Dr. Clark had advanced arguments against the proposed change in the scheme of things not nearly so weighty as those advanced some decades ago against the abolition of chattel slavery and still more decades ago against the revolutionary breaking away of England's colonies from English rule.

He scouted the suggestion that there would be a falling off of production. There would, on the contrary, be a marked increase, with the scientific elimination of the waste caused by competition and duplication. There would be more workers producing, what with the impressing of the vast army of the unemployed and of those now kept tremendously busy by unproductive occupations, by tasks that might just as well go undone. Think of all the servants who might just as well be out producing instead of performing services for us that we would be the better to perform ourselves. Think of all the bankers and agents and peddlers who might just as well be toiling for the common good. Who would want to shirk when each stroke of work would be for one's self and one's fellows?

"It is not natural to shirk," said Mr. Hillquit, whereat a woman in the audience shook her head so vehemently that Mr. Hillquit repeated. "I say activity is natural. Just you try being perfectly inactive, and see if you can stand it."

"We must ask ourselves," said Dr. Clark in his rebuttal, "if Socialism is the only régime under which we can have social justice. We may use much of the Socialist demand for greater equity, but we shall keep clear of the fundamental plan if we would gather the fruits."

Dr. Henry M. Leipziger presided at the debate.

MISS S. C. HEWITT GIVES DINNER PARTY

Kinemacolor Pictures of the Delhi Durbar Shown at Her Lenten Entertainment.

GIRLS POSE IN TABLEAUX

Life at American College for Girls at Constantinople Depicted at St. Michael's Parish House.

There were several interesting Lenten entertainments given last night. Miss Sarah Cooper Hewitt gave a dinner at her home, 9 Lexington Avenue, after which she entertained her guests with color films of the Delhi Durbar. Tableaux and pictured songs, representing life at the American College for Girls at Constantinople, were given under prominent patronage at St. Michael's Parish House, 225 West Ninety-ninth Street.

There were about sixty guests at Miss Hewitt's dinner, and the pictures were flashed on a screen in the ballroom afterward, the reels coming by taxicab after they had been shown at the New York Theatre. Miss Hewitt entertained with colored pictures of the coronation some time ago, and since then there have been many Kinemacolor parties.

The tableaux at St. Michael's were given under the auspices of the Associate Alumnae of the Girls' College at Constantinople and were well posed. They were arranged by Miss Elizabeth Fisher, and Miss Vivian Edwards sang, with Mrs. Jessue W. Sincere at the piano. There are about thirty graduates of this school in this country. Miss Grace M. Dodge is President of the Board of Trustees, and Miss Helen Gould recently donated a building.

Among the tableaux were scenes depicting settlement work in the Orient, a native story-teller, a Turkish woman's message, and native children. The ushers were all in Oriental costume and sold Rahat Lokoum, called the "Turkish Delight," during the intermission.

Among those who took part in the tableaux were the Misses Agnes and Helen Baldwin, Eleanor Beers, Lila Haskell, Genevieve Hamlin, Grace Lemmel, Miriam Olmstead, Joan and Lucretia Peters, Ethel House, and Turkish girls who belong to the associate alumnae.

HONORS FOR MAINE DEAD.

Cuban Escort on Their Transfer Here After Lying in State.

HAVANA, Feb. 27.—Full honors will be paid to the dead of the battleship Maine before they are put aboard ship for transport to the United States. President Gomez to-day issued a decree setting forth the programme of ceremonies. The bodies will be removed from the Cabanas fortress to the City Hall. There they will lie in state during the night, the coffins covered with American flags and flowers. The following morning they will be escorted through the streets, which will be lined with Cuban soldiers and sailors, and placed aboard a funeral barge for transfer to the United States armored cruiser North Carolina.

The American squadron will be escorted to the spot where the hull of the old Maine will be sunk, the three Cuban gunboats participating in the ceremonies and firing a final salute. As the fleet passes out of the harbor the parapets of Cabanas and Morro will be lined with Cuban troops standing at attention, the bands playing dirges. Throughout the day half hourly guns will be fired from Cabanas.

BAKERS NEED MORE PRIDE.

Put Some of It Into Your Cakes and Pies, F. P. Hill Tells Them.

"What we bakers in New York need," said Frank P. Hill, ex-President of the Retail Bakers Association, to the 200 members who met last night for their annual dinner at the Broadway Central Hotel, "is more pride in our business. There is plenty of room for pride in our cakes, pies, and bread. There should be a pride in having our shops just right. We could avoid the strenuous times of the last year, when the press was full of complaints against the bakeries of the city, most of it justified. It is really 'up to us' to remedy these things. We should all be able to invite our patrons into our shops and to show them everything. And we should try to pass this pride in the business on to our workmen. Make them feel that there is something more in the bakeshops than a livelihood."

Fire Commissioner Johnson, Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, and Frank Meyer, a member of the Board of Education, were the other speakers.

Amateurs to Give "The Mikado."

For the benefit of the Open-Air School for Tubercular Crippled Children an amateur presentation of "The Mikado" will be given on Friday, March 22, in both the afternoon and evening, in the Plaza ballroom. Miss Spence's School Society, which gives an entertainment every year for this school, which it supports, will present the opera. The President of the society is Miss Elizabeth Lamont. The Entertainment Committee, of which Miss Margery Clinton is Chairman, includes the Misses Margaret Schieffelin, Carol Harriman, Dorothy Shepherd, Grace Henry and Alice Damrosch.

Adele Margulies Trio's Concert.

The Adele Margulies Trio was assisted in its last concert of the season last evening at the Carnegie Lyceum by Joseph Kovarik in Brahms's piano quartet. The other numbers on the programme were Goldmark's sonata, opus 25, in D major, for violin and piano, and Schubert's trio in E-flat major.

Lectures for Society Women.

Mrs. William Jay Schieffelin will open her house, 5 East Sixty-sixth Street, this afternoon for the first of three lectures by Miss Ethel Arnold. To-day's lecture will be on "Three Women Poets," Mrs. Browning, Christina Rossetti, and Emily Bronte, and it will begin at 3:30 o'clock. Among the subscribers to the lectures are Mrs. John Clinton Gray, Miss Beekman, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, Mrs. Ramsey Turnbull, Mrs. Schuyler N. Warren, Mrs. Lewis L. Delafield, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. W. P. Morgan, Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Miss Cuyler, and Mrs. Howard Townsend.

Lecture on Gardening for Charity.

The East Side Settlement House was benefited yesterday to the extent of about $600 by the lecture on gardening given at the Plaza by Mrs. Alfred Ely, the author of several books on gardening. A number of small luncheons were given before the address, and many of the audience remained after the lecture to greet Mrs. Ely. Among those seen in the audience which filled the ballroom, were Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Miss Julia Chester Wells, Mrs. R. Burnham Moffat, Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley, Mrs. William H. Boardman, Mr. and Mrs. Banyer Clarkson, Mrs. Richard Meade, Mrs. C. D. Smithers, Mrs. W. A. Read, Mrs. Morris Rutherfurd, Mrs. Alfred Seton, Mrs. J. Alden Weir, Mrs. Howard Van Sinderan, Mrs. Pierrepont and Miss Week.

Congressman Bingham Critically Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—Physicians in attendance upon Congressman Henry H. Bingham at his home, 315 South Twelfth Street, to-day declared that his condition is critical, and that he has very little chance of recovery from the attack of a complication of heart affection and kidney trouble which caused the "Father of the House" to return from Washington last Friday. Congressman Bingham is 70 years old, and has been in the lower branch of Congress continuously for the last thirty-five years. He represents the First Pennsylvania District.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh are in town for a week, and are staying at the Ritz-Carlton. Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Stotesbury (Mrs. Oliver Cromwell) are also at this hotel for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Jr., are being congratulated on the birth of a son on Feb. 22 at their home, 158 East Seventy-first Street. Mr. Choate is the son of the ex-Ambassador to Great Britain, and his wife was Miss Cora L. Oliver, daughter of the Assistant Secretary of War, and Mrs. Robert S. Oliver.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen B. Forbes are at the Laurel-in-the-Pines at Lakewood with their children while their house, Boydhurst, at Greenwich, Conn., is being remodeled.

Mrs. Henry Hersey Andrew of 507 West End Avenue will be at home on Wednesday afternoons during March.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Butler Preston and family of Mount Kisco are at the Hotel Gorham to remain until after Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis G. Smith are spending March at the Devon, 70 West Fifty-fifth Street, before opening their country place early in the Spring.

Capt. and Mrs. Warren C. Beach will be unable to open their home in Washington for the Spring months. They plan to go South later.

Sir Edward and Lady Walker of Toronto, Canada, are here for a few days' visit, and are stopping at the Hotel Manhattan.

Lorillard Spencer is ill at 7 East Eighty-sixth Street. As soon as his condition warrants he will return to his cottage at Newport.

The annual concert in aid of the New York Diet Kitchen Association will be held this afternoon at the Waldorf-Astoria.

The first meeting of the Lenten sewing class, organized by the Colonial Dames of America, for the Seamen's Institute, will be held this morning at Mrs. J. Muhlenberg Bailey's, 77 Madison Avenue. The Rev. Mr. Mansfield will speak briefly.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., and Miss Barbara Rutherfurd are booked to sail the second week in March for Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. James C. Parrish, Jr., who sailed on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, are to be met at Gibraltar by Count Marza and will go with him to his country estate in Spain. Later they will open their new home in Paris.

Mrs. Spencer Trask, who has been an invalid for several months, is spending the Winter at Lake George.

H. Casimir De Rham and Robert Sedgwick will shortly leave Newport for a fishing and yachting trip through the waters of Florida and Cuba, having chartered a yacht for the purpose, which is now in Southern waters.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt will sail the middle of March for Paris, to be joined later by Mrs. Vanderbilt and their daughter, Miss Kathleen Vanderbilt. They plan to return in July to Sandy Point Farm at Newport. Mr. Vanderbilt will be one of the judges at the International Horse Show in London.

MME. DE TREVILLE'S RECITAL.

She Sings a Programme of French Songs in Carnegie Hall.

A song recital was given at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon by Mme. Yvonne de Tréville. A large audience was provided for the occasion. Mme. de Tréville made her first appearance in New York, after a number of years of absence, a month ago with the Russian Symphony Orchestra. Her programme at the song recital yesterday was an interesting one, made up entirely of French songs; beginning with the old composers, Rameau, Lulli, Grétry, and Garat, she came down through the deceased composers of the nineteenth century, Godard, Bizet, Franck, and Delibes, to living composers of the twentieth, Saint-Saëns, Massenet, Debussy, Hahn, and Widor.

Mme. de Tréville's singing has pleasing qualities. She has a fondness for coloratura in song; and her execution of passages of this sort show points of excellence. It might be affirmed that coloratura should not be sung unless it is perfectly and brilliantly sung, and that defects in this form of art are less easy to condone than in some others. But Mme. de Tréville's offerings of this sort found favor with her listeners, as did most of her other numbers on the programme. No doubt they would have found even more had she disclosed a greater diversity of style, a greater power of suggesting the character and bringing out the pith of the music she sang.

Aid for George W. Hanson.

THE TIMES has received $2 from "E. B." for George W. Hanson, who was arrested last Saturday afternoon while trying to steal some clothing belonging to the janitor of the house at 345 East 162d Street. At the Morrisania Police Station Hanson said he was a painter out of work and that the appeals for food of his wife and their three children had made him desperate. Three hours after he was put in a cell he tried to commit suicide. A TIMES reporter called at Hanson's home, at 385 East 152d Street, and found that his statement about his wife and little children was true.

Miss Tyroler Weds Leo Robertson.

The wedding of Miss Julia Tyroler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Tyroler of 316 West Seventy-ninth Street, to Leo Robertson of this city took place last evening at the St. Regis. The Rev. Stephen S. Wise officiated.

The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Julia Lippe, and Philip Bargebuhr was best man.

A reception followed the ceremony, after which dinner was served for sixty guests at a heart-shaped table. The couple will spend their honeymoon in Bermuda.

Taft Greets Japanese Ambassador.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Viscount Chinda, the new Japanese Ambassador, was formally presented to President Taft at the White House to-day.

FIGHT MOTION-PICTURE MEN.

Managers Name Committee to Combat Copyright Amendment.

A meeting of the theatre managers, producers, and playwrights was held at the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the National Association of Theatrical Producing Managers, for the purpose of naming a Committee on Copyright Legislation in the United States and Canada, and particularly to fight the amendment to the present laws proposed by Representative Townsend. This amendment seeks to permit motion picture concerns the privilege of paying a single fine for the use of copyrighted plays, and to eliminate subsequent fines as are now provided.

A committee, headed by Hollis E. Cooley, was appointed to go to Washington to be present at the hearing of the committee on the Townsend amendment on March 13. Others on the committee are Harry P. Mawson, for the dramatists; Ed Giroux, for the National Theatre Owners' Association, and one yet to be named. Ligon Johnson, general counsel for the National Association, will act as counsel for the delegation. A committee from the organization will also go to Canada for a conference with the Premier and the Canadian copyright officials looking toward the enactment of copyright legislation giving protection throughout the Dominion.

Among those present at yesterday's meeting were William A. Brady, Augustus Thomas, Charles Burnham, John Cort, Ben Stern, Madison Corey, Walter Jordan, Sidney Rosenfeld, George C. Broadhurst, Maurice Campbell, Sidney R. Ellis, George C. Tyler, George Bowles, Archibald Selwyn, Hollis E. Cooley, the Rev. Thomas Dixon, Louis Mann, Edward Milton Royle, John Leffler, Howard Estabrook, Milton Aborn, Ernest Ely, H. Clay Miner, Harry P. Mawson, Ligon Johnson, Gus Hill, Charles A. Bird, and Barney Gerard.

DOUBLE OPERA BILL AT METROPOLITAN

Massenet's "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame," with Mary Garden, Sung by Chicago Company.

"THE SECRET OF SUZANNE"

Wolf-Ferrari's Charming One-Act Piece Given with Carolina White as the Countess Gil.

THE SECRET OF SUZANNE.

Count Gil	Alfredo Costa
Countess Gil	Carolina White
Sante	Francesco Daddi

Musical Director—Ettore Perosio.

LE JONGLEUR DE NOTRE DAME.

Jean	Mary Garden
Boniface	Maurice Renaud
The Prior	Hector Dufranne
The Poet Monk	Edmond Warnery
The Painter Monk	Gustave Huberdeau
The Sculptor Monk	Constantin Nicolay
The Musician Monk	Armand Crabbe
A Buffoon	Jean De Keyser
A Drunken Man	Desire Defrere
A Knight	Charles Meyer

General Musical Director—Cleofonte Campanini.

It had been intended to present Wolf-Ferrari's latest opera, "I Giojelli della Madonna," last night at the Metropolitan Opera House as the third of the series of performances given by the Philadelphia-Chicago Company, but the illness of Mario Sammarco, who is an important factor in the cast, prevented that. The fact was known on Monday and was announced yesterday morning, but the arriving audience found posters in the lobby of the theatre with the details of the change of bill.

Under the new arrangement a double bill was given, the works including Wolf-Ferrari's charming one-act piece, "The Secret of Suzanne," and Massenet's "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame."

This latter work had been a feature of Mr. Hammerstein's répertoire at the Manhattan Opera House. It was among the works acquired from Mr. Hammerstein by Mr. Dippel, and it was presented by him last season at the Metropolitan Opera House with a cast which did not differ in any significant particular from that of last night, or, as a matter of fact, from that which was usually heard at the Manhattan.

This cast included Miss Mary Garden in the rôle of the juggler, Jean, to which she contributes many picturesque details; Mr. Renaud in his unforgettable impersonation of the monk cook, Boniface, and Mr. Dufranne as the Prior. Some of the less important characters were in newer hands. Mr. Campanini conducted.

Mario Sammarco's illness in some way affected the presentation of "The Secret of Suzanne," for he has been accustomed to sing the part of the Count. He was heard in the part, in fact, the two times that the work was sung in New York last season. Last night Alfredo Costa appeared in the rôle. Carolina White again sang the music allotted to the cigarette-smoking wife and Francesco Daddi again appeared as the dumb servant. Ettore Perosio conducted this opera.

WALLER TO ACT AT DALY'S.

His Production of "Monsieur Beaucaire" to Open on Monday, March 11.

Lewis Waller announced last night that his production of "Monsieur Beaucaire" would open at Daly's Theatre on Monday, March 11. Mr. Waller will play the title rôle himself, which he has performed for 889 times in England, and he will have for his leading woman Grace Lane, who supported him in the same play when it was first produced.

Others in the company will be Frank Woolfe, Henry Stanford, Reginald Dane, Lewis Broughton, Malcolm Dunn, Herbert Ayling, Harry Carville, Rupert Julian, Vincent Sternroyd, Elwin Eaton, Catherine Calhoun, Essex Dane, Edith Charterie, Gertrude Barrett, Violet Kimball, Miss May, and Mlle. Corday.

"The Truth Wagon," which is now playing at Daly's Theatre, will not be withdrawn, but will be moved to another Shubert Theatre.

"Baron Trenck" Coming.

F. C. Whitney's production of "Baron Trenck," an operetta by Felix Albini, with an English book by Henry Blossom and lyrics by Fred F. Schrader, will follow "Sumurun" at the Casino Theatre, opening there on Monday evening, March 11. The piece has been seen in several cities this season, and was produced in London last year. The cast will include Fritz Sturmfels, from the Opera, Leipsic; Blanche Duffield, John Slavin, Ethel De Fre Houston, Pacie Ripple, Charles E. Galegher, Perle Barti, Vivian Weadon, and Michael Lewis. The orchestra will be conducted by Antonio de Novellis.

Little Theatre Matinee Offerings.

Winthrop Ames announced last night that the first of the special matinée performances at the Little Theatre would be given on Tuesday afternoon, March 19. The first offering will be a double bill, consisting of a Chinese drama, "The Flower of the Palace of Han," a translation from the French adaptation of Louis Laloy by Charles Rann Kennedy, and "The Terrible Meek," a one-act play by Mr. Kennedy. Edith Wynne Mathison will have the principal rôle in the latter play. These two pieces will be given every afternoon except Saturday, when the evening bill, "The Pigeon," by John Galsworthy, will be offered.

Greenroom Club's Annual Rehearsal.

The annual full dress rehearsal of the Greenroom Club will be held at the Broadway Theatre on Sunday evening, March 10. The Entertainment Committee consists of Sam H. Harris, Thomas W. Dinkins, M. S. Bentham, Max Hart, Philip Mindil, Frank B. Arnold, Sidney Wilmer, Chester De Vonde, Hugh D'Arcy, Frank Smithson, Fred Niblo, Jerome Siegel, and T. Arthur Baker.

W. WICKHAM SMITH DEAD.

Ex-Assistant United States Attorney and Authority on Tariff Law.

W. Wickham Smith, a member of the law firm of Curie, Smith & Maxwell, with offices at 32 Broadway, and an authority on tariff law, died yesterday at his residence, 1,152 Dean Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Smith, who was 53 years old, was born in New York City, and was a graduate of the College of the City of New York and the Columbia Law School. He was Assistant United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York during President Cleveland's Administration.

Mr. Smith practiced largely in the Federal courts, having been in charge of many important classification, seizure, and criminal cases arising under the United States tariff laws. He was retained by the Government as Assistant Attorney General for the prosecution of the silk fraud cases and also in the weight frauds unearthed at the Port of New York within the last few years.

William Dodge Porter.

William Dodge Porter, a relative of the late President Grover Cleveland, the late Edmund Clarence Stedman, and the late William Earl Dodge, died Monday night from a complication of diseases at his home, 342 Springfield Avenue, Summit, N. J. He was born in Hartford, Conn., April 15, 1831, and was graduated with the class of 1850 from Williams College, having been a descendant of the founder of the institution. For sixty-one years Mr. Porter was secretary of his class, and was a member of the Delta Upsilon fraternity. For twenty years he was treasurer of the National Temperance Society, and for thirty-five years was treasurer of the New York Primary Union. He is survived by a daughter and a son.

DEATH OF ADDISON B. BURK.

Associate Editor of Philadelphia Public Ledger for 25 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—Addison B. Burk, a widely known newspaper man, reorganizer and developer of the Spring Garden Institute and for a quarter of a century associate editor of the Public Ledger, died to-day at his home, 1,211 Mount Vernon Street.

Mr. Burk was 64 years old. He was born in this city on Dec. 12, 1847, and while he was attending the Central High School the war between the North and the South was declared. Although only 17 years old he put aside his books and enlisted as a private in the One Hundred and Ninety-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers and served with distinction.

He was President of the Spring Garden Institute, a technical school, and helped to organize the Williamson Trade School, the Drexel Institute, and the Manual Training Schools of Philadelphia. The Mechanical Schools of Girard College, the Pratt Institute of Brooklyn, and the engineering department of the University of Pennsylvania are distinctly indebted to the institute for their installation.

Mr. Burk took keen interest in the inland waterways project, and for some time had been Secretary and Treasurer of the Island Waterways Association.

FRANK S. BOND DEAD AT 83.

Once Prominent Railroad Official Dies on Jekyl Island.

Frank S. Bond, formerly Vice President of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company until his retirement in 1903, and previously associated prominently with various other railroads, died after a brief illness last Monday on Jekyl Island, off the coast of Georgia, in his 83d year. He was born at Sturbridge, Mass., the son of Rev. Dr. Alvin Bond.

He entered the railroad business in 1849 as a clerk in the office of the treasurer of the Norwich & Worcester Railroad Company, afterwards becoming successively Secretary of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad, Vice President of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad, Vice President of the Texas & Pacific Railroad, President of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, and the President of five associated railways.

Upon his retirement Mr. Bond removed to New London, Conn., still continuing as a Director of the St. Paul Railway Company.

Obituary Notes.

THOMAS A. McKEE, at one time manager for James K. Hackett, died yesterday of apoplexy at Mme. Fouquette's, 254 West Forty-second Street. At one time Mr. McKee was advance agent for Marie Tempest, and filled the same position for several other stars.

ISSAC P. BALDWIN, Assistant Secretary of the Navy under President Polk, died Monday on a farm near Battle Creek, Mich., where for many years he had lived in retirement. He was born in Connecticut ninety-two years ago.

WILLIAM LENNAHAN, 72 years old, of Baltimore, multi-millionaire and head of one of the largest whisky firms in this country, died suddenly in Baltimore last night.

JOHN P. DEAS, connected with the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank of New York, died yesterday at his home, 70 Arlington Avenue, East Orange, N. J., as the result of an operation performed last Sunday. He was born in Deaspoint, N. J., now Weehawken, seventy years ago, and received his early education in the old Hunter School in New York City. Mr. Deas is survived by his wife and seven children.

JAMES B. CAMPBELL, 44 years old, Chief of the Hanover Fire Department, died in Hanover, Penn., yesterday after a brief illness. He served twenty years in the New York Fire Department and was a retired Battalion Chief.

JOHN H. O'DONNELL, regarded as an authority on wire die machinery, died at his home in Waterbury, Conn., yesterday after a brief illness. He was the inventor of the diamond die, and was prominently identified with various concerns in Waterbury, Seymour, Conn., and Worcester, Mass. Mr. O'Donnell was 48 years old and married.

Mrs. ELIZABETH HICKMAN NEELY, wife of Bishop Thomas B. Neely of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died suddenly in New Orleans Monday night. Mr. and Mrs. Neely had just returned from Mexico City, where he presided over the Mexican Conference. She was 60 years of age, and a native of Philadelphia.

ARNOLD GIESEMAN, Sr., a teacher of music and a composer, died on Monday at his home, 718 West 178th Street, of general debility. He was 88 years old, and was born in Germany, where he received his education in music. He came to America in 1846.

Dr. WILLIAM R. HITCHCOCK, a physician of Harlem, died on Sunday at his home, 254 West 135th Street. He was a graduate of the New York College of Pharmacy and the New York University Medical College. He was 42 years old.

JACOB HARRIS, chief clerk and cashier of the Register's Office for the last eighteen years, died Saturday at his home, 518 West 148th Street, of Bright's disease. Mr. Harris was 59 years old, and leaves a widow and five children.

JOHN BLAKE, attendant at the Flushing Court, died Monday at the Consumptives' Home. He was a veteran of the Spanish-American war.

HENRY C. MARSH, Treasurer of the Revere Rubber Company of Boston, is dead at his home, 286 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston. He was 73 years old.

THOMAS P. FORD, a lawyer of Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, 341 Lincoln Road, Brooklyn. He was 36 years old, and had practiced law for ten years.

Mrs. BLANCHE LESSER, wife of Benjamin Lesser, a cigar manufacturer, died on Monday after a long illness at her home, 523 West 143d Street. She was 34 years old, and is survived by her husband and one daughter.

HENRY GARTELMAN, Jr., of Northport, L. I., died on Sunday of pneumonia. He was 43 years old and unmarried.

ABRAHAM FEUCHTWANGER of the brokerage firm of Feuchtwanger & Co., died on Monday at his home, 6 West Seventieth Street. He was well known in financial circles in this city, and his office was at 51 Exchange Place.

HARRY FRANKLIN ADAMS, who was a Police Commissioner of Boston from 1899 to 1906, died on Saturday in Porto Rico, where he was in business. He was well known as an oarsman in Boston.

Mrs. KATHERINE MYERS FREEMAN, widow of Wilberforce Freeman, a banker of Orange, N. J., died on Monday at her home in Orange at the age of 68 years. Mrs. Freeman was long a member of the Governing Board of the Memorial Hospital and a member of the Woman's Club. She was a daughter of the late Dr. John Kirtland of Whitehall, N. Y.

Mrs. AMELIA J. LA GRANGE, wife of George C. La Grange, a hotel owner of this city, is dead in Baltimore, Md. Mrs. La Grange had been ill for several years. She was formerly associated with her husband in the management of hotels in this city and Palm Beach.

ARTHUR D. WILDMAN, manager of the Rogers-Peet clothing store, at Thirteenth Street and Broadway, died Monday night after a brief illness from pneumonia, at his home, 301 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers. He was born in Danbury, Conn., Sept. 14, 1845, received his early education there, and later came to New York, where he entered the clothing business. Mr. Wildman was an elder of the First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers, and a member of the Masonic Order.

The Rev. S. B. LOOMIS, a personal friend of Abraham Lincoln, died yesterday in Lone Rock, Wis., aged 88 years.

Mrs. BETTIE J. HUFF, 84 years old, widow of the Rev. Samuel P. Huff, died on Monday at the home of her son, S. W. Huff, President of the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company, at 569 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn.

Public Sales of
Art and Literary Collections
at the
Anderson Galleries
Madison Avenue at Fortieth St.

HINCKLEY LIBRARY, one of the Great Sales of the Season; rare editions of English and American authors; Fine Bindings; Original Manuscripts. Sale continues THIS AFTERNOON and Evening, and concludes to-morrow afternoon; Sales at 2:30 and 8:15 o'Clock.

MODERN PAINTINGS by Dutch, French and American Artists. The Oehme Collection, with important additions by private owners, NOW ON EXHIBITION. To be sold on the Evenings of Thursday and Friday, February 29th and March 1st, at 8:15 o'Clock.

WHISTLER MATERIAL from the Walter Greaves Collection. Drawings by Whistler, Turner and Greaves; signed Proof Etchings by Whistler, Fitton, Sadler, Haig, Haden, Heller and others; "The Bridge of Six," by Rembrandt; Napoleonic Engravings and Etchings by Jacquet Boulard and Country, and other Important Items, NOW ON EXHIBITION. To be sold Tuesday Evening, March 5th, at 8:15 o'Clock.

THE
Anderson Auction Company
NEW YORK

PRESIDENT OF CUBA THREATENS TO RESIGN

If Speaker Ferrara Quits So Will He, Gomez Tells Congress Committee.

TALK OF IMPEACHING HIM

Zayas's Following Hold This as a Club to Force Him to Desert Asbert for President.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Cuba, Feb. 27.—A committee of Cuban Congressmen called this afternoon on President Gomez in connection with the resignation of Speaker Ferrara. In reply to them the President said:

"If you accept the Speaker's resignation, you must accept mine also. I am not disposed to continue as President if Señor Ferrara gives up the Speakership."

President Gomez had previously notified his Congressional supporters of his determination to resign owing to the present state of politics and the hopeless division of the Liberals. His supporters are now doing their utmost to bring the rival elements together, for the purpose of dissuading Gomez from his determination.

I understand the President will resign immediately if impeachment proceedings are begun against him. He declares he does not fear the outcome of such proceedings, but he does not propose to submit to the indignity. The threat of an impeachment comes from the supporters of Zayas, who hold it over the President's head, as a club to prevent him from using his influence in favor of the candidacy of Asbert for the Presidency, which he openly advocates.

Political unrest in Cuba has been growing for some time. It came to a head five or six weeks ago by the demand made by the Veterans' Association under Gen. Nunez that all those who had sympathized with Spain during the War of Independence should be excluded from public office. Gomez refused, and there was so much fear of disorder whereby many Americans and American interests would be imperiled that on Jan. 16 Secretary Knox sent to Gomez a note warning him that agitation must cease or America might intervene.

This was used with effect by Gomez to obtain peace for a time. He called a meeting of the leaders of the veterans at the Executive Mansion and some kind of a peace pact was come to. It did not, however, satisfy many of those who oppose the Gomez régime, and it is not believed that it will have a permanent effect.

In particular the open advocacy of the candidacy of Gen. Asbert for the Presidency by Gomez is causing much dissatisfaction among the followers of Vice President Zayas. He assisted in the election of Gomez on the distinct understanding that his own candidacy would meet with the support of the united Liberal Party, and now that he believes that the bargain is not going to be kept, he is disposed to press his claims.

GEORGE E. BRYSON DEAD.

Havana Newspaper Correspondent Was President Palma's Adviser.

George Eugene Bryson, well known as a Cuban correspondent for various New York newspapers before and after the Spanish-American war, including THE NEW YORK TIMES, and active as a Lieutenant on the staff of Gen. Antonio Maceo in the revolutionary affairs of Cuba, died on Feb. 22 at his home, in Havana, Cuba.

He was born forty-five years ago near Bryson City, Jackson County, N. C. As a newspaper correspondent he entered the South American field in the eighties, and during the years that followed took part in seventeen different revolutions. One of his most notable exploits was the bombardment in 1891 of La Guayra, in Venezuela. Hearing that the dictator, Mendoza, had raided the town and imprisoned the various Consuls stationed there, he borrowed a small Spanish vessel, the Jorge Juan, with which he forced the invading forces to capitulate.

For many years he was the advisor of Tomas Estrada Palma, President of Cuba.

Prof. Charles Louis Loos.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 27.—Charles Louis Loos, Professor of Greek and formerly President of Transylvania University, died at his home here to-day from causes incident to old age. Prof. Loos was the last of the leaders of Trinity Church of Christ in America. He was born in Worth, Alsace, Dec. 23, 1823. He was graduated from Bethany College, Virginia, and received the degree of LL. D. from Butler College, Indiana, in 1846. Prof. Loos was ordained to the Christian (Disciples) ministry in 1849 and was appointed President of Eureka College, Illinois, 1857-8. He was President of Bethany College 1858-80. In 1889 he was President of the Foreign Christian Missionary Society.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

TURKELTAUB.—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Turkeltaub of 51 East 97th St. announce the birth of a daughter Tuesday, Feb. 27, 1912.

KAHN.—Feb. 24, Hartford, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Kahn, a son.

Married.

CONOVER—PARRISH.—At St. Mark's Church, Beaumont, Texas, Feb. 17, Mrs. Hugh Roberts Parrish of Ardmore, Penn., to Mr. Francis Stevens Conover of Princeton, N. J.

EDMUNDS—ALBRECHT.—July 15, 1911, Harriett Standish Albrecht to Francis Dudley Edmunds, by the Rev. G. W. Knapp.

NUTTING—JOHNSTONE.—Saturday, Feb. 24, at 5 P. M., at the Verdun Presbyterian Church, Montreal, by her brother, the Rev. John Wesley Johnstone, Kate Johnstone, daughter of William Johnstone, I. P. S., of Athens, Ontario, to Lucius Henry Nutting of New York City.

LEVEY—DODGE.—Feb. 26, Warrena Dodge to Clarence D. Levey.

Brooklyn.

DENTON—REYNOLDS.—Feb. 25, Marion F. Reynolds to Raymond A. Denton.

New Jersey.

TAUB—BARKER.—Feb. 25, Trenton, Dorothy Barker to John Taub.

New York State.

STRATHMORE—PROFFITT.—Feb. 24, Nyack, Katherine Proffitt to Henry G. Strathmore.

Died.

BABER.—On Feb. 26, in New York City, Mary A. Baber, beloved wife of John F. Baber. Funeral from Clay Street Methodist Church of Richmond, Va., Feb. 28.

BAMBACH.—Suddenly, on Feb. 26, in his 61st year, John H. Bambach, beloved husband of Laura V. Bambach, (nee Hinton.) Funeral Wednesday, Feb 28, from his late residence, 117 Wadsworth Av., at 12:30 P. M. Services at St. Thomas's Chapel, 230 East 60th St., at 1:30 P. M. Friends and N. Y. Schuetzen Bund No. 1 are cordially invited.

BOGERT.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at her residence, 39 West 75th St., Caroline Jessup, widow of Stephen G. Bogert. Funeral service Thursday, Feb. 29, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

BOND.—At Jekyl Island, Ga., on Monday, Feb. 26, Frank S. Bond, in the 83d year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, 471 Pequot Av., New London, Conn., on Friday afternoon, March 1, at 1:30 o'clock.

Died.

CARPENTER.—Feb. 25, Benjamin F. Carpenter. Funeral, Chapel Stephen Merritt and Cremation Co., 8th Av., 19th St., Wednesday, half-past 10.

CHITRY.—On Feb. 26, Jane, widow of Alexander Chitry, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. S. J. Luckings. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

COLSON.—On Thursday, Feb. 22, Irving, son of Augustus and Annie E. Colson. Funeral private.

DEAS.—At East Orange, N. J., Tuesday, Feb. 27, 1912, John P. Deas, in his 70th year. Funeral services at his late home, 70 North Arlington Av., East Orange, Friday, March 1, at 3:30 o'clock. Carriages in waiting upon arrival of train leaving Hoboken, 2:50 P. M., D., L. & W. R. R.

ERKENBRACH.—At Columbia, S. C., Feb. 27, in his 49th year, George Percy Erkenbrach of East Orange, N. J. Services and interment at Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Notice of time and trains hereafter.

FEUCHTWANGER.—On Monday, Feb. 26, 1912, Abraham H. Feuchtwanger, beloved husband of Clara A. Feuchtwanger and beloved father of Louise F. Untermyer, at his residence, 6 West 70th St. Funeral at convenience of the family.

GOSLINE.—Feb. 26, Mrs. Frances P. Gosline. Born at Pontiac, Mich., in 1823. Funeral Wednesday, 2 P. M., from residence Mrs. C. W. Hunt, Grymes Hill, Stapleton, S. I.

HALL.—Suddenly, Monday, Feb. 26, 1912, William Henry Hall of 265 West 73d St. Notice of funeral later.

HEILBRUS.—On Feb. 27, Liebman Heilbrus, after a lingering illness, beloved father of Benjamin, Daisy, Leo, and Rosabel. Funeral Friday, March 1, at 10 o'clock sharp at 601 West 127th St. Kindly omit flowers.

HILLIARD.—Feb. 26, Mary E. Hilliard, aged 66 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 190 Wadsworth Av., Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Cedar Lawn Cemetery, Paterson, N. J.

HIMMEL.—On Monday, Feb. 26, Frank J., beloved brother of Oscar P. Himmel. Funeral from his late residence, 1,316 2d Av., Thursday, Feb. 29, at 9:45 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Catherine of Sienna's Church, East 69th St.

HITCHCOCK.—Sunday, Feb. 25, 1912, Dr. William R. Hitchcock. Funeral service at late residence, 254 West 135th St., Tuesday, 8 P. M.; also at the M. E. Church, Deposit, N. Y., on Wednesday, at 3 P. M.

JARDINE.—On the 27th inst., at Ridgewood, N. J., Mary Catherine Randall (Leggett,) widow of Edward Jardine, in her 77th year. Funeral services at the First Reformed Church, Ridgewood, on Thursday, the 29th, at 1:30 o'clock. Orange County (N. Y.) papers please copy.

LA GRANGE.—At Baltimore, Monday, Feb. 26, 1912, Amelia J., beloved wife of George C. La Grange. Services at sister's residence, 4601 Liberty Heights Av., Thursday, Feb. 29, 10 A. M.

LE DUC.—On Monday, Feb. 26, 1912, at her home, 120 West 57th St., Mary Clinton Le Duc, widow of Janvier Le Duc. Funeral service at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 28, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Milwaukee, Wis. Milwaukee (Wis.) papers please copy.

LE DUC.—The New York City Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, announce with sorrow the loss it has sustained by the death of its Past Vice Regent, Mrs. Janvier le Duc, on Feb. 26. Funeral services on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 28, at 2 o'clock, at St. Thomas's Church. Members are requested to attend.
Mrs. DONALD McLEAN,
Regent and Honorary President General.
Mrs. M. C. MURRAY HYDE,
Secretary.

LESSER.—Blanche Lesser, (nee Jacobi,) after a lingering illness, on Feb. 26, beloved wife of Ben Lesser, mother of Leonore, and beloved daughter of Sam and Carrie Jacobi. Funeral services from late residence, 523 West 143d St., Wednesday, 10:30 A. M. Chicago and Kansas City papers please copy.

LLOYD.—After a lingering illness, on Sunday, Feb. 25, at West Summit, N. J., Lizzie Warner Lloyd, beloved wife of Frank S. Lloyd, and mother of Harold W., F. Seymour and Helen M. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her sister, Mrs. James Guire, West End, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 28, at 2 P. M.

LOVESSO.—Caroline A. Lovesso. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

PALMIE.—On Monday, Feb. 26, at her residence, 171 Warren St., Brooklyn, Theresa C. Palmie, widow of the late Edward D. Palmie. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

PARKER.—On Monday, Feb. 26, William V. Parker of the firm of Charles Chipman's Sons, 88 Leonard St. Friends are invited on Tuesday P. M. at his late residence, 251 West 81st St. Interment private in Philadelphia on Thursday.

PORTER.—At Summit, N. J., on Monday, Feb. 26, William Dodge Porter, in the 81st year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church, Summit, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 29, on arrival of train leaving Barclay and Christopher Sts., D., L. & W. R. R., at 2 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

REPP.—Henry C. Repp, age 67, passed away Monday, Feb. 26, at 9:15 P. M. Funeral services to be held at the Greene Avenue M. E. Church, Greene Avenue, between Central and Evergreen Avs., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Feb. 29, at 2 P. M.

SCHUYLER.—Suddenly, at Bloomfield, N. J., Feb. 27, 1912, Richards Kingsland Schuyler, son of the late Arent H. and Mary C. Schuyler. Funeral services private.

SMITH.—W. Wickham Smith, on Tuesday, Feb. 27, 1912, in the 53d year of his age. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 1,152 Dean St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Feb. 29, at 5 P. M.

SMITH.—Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, office of the Secretary, Room 62, 45 William St., New York.—It is with great regret that announcement is made to the members of this society of the death of their fellow-member, Hon. Thomas Guilford Smith of Buffalo, N. Y., on Tuesday, Feb. 20, 1912.
WILLIAM CARY SANGER, Governor.
Frederick Dwight, Secretary.

STAUF.—On Sunday, Feb. 25, 1912, Col. Andrew Stauf, in his 84th year, at his late residence, 4,003 Lowerre Place, Bronx, beloved father of George, William, Katie, and Henry Stauf. Relatives and friends, also members of Zschokke Lodge 202, F. & A. M.; Steinwehr Post 192, and members of the late Ninety-sixth Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., are invited to attend the funeral services at the German Masonic Temple, 220 East 15th St., on Wednesday, Feb. 28, at 1:30 P. M. Interment at Evergreens Cemetery, Brooklyn.

THALMANN.—Ernst, after a short illness, at his home, 150 West 59th St., at 8 o'clock Monday morning, Feb. 26, 1912, in his sixty-first year. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. Special train will leave Grand Central Terminal, Lexington Av. and 44th St., on Wednesday, Feb. 28, at 3 P. M.

THALMANN.—The Board of Trustees and members of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum are hereby notified of the death of our late colleague, Mr. Ernst Thalmann, for many years a valued Trustee of the institution. The interment will be at Woodlawn Cemetery, where funeral services will be held. A special train will leave Grand Central Depot Wednesday, Feb. 28, 1912, at 3 P. M. Louis Stern, President; Theo. Obermeyer, Honorary Secretary.

WILDMAN.—In Yonkers, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1912, Arthur D. Wildman, in the sixty-seventh year of his age. Funeral on Thursday, Feb. 29, at 2:30 P. M., at his late residence, 301 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Interment at Danbury, Conn., on Friday.

WOOD.—On Sunday, Feb. 25, at Saranac Lake, N. Y., Duncan, son of John and Mary Eleanor Wood and grandson of the late Capt. Jonathan Dayton Wilson. Funeral services will be held at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., Wednesday, Feb. 28, at 9:30 A. M.

BARMORE.—Mary A., 74 East 123d St., Feb. 25. Funeral private.

BERTRAM.—J. Louis, Feb. 26, aged 80. Funeral 688 9th Av., to-day, 1 P. M.

BYRNE.—Michael J., 1,185 Stebbins Av., Bronx, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day.

CAMPBELL.—William, Feb. 26. Funeral 171 8th Av.

CARROLL.—Annie, 529 East 81st St., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

COGHLAN.—Annie, 4,388 Broadway, Feb. 25.

COSGROVE.—Ellen, 201 East 28th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CUMMINGS.—Michael, 107 Charlton St., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FOLEY.—Delia, 486 East 138th St., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GRAF.—Adolph, 1,532 2d Av., Feb. 25, aged 19.

HARDEN.—Catherine, 278 Delancey St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HILLEBRAND.—Henry, 517 Pearl St., Feb. 26. Funeral notice later.

HOPPER.—Sarah, 626 West 52d St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

KELLEY.—Edward, Feb. 26. Funeral 241 West 23d St.

KNOBLOCH.—Henry, 313 East 83d St., Feb. 26, aged 45. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McWILLIAMS.—Theresa J., 1,001 East 167th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MULLAN.—Michael, 323 East 93d St., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day.

MULLANEY.—Margaret, 72 Watts St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow.

POWERS.—Patrick, 557 West 42d St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

ROSE.—Hannah F., 904 8th Av., Feb. 25. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

SMITH.—Charlotte R., Morristown, Feb. 25. Funeral private.

TOPLISS.—William, Presbyterian Hospital, Feb. 24, aged 23.

WILLETT.—Catherine, Feb. 26. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-morrow, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BENNETT.—Charles H., 184 Jackson St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day.

BLACKWELL.—Robert C., Macon St., Feb. 26, aged 74. Funeral service to-day.

BILLY.—Marie, 456 Atlantic Av., Feb. 25, aged 66. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BLY.—William, 187 Washington St., Feb. 25, aged 34. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BRAND.—Nellie, 463 4th Av., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BROWNHILL.—George, 1,248 Herkimer St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

CAVANAGH.—Patrick, Feb. 26. Funeral 64 Herbert St.

Died.

CASEY.—Patrick, 370 Court St., Feb. 26, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

COLLINS.—Margaret, 413 10th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CONROY.—Thomas A., 194 Emerson Place, Feb. 25, aged 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DAUB.—Annie, 334 Court St., Feb. 26, aged 34. Funeral service to-day.

FARRELL.—James, 743 Lincoln Place, Feb. 25. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

FORD.—Thomas P., 341 Lincoln Road, Feb. 26.

GRAVINA.—Angelina J., 6,802 3d Av., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HARRINGTON.—Isabella, 1,483 Bedford Av., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HARSELL.—Kate A., 853 Marcy Av., Feb. 25.

HENNINGS.—Herman H., 465 53d St., Feb. 26, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HUFF.—Bettie J., 569 St. Mark's Av., Feb. 26, aged 84. Funeral to-day.

JONES.—William, 57 Sands St., Feb. 25, aged 40. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KAUTERMAN.—Sarah E., 324 41st St., Feb. 25, aged 48.

KESSEL.—Myra, 1,000 Park Place, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

LALLY.—Sarah, 409 Stone Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

LANG.—Gertrude, 302 Central Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McCOLLUM.—Alexander, 737 Wythe Av., Feb. 26, aged 43. Funeral to-day, noon.

McROBERTS.—Gertrude, 537 58th St., Feb. 25, aged 25.

McSHANE.—Henry C., 523 12th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow.

MAGUIRE.—Joseph, 297 Classon Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

MANECHAINO.—Salette, 2,940 Fulton St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MEEHAN.—Mary G., 1,683 Gates Av., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MURRAY.—Elizabeth, 94 Truxton St., Feb. 25.

NEWTON.—Helen A., 259 St. Nicholas Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

OTT.—Maria, 389 Central Av., Feb. 25, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REIMOLD.—Julius C., 23 Forest Av., Feb. 25, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RYAN.—John W., 145 Walcott St., Feb. 25, aged 37.

SOLOMON.—Dorothy, 503 Marcy Av., Feb. 25. Funeral to-day.

SUYDAM.—Jane W., Mill Lane and East 51st St., Feb. 26, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

STEPHEN.—John W., 8 Webster Place, Feb. 25, aged 88. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

Connecticut.

ANDERSON.—John E., West Hartford, Feb. 25, aged 2.

BRADY.—John, Stamford, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day.

CALVERT.—Edward T., Hartford, Feb. 26, aged 2. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

CLARK.—Martin J., Jr., Hartford, Feb. 25, aged 25.

CROWLEY.—Timothy J., Bridgeport, Feb. 25, aged 47.

DALY.—Bridget, Hartford, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

DEW.—James, Torrington, Feb. 25.

GRIFFIN.—Margaret, Bridgeport, Feb. 25.

HALE.—Herbert W., Norwichtown, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HART.—Rollin L. B., Barkhamsted, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

HEISLER.—Albert J., Danbury, Feb. 24, aged 38.

HUGHES.—James, Bridgeport, Feb. 25, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

KOLVICH.—Vanda, Bridgeport, Feb. 24, aged 22.

MORLOCK.—Louise, Danbury, Feb. 24, aged 70.

O'KEEFE.—William, Hartford, Feb. 25.

PETERSON.—Axel, Hartford, Feb. 25.

PRATT.—Charles A., Old Saybrook, Feb. 25, aged 85.

PRIOR.—Elizabeth, Hartford, Feb. 25, aged 40.

ROHAN.—Edith, West Hartford, Feb. 26, aged 18.

RYD.—Augusta, Hartford, Feb. 25, aged 88. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

SPRING.—John, Hartford, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SWAN.—Maria L., Bridgeport, Feb. 25, aged 92.

VROOM.—Samantha, Danbury, Feb. 25, aged 83.

WHITE.—Annie, Hartford, Feb. 26, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

WILCOX.—Martha A., Rocky Hill, Feb. 25, aged 80.

Long Island.

ARMBRUSTER.—Kate, Ridgewood Heights, Feb. 25, aged 43.

BOUSHAY.—Margarette, 42 Fisk Av., Maspeth, Feb. 24, aged 28.

ERCK.—Charlotte M. E., 124 Forest Av., Flushing, Feb. 24, aged 4 months.

FISCHER.—George, 408 12th Av., Astoria, Feb. 24, aged 69.

GARTELMAN.—Henry, East Northport, Feb. 25, aged 43. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

HALLERAN.—Patrick A., 258 Lawrence St., Flushing, Feb. 25, aged 41.

HAECKEL.—Wilhelm, 26 Ward St., Maspeth, Feb. 26, aged 77.

HAYDEN.—Sarah E., Flushing, Feb. 24, aged 64.

LEWIS.—Jacob B., Flushing, Feb. 25, aged 84.

McCORMICK.—Michael S., Flushing, Feb. 25, aged 17.

McKERNAN.—Ida C., 5 Jay St., Maspeth, Feb. 25.

PALMER.—William, North Beach, Feb. 26, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PECK.—Charles, 11th Av., Whitestone, Feb. 24.

RACKETT.—Anna A., Southold, Feb. 26. Funeral private.

ROCKER.—Jacob, 225 Jamaica Av., Long Island City, Feb. 25, aged 75.

RAPELYE.—Mary E., 57 Grove St., Flushing, Feb. 24, aged 14.

RUSSELL.—Elizabeth, 887 Steinway Av., Long Island City, Feb. 24.

SCHIERENBECK.—John, College Point, Feb. 26, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

SCHNELLER.—Anna M., Elmhurst, Feb. 26, aged 66. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

SHERIDAN.—Veronica, Jamaica, Feb. 24.

STUMPF.—Madeline, College Point, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

THOMAS.—John E., Union Course, Feb. 25, aged 64.

TRAVERS.—George, Far Rockaway, Feb. 25, aged 75.

TUADESKI.—Stephen, Flushing, Feb. 25, aged 14 days.

New Jersey.

BARR.—William R., Paterson, Feb. 25, aged 34.

BAYLIS.—Minnie, Atlantic City, Feb. 25. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BRAND.—Nellie, Elizabeth, Feb. 25, aged 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CALDWELL.—Agnes, 286 9th St., Jersey City, Feb. 27. Funeral service to-morrow.

CANDY.—Harry E., Jersey City, Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

COLE.—Mary J., Red Bank, Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

DEER.—John, 50 Jacob St., Newark, Feb. 25, aged 62. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

ELROY.—Edwin, Elizabeth, Feb. 25, aged 52.

ENGEL.—Elizabeth, Trenton, Feb. 26, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FAIRGRIEVE.—Mary, Paterson, Feb. 25, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

GALVIN.—Elizabeth E., Elizabeth, Feb. 26, aged 41. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

GITT.—Frank, Newark, Feb. 27. Funeral notice later.

GRAHLING.—George, Newark, Feb. 26, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

HAIGHT.—Thomas, 104 Bentley Av., Jersey City, Feb. 27, aged 2.

HARRIS.—Frieda, Paterson, Feb. 25, aged 22.

JOHNSON.—Gertrude, Newark, Feb. 26, aged 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

KROTZ.—Frederick, Lakehurst, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

LOHMANN.—Lena, 35 East 48th St., Bayonne, Feb. 25.

McKENN.—Mary, 118 Hunterdon St., Newark, Feb. 27. Funeral March 1.

McSHANE.—Marie A., Newark, Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

MARLATT.—John T., 43 Napoleon St., Newark, Feb. 26, aged 16.

MATTHEWS.—Charles H., Roselle, Feb. 25, aged 87.

MOORE.—Lydia A., Ewing Township, Feb. 25, aged 47.

NEVIN.—Joseph L., Jersey City, Feb. 26. Funeral private.

PIERSON.—Louise, Oakland, Feb. 27. Funeral notice later.

SEELEY.—Emily, Jersey City, Feb. 26, aged 72. Funeral service to-day.

SHERIDAN.—Alice, Trenton, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

STEINER.—Joseph, 51 Baldwin Av., Newark, Feb. 27, aged 41.

SULLIVAN.—Agnes R., 166 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow.

WALLS.—Bridget, Trenton, Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

WARD.—Mary A., 77 Sussex St., Jersey City, Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

WRIGHT.—Joseph B., 14 Scott St., Newark, Feb. 25, aged 63. Funeral to-day.

WYNNE.—Helen E., 67 Hawkins St., Newark, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

New York State.

BOYD.—Catherine C., Newburg, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

CRANNELL.—Vera C., Newburg, Feb. 26, aged 11 months. Funeral private.

KLYNE.—Lillian M., East Coldenham, Feb. 24.

KNAPP.—Amelia, Stony Point, Feb. 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'HALLORAN.—Mary A., Peekskill, Feb. 26, aged 2 months.

POST.—Sarah A., Nyack, Feb. 25.

In Memoriam.

AMETRANO.—Elizabeth F.; mass St. Augustine's Church to-day, 9 A. M.

BROWN.—John J., in memory of; died Feb. 28, 1902.

CERF.—Henry, in memory of; died Feb. 28, 1911.

DIECKS.—August W., in memory of; died Feb. 28, 1907.

MOONEY.—Timothy; mass St. Patrick's Church, Jersey City, to-day, 8 A. M.

NUGENT.—Peter; mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

O'CONNOR.—Patrick J.; mass Sacred Heart Church, Brooklyn, to-morrow, 10 A. M.

WARD.—Bessie L.; mass St. Ignatius Loyola Church to-day, 9 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

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CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
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NEW YORK RAILWAYS GETS WORKING PLAN

Service Commission Cuts Allowances and Orders 20 Per Cent. of Gross Earnings Set Aside.

THIS TO BRING ASSETS UP

Found to be Far Short of Capital, and Therefore an Amortization and Depreciation Fund Is Established.

The mortgages issued by the New York Railways Company under the reorganization plan of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company were approved formally yesterday by the Public Service Commission, and in addition the commission made an order calling for the establishment of an amortization fund, to make up the difference between the value of the property mortgaged and the face value of the bonds authorized. It directed the company before paying interest on the adjustment mortgage bonds or dividends on the stock to lay aside $108,000 each year, with 4 per cent. on all prior payments into the fund, till $16,500,000 had been accumulated. Moreover, at least 20 per cent. of the gross operating revenue is to be set aside each year for a maintenance and depreciation fund.

The plan as approved by the commission provides for the issue of $17,500,000 par value of stock, $16,768,100 of thirty-year first real estate and refunding 4 per cent. gold bonds, and $31,933,400 of thirty-year adjustment mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds. An opinion of sixty printed pages is appended to the order by Chairman Willcox and Commissioner Maltbie. In discussing the necessity of providing a fund for the annual depreciation it is suggested that unless a company reserves each year a sufficient amount to replace the capital it has consumed during that year, it will violate the law against the declaration of dividends out of capital.

"Unless, therefore," the opinion says, "careful provision is made for the creation of a depreciation reserve, there may be another repetition of the financial collapses that have been so conspicuous in the history of street railroads in Manhattan."

The annual setting aside of 20 per cent. of the gross operating revenue to the depreciation account is suggested, not as the maximum amount if it is not sufficient, but as a fair average sum. If it proves to be high the order may be modified later.

Guarantee for the Bonds.

The Commissioners justify their provision of an amortization fund to take care of the discounts at which the bonds are issued before they fall due on the ground that that has been the invariable practice of the commission, and that its propriety has never been seriously attacked. They have authorized, exclusive of the reorganizations of the Metropolitan and Third Avenue systems, the issue of about $100,000,000 of bonds, and probably 90 per cent. of these have been issued at less than par value, with a provision for the amortization of the deficits.

Then the opinion of the commission takes up the valuation of the property of the New York railways and declares that, if anything, too high a figure has been allowed to be placed on the company's property. As it is, they have cut down the New York Railways Company's figures. Thus, it asked that its land be valued at $13,808,987 to $15,000,000, but the commission allowed only $12,000,000. The other physical property other than land, omitting abandoned or worthless track, the commission estimated at between $55,000,000 and $59,000,000. The contractor's profit on the cost of reproduction, which the company contended should be $4,760,874, the commission reckoned at only $3,300,000. For engineering administration and other similar items the commission allowed $5,900,000, or $3,000,000 less than the company asked.

The result of these calculations is summed up in a table which shows that the total cost of reproducing new the Metropolitan system as it stood on Oct. 1, 1910, omitting abandoned tracks, was $56,855,954. Allowance, however, has to be made for depreciation to reach the actual value of the tracks as they stood on the date named, and the commission gives figures to show that the value of the physical property, other than land, on Oct. 1, 1910, was between $43,000,000 and $46,000,000.

Other Allowances Cut.

A claim was put in by the company for a large allowance for franchise payments, but all the commission considers justified under that head is $151,000, which had been paid to the city for franchise rights. It allows only $2 a foot of streets for the value of property owners' assents, instead of the $5 asked, and this amounts to $800,000, and in the same way it cut down the company's estimate of trackage rights from $814,800 to $250,000. Other amounts it recognizes are from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000 for development expenses, $7,300,000 for promotion expenses, preliminary legal fees, adjustment of plant, &c., and $6,000,000 for interest and taxes during construction.

The commission presents this comparative statement of assets and liabilities as of Oct. 1, 1910:

ASSETS.		
Land		$12,000,000
Other physical property	$43,000,000 to	46,000,000
Payments for franchises		151,000
Property owners' consents		800,000
Trackage rights		250,000
Development exp., &c.	$5,000,000 to	7,000,000
Interest and taxes		6,000,000
Current assets	$1,600,000 to	1,950,000
Contingent assets		4,350,000
Cash assessment		7,300,000
Total (maximum)		$85,801,000
NET LIABILITIES.		
Funded debt of underlying companies		$20,996,000
Stocks of leased companies		9,508,000
Mortgages		950,000
Funded debt of new company		48,701,500
Receivers' certificates and interest, minimum		4,500,000
Current unfunded debts		2,775,000
Stock of new company		17,500,000
Total		$104,930,500

Estimate of Future Earnings.

This shows a deficit of $19,129,500, which if the unfunded debt be paid out of earnings would be reduced to $16,500,000. It is to provide for the extinction of this before the bonds fall due that the amortization fund of $108,000 a year, to be invested at not less than 4 per cent. per annum, is ordered.

The commission finally makes an estimate of the future earnings of the system. Here it is:

The estimated earning capacity of the system for the year ended March 31, 1911, submitted in evidence by Mr. Trippe, briefly summarized, was as follows:

Gross earnings	$13,709,443	
Op. expenses and taxes	9,695,640	
Net earnings		$4,013,802
Renewals of leased lines	$1,598,553	
Int. on underlying bonds	542,500	
Int. on real estate mtgs.	47,500	$2,188,553
Leaving		$1,825,249

This remainder the commission finds available for interest upon the new refunding bonds and the new income bonds and dividends on the stock. The interest on the refunding bonds, $420,724 annually, is the first charge, and the balance, $1,354,525, is equivalent to about 3½ per cent. on the income bonds, so the stockholders would receive nothing. The commission makes this comment:

"It is evident that the earnings, before deducting fixed charges of any sort, are not sufficient to pay more than 4 per cent. on the total capitalization."

Escalator for Long Island Commuters

For the convenience of Long Island Railroad passengers using the Pennsylvania Station at Thirty-third Street and Seventh Avenue, an escalator may be instaled between the train platform and the concourse at the north end of the station. The Public Service Commission has ordered a hearing on the advisability of such a device, which will begin before Commissioner Cram on March 11.

BOSTON EXPRESS OFF RAILS.

Put on Again and Proceeds—No One Hurt in Mishap at Harrison.

The front truck of the first motor car of the Boston Express, which left Grand Central Station at noon yesterday, jumped the track near the station at Harrison and bumped over the ties for about 100 feet before the train could be stopped. The wreck tied up traffic on the local east bound track, and trains west bound had to slow down as they neared the wreck.

A wrecking train was sent from Port Chester, and after about half an hour's work the front truck of the motor was lifted on to the rail again and the train proceeded under its own power. Although the train was traveling at about fifty miles an hour no one was hurt.

FREE PORT IN JAMAICA.

Governor to Recommend Move to Attract Panama Canal Trade.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 27.—At the opening of the Legislative Council this afternoon Sir Sydney Olivier, the Governor, stated that before the completion of the Panama Canal he would submit recommendations that Kingston be made a free entry port in order to profit by the increased trade in these waters.

The Government has erected a lighthouse at Portland Point on the south coast, this being considered necessary because of the construction of the canal.

LEAVES ESTATE TO FRIENDS.

John F. Crane of Brooklyn Distributes Only $20,000 Among Relatives.

By the terms of the will of John Frederick Crane of Brooklyn, filed yesterday in Surrogate Ketcham's office of that borough, friends are left the bulk of his estate, while his relatives receive a comparatively small share of it. The estate is valued at $100,000. To his aunt, Harriet E. Plant, the testator leaves $5,000. Clifford Frederick Crane, his nephew, receives his jewelry and $15,000.

The friends of Mr. Crane who were remembered in his will are Elizabeth W. Jarvis of New Orleans, $5,000; Louise Alexandria Emery of Philadelphia, $5,000; Mrs. George W. De Maid of Toledo, Ohio, $5,000; Mrs. Annie C. French of Philadelphia, $20,000, and her son, Henry Craig French, $5,000. Augustus Schlegel of 47 Brevoort Place, and Dr. Henry Ramsay of the same address, each receive $5,000. The Jewelers' Club of Philadelphia is left $1,000, and the residue of the estate goes to Jennie E. Schlegel of 47 Brevoort Place.

Mr. Crane formerly lived at the Brevoort Place address. He was a jeweler in Newark, N. J., and died at the Union Station, Washington, D. C., on Feb. 10, last.

FOR CHURCH ADVERTISING.

Need of Publicity Urged at Men and Religion Workers' Meeting.

To promite interest in the Men and Religion Forward Movement and to discuss ways and means of getting the greatest possible amount of publicity for its sessions when they are launched here in April, a number of religious workers held a meeting yesterday at the Hotel Manhattan.

Eugene M. Camp, Chairman of the Movement's Publicity Committee, outlined plans for advertising the revival and for permanently increasing the publicity work of churches. In the discussion that followed it was urged that what is good for the merchant with ggods to sell ought to be good for the church with souls to save, and that the advertising of church services ought to be considered wholly ethical. Some of those present wished to see the advertising notices put in a dignified form with a liberal use of space.

To furnish an object lesson in proper advertising for churches it was decided to issue at once a sample newspaper to be known as "The Men and Religion Record." If the paper meets with approval it will be published at frequent intervals until the Men and Religion Forward Movement has completed its work here.

Five of the twelve districts into which New York has been divided for the purpose of the movement have now been fully organized. The Social Service Committee, which will give special attention to the needs of workingmen, was completed yesterday with these members: Charles S. Whitman, Arthur F. Mabon, William J. Schieffelin, Robbins Gilman, Morgan T. Riley, Alexander M. Hadden, Edward R. Finch, and W. B. Patterson.

Funds for Seamen's Institute.

Recent contributions to the building fund of the Seamen's Church Institute include $2,000 from James N. Jarvie to pay for building and furnishing the Shipping Bureau in the new institute, now being erected at Coenties Slip and South Street; $5,000 for the auditorium, given anonymously, the donor to be announced later, and $19,000 from members of the Chamber of Commerce. Members of the Produce and Maritime Exchanges took the Officers' Reading and Game Room as a memorial to the late Philip Ruprecht. The churches of New York are contributing $15,000 to pay for the chapel, which will occupy one corner of the new institute.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of Those Sailing on the Lusitania—The Arrivals.

Among those sailing on the Lusitania to-day for Liverpool are:

Arthur Abbott, Acting British Consul at Munich; Mrs. Abbott, George C. Ainsworth, Mr. and Mrs. W. Alden, Miss E. M. Allan, Dr. J. S. Andrews, Mrs. J. Arthur, T. J. Barbour, C. E. Berg, E. W. Bigelw, Frank L. Brown, E. N. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Cartier, Miss Marion Cartier, Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Cassett, L. H. Carter, H. J. Chisholm, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Chipp, Mrs. Devereux Clapp, Miss A. M. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Cockerill, J. de Cordova, H. D. Cox, Miss E. Craig, Miss Dorothy S. Crane, J. A. B. Cromelin, Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Drexel-Paul, William Du Pont, Miss Ellen Du Pont, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Ellison, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Graham, R. W. Green, W. B. Greenfield, Herbert Gresham, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hallowell, R. G. Hampson, W. H. A. Hankey, J. W. Harrison, F. V. d'Hauteville, C. Hilborn, E. W. Hillis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Hodgson, G. W. Hopkins, T. Hopewell, W. F. Hoyt, Col H. C. Huffer, Jr., J. H. Hunter, Lesley A. Johnson, Donald Kellogg, Spencer Kellogg, John Kendall, E. D. King, John M. Knapp, C. F. Lamont, Howard Lane, W. C. Lee, R. Walter Leigh, Mrs. G. Lewis, E. J. Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Low, A. Lumley, F. M. March, Stanley Mortimer, Miss Edith Mortimer, J. Morton, Mark Newsome, Charles O'Donnell, James B. M. Osborne, B. M. Overton, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Perrins, D. C. Pinney, B. A. Quaritch, Ernst M. Randall, R. J. Rendall, N. H. Rogers, G. H. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Scoville, Clay Smith, H. Smithson, Col. W. Smithson, W. R. Sterling, Miss Dorothy Sterling, J. W. Struthers, Mrs. S. C. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Turtle, Mr. and Mrs. F. Ullman, Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, F. J. Walters, Willard S. Way, James Whitaker, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. White, Mrs. A. S. Witherbee, H. G. Young, and Keichi Yamasaki, President of the Japanese Council at Tokio.

Liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

MINNEWASKA, (London.)—Percy Salisbury Bent, V. E. G. Davies, Mr. and Mrs. Sholto Douglas, Samuel Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Z. K. Garner, Harry Grace, Mrs. Josephine Greening, Patrick Hendley, Paxton Hibbin, Mrs. E. Holland, H. Cecil Jackson, Mrs. E. J. Jackson, Mrs. E. W. Lake, Mr. and Mrs. A. Edward Newton, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Pilgrim, Godwin H. Powel, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Stewart, Capt. Thomas Weeding, Mr. and Mrs. Archdale Wilson.

NOORDAM, (Rotterdam.)—Miss E. H. Fabius, Mrs. M. A. Jaspere, Mrs. W. de Vries, Charles J. Wright, D. W. Hartsman, John Berner, Miss M. Cruson, Richard Dilman, Mr. and Mrs. Jean Gaillard, F. J. W. Meyer.

AMERIKA, (Hamburg.)—Mr. and Mrs James R. Morran, Mrs. W. Ridgway, Mrs. William A. Taylor, Charles C. Kurzman, Miss A. McClellan, Miss M. McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Allen, Mrs. John H. Brewster, William Knift, Mrs. M. Miller, Miss C. Stephenson, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Schilkift.

RAILROAD MANAGERS HEAR MINE WORKERS

Demands Formally Presented, and in Turn Will Be Passed Along to All the Operators.

PRESIDENT BAER SPOKESMAN

Time Taken for Submission to a Representative of Each Road—Action Deferred Till March 13.

Only fifteen minutes were needed yesterday to wind up the first conference of the railroad and anthracite mine workers' representatives. The demands of the workers were presented and the railroad conferees took time to consider them in detail. When they have familiarized themselves with the demands there will be a series of conferences between the two committees to discuss them.

The operators and the mine workers greeted each other cordially when they met yesterday. Many of them were old controversial acquaintances.

Joseph L. Cake acted as Chairman pro tem of the Operators' Committee and President George F. Baer of the Philadelphia & Reading as spokesman. The demands were handed to Mr. Cake, and Mr. Baer explained that the committee of the operators was an informal one, with no specific power to act. A meeting of representatives of all the coal-carrying roads and independent companies will be held on Tuesday, at which a committee will be appointed to confer with the mine workers over the demands, and a joint conference with the representatives of the mine workers will be called for about March 13, at which the operators will have their reply to the demands ready, and if the mine workers are willing they will be discussed with a view to a settlement.

In advance of this conference the operators were unwilling to talk. It was said by a representative man that while the operators might take under advisement the demand for the eight-hour work, and might possibly be willing to compromise on the wage demand, no advance of 20 per cent. would be considered, and the demand that the operators assist in a plan for collecting dues, which has been indirectly made, was out of the question. The operators are also against an agreement for only one year, as they want a longer guarantee of peace.

President White of the United Mine Workers will go to Indianapolis this evening to arrange for the conferences over the demands of the bituminous miners, whose agreement expires at the same time as the agreement of the anthracite miners. He said last evening that he hoped that an agreement would be reached with the anthracite operators, in spite of what might be said about the radical nature of some of the demands.

"It is believed that the demand to provide a plan for collection of revenues for the organization, which it is held means that the dues be withheld from the pay envelopes, is to insure payment of dues when, after a time of peace, the members become careless about them. When asked if he believed the operators would agree to this President White said:

"I am in hopes we will be able to convince them that it is right. It has been done before."

Most of the members of the mine workers' committee may leave the city to-day, to return when the joint conference is to take place. It is believed that if the bituminous miners strike there will be no anthracite strike at present, and vice versa.

This week's issue of The Coal Trade Journal will say of the strike situation:

"In all consideration of the situation in the hard coal fields it must be remembered that the leaders of the men are playing for a royal stake. A check-off of 25 cents a man per month, with something less deducted from the pay of the boys, means a monthly revenue of about $40,000. That is the income on $10,000,000, and the arrangement, if secured, might be considered an endowment of the United Mine Workers by the anthracite companies to that extent. In view of the importance of the matter at issue, it may well be believed that the leaders will strive to attain their end, while the companies will just as certainly oppose the proposition strongly.

"In the soft coal trade we find that despite all the talk of impeded movement due to the weather and otherwise, together with much improved demand, prices are not extraordinary, and low contract figures continue to be much in evidence. Yet, after all, it must be remembered in connection with soft coal prices that an increase of ten cents a ton means, in nearly every case, a doubled profit. This proposition certainly applies to a tonnage amounting to many millions, and on some output such an increase means a gain of of 200 per cent. in profit, while in other cases—not insignificant, we are led to believe—a gain of ten cents on selling prices means the securing of a profit instead of a loss on the coal sold.

"The general tenor of reports seems to imply that small buyers are not frightened by strike talk, and evidently they do not realize what a cleaning up of supplies there has been. Apparently since the most acute weather conditions passed by the output has been large, and it is evident that some operators at least are doing what they can to guard against April 1 shortage. At the same time tonnage that comes to market is well absorbed, and it is doubtful if much has been done in the way of stocking up against strike conditions, either with hard coal or soft."

FULL TIME FOR COAL MINERS.

Operators Plan to Store Coal to Last Several Months.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Feb. 27.—Miners in the anthracite field have learned that general orders will soon be issued by the operators for full time during the month of March. Although the mine officials have said nothing about an order of this sort, the miners expect that every colliery in the whole district will be called upon to turn out every pound of coal possible in the last month that the present agreement is in working force.

The operators have only a limited amount of coal stored, but with the thirty-one days of March to help them out and the sale to the retail trade cut off sufficient coal can be stored to carry the companies over a few months at least. None of the companies has been working full time. The best the miners have done for several months is three-quarters time.

The miners will not object to working full time, for an order of this sort will give them means to prepare for the struggle.

The failure of the operators to answer the demands of the miners at the meeting to-day caused no surprise here. It is expected that the operators will return the demands with no concessions.

Incorporate Farmers' Warehouse.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 27.—Articles of incorporation were filed in the Secretary of State's office here to-day by the Farmers' National Exchange Warehouse, Supply and Marketing Company with a capital stock of $1,500,000. It is to do a general merchandise business, including cold storage.

Lupton Left $1,500,000 Estate.

Transfer Tax Appraiser William Schnitzpan yesterday filed in the Surrogate's office in Brooklyn a report showing that the estate left by Frank M. Lupton, the publisher, amounts to about $1,500,000. Mr. Lupton, who had been in ill-health for a long time, committed suicide at his home, in St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, in October, 1910. He was the head of the Frank M. Lupton Publishing Company. The bulk of the estate was left to his widow, Annie Lupton.

DICKENS'S SPEECH, $1,300.

George D. Smith Gets Novelist's Gore House Address at Hinckley Sale.

The sale of the fine library of the late Capt. J. F. Hinckley of St. Louis was begun at Anderson's yesterday. The total for the two sessions was $13,749. The highest price of the day was $1,300, paid for the original autograph manuscript of the speech of Charles Dickens, delivered at Gore House, Kensington, May 10, 1851.

The speech, as printed in the National edition of Dickens's works, contains about 1,100 words, whereas this original manuscript contains about 2,000 words, written on fourteen small octavo pages. Accompanying it was the Bibliophile Society publication of the speech, Boston, 1909. The contest for the prize was chiefly between George D. Smith of this city and Charles Sessler of Philadelphia, the former obtaining it at the price named.

Among the other interesting Dickens items were Sir Walter Scott's "Rob Roy," a presentation copy from Dickens to a friend, with autograph inscription, $140, (W. B. Breaker;) an extra-illustrated copy of "The Posthumous Papers of the Pickwick Club," $135, (Smith;) a first edition of "Dombey and Son," with original drawings inserted of Hablot K. Browne, "Phiz," $135, (Smith;) a first edition of "Martin Chuzzlewit," with inserted original tinted drawing by "Phiz," $100, (order,) and first editions of the first and second series of "Sketches by Boz," three volumes, $177.50, (Sol Lichtenstein.)

Among the other notable things were "The Bachelor's Own Book," first edition, with inserted original drawings by George Cruikshank, $111, (Smith;) "German Popular Stories," by M. M. Grimm, two volumes, London, 1823-26, plates by George Cruikshank, $120, (Sessler;) "Peter Schlemihl," London, 1824, with four original drawings by George Cruikshank, $145, (Smith;) "Doctor Syntax's Tours," by William Combe, three volumes, all first editions, $115, (Smith;) autograph edition of Mark Twain's writings, twenty-five volumes, $335, (G. Weis;) Mark Twain's copy of Allan Cunningham's "Life of Robert Burns," with a quotation from one of Whittier's poems, inscribed and signed by Mark Twain on flyleaf, $40, (Smith;) first editions of Lewis Carroll's "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland," and "Through the Looking Glass," $111, (Smith.)

French manuscript of the fifteenth century on vellum of Caesar's "Commentaries," $200, (Smith;) a complete set of fifteen original drawings by Hablot K. Browne to illustrate Ainsworth's "Aurive," $330, (Smith;) James Steuart's "Plocacosmos, or the Whole Art of Hair Dressing," London, 1782, in binding by Pierrere, with miniature portraits, $240, (W. B. Breaker;) Edward FitzGerald's "Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam," in binding by Sangorski & Sutcliffe of London, pupils of William Morris, $300, (A. M. Adams of Chicago,) and a first collected edition of Beaumont and Fletcher's "Comedies and Tragedies," London, 1647, $175, (Smith.)

Two more sessions will be held to-day.

At a sale last evening of rare books, prints, and autographs by the George H. Richmond Company, 19 East Forty-fifth Street, Joseph F. Sabin paid $910 for an original document dated Bennington, Vt., 1775, and consisting of one of the earliest declarations of American patriots against the British Government. It is signed by five members of a committee and by thirty-two other residents of the town.

A document written and signed by Ethan Allen, the famous Revolutionary soldier, and dated Feb. 17, 1786, brought $51; "The Christian Traveller," by Isaac Reed, New York, 1838, an extremely rare book about the Indians and the Middle West, $125; a letter of the Marquis de Lafayette, La Grange, April 17, 1816, $16.50; an inventory of the Miles Standish property, dated March 13, 1739, $41, and a document relating to the church in Bennington, Vt., and dated Jan. 7, 1784, $50.

WITNESS'S MEMORY WEAK.

Can't Recall Details of Manhattan Bridge Profits in Sullivan Suit.

Cornelius J. Sullivan, cousin of State Senator Timothy D. Sullivan, who is suing Patrick Ryan for his share of the profits in the Manhattan Bridge contract, from which, he says, Mr. Ryan cleared over a million dollars, served a subpoena yesterday on Andrew E. Foye, former Secretary and Treasurer of the Ryan-Parker Company, just as Mr. Foye was about to leave for California.

Mr. Sullivan and his counsel, Ambrose G. Todd, who has been trying the case before Supreme Court Justice Goff, have worked under difficulties, owing to the bad memory of Mr. Ryan as to the distribution of various accounts. This difficulty was increased by the fact that G. W. Anderson and E. F. Wherum, the bookkeepers of the Parker-Ryan Company, went to Scotland and to Canada respectively, before the trial was started. A. M. Parker, Mr. Ryan's partner, has been wintering in California, and Mr. Foye was starting to join him there, when Justice Goff's order that he appear in court was served.

In order to recover his share of the profits, it is first necessary for Mr. Sullivan to discover what the profits were. This is the purpose of the present preliminary hearing.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon counsel for the defense tried to obtain a decision from Justice Goff which would forbid the examination of Mr. Foye. The Justice, however, instructed Mr. Todd, counsel for the plaintiff, to go ahead, and the lawyer and witness retired with a stenographer to another room.

Mr. Foye disclaimed all knowledge of the payments listed in the accounting books of the Manhattan Bridge Company. "As Treasurer," he said, "I signed checks, contracts, and notes, but I have no memory of details."

One of the details of which Mr. Foye professed to have no recollection was an item of $159,000, paid over to Mary Ryan, wife of Patrick Ryan. He also did not know what salary Mr. Ryan had received, and he refused to state what salary Mr. Ryan had given him.

At the close of yesterday's hearing, Mr. Foye promised Mr. Todd that he would stay in New York as long as he was needed. He is to be examined again this afternoon.

FORTUNE TO WORKER'S WIFE.

Iron Molder's Helpmeet Chief Beneficiary of $2,000,000 Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 27.—Mrs. John Gregory of Watertown learned to-day that she has become heiress to the greater part of a $2,000,000 estate left by Arthur Randall, an uncle in Colorado, who was a steel manufacturer and mine owner.

Mrs. Gregory is the wife of John D. Gregory, an iron molder. She says the news of the fortune left her is a great surprise.

"My husband, at least, will not have to bend over any more hot molds in the foundry," she said. "I am really so bewildered at the thought of being left so much money that I feel all at sea."

DINNER TO MR. SHUSTER.

Guest of Lloyd C. Griscom, Formerly Minister to Persia.

Lloyd C. Griscom, former Minister to Persia, was host at a dinner at the Union Club last night to W. Morgan Shuster, formerly Treasurer General of Persia. The speakers were Mr. Griscom, Mr. Shuster, Joseph H. Choate, former Ambassador to England, and Oscar S. Straus, former Ambassador to Turkey. Those attending the dinner, besides the speakers, were:

J. G. White, S. S. Menken, Herbert Parsons, A. J. Hemphill, S. R. Bertrom, E. H. Gary, Norman Hapgood, Francis Lynde Stetson, Frank A. Vanderlip, Alvin W. Krech, Charles K. Beekman, A. M. White, R. E. Griscom, Oswald G. Villard, Bronson Winthrop, Robert Walton Goelet, Frank A. Munsey, James Speyer, Francis L. Hine, August Belmont, Henry Galbraith Ward, O. Stewart Patterson, C. M. Hough, Otto T. Bannard, Frederick W. Whitridge, Henry L. Stoddard, Franklin W. Brown, Mortimer L. Schiff and William C. Reick.

ACCUSE MORGAN FIRM OF COAL MONOPOLY

Government Counsel in Anti-Trust Suits Says Plan Originated in Wall Street.

EASTERN ROADS INVOLVED

Pennsylvania and New York Central Said to be in Trunk Line Syndicate Controlling Hocking Valley.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 27.—The hearing in the Government's anti-trust suit against six railroads and three coal companies, charged with maintaining a monopoly in restraint of the bituminous coal industry, was begun before three Judges of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals here to-day.

Those named in the suit are the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Hocking Valley, the Toledo & Ohio Central, the Kanawha & Michigan, the Zanesville & Western Railroads, the Sunday Creek Coal Company, the Continental Coal Company, and the Kanawha and Hocking Coal and Coke Company.

The Government specifically charges the railroads with attempting to control the mining, transportation, and sale of bituminous coal from the mining districts of Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and Ohio. In the Government petition, filed some months ago, the Hocking Valley Railroad was accused of being the head of the alleged combine and having controlled through its influence over the capital stock of other railroads and coal companies named the output of coal from these regions.

Special Counsel Harrison of Washington, in his opening statement, accused the banking firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. of having evolved the plan by which the Hocking Valley Railroad is alleged to have gained control of the other defendant railroad and coal companies and perpetuated the monopoly which the Government claims exists to the present day.

A package of depositions testifying to the competition that existed between the railroads and coal companies before the merger was introduced by the Government, establishing at once the prima facie case of the Federal authorities.

No objection was made by the railroad to these depositions being introduced, but Attorney John Doyle, for the defense, took objection to the contents of the package and asked the privilege of introducing evidence in rebuttal. This was granted.

"I shall prove for the Government," said Attorney Harrison in his opening statement, "that the defendants have ever since 1899 maintained a monopoly in restraint of trade and have conspired to crush competition.

"Previous to 1909 the Toledo & Ohio Central, the Kanawha & Michigan, and the Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking Railroad owned large fields of coal. The Hocking Valley Railroad gained control of the stock of these roads and the whole were operated under a management known as the Ohio Central Lines."

Mr. Harrison alleged that the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. promulgated a plan by which it purchased for the Hocking Valley the capital stock of the Boston Coal, Dock and Wharf Company, which controlled the West Duluth Dock Company. This firm, he said, also arranged a plan by which the stockholders of the Hocking Valley Railroad set aside $20,000,000 of its stock and adopted resolutions, which, with the approval of J. P. Morgan, would permit the purchase of a controlling interest in several other Ohio coal carrying lines. That the plan succeeded and the Hocking Valley gained control of the roads was stated by Mr. Harrison.

In 1903, Mr. Harrison asserted, the Pennsylvania, Erie, New York Central, Baltimore & Ohio, and Chesapeake & Ohio Railroads jointly acquired control of the capital stock of the Hocking Valley, and the result was that the "trunk line syndicate," as the roads were known, completed their alleged monopoly of the Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia coal fields.

In 1905, he charged, all the coal properties owned and operated by the various roads were merged into one property known as the Sunday Creek Coal Company.

DUTCH FARMERS FOR IOWA.

One Woman, with Ten Children, Hopes to Have Eight More.

In the second cabin of the Holland-America liner Noordam, which arrived yesterday from Rotterdam, were 200 Dutch farmers and their families from Friesland who had sold their farms to settle in Iowa. Nearly all had ample funds with them to start life in the West, and the men, women, and children were splendid specimens of the sturdy Friesland yeoman farmers who have been the backbone of Holland in times of trouble. Heavy taxation of the land and high rents demanded by the landlords is the cause of the migration from Friesland. Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Lutran, who had seven children, brought $2,500 in cash.

Aart Bleyemberger, 40 years old, with his wife, 37, and their ten children, from Kampen, Friesland, was detained for a few hours at Ellis Island, as they only had $40 cash after paying $560 for their fares through to Sioux Centre, Iowa. Money was waiting for the family from Alt Bleyemberger, a wealthy uncle, who lives at Hull, Iowa, and they were released immediately and started West on the 3 o'clock train.

Mrs. Bleyemberger said that neither she nor any of her family knew what sickness was, and her delight in life was her home and children. She hoped to increase the number to eighteen, she said.

Another passenger in the first cabin of the Noordam was Charles J. Wright, United States Vice Consul at Barmen, Germany, who said that a strike took place recently at a machine shop in that city, and when the dispute was arbitrated the company had to pay the labor union $6,000 for loss of wages to its members.

CUBA AS SEEN BY A DANE.

Timberland Going for $10 an Acre, Rum for 25 Cents a Gallon.

Alfred Buggs, son of a wealthy Dane, who is making a trip around the world studying farming and agriculture as he goes, arrived yesterday from Havana, after riding through Cuba on horseback with a camera. In all he covered 100 miles and took a number of photographs.

One of the favorite dishes of the Cuban farmers, Mr. Buggs said, is whole roast pig washed down with native white rum, which costs about 25 cents a gallon.

The Danish traveler added that he had seen land in Cuba that was covered with cedar and mahogany, and that could be bought for $10 an acre.

WEDS TO-DAY, GETS $75,000.

Charles Corbin Will Double Bequest from Father by Taking Bride.

Special to The New York Times.

MANSFIELD, Mass., Feb. 27.—Charles Corbin, son of Philip Corbin, a Connecticut manufacturer, will marry Mrs. Mona Babbitt of this town to-morrow and thereby add $75,000 to the estate left him by his father.

Since Jan. 1, when the will of the elder Corbin showed that his son was to receive $75,000 if he remained single and $75,000 more if he marritd within the year, there have been many rumors connecting Corbin's name with that of some woman. Recently he admitted that he was to marry, but he did all in his power to keep secret the name of his bride-to-be.

Charles Corbin had been married once before, but his wife obtained a divorce and is living in New York.

SILK STRIKE SERIOUS.

Concessions Made Only by Firms Working on Seasonable Goods.

The strike situation in Paterson is daily becoming more serious, according to reports received in the New York silk market yesterday. Only a few of the mills have signed the minimum price list submitted by the union, and weavers continue to leave their looms. The greater part of the firms who have signed the agreement are engaged on seasonable goods and would sustain considerable loss if the unfinished fabric were left on the looms.

It is said in the trade that the concessions granted are only temporary, inasmuch as the refusal of manufacturers to accept the union's price list is believed to be but one of the real causes of the strike. It is expected that the four-loom system, which recently caused considerable trouble at the Henry Doherty Silk Company's plant at Paterson, will be made an issue by the Industrial Workers of the World, who called the strike.

So far there has been no disorder, but the police have made preparations for any outbreaks that may occur.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Paper Garlands to Come In at Lower Duty—Leather Book Back Rate.

A controversy between the Government and Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne regarding the classification of paper garlands was decided by the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday favorably to the importers. The garlands were classified as manufactures in chief value of tissue paper, by virtue of the proviso to paragraph 410, Tariff Act of 1909, and were claimed dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem under paragraph 420, as manufactures of plain paper. Judge Fisher reverses Collector Loeb's classification.

A protest filed by John W. Devoy relating to square pieces of leather cut ready for use as book backs was overuled. Each piece is embossed and contains the title of the book it is designed to cover. The articles were returned for duty as manufactures of leather with a tax of 40 per cent. under the present Tariff Act. The importer contended that the merchandise should be regarded as leather cut into forms suitable for conversion into manufactured articles and therefore subject to duty at the rate of 10 per cent. and 15 per cent. under paragraph 451.

It was not disputed that the pieces are specially designed for backs of books and are fitted for no other purpose. Judge McClelland says in his decision that he thinks that the articles have advanced beyond the stage of being cut into forms "suitable for conversion into manufactured articles." On this account, he holds that the Collector's assessment was correct and must stand.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company, failed to receive lower duty on Oriental curtains made of bamboo wood and beads. Duty was assessed under the provision in the present law for "curtains composed in chief value of beads." The importer claimed a lower rate under the provision for "curtains of bamboo." Judge Sharretts affirms the Collector.

TRAIN WRECKS KILL FEWER

But Number of Injured in Year's Quarter Exceeds Previous Total.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Two hundred and one persons were killed and 4,283 injured in train accidents during July, August, and September, 1911, according to a bulletin issued by the Inter-State Commerce Commission. This was a decrease of 120 killed and an increase of 391 injured, as compared with the corresponding quarter of 1910.

Accidents of other kinds on railroads at grade crossings, on tracks, bridges, &c., bring the total number of casualties up to 2,758 killed and 19,107 injured for the quarter, a decrease from the number in the corresponding period of the previous year.

During the quarter 131 employes of railroads were killed and 23,650 injured on railroad premises in accidents in which the movement of cars or locomotives was not involved.

Ninety-eight persons were killed and 1,094 injured as the result of the operation of inter-State electric lines.

LITTLE CRIPPLE LOSES SUIT.

Supreme Court of Queens County Decides Against Giving $25,000 Damages

Justice Aspinall in the Queens County Supreme Court, Long Island City, yesterday dismissed the action for damages instituted by Sylvian P. Bonny, an infant, through her mother, Mrs. Mary Bonny, to recover $25,000 from the city for injuries the child received from falling down an embankment in Newtown, about two years ago. Physicians testified the child would be crippled for life.

Corporation Counsel Edward S. Malone moved to dismiss the action on the ground that no responsibility had been shown by the plaintiff on the part of the city. In his decision granting the motion to dismiss, Justice Aspinall said:

"I have given much thought to the consideration that the plaintiff, a little girl, is seriously injured and has no father. These facts appeal very strongly to my sympathy. But we are governed by law in this State, and the courts at this time should continue to be goverened by and follow the law."

DRESS TRADE UNITED.

Organized with Waist Manufacturers to Reduce Risks.

Fifty-five representative waist and dress manufacturers, whose gross business totals close to $25,000,000 yearly, have banded together under the name of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association to deal with labor problems, credit risks, handling of collections, bankruptcy proceedings, and the formulation of regulations to meet trade requirements. In discussing the spirit and purpose of the association yesterday Samuel Floersheimer of Samuel Floersheimer & Brother, the President, said in part:

"Some of us are proud of our business and the manner in which we treat our employes, as well as our customers, and we shall now do what we can to make indiscriminate and unfair criticism of our industry impossible. We shall have in our association not only the largest manufacturers but the best, best in the moral sense, men who are ready to respond to the best ideals of employers in this country."

The other officers of the association are I. B. Hyman, Vice President; Jacob J. Goldman, Treasurer, and George S. Lewy, Secretary.

NELLIE BLY LOSES AGAIN.

Court Orders Her to Surrender Property to the Iron Clad Co.

Judge Thomas I. Chatfield, in the United States District Court, Brooklyn, yesterday signed an order directing the American Steel Barrel Company and Mrs. Elizabeth C. Seaman (Nellie Bly) to turn over to the trustees of the Iron Clad Company a large parcel of property on Cook Street. The Iron Clad Company claims ownership of the property. The court order also protects Mrs. Seaman and the barrel company in one way, in that it allows them to remove any property belonging to them, but stipulates that they must render an account of what they take.

The order denies the application of the receiver of the Iron Clad Company to search the barrel company's property. It also stipulates that $15,000 worth of furniture and paintings which Mrs. Seaman is said to have placed in storage be given over to the control of the court, so that its ownership may be determined.

BIG DROP IN EGGS; MARKET SCRAMBLED

Chicken-House Output Turns Economic Somersault and Housewives Now Have a Chance.

TRADE GOES UPSIDE DOWN

Omelettes and Done-Brown-on-Both-Sides-Please Ought to be Cheaper To-day.

Eggs will be unusually cheap in a day or two as a result of one of the economic somersaults which the city's produce trade is always making. That is, probably, the price will be lowered.

Eggs last week brought good prices. Wholesalers, immediately on receipt of all cases of eggs from farmers, sold eggs to the jobbers as high as 38 cents a dozen. The jobbers sold the eggs in turn to retailers at higher figure, and what the housewives had to pay was "something scandalous," to use one wholesaler's expression.

So great was the dearth of eggs in New York on Saturday that, to use the expression of another wholesaler yesterday, "there wasn't a shell in the town" Saturday evening.

Folks who think this ought to mean continued high prices don't understand the produce business. As soon as the up-State farmers picked up their Sunday and Monday papers and read that eggs were bringing high prices in New York, the farmers hustled every egg they had on the premises into a case and sent the case to their regular wholesaler in this city, without previously going through the formality of writing to ask whether he could dispose of them. The farmers were so anxious to catch the high prices they didn't send the cases of eggs by the good old economical freight-car way. They paid 2 cents more a dozen and sent them down by express.

"Eggs were bringing good prices Monday," said President E. E. Martin of the New York Mercantile Exchange yesterday. "The wholesalers are selling them now to the jobbers for 35 cents a dozen, and they had more orders than they could fill. Suddenly Adams Express Company dumped 7,000 cases of eggs on us. It was like an avalanche. Seven thousand cases of eggs means 210,000 dozens of eggs. The other express companies and the freight departments of the railroads hurled thousands of other cases of eggs into the stores of us wholesalers.

"If we could have forced every man, woman, and child in Manhattan to eat one of our eggs, it seemed as though we would have eggs left over. From 35 cents a dozen, the price the wholesalers asked from the jobbers fell to 29½ cents. The jobbers won't take them this afternoon even at that price, and we can't send them back to the farmers who shipped them, because that would offend them and they would never ship us any more.

"The whole trade is upside down. The few wholesalers who haven't received any of these unexpected consignments of eggs from their shippers, instead of lamenting their lack of supply, are congratulating themselves on it. Eggs will reach low prices for the public here in a day or two, as soon as yesterday's egg avalanche filters down to the retail trade."

Supt. F. G. Henry of the New York Mercantile Exchange resumed the stand at yesterday's John Doe proceedings in the Criminal Court Building before Magistrate Murphy to ascertain if there has been monopoly and restraint of trade in the butter, egg, and cheese business in this county. Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford, who is conducting the investigation, read a number of letters, which F. G. Urner, Vice President of the Exchange, who is also a commission merchant and the publisher of a trade paper, wrote to the Exchange committees in 1908 urging them to "establish a uniform basis of grading butter" and to take concerted action regarding quotations and prices.

Mr. De Ford laid much stress on Mr. Urner's activities in this connection. He also made Supt. Henry describe a routine day of the Mercantile Exchange and other technical details with the presumable purpose of laying the foundation of a subsequent attempt to prove that members of the Exchange "fixed" butter, egg, and cheese prices for the public in this county to suit themselves.

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If you are looking for a suitable room, do not waste time with placards in the parlor windows.

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Advertisements of Furnished Rooms in The New York Times offer something more than mere walls. They represent comfortable, convenient rooms in the best and most accessible neighborhoods.

ROCKEFELLER LOSES WATERS-PIERCE SUIT

Judge Kinsey Rules Practically That He Seeks Control for Trust Purposes.

WOULD VIOLATE STATE LAW

Standard Oil Interests, Holding a Majority of the Stock, Sought to Elect Certain Directors.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—Henry Clay Pierce was successful over John D. Rockefeller and Standard Oil in the Circuit Court to-day, when Judge Kinsey ruled that the Rockefellers cannot control the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, if, by doing so, they would be acting in defiance of the laws of Missouri and the United States Supreme Court.

Judge Kinsey held to the Pierce contention that the issue in the litigation is whether Standard Oil is attempting to elect three employes as Directors of the Waters-Pierce Company to the end that the Waters-Pierce concern might be brought into what the Pierce interests assert is the old oil trust in a new guise.

Judge Kinsey, in reversing Special Commissioner McDonald's ruling, handed down a decision in part as follows:

"There is attached to every right the enjoyment of which is guaranteed by the law of the land, a condition that it shall not be used for a criminal or otherwise illegal purpose. No court will lend its aid to the enforcement of a right claimed by an individual or by a combination of individuals, when the right so claimed, although fair on its face, is intended to be used as colorable authority for doing an illegal act, provided the court may lawfully inquire into the motives of those who ask its judgment in their favor.

"A majority of the stockholders in a Missouri corporation holding more than a majority of its stock have no power, by virtue of their authority, to control or conduct the business of the corporation in defiance of the law of the State, and when they attempt such a course they fall without the pale of the law and forfeit their otherwise legitimate control.

"The right of the relators in this case, although otherwise clear, must be denied if they are using it as colorable authority for not only violating the statute laws of the State, but also in violating the conditions upon which the Waters-Pierce Oil Company is permitted by the decree of the Supreme Court of this State to continue its corporate life."

Judge Kinsey's decision to-day permitting the Pierce interests in the Waters-Pierce Oil Company to go into the whole question whether the Standard Oil monopoly was dissolved by the decree of the Supreme Court of the United States, will result in a judicial inquiry into the control of the oil business throughout the country.

H. S. Priest, attorney for Henry Clay Pierce, made a statement to this effect and said the first point of attack after the St. Louis hearing probably would be in Texas.

The Pierce interests also expect to show that eight oil companies with a combined capital of $164,632,800, including the Standard Oil of New Jersey, are still managed from one building in New York and that these companies control nearly all the transportation and refinery concerns in the oil business.

Another group of transportation and refining companies headed by the National Transit Company, it will be charged, are concentrated in one building in Oil City, Penn., while a third group of three companies managed from an office in Pittsburgh completes the alleged grip of the old Standard interests on the refining and transportation business.

TO REORGANIZE BOXBOARD CO.

Committee Suggests Replacing Bonds with Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock

The Reorganization Committee of the United Boxboard Company has addressed a circular to stockholders and general mortgage bondholders stating that they believe a reorganization imperative. They suggest the substitution of a non-cumulative 6 per cent. preferred stock for the mortgage indebtedness and a cash subscription by the holders of the capital stock of the company "in order that the assets may be preserved and the business continued for the benefit of the stock and bondholders."

The United Boxboard Company is the outgrowth of a receivership of the United Boxboard and Paper Company in 1908 that involved a substantial scaling down of capital. The circular says:

> All the current assets of the United Boxboard Company are owned by the stockholders of that company. The holders of the general mortgage bonds of the United Boxboard and Paper Company have a lien on the mills of the United only, while the holders of the collateral trust mortgage bonds have a lien on 46,780 shares of the capital stock of the American Strawboard Company.
>
> A Reorganization Committee has been formed for the purpose of carrying out a plan to form a company, free from mortgages, (except as to underlying liens on certain mills amounting to $581,000,) with common and preferred stock as the sole issues, and with sufficient funds to improve its mills, to pay off its current indebtedness, and to leave cash and other assets on hand sufficient to guarantee the stability of the company and to make it strong enough to successfully compete under almost any condition of business depression that we are likely to have in the future. The plan eliminates sinking funds and bonded indebtedness, and will remove the constant menace which mortgages always carry to the stockholders of a company in times of business stagnation.

The circular goes on to say that under the conditions of the past three years the United Boxboard Company has been unable to meet interest charges and sinking funds and at the same time make the necessary improvements in its mills that economy of operation has demanded. "Unless a plan can be devised whereby these assets can be held together, it means dismemberment for the mills and the disorganization of the entire property of the United Boxboard Company," the circular states.

SUBWAY 2A READY FOR BIDS.

This Will Be a Double-Decker at Canal Street and Broadway.

The Public Service Commission will advertise to-morrow for bids for the construction of Section 2A of the Broadway Subway. This begins a little to the north of Walker Street and extends to a little north of Howard Street, and is in all 530 feet long. In addition, it takes in 157 feet of the Canal Street Subway, which may at some future time be built across the city at this point, and will lie at a lower level than the Broadway line.

Under Broadway room is to be made for four tracks, but on the Canal Street crosstown line for only two tracks. Practically speaking, the section will be entirely devoted to the Canal Street Station. Here, on the Broadway line, will be a local station with side platforms, each 480 feet long, and immediately beneath, connected with it by stairways, will be the station on the Canal Street line, the roof of the Canal Street Subway forming the floor of the Broadway line.

Bids will be opened by the commission at noon on Friday, March 22. Separate proposals must be submitted for the Broadway line and the underlying portion of the Canal Street route, the commission reserving the right to accept a proposal for the Broadway work, while rejecting the proposal of the same bidder for the Canal Street excavation. This section was put up for bidding in October, 1910, but the bids were all rejected. The lowest offer at that time was made by the [illegible] Contracting Company for $2,323,[illegible]42. Since then the plans have been altered largely.

THE CENTRAL LEATHER ROW.

Preferred Shareholders to Join with Common in Fight for Economies.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Leather Company promises to be even livelier than that of last year, when the minority interests endeavored to force the existing management to give greater publicity to the company's afairs and to put into effect economies which would include a reduction of the salaries of Directors, six of whom, besides Chairman P. A. Valentine, receive $30,000 a year each.

The tacit promise made at last year's meeting to make quarterly statements was not carried out until a few weeks ago, when it was stated that quarterly reports would be made beginning this Spring. Last year the fight was made under the leadership of J. S. Bache & Co., and had the support chiefly of the common stockholders. The preferred stockholders, alarmed by the poor showing of earnings which they consider have jeopardized their dividend, have shown a disposition to join with the non-dividend common stock and make common cause with the minority in the fight for economies.

Former Gov. Stokes of New Jersey is the head of a committee of fifty that will take a prominent part at to-day's meeting. On the eve of the meeting the regular preferred dividend of 1¾ per cent. was declared on the preferred stock, although current belief, based on unofficial information, is that the annual report to be made public to-day will show that the year's earnings have not been sufficient to cover the preferred dividend.

PACKERS IN WEEKLY SESSION.

Witnesses in Chicago Trial Tell of Secret Conferences.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Evidence that nine of the ten defendant packers met every Tuesday afternoon between 1907 and 1910 behind closed doors in the Directors' room of the National Packing Company was given by two witnesses in the trial today. The defendants who are said to have attended these meetings are J. Ogden Armour, Arthur Meeker, Thomas J. Connors, Edward Morris, Louis H. Heyman, Louis F. Swift, Edward F. Swift, Charles H. Swift, and Edward Tilden. Francis A. Fowler was the only defendant the witnesses were unable to identify as having attended these sessions.

The witnesses who told of the meetings were Alonzo N. Benn, assistant to Edward Tilden, President of the National Packing Company, and A. E. Hayes, who was a clerk in the office until a year ago.

Hayes said he received the weekly statements of business done at the different plants of the National Packing Company, also weekly margin summaries from the managers of branch houses in the Eastern territory. He said the weekly reports were turned over to Edward Tilden as soon as received.

In reply to questions by Government counsel, the witness said he frequently saw Armour, Meeker, Connors, Morris, Heyman, the three Swifts, and Edward Tilden in the Directors' room of the National Packing Company.

Benn was the next witness. He said Armour and Meeker were Directors at one time of the Omaha Packing Company and the Anglo-American Provision Company, subsidiaries of the National Packing Company. He said Edward Tilden was President of the Omaha Packing Company in 1906 and 1907.

The witness declared he never saw T. J. Connors at any of the Directors' meetings of the G. H. Hammond Packing Company. He was unable to remember whom he met at the Directors' meetings of the concern. The packers smiled when the witness said he could not remember all the subsidiary companies of the National Packing Company, of which he was an officer.

Benn said he saw the weekly summaries of shipments made from the killing plants, but denied having seen any weekly summary of selling prices and margins. All reports, he said, were given to Edward Tilden.

Moses H. Joseph, Secretary-Treasurer of the New York Butchers' Dressed Beef Company, told of the efforts made by Edward Tilden, President of the National Packing Company, to buy stock in the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company. When, after several years of effort, Joseph and his father had succeeded in buying only one-fifth of the 50,000 shares of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company, they resigned from that concern and bought a majority of the shares of the New York Butchers' Dressed Beef Company, which became a subsidiary of the National Packing Company.

CAUCHOIS OWES $376,368.

Claims for $20,000 Filed at a Meeting of Creditors.

A meeting of creditors of Frederick A. Cauchois, coffee merchant and proprietor of the Kaiserhof restaurant at Thirty-ninth Street and Broadway and Keen's Chop House, 70 West Thirty-sixth Street, was held yesterday at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, at 68 William Street. More than 100 claims were filed, aggregating about $200,000. John E. Conron of Conron Brothers, poultry dealers of 40 Tenth Avenue, was elected trustee with 55 votes. The other candidates, Max Marx and W. S. Phinney, received 29 votes and 1 vote respectively. Mr. Conron's bond was fixed at $50,000. Max Marx, the receiver, reported a balance on hand of about $46,000, of which $40,000 was received by the sale of the Kaiserhof restaurant, and there is a claim against the money for $25,000 by Rudolph Oelsner, who had a chattel mortgage on the fixtures of the Kaiserhof.

Leo Oppenheimer, attorney for the receiver, presented several proposals for the sale of some of the assets, which he explained at length. The creditors voted to accept the offer of George B. Bergkamp to purchase Mr. Cauchois's stockholdings in the Belmar Improvement Company for $27,400, subject to deductions of $13,500, notes and interest; $2,300 taxes, and a claim of a real estate broker for commissions, which would make a net sum of about $7,500. The offer was to cover only the property of the company at Orange, N. J., (thirteen houses,) and it was agreed that other property of the company at Belmar, N. J., consisting of five houses, should be turned over to the trustee.

Mr. Bergkamp owned half of the Belmar Improvement Company and Mr. Cauchois the other half. Creditors also voted to accept an offer of $800 for the coffee plant at Chicago. Creditors voted not to assume the lease of the coffee mill at 21 Fulton Street. The trustee was authorized to carry on the business for thirty days. Mr. Cauchois's liabilities are $376,368.

Coarse Cotton Goods Firm.

The market on coarse yarn cotton goods continues very firm, and it is at present distinctly in favor of houses able to make immediate or short-time deliveries. Stocks in nearly all classes of staple cotton fabrics for spot delivery are low, according to report, and because of the inability of buyers to secure these goods prices on them show a favorable upward tendency.

Wine Growers at Waldorf-Astoria.

The American Wine Growers' Association will hold its annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria to-morrow night. The speakers will include Congressman Kahn of California, Dr. H. W. Wiley, Attorney General Carmody, and Arthur Brisbane. Preceding the dinner an all-day business meeting will be held at which papers will be read by Prof. George C. Husman of the United States Department of Agriculture and Prof. W. B. Alwood of the Bureau of Chemistry.

C. J. Webb & Co.'s New York Office.

Charles J. Webb & Co., the Philadelphia yarn dealers, have established a New York office at 72 Leonard Street. Webb & Co., in establishing themselves in the New York market, have extended their operations into the cotton piece goods field, and in the future will handle cotton fabrics extensively under the direction of John V. Hanna. Yarn operations with the local market will also be directed from this office.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Trading in Small Volume with Narrow Price Movements.

Trading on the curb yesterday was in minor volume and price movements narrow. The bond list, however, was active, the lead being taken by Norfolk & Western convertible 4s, which reported transactions of $450,000. The opening sale was at 108¼, from which the price moved up to 108½. The close was at 108⅜.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	*Allied Sec. Co.	80	83	80	81
900	Anglo-Am. Oil	11½	12	11¾	11⅞
40	Baldwin Loco	50½	50½	50½	50½
5,000	Brit.-Am. Tob.	19½	19½	19¼	19½
600	Con. Rub. Tire	6¾	7	6¾	6¾
300	Int. Ru. tr. ctfs.	14⅝	15	14	15
1	Johnson Tin F.	145	145	145	145
150	J. I. Case, pf. and int.	100½	†100½	100½	100½
1	J. S. Youngs	155	155	155	155
135	Lehigh Val. Coal Sales Co., w. i.	209	209	205	203
100	Manhattan Tran.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
240	R. J. Reynolds	205	205	202	202
100	M. Rumely Co.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
3	P. R.-Am. Tob.	227	227	227	227
100	Studebaker Co.	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼
100	St'baker Co. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
50	Un. Cigar Man.	53½	53½	53½	53½
72	Un. Cig. Stores	186	186½	†185	186½
800	F. W. W'worth	76¾	76⅞	76¾	76⅞
200	F. W. Woolworth pf. flat	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Am. Porc. Gold	30	32	30	31
3,300	*Beaver Con.	48	48	47	47
750	Braden Copper	5¼	5½	5¼	5½
1,075	Br. Col. Copper	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
500	Butte Coal'n	23	23	22½	22½
200	Caledonia Min.	74	74	74	74
3,000	*C. O. D. Con.	13	13	13	13
300	First National	2⅛	2 3-16	2 1-16	2 3-16
100	Florence	69	69	69	69
1,000	Giroux Min.	4 1-16	4 3-16	4 1-16	4⅛
200	Greene-Can.	7¾	7¾	7⅝	7⅝
5,000	*Greenwater	6	6	6	6
700	Inspir. Con., w.i.	18⅝	18⅝	18	18
400	Inspir. rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
800	*Jumbo Exten.	23	23	23	23
300	Kerr Lake	3	3	2 15-16	2 15-16
700	La Rose Con.	3 13-16	3 13-16	3⅝	3¾
500	McKinley-D.	1⅞	1⅞	1 13-16	1 13-16
300	Nevada Hills	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16
700	N.-U. M. & S.	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16
500	Porcupine C.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
200	Porcupine N.	1	1	1	1
3,500	Porcupine S.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	Ray Central	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
400	*Silver King C.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Stewart	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
400	Tonopah Exten.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,000	Tri-Bullion	⅞	1	13-16	15-16
600	*Wettl. S. M.	76	77	76	77
500	Yukon G. M.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Chi., M., St. P. & O. 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼
70,000	In. C. con. 6s	103¼	103¾	103	103
2,000	Mil., Sparta & Northw. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
50,000	M., K. & T. 5 p.c. notes	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
6,000	N. Y. C. 4½s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
70,000	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
450,000	N. & W. cv. 4s	108¼	108½	108¼	108⅜
25,000	P. G. & E. 5s	92	92	92	92
5,000	Ray Con. 6s	110	110	109	110

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

	Feb. 27 Bid.	Feb. 27 Asked.	Feb. 26. Bid.	Feb. 26. Asked.
A., G. & W. I.	8	9	8½	8¾
A., G. & W. I. pf.	18	18¼	18	18½
Am. Light & Traction	296	300	296	300
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
Am. Writing Paper	2	2¼	2	2¼
Borden's Cond. Milk	128½	129½	128½	129½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	109	110½	109	110½
Braden Copper	5⅜	5½	5¼	5½
British Col. Copper	4⅜	4½	4¼	4½
Butte Coalition	22⅝	23	22½	23
Con. Rubber Tire	6½	7	6½	7
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	37	39	37	39
F. W. Woolworth	77	77½	76	77½
F. W. Woolworth pf.	112	112½	111⅞	112½
First Nat. Copper	2⅛	2¼	2 1-16	2¼
Giroux Mining	4⅛	4¼	4 1-16	4¼
Greene-Cananea	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	7⅞
Guggenheim Explor.	180	185	180	185
Int. Rubber ctfs.	14⅝	15	14	14¾
J. Kayser	63		66	64½
J. Kayser pf.	104	104¾	104	104¾
Kerr Lake	2⅞	3	2 15-16	3 1-16
Lehigh V. S. Co.	204	206	208	209
M. Rumely Co., w. i.	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
Mason Valley	12½	12¾	12⅝	12¾
Mason Valley 6s	128	130	128	130
Nipissing	7⅜	7½	7⅜	7½
Ray Central	2 1-16	2⅛	2 1-16	2 3-16
Studebaker Co.	50	52	50	52
Studebaker Co. pf.	100¼	101	100¼	101½
Tonopah Mining	7⅜	7½	7⅜	7½
United Cigar Mfrs.	53	54	52	53¼
United Cigar Stores	186	187	185¼	186½
U. S. L. & H., new	10	11¼	10	11½
U. S. L. & H. new pf.	77	81	77	81
Western Pacific 5s	86	88	86	88
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅝	3 7-16	3⅜	3 7-16

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Capital.	Company.	Bid.	Asked.
$5,000,000	Anglo-American Oil	11	12
5,000,000	Atlantic Refining	885	895
200,000	Borne-Scrymser	140	145
10,000,000	Buckeye Pipe Line	125	130
500,000	Chesbrough Mfg.	680	725
250,000	Colonial Oil	100	125
300,000	Continental Oil	700	800
8,000,000	Crescent Pipe Line	65	70
1,000,000	Cumberland Pipe Line	87	93
5,000,000	Eureka Pipe Line	235	240
8,000,000	Galena Signal Oil	220	225
2,000,000	Galena Signal Oil pf.	130	135
5,000,000	Indiana Pipe Line	115	120
12,725,575	Nat. Transit	36	38
5,000,000	New York Transit	220	230
4,000,000	Northern Pipe Line	88	92
10,000,000	Ohio Oil	81	83
10,000,000	Prairie Oil & Gas	232	235
500,000	Solar Refining	450	500
10,000,000	Southern Pipe Line	200	205
2,500,000	South. Penn. Oil	500	510
35,000,000	S. W. Penn. Pipe Line	145	153
2,500,000	Standard Oil (Cal.)	152	155
1,000,000	Standard Oil (Ind)	5,600	5,800
1,000,000	Standard Oil (Kan.)	150	165
1,000,000	Standard Oil (Ky.)	180	190
1,000,000	Standard Oil (Neb)	250	295
98,385,000	Standard Oil (N. J.)	356	359
———	Standard Oil subsid	440	450
15,000,000	Standard Oil (N. Y.)	335	340
3,500,000	Standard Oil (Ohio)	160	170
100,000	Swan & Finch	800	1,200
12,500,000	Union Tank Line	65	70
2,500,000	Vacuum Oil ex rights	165	190
———	Vacuum Oil rights	825	875
110,000	Washington Oil	25	35
400,000	Waters-Pierce	900	1,200

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	Feb. 27. Bid.	Feb. 27. Asked.	Feb. 26. Bid.	Feb. 26. Asked.
British-American	19⅝	19⅞	19¼	19¾
Conley Foil	255	265	255	270
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	145	155	145	155
J. S. Young	150	165	155	165
MacAndrews & Forbes	173	176	173	176
Porto Rico-American	225	235	228	233
R. J. Reynolds	203	206	200	203
United Cigar Stores	185	187	186	188

Financial Notes.

The Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company has executed a mortgage to the Columbia Trust Company and Frank W. Conn, as trustee, to secure an issue of $15,000,000 first and general mortgage 5 per cent. bonds.

Plans for the unification of the street railways and electric lighting and power properties of the Philadelphia Company are nearing completion. The company's engineers have reported that the saving in operating expenses expected to be brought about by the outlay of $6,000,000 on the railroads should not only pay interest upon the investment, but return a substantial sum for dividend purposes.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, February 28th, 1912
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
FOR ACCOUNT OF AN ESTATE.
200 shs. Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Co., (Temporary Ctf.)
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
10 shs. A. B. Andrews Co.
112,333⅓ shs. Pacific Smelting & Mining Co. common.
100 shs. Hocking Valley Products Co.
20 shs. Long Island Loan & Trust Co.
60 shs. Hanover Fire Ins. Co.
10 shs. Waterbury Co. of New Jersey Prefd.
20 shs. Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Co.
$500 Dardanelle & Russellville R. R. 1st 6s, 1920.
500 shs. Mexican Milling & Trans. Co. common.
50 shs. Mexican Milling & Trans. Co. prefd.
50 shs. International Elevating Co.
$12,500 Meerschaum Co. of America 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1918, July, 1911, Coups. on.
$60,000 Cent. Oil Co. of Boston, Mass., Coll. Trust 20-yr. Convt. 6 p. c. Bds., due Oct., 1925.
50 shs. Hanover Fire Ins. Co.
50 shs. City Investing Co. prefd.
30 shs. Casualty Co. of America.
25 shs. Equitable Trust Co.
65 shs. Dibs-Saba Realty Co.
$4,000 Atlantic & Gulf Portland Cement Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1928.

Keeler Art Galleries
12 VESEY ST., adjoining the Astor House.
THIS DAY AT 1:30 P. M.
MODERN AND COLONIAL
Household Furniture
Mahogany and Oak
also a small collection of
New York Views & Sporting Prints
Mr. George W. Keeler, Auctioneer.

TOKIO BONDS GOING WELL.

Kuhn-Loeb Satisfied with Their Acceptance, Though Offering Fails in England.

With the closing of subscriptions for the $10,000,000 City of Tokio 5 per cent. bonds yesterday afternoon the indications were that a very large part of the allotment for this country had been taken. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who handled the issue here, were not prepared to give out any figures, but stated that they regarded the reception given the bonds as satisfactory considering the conditions which prevail in the bond market. Few of the Tokio securities were taken by firms for speculation, and with the receipt of a large number of individual subscriptions it was said that the issue would be well distributed among investors.

In London the widespread alarm over the threatened industrial troubles which would follow a general strike of coal miners was assigned for the practical failure of the offering at that centre. The English allotment was $15,870,000, of which it was said that the underwriters had to take nearly half. On the day following the closing of the subscription books the bonds were quoted at an advance of ⅜ over the offering price, which was accepted as an indication that the syndicate intended to hold the bonds taken over.

The offering met with its greatest success at Paris, where the favorable money conditions and the high return resulted in the $20,000,000 allotment being seven times oversubscribed. The Paris offering was made in terms of francs, whereas the balance of the issue was in pounds. The proceeds of the loan were to be used by the City of Tokio in acquiring its electric street railways and lighting plants.

L. & N. EARNS MORE.

Makes 9½ Per Cent. on Its Stock in the First Half Year.

The semi-annual statement of the Louisville & Nashville for the first half year ended with Dec. 31, 1911, reflects the difference between the conditions under which roads in the South and those in other parts of the country have been operating. The Louisville had the best period in its history, with a balance for dividends of $5,711,000. This is equivalent to 9½ per cent. on the company's stock, or more than enough for the full year's dividends. The first half of the year usually proves more profitable than the latter period.

The Louisville's gross earnings for the six months were $28,323,000, an increase of $378,000, notwithstanding which its operating costs were reduced, leaving net before taxes of $9,279,000, an increase of $535,000 over the corresponding part of the preceding fiscal year. The surplus for dividends was larger by $384,000 than that for the first half of last year.

To all Holders of
Convertible Four Per Cent. (4%)
Redeemable Gold Bonds of
The Western Union Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given to all holders of the convertible four per cent. (4%) redeemable gold bonds of The Western Union Telegraph Company, issued under and pursuant to and secured by the trust agreement made by said The Western Union Telegraph Company, with the Bowling Green Trust Company as Trustee, dated November 26th, 1906, that The Western Union Telegraph Company, by action duly had by its board of directors, has declared its intention to and will pay off, cancel and redeem the whole amount of the bonds issued under and secured by said trust agreement, pursuant to the power and authority so to do contained therein; that the date fixed for said payment and cancellation and redemption is May first (1st), 1912, upon or prior to which date The Western Union Telegraph Company will deposit with the Equitable Trust Company of New York, New York City, as successor Trustee to the Bowling Green Trust Company, named as Trustee in said trust agreement, a sum sufficient to pay the principal of all of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the interest accrued thereon to May first (1st), 1912; that said Equitable Trust Company of New York, on said date, and thereafter as presented, will pay the principal of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the accrued interest to said date to the holders of said bonds respectively.

That said bonds will cease to bear interest after May first (1st), 1912, and that it is the intention of The Western Union Telegraph Company upon making such deposit and after said date, to have said trust agreement dated November 26th, 1906, cancelled and discharged by said trustee.

The Western Union Telegraph Company.
By THEO. N. VAIL, President.

New York, January 22, 1912.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.
RECONSTRUCTION STATE CAPITOL, STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF STATE ARCHITECT.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Secretary to the Trustees of Public Buildings in the Executive Chamber, Albany, N. Y., up to 12 o'clock noon, Monday, March 18th, 1912, at which time they will be opened and read publicly, for certain items of work in connection with the reconstruction of the State Capitol, Albany, N. Y.

A separate and distinct proposal is required for each of the following items of work:

a—Heating and ventilation.
b—Plumbing and drainage.
c—Electric light and power wiring.
d—Electric elevators and elevator fronts.
e—Metal window frames, sash and glazing.

Each proposal shall be accompanied by a certified check or cash deposit for the amounts indicated below for the several sections of the work:

a—Heating and ventilation	$3,000
b—Plumbing and drainage	2,000
c—Electric light and power wiring	2,500
d—Electric elevators and elevator fronts	2,000
e—Metal window frames, sash and glazing	1,500

and the contractors to whom the awards are made will be required to furnish surety bonds for each division of the work in amounts as follows:

a—Heating and ventilation	$30,000
b—Plumbing and drainage	20,000
c—Electric light and power wiring	25,000
d—Electric elevators and elevator fronts	20,000
e—Metal window frames, sash and glazing	15,000

within thirty days from date of notice of award of contract. Failure to furnish bond within the time specified will cancel the notice of award of contract and cause forfeiture of certified check or cash deposited with bid.

On and after February 26th, plans, specifications, and blank forms of proposals may be obtained by application and upon reasonable notice to the State Architect, Albany, N. Y., upon the deposit of $5 for each set of plans and specifications for each division of the work, which deposit shall be forfeited if the plans and specifications are not returned in good order. A deposit of $25 will be required for plans and specifications for the complete work. Plans and specifications are on file and may be consulted at the office of the State Architect, Albany, N. Y.

Application for plans and specifications should be made at once and will be filled in the order of the receipt of application.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Trustees of Public Buildings.
FRANKLIN B. WARE, State Architect.

FORT TOTTEN, N. Y.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for constructing blacksmith shop and wagon shed will be received here until 2 P. M., March 5, 1912, and then publicly opened. Information furnished upon application to Quartermaster here or to Chief Quartermaster, Governors Island, N. Y. H.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Coupons due March 1st, 1912, from First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds of this Company, Providence and Pawtucket issue, will be paid on and after March 1st, 1912, on presentation at the office of the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York. Checks for interest on registered bonds will be mailed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.

Coupons due March 1, 1912, from bonds mentioned below will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the company, 25 Broad Street, New York:

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company First and Refunding Four Per Cent. Bonds.
Iowa Central Railway Company First and Refunding Four Per Cent. Bonds.

F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Coupon No. 18, due March 1, 1912, from The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company, EASTERN OKLAHOMA DIVISION FIRST MORTGAGE FOUR PER CENT. BONDS, will be paid on and after such date upon presentation at the office of the Company, No. 5 Nassau Street, New York City.

C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY,

17 Battery Place, New York, Feb. 27, 1912.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its Preferred Stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable April 1, 1912, to stockholders of record March 11, 1912.

GEORGE W. PLUM, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.

The Directors of this Company have declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on and after April 1st, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business Friday, March 15th, 1912, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City. Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed orders.

E. S. PATTEE, Secretary.
New York, February 26, 1912.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.

The Directors of this Company have declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable on and after April 1st, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business Monday, March 11th, 1912, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City. Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed orders.

E. S. PATTEE, Secretary.
New York, February 26, 1912.

The Mexican International Railroad Company.

The coupons due March 1, 1912, from the First Consolidated 4% Gold Bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the office of the Company.

NO. 25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK CITY.
F. M. SOUTHER, Assistant Treasurer.
February 27, 1912.

MAHONING INVESTMENT COMPANY.

A dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. has been declared on the stock of this Company, payable March 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record on February 23d. Checks will be mailed.

LEWIS ISELIN, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY,
754 Broadway, New York.

To the Stockholders of Broadway Trust Company:

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Broadway Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 754 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of March, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and voting upon an agreement made and entered into between the Board of Directors of Broadway Trust Company and the Board of Directors of Flatbush Trust Company, on February 7th, 1912, pursuant to Section 36 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, for the merger of Flatbush Trust Company into Broadway Trust Company; and also to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may properly come before such meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on March 4th, 1912, and will remain closed until the opening of business on March 6th, 1912.

By order of the Board of Directors.
FREDERIC G. LEE, President.
JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.
New York, February 16th, 1912.

FLATBUSH TRUST COMPANY,
839 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

To the Stockholders of Flatbush Trust Company:

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Flatbush Trust Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 839 Flatbush Avenue, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the 5th day of March, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and voting upon an agreement made and entered into between the Board of Directors of Broadway Trust Company and the Board of Directors of Flatbush Trust Company, on February 7th, 1912, pursuant to Section 36 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, for the merger of Flatbush Trust Company into Broadway Trust Company; and also to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may properly come before such meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on March 1st, 1912.

By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN Z. LOTT, President.
FRANKLIN SCHENCK, Secretary.
Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, February 16th, 1912.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FRESNILLO COMPANY AND THE FRESNILLO MINING COMPANY:

TAKE NOTICE that The Fresnillo Company and the Fresnillo Mining Company, both corporations of the State of New York, have made and entered into an agreement, signed by a majority of their respective Boards of Directors and under their respective corporate seals, for the consolidation of such corporations, as prescribed by law, dated the 14th day of February, 1912, and that such agreement will be submitted for action thereon to the stockholders of The Fresnillo Company at a meeting thereof to be held at the office of the company, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 29th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, and that such agreement will be submitted for action thereon to the stockholders of the Fresnillo Mining Company at a meeting thereof to be held at the office of the company, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 29th day of February, 1912, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

ROBERT E. SAFFORD, Secretary of The Fresnillo Company.
ROBERT E. SAFFORD, Secretary of the Fresnillo Mining Company.

Jersey City, N. J., February 20th 1912.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of P. Lorillard Company, for the election of Directors, the consideration of and to take action on a proposed by-law for participation by certain officers of the Company in profits, if any, earned by the Company in excess of profits earned during the year 1910 on the brands and businesses now owned by the Company, not exceeding in the aggregate 10% of such excess, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the Home Office of the Company, Newark Avenue and Senate Place, Jersey City, N. J., on the 12th day of March, 1912, at 11:00 o'clock A. M.

WM. B. RHETT, Secretary.

BOSTON PIANO SUPPLY CO.
Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to call by resolution of the Board of Directors, a special meeting of the stockholders of the Boston Piano Supply Co., a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, will be held at the offices of the company, Robbins Avenue and 140th Street, in the Borough of Bronx, New York City, on the 20th day of March, 1912, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that said corporation be forthwith dissolved, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated New York City, February 17, 1912.
EDWARD B. FINK, Secretary.

SYDENHAM CORPORATION.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sydenham Corporation will be held at the office of the company, 616 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY, on Wednesday, March 6, 1912, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors; also for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. Polls will remain open from 3:30 o'clock P. M. to 4:30 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed on Saturday, Feb. 24, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be opened on Thursday, March 7, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM B. DE GARMO, Secretary.

In Re
Newspaper Notice.
Annual Meeting—Brush Electric Ilg. Co. of New York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Brush Electric Illuminating Company of New York, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 1,170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, March 11, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon.

FRANK W. SMITH, Secretary.
New York, February 28, 1912.

New York, N. Y., February 26th, 1912.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held on Monday, March 11th, 1912, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung, 182 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

JOSEPH E. RIDDER, Secretary.

February 12, 1912.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Eisemann Magneto Company that an annual meeting will be held at the Company's office, 225 to 227 West 57th Street, New York City, on the sixth day of March at 12 o'clock noon.

At such meeting Directors will be elected and other business, which any stockholder may desire to present, will be considered.

By order of the board.
W. GAUPP, Secretary.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT THE ANnual Meeting of the Stockholders of E. LAMONTAGNE'S SONS for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held on the 6th day of March, 1912, at 3 o'clock P. M. at the office of the Company, 15 South William Street, New York City.

MONTAIGU LAMONTAGNE, Secretary.

E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company.

Wilmington, Delaware.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, New Jersey, on Monday, the 18th day of March, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon.

ALEXIS I. DU PONT, Secretary.

BROOKLYN BANKS.

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK CITY.

Feb. 20, 1912.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments	$1,362,083.64	
From other banks	240,234.53	
Cash on reserve	263,180.28	$1,865,498.45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$200,000.00	
Surplus and profits	139,810.34	
Circulation	49,300.00	
Deposits	1,476,388.11	$1,865,498.45

Geo. W. Spence, Pres. Geo. C. Miller, Vice Pres. J. B. Korndorfer, Cashier.

N.Y.R.O. BONDS ARE SAFE.
Because principal is assured by assets five times the amount of bonds issued.
Because this company has never deviated from the principle of purchasing Real Estate for permanent ownership.
Because its business has been successful for 15 years, with increasing strength, security, profits and dividends.
Because its securities are not influenced by political or financial uncertainties.
SPECIAL INCOME BONDS PAY 6.66%
10-YEAR 6% BONDS, $100 EACH, interest paid semi-annually by check, can be bought outright or in annual payments over a period of years.
Over $1,000,000 repaid Investors to date
Circular E will interest you. Sent on request
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
Assets $3,500,000. Cap. & Sur. $2,500,000
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 29.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business Feb. 20, 1912:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$62,973,117.87
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,859.06
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		6,224,500.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		759,760.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		23,008.02
Bonds loaned		2,538,396.62
Bonds, securities, &c.		53,149,753.10
Banking house		1,750,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	$1,904,211.12	
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	219,745.55	
Checks and other cash items	74,141.63	
Exchanges for Clearing House	6,893,825.19	
Notes of other National banks	10,720.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	594.19	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	32,132,079.05	
Legal-tender notes	1,619,235.00	
		42,854,051.73
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		311,225.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		118,557.91
Total		$170,704,729.31

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$10,000,000.00
Surplus fund		15,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		6,270,728.23
National bank notes outstanding		6,035,397.50
Due to other National banks	$35,615,698.90	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	2,884,558.05	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	38,405,242.12	
Dividends unpaid	1,700.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	56,773,471.78	
Demand certificates of deposit	25,054.49	
Certified checks	1,868,863.95	
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,658,014.29	
		132,737,603.58
United States deposits		1,000.00
Bonds borrowed		660,000.00
Total		$170,704,729.31

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, C. D. BACKUS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. D. BACKUS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of February, 1912.

HERBERT F. CHRISTIE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
GEO. F. BAKER,
FRANCIS L. HINE,
CHARLES D. NORTON, Directors.

[No. 1,499.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business February 20th, 1912.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$29,002,625.60
Overdrafts, unsecured		863.16
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		300,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		150,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.		908,093.97
Banking house		1,000,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		2,182,168.59
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		836,520.20
Checks and other cash items		102,509.89
Exchanges for Clearing House		2,264,255.87
Notes of other National banks		25,500.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		6,580.05
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$4,998,601.00	
Legal tender notes	2,808,316.00	
		7,806,917.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer		15,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		44,000.00
Total		$43,589,533.83

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus fund		6,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		1,077,993.11
National banknotes outstanding		273,600.00
State banknotes outstanding		10,838.00
Due to other National banks	$4,229,454.92	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	1,068,223.00	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	1,184,224.46	
Dividends unpaid	162.50	
Individual deposits subject to check	25,210,097.21	
Demand certificates of deposit	50,635.10	
Certified checks	649,212.14	
Cashier's checks outstanding	785,193.89	
		33,077,102.72
United States deposits		150,000.00
Total		$43,589,533.83

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I. FRANCIS HALPIN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FRANCIS HALPIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of February, 1912.

EDWARD P. BROWN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
FREDERIC W. STEVENS,
ROBERT WALTON GOELET, Directors.

[No. 1324.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business, February 20, 1912:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$6,911,293.34
Overdrafts, secured		20.72
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.		1,637,648.44
Banking house		500,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		184,785.63
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		30,993.92
Checks and other cash items		6,209.25
Exchanges for Clearing House		3,444,085.17
Notes of other National banks		55,055.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		430.03
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$1,384,387.40	
Legal-tender notes	373,401.00	
		1,757,788.40
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		25,000.00
Total		$15,054,309.90

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund	2,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	560,536.88
National banknotes outstanding	496,000.00
Due to other National banks	1,803,169.55
Due to State and private banks and bankers	450,207.99
Due to trust companies and savings banks	853,761.66
Dividends unpaid	120.00
Individual deposits subject to check	5,136,689.48
Demand certificates of deposit	11,003.50
Accepted drafts	2,710,530.50
Cashier's checks outstanding	27,601.06
United States deposits	1,000.00
Reserved for taxes	8,689.28
Total	$15,054,309.90

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, GEORGE E. LEWIS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. E. LEWIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of February, 1912.

H. L. BRAYNARD, Notary Public, Westchester County.

[Seal] Certificate filed in New York Co.

Correct—Attest:
ADRIAN ISELIN, JR.,
W. EMLEM ROOSEVELT,
THOMAS DENNY, Directors.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[NO. 1,290.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE CITIZENS CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business, Feb. 20th, 1912:

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$20,247,574.25
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,088.21
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		1,995,100.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		6,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits		200,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.		307,500.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	$2,897,834.79	
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies and savings banks	477,163.76	
Checks and other cash items	217,362.84	
Exchanges for Clearing House	1,646,619.56	
Notes of other National banks	105,000.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	4,490.42	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	5,088,636.00	
Legal-tender notes	631,273.00	
		10,568,179.87
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		99,755.00
Total		$33,425,197.33

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$2,550,000.00
Surplus fund		1,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		846,243.14
Reserved for interest unearned on bills discounted		150,000.00
National bank notes outstanding		1,975,497.50
Due to other National banks	$5,057,866.53	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	1,264,189.71	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	1,562,385.83	
Dividends unpaid	108.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	18,209,677.66	
Demand certificates of deposit	181,023.33	
Certified checks	442,387.94	
Cashier's checks outstanding	119,451.33	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	111,866.31	
		26,898,456.69
Reserved for taxes		5,000.00
Total		$33,425,197.33

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of February, 1912.

WM. V. A. POE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
AMBROSE R. ADAMS,
FRANCIS M. BACON, Jr.,
EDWIN S. SCHENCK, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE COAL & IRON NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business February 20, 1912:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,361,452.95
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		975.26
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		409,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
Other bonds to secure postal savings		14,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.		2,160,583.46
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		592,499.63
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		211,003.58
Checks and other cash items		36,601.25
Exchanges for Clearing House		350,410.10
Notes of other National banks		32,525.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		2,933.65
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$1,727,442.50	
Legal-tender notes	108,320.00	
		1,835,762.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		20,450.00
Total		$10,029,197.38

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		200,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		279,236.95
National banknotes outstanding		405,900.00
Due to other National banks	$1,867,187.21	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	462,788.00	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	261,593.28	
Dividends unpaid	6.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	5,384,440.01	
Demand certificates of deposit	25,250.00	
Certified checks	128,315.95	
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,011.78	
		8,132,592.23
United States deposits, $1,000; postal savings deposits, $10,432.08		11,432.08
Reserved for taxes		36.17
Total		$10,029,197.38

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, ADDISON H. DAY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ADDISON H. DAY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of February, 1912.

[Seal of Notary.] JNO. W. WHITELEY, Notary Public, Westchester County. Certificate filed in New York County.

Correct—Attest:
W. G. BESLER,
DANIEL F. CONNOR,
H. W. DOUTY, Directors.

[No. 2,598.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business Feb. 20th, 1912:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$8,352,528.61
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	667.17
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	899,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	1,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.	961,072.17
Other real estate owned, (equities)	41,761.19
Due from National banks, (not reserve agents)	748,463.28
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	118,849.09
Checks and other cash items	95,422.88
Exchanges for Clearing House	470,255.47
Notes of other National banks	24,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	8,728.41
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:	
Specie	2,423,005.15
Legal-tender notes	240,190.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation)	19,950.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	16,000.00
Total	$13,910,888.84

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund	1,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	249,521.54
National banknotes outstanding	392,300.00
Due to other National banks	1,392,523.62
Due to State and private banks and bankers	52,757.91
Due to trust companies and savings banks	428,262.41
Individual deposits subject to check	8,886,835.72
Demand certificates of deposit	203,100.80
Certified checks	152,083.95
Cashier's checks outstanding	152,502.39
United States deposits	1,000.00
Total	$13,910,888.84

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, A. W. SNOW, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of February, 1912.

GEO. DE WITT WEEKS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
R. W. POOR,
ROBERT J. HORNER,
CHARLES T. WILLS, Directors.

NEXT SUNDAY
Out-of-town National Bank statements will be published in The New York Times Sunday, March 3, and in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review the following day.
All New York City National Bank statements published in The New York Times will be inserted in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review next Monday.
The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Trading Further Reduced—General List Still Unresponsive to Current News.

LULL IN DEMAND FOR BONDS

London Will Share in New Atchison Issue—Industrial Dividend Action a Factor in Day's Market.

In a less somnolent condition of the stock market yesterday's incidents might well have supplied incentive for a broadening of activity on the Stock Exchange, but the dealings there remained true to the recent record, and instead of any expansion showed further contraction. The market had presented to it yesterday, among other news, the unexpected action of the Republic Iron and Steel Company in deferring the quarterly dividend on its preferred stock, and the declaration of the regular quarterly rate on the preferred stock of the Central Leather Company, whose earnings have lately been a matter of discussion. These two issues moved over a fairly wide range, but these, as well as the other incidents of the day, were practically without influence upon general market sentiment so far as this found reflection in the transactions of the day. The news from abroad itself presented an interesting budget of information, most of it of favorable import, but a market which has been unresponsive to home developments might well be excused for allowing to pass unnoticed the day's foreign advices. These included intimations that the powers might join in an effort to reestablish peace between Italy and Turkey; more hopeful predictions regarding the coal situation in Great Britain, where it is hoped that a strike of the miners may be avoided, or at all events confined to the Welsh miners; while in purely financial matters there was the easier condition of the London fortnightly settlement in respect to the rates charged on American securities, and the announcement that London would take half of a forthcoming issue of $18,000,000 of Atchison bonds. The latter information is interesting as an indication that we are finding an outlet for securities abroad at the very time when the English and German markets are borrowing in considerable volume from our bankers. The two transactions, of course, are distinct, conditions applying to long-term investments which would not hold in the case of temporary loans, such as those which our bankers have been making abroad. The taking of these Atchison bonds by London suggests the belief there that a little later more favorable conditions will prevail in the investment market. At the moment there is a lull in the demand for investment securities, which is making itself felt, not only in the English market, but here as well. A case in point is the issue of City of Tokio bonds, the subscriptions to which did not fully cover the allotment made to this market, while in London the underwriters took up about half of the issue. In Paris the French portion of the loan was largely oversubscribed. The outcome in London was regarded as due in large part to the hesitation caused by the threatened coal strike.

It has become so common a pastime in Wall Street, as well as in some other quarters, to talk of new laws supplanting the old in the field of economics that little surprise is caused by such suggestions as that heard in some quarters yesterday that the passing of the preferred dividend of one of the steel companies showed the folly of the competition in which steel manufacturers have been recently engaged. It is too late now to discuss with any advantage the question whether or not the great increase in steel manufacturing capacity was wise or not at the time when it was undertaken, but the fact that the capacity of the steel mills of the country was largely in excess of the demand which existed at the prices prevailing last Spring offers the sufficient explanation of the efforts which steel manufacturers made to increase their orders in the only way which they knew how, namely, by reducing prices and in meeting competition. It was not foolishness which led steel makers to lower their prices. It was a matter of plain necessity, if they were to meet the situation which confronted them and which they could not control.

In some directions railroad earnings show betterment. It is understood that the St. Paul, whose statement for January is expected to be in keeping with the general decline which occurred during that month, has seen some improvement in its earnings this month. A somewhat larger Winter-end wheat movement than had been hoped for is said to have contributed to this result. The opening yesterday of the conference between the anthracite mine owners and their employes to discuss the demands which the men have made was confined, so far as information reaching the financial district during the day indicated, to a preliminary discussion only. The belief prevails in some well-informed banking quarters that some concessions will be made by the operators which may pave the way for a new agreement with the men unless they insist on conditions to which the operators feel that they cannot yield.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Electric Storage Battery Co. for annual meeting.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Continental Oil.
United States Steel Co. on preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Central Leather Co.
Empire Steel and Iron Co.

SPECIAL MEETINGS.

Ray Consolidated Copper Co.
Reading & Columbia Railway.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2⅜@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅜ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 2½@3 per cent. for sixty days, 2¾@3 per cent. for ninety days and four months, 3@3¼ per cent. for five and six months, and 3½@3¾ per cent. for ten to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¼@4 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturities.

Private discount rate abroad: London, 3 5-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¾ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4 per cent, up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $307,215,610; balances, $20,351,750; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $581,424.

The local banks have lost $4,871,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8750; demand, $4.8725.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ less 1-16; check, 5.18⅛ plus 1-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16 plus 1-64; check, 95⅛.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.19⅜ plus 1-32; check, 5.19⅜ less 1-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.31; check, 40.29.
Belgium—Cable, 5.19⅜ less 1-16; check, 5.20 less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8425; ninety days, $4.8310.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.84⅛; ninety days, $4.82⅝.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, 5.21¼; ninety days, 5.22½ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.21¼; ninety days, 5.22½.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94¼; ninety days, 94½.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94⅜ plus 1-32; ninety days, 94⅛.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 20c premium; St. Paul, 80c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c discount.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Frequency of Railroad Accidents.

The efforts of transportation interests to get a better steel rail, with a view to decreasing the number of accidents, are timely, in view of the publication of the Inter-State Commerce Commission's figures of the number of railway accidents in the months of July, August, and September of last year, when there were 201 killed and 4,823 injured. These figures are exclusive of the accidents to employes at work, passengers getting on and off cars, persons at highway crossings, &c. If these are included the total number of persons killed in the three months increased to 2,758. Breakage of rails was probably not responsible for any large proportion of these deaths, but the total is so alarming that it needs no argument to see the wisdom of the railway men's efforts to get better rails and thus reduce accidents of at least one kind.

⁂

Threatened Coal Strikes.

When the bankers who handled the American end of the Tokio loan explained yesterday that London's sudden loss of interest was due to the threatening aspects of the coal situation, the probable effect of a miners' strike in Great Britain on the markets of the world was quickly brought home to the financial district. A strike of miners in Great Britain would be a more serious calamity than a strike in this country. The former supplies not only the thousands of industries on her own shores but exports coal to Holland, Belgium, Germany, and France. Owing to the enormous demand she has relatively small stocks on hand and the complete cessation of mining operations would quickly exhaust them. Germany has mines, but the attempt to supply English wants would undoubtedly bring on a sympathetic strike in that country.

⁂

Economy of Arbitration.

Germany had her lesson in the cost of strikes seven or eight years ago, when nearly 200,000 miners went out. It had been known for a long time that this strike was almost inevitable, and the operators were carrying large stocks to meet the situation, but the depression that followed was very costly. In this country the operators as well as many big consumers have laid in big supplies of coal in anticipation of a possible strike, and the miners' unions have larger defense funds than usual, but the strike, if it comes, would have to be paid for and the bills would be large. That is why information to the effect that both abroad and here the prospects for a friendly adjustment are favorable was so eagerly received in Wall Street yesterday.

⁂

Contrasts in Steel Business.

The proposed increase in the capital of the Inland Steel Company by $10,000,000, of which only from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000 is to be issued for additional capacity and enough to make a 25 per cent. stock dividend distributed, according to reports, in the shape of a stock dividend furnishes an illustration of the wide difference in profits in the steel business. The Republic Iron and Steel Company, which is credited with being able to produce its particular specialties at a cost as low as any of its large competitors has just passed its preferred dividend. C. M. Schwab's Bethlehem Steel Company, also known as having economical operation, though burdened with heavy capitalization, has long been a non-dividend payer. The Lackawanna Steel, the Colorado Fuel and Iron, and a number of the Southern companies also illustrate the paucity of profits in the steel business since the boom period of 1906-7. The Inland Steel Company, on the other hand, which is one of the small independents, paid 11 per cent. in 1911, 8 per cent. of which was an extra disbursement, and the talked-of 25 per cent. stock dividend would represent the distribution of surplus which has accumulated in the last few years.

⁂

New York's Cotton.

As in 1910, the year of twenty-cent cotton, New York this season is promising to be one of the chief sources of cotton supply for the mills. Two years ago cotton poured into this port in satisfaction of Exchange contracts at a rate never before equaled and taxed the carrying capacity of the transatlantic liners sailing from here. This season, so far, the receipts at New York have passed the 1,000,000-bale mark, although only about 14 per cent. of the total receipts are now held in stock.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅜	100⅞	4.15
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.07
Beth. Steel Co	6	Nov. 1,'14	101⅛	101⅜	5.43
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99⅝	99⅝	4.68
C., H. & D. pur. money	4	July 1,'13	99⅝	99⅞	4.10
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅝	100	5.00
Chi. El. Rys	5	July 1,'14	98⅝	98⅞	5.58
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	101⅜	101⅝	5.16
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	100	100¼	4.89
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	99	99¼	6.22
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97⅝	97⅞	5.21
Hudson Co	6	Feb. 1,'13	99¾	100	6.00
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98⅜	98⅝	5.77
Int. Harv. Co	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅜	101	4.65
Int. Rapid T.	4½	1912	100	100½	
Lack Steel Co	5	Mar. 1,'15	91¼	92	9.00
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1,'13	95½	96	9.00
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99⅝	99⅞	5.12
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'13	95½	96⅛	6.75
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	98	98½	5.55
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100⅝	100⅝	4.16
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.	4½	1912	100	100¼	..
Oakland Rys	6	Sep. 1,'15	100½	101	5.66
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan. 5,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.01
St. L. & S. F.	5	Mar. 1,'13	99⅞	100	4.87
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99½	99⅞	5.20
Southern Ry	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.35
Tidewater Co	6	June 1,'13	101⅛	101⅜	4.59
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'18	104⅝	105	5.08
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min.	5	Aug. 1,'14	100	100¼	4.78
Westinghouse	5	Aug. 1,'13	101⅛	101⅞	4.69

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..May, 1957, old	107½	107¾	107½	107¾
4½s..Nov., 1957, new	107½	107¾	107½	107¾
4½s..May, 1917, old	102⅜	103	102⅜	103
4½s..Nov., 1917, new	102⅜	103	102⅜	103
4½s..Mar., 1930-60, old	102⅜	102⅞	102⅜	102⅞
4½s..Sept., 1960, new	102⅜	103	102⅜	103
4s ..May, 1959, l'chg.	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4s ..Nov., 1958, l'chg.	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s ..May, 1957, l'chg.	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s ..Nov., 1955-6, reg.	99⅝	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
4s ..May, 1919, l'chg.	99¾	100⅛	99¾	100⅛
3½s..Nov., 1954, l'chg.	87⅜	87¾	87⅜	87¾
3½s..May, 1954, coup.	87⅜	87⅝	87⅜	87⅞
3½s..May, 1954, reg.	87½	87⅞	87½	87⅞
3½s..Nov., 1941, reg.	88⅞	89⅜	88⅞	89⅜

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday a firmer tone was shown in the leading commodities. Copper was up about ⅛c for late deliveries, 25 tons of April selling at 14¼c. Tin improved ⅜c in the bid and ⅛c in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard Copper— Spot	14.07½	14.25	14.05	14.25
February	14.10	14.25	14.10	14.30
March	14.12½	14.25	14.12½	14.37½
April	14.22½	14.27½	14.12½	14.37½
Lead	4.00	4.10	4.00	4.10
Spelter	6.50	6.75	6.50	6.75
Tin	43.35	43.50	43.00	43.37½

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday the following table of figures obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These last quotations compare with Monday's closing quotations:

	Tuesday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	64	5	0	64	2	6
Copper, futures	64	18	9	64	16	3
Pig tin, spot	195	5	0	196	0	0
Pig tin, futures	191	5	0	191	15	0

The market finished easy. Spanish pig lead was down 1s 3d, at £15 16s 3d. Spelter was up 5s, at £26 15s. Cleveland warrants were down 1½d, at 49s 6d.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted unchanged in London, at 26 15-16d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 58½c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Small Price Changes Reflect the Lack of Any Considerable Public Interest.

CALUMET AND HECLA AT 452

Other Copper Stocks at Boston Firm, Mainly Due to Absence of Any Selling.

Like the New York market, out-of-town Exchanges were listless yesterday. There were no dealings at Chicago, owing to the local primary holiday.

The Baltimore market showed a tendency to droop yesterday, and while prices on the whole were steady, values yielded here and there.

In the absence of public interest in the Boston market, traders were unable to get satisfactory action in the market for copper stocks. The general tone was firm, mainly because there was a lack of selling, but the movement of prices was, with few exceptions, rather narrow. Calumet and Hecla was strongest, selling at 452, ex dividend, or at the equivalent of 460. Mayflower and Old Colony were again active, the former rising to a new high record at 11¾. Wolverine, regarding which there was considerable gossip of a dividend increase, was bought freely at an advance of several points. Amalgamated was firmer and higher, owing to the strength of the issue in New York. In a firm general list American Telephone was a feature, selling at 143.

There was no very definite trend to prices on the Philadelphia Exchange during the greater part of the session. Fluctuations were irregular and of narrow proportions. There was quite a little short covering in United States Steel, and the quotation improved moderately. This may have been due to some rather unexpected news from Birmingham to the effect that no pig iron can be obtained at that centre under $10.50, as compared with $10 a little time ago. This was at variance with the impressions of traders who had thought the pig iron market was weakening instead of becoming stronger. There was quite a little activity in Washington and Virginia Railway shares to-day. The common fell a point, but the preferred advanced a similar amount.

Yesterday's transactions in the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	American Bonding	77	77	77
80	Balt. Electric pf	46	45½	45½
10	Baltimore Trust	165	165	165
40	Bank of Commerce	31	31	31
60	Consolidation Coal	102¾	102¾	102¾
10	Mercantile Trust	153	153	153
20	Mechanics' Bank	28½	28½	28½
15	Maryland Casualty	97¾	97¾	97¾
10	Maryland & Penn	34	34	34
80	Northern Central	127½	127½	127½
60	Penn Water & Power	61½	61½	61½
100	Parkers. Br. R. R.	20	20	20
85	U. S. Fidelity	180½	180	180
100	United Railways	19¼	19¼	19¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
3,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1980	90	90	90
2,000	Cotton Duck 5s	77¼	77¼	77¼
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s	97½	97½	97½
10,000	Con. Power 4½s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
9,000	Fair. & Clarks. Tr. 5s	100	99⅞	99⅞
5,000	Houston Oil div. ctfs.	85¼	85	85
2,000	Maryland & P. inc.	69¼	69¼	69¼
3,000	N. O., M. & C. 1st 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼
2,000	Penn. W. & P. 5s	92	92	92
2,000	Seaboard 4s, stpd	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
6,000	United Rys. 4s	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞
17,000	United Rys. inc	65	65	65
1,000	United Rys. notes	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	Wilm. & Weldon 5s	110½	110½	110½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atchison pf	103¾	103¾	103¾
2	Boston Elevated	132½	132½	132½
17	Boston & Albany	222	222	222
26	Boston & Lowell	215	215	215
18	Boston & Maine	99½	99½	99½
5	Boston & Providence	299	299	299
12	Conn. & Pass. pf	142	142	142
87	Fitchburg pf	128	127¾	127¾
20	Maine Central	145	145	145
55	Mass Elec	21	21	21
1	Mass. Elec. pf	94½	94½	94½
297	Mass. Elec. pf. stmp.	82¾	81	82½
142	Mass. Elec. pf. f. w.	19½	19	19½
209	N. Y., N. H. & H.	138⅜	138	138½
16	Rutland pf	60	55	60
225	West End	88⅞	88½	88⅜
55	West End pf	102	101½	101½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,471	American	143	142	143
5	Cumberland	160⅝	160⅝	160⅝
10	New England	161½	161½	161½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
875	Am. Agr. Chem	58⅝	58⅜	58⅝
156	Am. Ag Chem. pf	102⅞	102½	102⅞
5	Amoskeag	79	79	79
36	Amoskeag pf	101	101	101
211	Am. Sugar	119½	119	119¼
250	Am. Sugar pf	118⅛	118¼	118⅛
89	Am. Woolen pf	87¾	87¼	87¾
37	A., G. & W. I. S. S.	8½	8½	8½
610	East Boston Land	15⅛	15	15
36	General Electric	160¼	159¼	159⅞
25	Ga. Ry. & Elec	165	165	165
27	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf	88	87	88
100	Mackay Cos. pf	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝
55	Mass. Gas	91¼	91¼	91¼
175	Mass. Gas pf	98	97	98
10	McElwain Co. 1st pf	106½	106½	106½
9	Merganthaler	221	221	221
66	Pullman	158⅞	158¼	158⅞
23	Seattle Elec. pf	103½	103¼	103¼
47	Swift & Co	102⅝	102¼	102½
819	Torrington, Class A	30	30	30
68	Torrington pf	29	29	29
134	United Fruit	185	184½	184¾
306	United Shoe Machy	50	49⅜	49⅜
6	Un Shoe Mchy. pf	28¼	28¼	28¼
1,717	U. S. Steel	60¼	59⅝	60
26	U. S. Steel pf	108⅜	108	108
55	Wollaston Land	2½	2¼	2½

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	7¼	6⅝	6¾
20	Algomah	6	6	6
80	Allouez	41	41	41
720	Amalgamated	66⅞	66¼	66⅝
100	Am. Zinc	25	25	25
60	Ariz. Coml. ctfs	4¼	4	4
100	Boston & Corbin	7	7	7
110	Butte Balaklala	4¼	4¼	4¼
562	Butte Coalition	22⅞	22½	22¾
405	Calumet & Ariz	60¼	60	60
13	Calumet & Hecla	460	460	460
25	Calumet & H. ex div.	454	450	452
25	Centennial	21	21	21
230	Chino	25½	25⅛	25⅜
160	Copper Range	54	54	54
40	Daly West	5¼	5¼	5¼
270	East Butte	12¾	12½	12¾
15	Franklin	13	12¾	12¾
445	Giroux	4¼	4⅛	4¼
1	Granby Cons	35	35	35
220	Greene-Cananea	7¾	7⅜	7¾
135	Hancock	34	34	34
55	Hedley	17½	17½	17½
400	Inspiration Cons	18½	18	18
4,112	Insp. Cons. rts	27c.	25c.	25c.
50	Island Creek Coal pf	87	87	87
100	Isle Royale	25⅜	25¼	25½
630	Keewenaw	1½	1¼	1¼
45	Lake	36½	36⅜	36⅜
435	Mason Valley	12⅜	12½	12½
10	Mass. Cons	8¼	8¼	8¼
8,330	Mayflower	11⅝	11	11⅝
30	Miami	24	24	24
30	Mohawk	56	55⅝	55⅝
70	New Arcadian	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
895	North Butte	26⅜	25½	25½
175	North Lake	6½	6	6
100	Ojibway	5¼	5	5½
2,275	Old Colony	7⅝	7¼	7⅝
200	Old Dominion	46¼	46¼	46¼
10	Osceola	115	115	115
250	Pond Creek Coal	16¼	16	16¼
242	Quincy	79	77	79
65	Ray Cons	17¼	17	17
291	Shannon	10	9⅝	9⅝
50	Shattuck, Ariz	19¼	19	19¼
225	St. Mary's Land	52	52	52
45	Superior	26¼	26⅛	26½
210	Superior & Boston	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
35	Tamarack	28	28	28
45	Trinity	5⅝	5¼	5½
110	Tuolumne	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
50	Union Copper Land	2½	2¼	2¼
855	U. S. Smelting	36⅜	35⅛	35⅞
814	U. S. Smelting pf	48	47⅞	48
200	Utah Apex	3	2 15-16	2 15-16
35	Utah Cons	14¾	14¾	14¾
10	Utah Copper	56⅞	56⅝	56⅞
70	Victoria	4⅝	4½	4½
200	Winona	7⅞	7½	7¼
298	Wolverine	105	101	104

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102½	102½	102½
6,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	91¼	91	91¼
2,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. cv. 4s	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝
5,000	A., G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝
39,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	117½	117½	117½
1,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am. Cement	2½	2½	2½
55	Am. Railways	45½	45½	45½
5	Baldwin Loco. pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
38	Cambria Iron	45	45	45
259	Cambria Steel	42¼	42	42
10	Elec. Storage Battery	54½	54½	54½
110	Fr. Park Tran	9	8⅝	8⅝
16	Gen. Asphalt	82¼	82	82¼
96	H. & B. T. pf	24	24	24
35	Ins. Co. of N. A.	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝
2,200	Lake Superior Corpn	29⅛	28⅞	29⅛
8	Lehigh Nav	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
5	Lehigh Nav. t. c	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
43	Lehigh Valley	79	79	79
250	Lehigh Va. tran. pf	26½	26½	26½
100	Philadelphia R. T.	23¾	23¾	23¾
138	Penn. Steel pf	100⅛	100	100
252	Penn. R. R.	61 7-16	61 5-16	61⅜
100	Philadelphia Co	53½	53½	53½
280	Philadelphia Co pf	44¼	44	44
1,144	Philadelphia Elec	18⅛	18	18
6	Philadelphia Trac	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
820	Reading	76⅞	76⅝	76 11-16
761	Tonopah Belmont	10¼	9 15-16	9 15-16
8	Tonopah Mining	7 9-16	7½	7 9-16
24	United Gas Imp	88	87¾	88
7	United Cos. of N. J.	241	240½	240½
3,095	U. S. Steel	60¼	59½	60⅛
1,384	Union Traction	50	50	50
8	Va. Ry. & P.	46	46	46
10	Va. Ry. & P. pf	87	87	87
50	Warwick I. & S.	11	11	11
118	Washn. & Va. Ry	52	52	52
231	Washn. & Va. Ry. pf	71	70	71

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Consolidated Ice pf	50	50	50
100	Crucible Steel pf	80⅞	80½	80½
14	Fire proofing pf	25¼	25¼	25¼
60	Independent Brew. pf	23½	23½	23½
1,070	Mfrs. L. & H.	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛
591	Ohio Fuel Oil	18½	17⅞	17⅞
102	Ohio Fuel Supply	47½	46½	47½
90	Pittsburgh Brewing	9	9	9
50	Pittsburgh Coal pf	77¼	77¼	77¼
525	Pure Oil	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞
1,800	Ross Mining	.12	.12	.12
300	San Toy	.35	.35	.35
10	Union Switch	94½	94½	94½
20	U. S. Steel	60	60	60
40	Westinghouse Elec	36½	36¼	36½
39	West. Penn. Traction	51½	51½	51¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Pittsburgh Brew 6s	100	100	100
3,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	91¼	91¼	91¼

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.09	Julia	.23
Alpha Con	.17	Justice	.14
Andes	.13	Kentucky Con	.09
Belcher	.60	Lady. Wash. Con.	.12
Best & Belcher	.15	Mexican	3.67½
Bullion	.08	Occidental Con	.60
Caledonia	4.00	Ophir	1.57½
Challenge Con	.25	Overman	.65
Chollar	.16	Potosi	.10
Confidence	1.10	Savage	.26
Con. Cal. & Va.	.93	Sag Belcher	.64
Con. Imperial	.05	Sierra Nevada	.36
Crown Point	.59	Union Con	1.25
Gould & Curry	.07	Utah Con	.12
Hale & Norcross	.31	Yellow Jacket	.59

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	9.90	Daisy	.08
Jim Butler	.36	Diamondf'd Bl. B.	.06
McNamara	.19	Goldf'd C. M.	4.52½
Midway	.28	Goldfield Merger	.23
Montana	1.10	Great Bend	.03
North Star	.29	C. O. D.	.12
Rescue Eula	.21	Jumbo Extension	.23
Tonopah Exten	1.45	Florence	.69
West End	1.02½	Lone Star	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.01
Adams	.01	Sandstorm Kend	.04
Atlanta	.15	Vernal	.16
Blue Bell	.01	Silver Pick	.06
Comb. Fraction	.14	Nevada Hills	2.25
Booth	.05	Manhattan Con	.15

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5½	5⅝	Jackpot	5	6
Elkton	60	60¼	McKinney	48	53
El Paso	71	71½	Old Gold	3⅜	4
Findlay	2	6	Portland	90	92
Gold Dollar	15⅜	15⅞	Vindicator	70	72
Isabella	12⅝	13⅛	Jen. Samp.	5	6½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Prices held well on the Consolidated Stock Exchange throughout the session. Sentiment showed an improvement, with the good volume of odd lot orders handled by commission houses one of the best features. There were transactions in Rock Island common and American Can, the only sales of those two stocks reported in Wall Street during the day. There was some buying of Union Pacific and Steel common on the theory that when those stocks sold "ex-dividend" at the end of the week they would look attractive. Later in the day reports that the chances were improving for averting a strike of the British coal miners helped to make sentiment more cheerful.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Allis-Chalmers	1	1	1	1
2,100	Amal. Copper	66¼	67	66¼	66½
120	Am. Beet Sugar	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼
10	Am. Can	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
10	Am. C. & Fdy.	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞
140	Am. Smelting	71	71¼	70⅞	70⅞
20	Am. Sugar	119¼	119⅜	119¼	119⅜
40	Am. T. & T.	143⅛	143⅛	142⅞	142⅞
20	Anac. Copper	36	36	36	36
10	A., T. & S. F.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
10	Balt. & Ohio	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
60	Can. Pacific	229½	230	229½	230
110	Cent. Leather	16½	17⅜	16½	17⅜
290	Cen. Leather pf	80⅜	83½	80⅜	82½
60	Ches. & Ohio	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛
40	C., M. & St. P.	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼
10	Corn Products	10	10	10	10
230	Erie	30⅞	30⅞	30⅜	30⅞
10	Erie 1st pf	51	51	51	51
10	Gt. North. pf	129⅝	129⅝	129⅝	129⅝
60	Int.-Met.	17⅞	18	17⅞	18
220	Int.-Met. pf	57	57⅞	57	57⅞
90	Int.-M. pf., new	54⅞	55⅛	54⅞	55⅛
20	Leh. Valley	157⅝	157⅝	157⅝	157⅝
260	Mo. Pacific	39⅛	39⅛	38⅞	38⅞
50	N. Y. Central	110⅜	110⅜	110¼	110¼
50	Nor. Pacific	117	117	117	117
10	Norf. & W. rts	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,980	Reading	153	153⅞	153	153⅝
50	Rep. Steel	16	16⅜	16	16⅜
410	Rep. Steel pf	64½	66½	64½	66½
10	Rock Island	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
10	So. Pacific	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞
4,690	Union Pacific	164⅛	165	164⅛	164⅝
50	U. S. Rubber	45½	45½	45½	45½
10,380	U. S. Steel	59⅞	60⅜	59½	60⅛
10	Utah Copper	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞
40	Va.-Car. Chem.	53	53	53	53
110	West. Union	85½	85½	84½	84½
23,810					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Daisy	.10	.10	.10	.10
200	Elkton	.60	.60	.60	.60
200	El Paso	.72½	.72½	.72½	.72½
450	Florence	.67	.67	.67	.67
600	Goldf'd Merger	.23	.23	.23	.23
900	Jim Butler	.38	.38	.38	.38
800	McNamara	.18½	.18½	.18½	.18½
100	Mexican	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
300	Montana	1.12½	1.12½	1.12½	1.12½
800	Ophir	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
500	West End	1.02	1.02	1.00	1.00
4,850					

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Feb. 26.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Rects., customs.	$692,939	$22,349,176	$197,869,855
Internal rev.	718,937	20,450,971	193,210,515
Corporation tax.	18,595	308,697	2,566,775
Miscellaneous	86,885	3,225,788	84,166,146
Total receipts	1,517,358	46,334,634	427,813,293
Expenditures	1,708,632	48,083,640	451,920,098
Deficit	191,274	1,749,005	24,106,805

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $56,718,082; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $33,795,127.

The total balance in general fund was $118,168,564.

ATCHISON ISSUE FOR LONDON.

Morgan & Co.'s Intention to Place Bonds Abroad Interests the Street.

While the new mortgage on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé between Mojave and the Needles, incorporated as the California, Arizona & Santa Fé, has not been drawn, it is expected that the new issue of $18,300,000 of 4½ per cent. bonds will be ready for sale within the next two weeks. Arrangements have been made for the sale of the bonds by J. P. Morgan & Co., who will offer half of the issue through their London house in the form of sterling bonds.

In view of the unsettled conditions prevailing in Great Britain and the poor market which recent bond offerings have found there, the announcement that $9,150,000 of the Atchison issue will be placed in London created a good deal of interest in Wall Street. It was said by the bankers that assurances had been received of a good demand for the new bonds abroad and that there was no question as to the success of the offering. The bonds are practically a first mortgage issue, and it is understood that they will be offered at 102. Besides being secured by the lines recently acquired from the Southern Pacific, the bonds will be a lien on some twelve small branches of the Atchison.

TEXAS THREATENS RAILROAD.

Southern Pacific Branch Must Improve Traffic to Avoid Receivership.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Feb. 27.—The Railroad Commission has notified the Houston & Texas Central Railroad, a Southern Pacific property, that unless the company immediately improves its freight service the Attorney General will be instructed to institute suit to place it in the hands of a receiver.

The railroad has been seriously affected by a strike of employes for some time, and has had great difficulty in handling its traffic under these conditions.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Cheerful Tone on London Exchange Owing to Belief That Coal Dispute Will Be Settled.

TOKIO LOAN AT A PREMIUM

Prices Irregular in Paris—Better Feeling in Berlin—Money in Demand in London.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 28.—The London Times in its City article to-day says:

"The money market's resources were insufficient to enable it to avoid having recourse to the Bank of England, which lent a little but did a large business in short bills. Discount rates were firm. Rates for fortnightly advances to the Stock Exchange were about the same as at the last settlement, but a money broker was able to borrow rather more cheaply in some cases.

"Interest in the stock markets centred in home railway stocks, which opened firm and rose sharply in the late dealings. The general opinion was that the masters and miners were going to arrive at an agreement. The indications that the peace negotiations were meeting with substantial headway tended to impart a cheerful tone to most sections of the house.

"Among the foreign stocks the new Tokio loan had a hard, sharp rise. American shares showed a general advance at the close, while Argentine railway stocks were bought on a cable message from Buenos Aires announcing that the strike there was at an end."

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Money was in strong demand and discount rates were steady to-day.

Although traders on the Stock Exchange were chiefly occupied with the settlement, new business was fair, and a cheerful tone prevailed, especially in the afternoon, when the prospects of an early settlement of the trouble in the coal trade caused a sharp rise of a point or two in home rails and hardened consols. Japanese bonds were firmer owing to the Tokio loan selling at a premium.

American securities opened irregular, but fair support appeared during the first hour and prices rallied. Later the market developed cheerfulness, and continued to advance on Wall Street bidding and local covering. The closing was steady.

Carry-over rates for American shares were quoted at 3½ to 4½ per cent.

Money, 3@3¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 7-16@3½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3 5-16@3⅜ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.70; at Lisbon, 9.00.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 94 francs 80 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 24 centimes for checks.

Private discount rate, 3 per cent.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—Trading was dull, but a better feeling prevailed on the Börse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 48½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3½@4 per cent.

Private discount rate, 4 per cent.

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

	Lon. don.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	78 13-16	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	78 13-16	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	7⅜	36	35⅝	+ ⅝
Atchison	106½	103⅞	103⅞	..
Canadian Pac	235⅜	229⅛	228⅝	+ ⅞
St. Paul	107⅜	105⅛	105¼	− ⅛
Erie	31½	30⅜	30⅝	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf	52¼	51	50½	+ ½
Illinois Central	139	135⅝	..	..
Louis. & Nash	155½	151⅝	151¾	..
N. Y. Central	113¼	110⅜	110¼	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	62⅞	122½	122⅝	− ¼
Reading	78⅜	153½	153⅝	+ ⅜
Southern Pac	110⅞	108⅛	107⅞	+ ½
Union Pacific	169⅛	165	164⅝	+ ⅞
U. S. Steel	61½	60	59⅝	+ ⅜
U. S. Steel pf	111	108¼	108⅜	− ⅛

Exchange, $4.87½.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	90¾	92
German Government 3s	81⅛	83
Prussian Consols 4s	101⅝	102⅝
Bavarian Government 4s	100⅞	101⅞
Saxony Government 3s	81⅝	82⅝
Hamburg Government 3s	81⅛	82⅛
City of Berlin 4s	100⅝	101⅝
City of Cologne 4s	99¼	100⅛
City of Munich 4s	99	100¼
City of Frankfurt 3½s	93	94⅛
City of Vienna 4s	92¼	93¾
Mexican Government 5s	98	100
Russian Government 4s	93⅝	94⅝

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	0	6	Esperanza	1	15	6
Tomboy	1	1	3	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	0	16	0	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1½

EXPORT EXCESS STILL GROWS

Trade Balance for Seven Months Shows $60,000,000 Gain.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The balance of trade remains with the United States, according to figures issued to-day of the imports and exports of this country for January and the seven months of the fiscal year ending with last month.

The United States imported $582,000 more than in January, 1911, but for the seven months it decreased its purchases abroad by nearly $10,600,000.

The United States shipped out last month $5,374,000 worth of goods more than was shipped in January of last year. For the seven months ending with Jan. 31 the export record was $49,400,000 above that of the corresponding months of the preceding fiscal year.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature; moderate winds, mostly westerly.

Georgia—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Wednesday; moderate variable winds.

Florida—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Wednesday in northern portion; moderate variable winds.

Alabama and Mississippi—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday warmer Wednesday; colder Thursday; moderate variable winds.

Louisiana—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer in eastern portion Wednesday; colder Thursday; moderate variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Wednesday, becoming unsettled Thursday; not much change in temperature; moderate variable winds.

Western Texas—Mostly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; colder in northern portion Wednesday.

Utah—Unsettled and colder weather Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

Oklahoma—Mostly cloudy and unsettled Wednesday and Thursday; colder.

Arkansas—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder by Wednesday night.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder Wednesday night.

Ohio—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, except snow near Lake Erie; colder Wednesday night; moderate northwesterly winds.

Indiana—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder Wednesday night.

Illinois—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, but with occasional cloudiness; somewhat colder Wednesday.

Lower Michigan—Snow flurries Wednesday and probably Thursday; somewhat colder Wednesday night; brisk northwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; continued cold.

Wisconsin and Minnesota—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; moderately cold; brisk winds.

Iowa—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder Wednesday.

Missouri, North and South Dakota, and Nebraska—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder Wednesday.

Kansas—Cloudy Wednesday and probably Thursday; colder Wednesday.

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100 ANGLO-AMERICAN
10 ATLANTIC REFINING
50 BUCKEYE PIPE LINE
5 COLONIAL OIL
10 CRESCENT PIPE LINE
10 CUMBERLAND PIPE LINE
10 GALENA SIGNAL PFD.
25 GALENA SIGNAL COM.
50 INDIANA PIPE LINE
10 NORTHERN PIPE LINE
100 OHIO OIL
50 PRAIRIE OIL & GAS
25 STANDARD OF CALIF.
5 STANDARD OF KENTUCKY
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200 Tri-City Railway & Light Com. Stock
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100 Dome Mines Co., Ltd., Stock
114 International Silver Com. Stock
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday, Feb. 27, 1912.

Total sales Feb. 27, 1912	173,720
From Jan. 1, 1912	17,219,507
Same period last year	20,554,779

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
⅞	1	100	Allis-Chalmers	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	...
5	5½	200	Allis-Chalmers pf.	5¾	5¾	5½	5½	—1
66⅜	66½	11,100	Amalgamated Copper	66¼	66⅞	66¼	66½	+⅝
58¼	58½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	58½	58½	58½	58½	—½
53⅛	53¼	1,200	Am. Beet Sufar	53⅛	53½	53⅛	53⅛	+⅛
91½	91¾	800	Am. Can pf.	91¾	91¾	91½	91½	—¼
50⅜	51	200	Am. Car & Foundry	50½	50½	50⅜	50⅜	—½
49	49½	400	Am. Cotton Oil	49⅛	49⅛	49	49	—¼
20⅛	20⅝	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	+¼
20⅛	20½	200	Am. Ice Securities	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	—⅝
31⅞	32	300	Am. Locomotive	31¾	32	31¾	32	...
104	104⅞	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	+⅛
70½	70¾	900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	71	71	70⅞	70⅞	+⅛
107	107¼	100	Am. Snuff pf.	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	...
119⅛	119⅜	400	Am. Sugar Refining	119¼	119¼	119¼	119¼	—⅛
142¾	143	5,700	Am. Tel. & Tel.	142⅞	143⅛	142⅛	142⅞	+⅜
245	248	350	Am. Tobacco	248	248	248	248	...
103½	104	300	Am. Tobacco pf.	103⅜	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	+⅛
102	102¼	200	Am. Tobacco pf. new	102¼	102¼	102⅛	102⅛	—⅛
26½	27½	100	Am. Woolen	27½	27½	27½	27½	...
87	88	200	Am. Woolen pf.	87¼	87¾	87¼	87¾	+½
36	36⅛	1,500	Anaconda Copper	35¾	36	35¾	36	+¼
106	107½	200	Assets Realization	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	—1⅛
103⅞	104⅛	300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	104	104	103⅞	104	+⅛
103½	103¾	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½	...
103	103½	20	Baldwin Loco. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½	...
101¾	101⅞	400	Baltimore & Ohio	101½	101¾	101½	101¾	...
88	89½	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	89	89	89	89	+1
..	..	2	Bank of Commerce	195	195	195	195	...
28	28⅞	425	Bethlehem Steel	27¾	29	27¾	29	...
57	57½	500	Bethlehem Steel pf.	56½	57⅞	56½	57⅞	—1
229½	229¾	1,400	Canadian Pacific	228¾	229⅞	228¾	229⅞	+1¼
17⅝	17¾	4,700	Central Leather Co.	16½	18	16½	17¾	+½
82	82¼	10,800	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	80½	83	80	82¼	+1¼
71⅛	71⅜	700	Chesapeake & Ohio	71	71⅜	71	71⅜	+⅛
17½	18	100	Chicago Gt. Western	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+⅛
105	105¼	400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	105¼	105¼	105⅛	105⅛	—⅛
25¼	25½	1,500	Chino Copper	25½	25½	25¼	25¼	—¼
23⅞	25	300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	24	24	23¾	23¾	—⅝
..	..	500	Comstock Tunnel	*13	13	13	13	...
9⅞	10¼	500	Corn Products Ref.	10	10	10	10	—⅛
76½	77½	10	Corn Products Ref. pf.	77	77	77	77	...
28¾	29	100	Distillers' Securities	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	—⅝
30¾	30⅞	1,400	Erie	30⅝	30⅞	30⅝	30⅞	+¼
51	51½	700	Erie 1st pf.	50⅞	51¼	50⅞	51⅛	+⅝
108½	110	100	General Chemical pf.	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	—1⅜
159½	160½	600	General Electric	159¾	160	159¾	160	+½
30¼	31½	100	General Motors	30½	30½	30½	30½	+½
4⅜	4½	950	Goldfield Consol.	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
129¼	129½	900	Great Northern pf.	129⅛	129⅝	129⅛	129¼	...
36¾	37¾	600	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	37⅛	37⅛	37	37	...
150	169	23	G. W. Helme Co.	155	155	155	155	...
135¼	136½	100	Illinois Central	136¼	136¼	136¼	136¼	—¼
18	18⅛	900	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	17⅞	18	17⅞	18	+⅜
57½	57¾	2,400	Inter.-Met. pf.	57¼	57¾	57¼	57¾	+½
..	55⅝	200	Int.-Met. pf. v. tr. cfs.	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	+⅝
79	80	100	Int. Steam Pump pf.	80	80	80	80	...
157⅝	157⅝	320	Lehigh Valley	157⅝	157¾	157⅝	157⅝	...
165	171	200	Liggett & Myers	170	170	170	170	...
108	108¾	300	Liggett & Myers pf.	108	108	107½	107½	—1
151½	152¼	600	Louisville & Nash.	151¼	152	151¼	152	+¼
70¼	70½	300	Mackay Cos pf.	70½	70½	70½	70½	...
137½	138¼	100	Manhattan Elevated	138¼	138¼	138¼	138¼	+1¼
19⅞	20⅛	100	Mercantile Marine pf.	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+⅛
23⅞	24	450	Miami Copper	24	24	23¾	24	+⅛
21	23	100	Minn. & St. Louis	23	23	23	23	—1
26¾	27¼	100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	+⅛
38⅞	39	1,300	Missouri Pacific	39⅛	39⅛	39	39	...
85	91	100	Nat. Enam. & S. pf.	88	88	88	88	—5½
107	110	25	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	107½	107½	107½	107½	...
30½	31⅝	500	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	31⅝	31⅝	31	31	—⅝
19⅛	19¼	300	Nev. Consol. Copper	19⅛	19¼	19⅛	19¼	+⅛
110⅜	110½	1,250	New York Central	110½	110½	110⅜	110½	...
110⅞	111	2,700	Norfolk & Western	110½	111¼	110½	110⅞	+¼
..	..	150	Norfolk & W. rights	1 1-64	1 1-64	1 1-64	1 1-64	...
77¼	77⅝	100	North American	77½	77½	77½	77½	...
116¾	117	700	Northern Pacific	116¾	117	116¾	117	+¼
31½	32½	200	Pacific Mail	32	32	32	32	+¼
47	47½	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	47	47	47	47	...
122½	122⅝	1,920	Pennsylvania R. R.	122¾	122¾	122½	122½	—¼
109	110	100	P. Lorillard pf.	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	—½
106¾	107½	3,500	P., C., C. & St. Louis	107⅛	107½	106¾	107	—⅛
114	117	500	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	115	115	115	115	—2
29⅛	29½	700	Pressed Steel Car	29½	29½	28¾	29¼	—⅝
95	97	110	Pressed Steel Car pf.	97	97	97	97	—1
158	159	150	Pullman Company	158⅝	158⅝	158⅝	158⅝	—⅜
17⅛	17¼	1,500	Ray Consol. Copper	17⅜	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	+⅛
27	28	200	R'way Steel Spring	27½	27½	27½	27½	...
153⅜	153½	16,000	Reading	152⅞	153½	152⅞	153½	+⅜
96	96¼	100	Reading 2d pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	—¼
16⅝	16¾	5,150	Rep. Iron & Steel	16	16¾	15¾	16¾	+⅛
66⅛	66¼	5,350	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	65	66⅜	64½	66⅜	—⅝
48⅝	49¼	300	Rock Island Co. pf.	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	—¼
38¾	39½	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	39	39¼	39	39¼	+¼
153¼	154	635	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	152¾	153½	152¾	153½	—1
107¾	108	250	Southern Pacific	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	+⅛
27⅝	27¾	400	Southern R'way ext.	27⅝	27¾	27⅝	27⅝	—⅛
72½	72⅞	1,100	South. R'way pf., ext.	73	73	72¾	72¾	—⅜
93	94	100	Texas Co.	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	—⅞
12¾	13⅛	500	Tol., St. L. & West.	13	13	13	13	—⅛
31⅞	32⅜	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	...
164½	164⅝	16,300	Union Pacific	164¼	164⅞	164	164½	+⅝
93¼	93¾	700	Union Pacific pf.	93⅛	93⅝	93⅛	93⅝	+⅜
96½	97½	100	United Dry Goods	97	97	97	97	...
34	35½	200	United Rys. Inv.	34	34	34	34	—2
14	15	40	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	14	14	14	14	...
50	53	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	51	51	51	51	...
92	96	120	U. S. Express	92	92½	92	92½	...
45½	46	200	U. S. Rubber	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	+⅜
60	60⅛	42,230	U. S. Steel	59⅝	60¼	59½	60⅛	+½
108⅛	108¼	3,125	U. S. Steel pf.	108¼	108¼	108⅛	108¼	—⅛
56⅝	56¾	2,200	Utah Copper	56½	56⅞	56½	56⅝	+⅝
53⅜	53½	200	Va.-Caro. Chemical	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼	...
119½	121	50	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	120½	120½	120½	120½	...
26	27	200	Vulcan Detinning	26½	26½	26½	26½	—½
79	81	15	Vulcan Detinning pf.	84	84	84	84	...
57	59	100	Western Maryland	58	58	58	58	...
84⅝	84⅞	1,000	Western Union Tel.	84¾	85	84½	84½	+⅛
7¼	7½	900	Wheel. & Lake Erie	7⅝	7⅝	7¼	7¼	—½
20	20½	400	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	20¾	20¾	20½	20½	+⅝
10¼	10½	20	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	10½	10½	10½	10½	...

*Cents per share.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Feb. 27, 1912	$1,878,000
From Jan. 1, 1912	160,069,000
Same period last year	162,938,000

U S 3s, registered
1,500..........102⅝
Panama 3s
5,000..........101⅝
Chinese Ry 5s, rcts, full paid
500.......... 94¼
Jap Govt 4½s, sterl loan
5,500.......... 93⅝
500.......... 93½
4,000.......... 93⅜
2d Series
1,500.......... 92⅝
N Y Canal 4s, 1961, new
20,000..........102¾
N Y City 3½s, 1954
10,000.......... 87½
4s, 1959
5,000..........100
8,000..........100⅛
1956, reg
5,000.......... 99⅝
4½s, 1957
10,000..........107⅝

Adams Express 4s
1,000.......... 87⅞
Allis-Chalmers 5s
18,000.......... 58
16,000.......... 57¾
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
1,000..........102½
Am Cotton Oil 5s
5,000.......... 95⅛
Am Hide & L 6s
6,000.......... 99¼
Am Ice Secur 6s
7,000.......... 79
Am T & T col 4s
1,000.......... 91
3,000.......... 91⅛
convertible 4s
25,000..........111⅝
1,000..........111½
2,000s20f..........111⅜
2,000s10f..........111¾
51,000..........112
Am Tobacco 6s
2,000..........120⅜
registered
2,000..........120¼
Am Tobacco 4s
2,000.......... 95½
5,000.......... 95⅝
2,000.......... 95½
Am Writ Paper 5s
11,000.......... 89
Armour & Co 4½s
6,000.......... 91⅞
1,000.......... 92
A, T & S F gen 4s
6,000.......... 99¾
adjsmt 4s, stpd
2,000.......... 92
conv 4s, 1955
2,000..........105¾
1960
5,000..........101¼
10,000..........101⅜
convertible 5s
7,000..........108
6,000..........107⅞
4,000..........107¾
Trans St L 4s
1,000.......... 93⅛
Atl Coast Line 4s
8,000.......... 96
10,000.......... 95⅝
Lou & N col 4s
5,000.......... 94⅞
10,000.......... 95
Balt & O gold 4s
2,000.......... 98¾
16,000.......... 98⅞
P, L E & W V 4s
2,000.......... 91⅝
1,000.......... 91¾
Bethlehem Steel 5s
1,000.......... 94
5,000.......... 94¼
B R T ref conv 4s
5,000 3.......... 85½
4,000.......... 85⅝
2,000.......... 85¼
3,000.......... 85⅝
Bush Terminal 4s
10,000.......... 91
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
16,000.......... 95
Canada So 1st 6s
4,000..........102
Cent Leather 5s
10,000.......... 94
2,000 c.......... 93¾
4,000.......... 93¾
10,000.......... 94
Cent Pac gtd 4s
2,000.......... 96⅝
Ches & O gen 4½s
1,000..........101½
C, B & Q gen 4s
3,000.......... 96⅞
joint 4s
31,000.......... 97¼
2,000s6f.......... 97⅜
4,000.......... 97½
registered
5,000.......... 97¼
Ill Div 3½s
1,000.......... 87⅝
8,000.......... 87½

Chi & East Ill ref & imp 4s
5,000.......... 80⅝
5,000.......... 80⅞
2,000.......... 80½
C, M & St P 4s, 1934
20,000.......... 92
C & P W 5s
5,000..........106⅜
Chi & N W gen 4s
12,000..........98
deb 5s, 1921
1,000..........104¼
C, R I & P gen 4s
5,000.......... 95⅞
10,000.......... 95¾
Chi, Rock Island & Pac Ry ref 4s
25,000.......... 90¼
1,000.......... 90
C, R I & P R R 4s
8,000.......... 71⅞
C, St P, M & O 6s
1,000..........124
C & W Ind con 4s
5,000.......... 92¼
Cin, Ind & W 4s
2,000.......... 87½
Cin, I, St L & C 4s
1,000.......... 96½
C, C, C & I con 7s
2,000..........105½
Clev, Cin, Chi & St L gen 4s
5,000.......... 92¾
5,000.......... 92⅞
Col Industrial 5s
4,000.......... 72½
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s
10,000.......... 97⅝
Consol Tobacco 4s
1,000.......... 95⅝
Del & H conv 4s
5,000.......... 98⅝
Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s
20,000.......... 88⅞
con 4s
2,000.......... 90
Dist Secur Corp 5s
6,000 c.......... 73⅝
4,000 c.......... 73¼
2,000.......... 73⅜
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
18,000.......... 85¾
Erie 1st gen 4s
1,000.......... 78⅛
30,000.......... 78
conv 4s, Ser A
5,000.......... 86
Series B
1,000.......... 76⅝
Fla E C Ry 1st 4½s
30,000.......... 97⅝
6,000.......... 97¾
Galv, H & San An, M & P Div 5s
5,000..........107
Genl Electric 3½s
1,000.......... 82¼
Genl Motors 6s
5,000.......... 99
Gt Northn ref 4¼s
10,000..........101¼
Green Bay & Wn deb Ctfs B
10,000.......... 10⅞
Hock Val 1st 4½s
11,000..........102¼
Ill Cent ref 4s
2,000.......... 96⅝
Inter-Met 4½s
124,000.......... 83
Inter Paper 6s
3,000..........104⅛
K C, Ft S & M 6s
1,000..........117⅝
K C, Ft S & M 4s
11,000.......... 80
5,000.......... 80½
Kan City So 3s
1,000.......... 78½
Keok & D M 1st
1,000..........100
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
1,000.......... 91½
1950
1,000.......... 78¾
L S & M So 3½s
1,000.......... 89⅛
4s, 1928
1,000.......... 94
1931
1,000.......... 93½
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds
1,000..........120⅞
1,000..........120¾
5s, temp bonds
12,000.......... 94⅞
1,000.......... 94¾
5,000.......... 94⅞
Lou & N unifd 4s
1,000.......... 99⅝
1,000.......... 99½
Atl, K & Cin 4s
5,000.......... 92⅞
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
10,000.......... 67¼
Met Street Ry gen 5s Tr Co ctfs
40,000..........100¼
adj mtg 5s, w i
5,000.......... 54½
25,000.......... 54⅝
42,000.......... 54¾
11,000.......... 55
ref 4s, Trust Co ctfs, stamped
10,000.......... 58½
ref 4s, w i
10,000.......... 80½
Mich Central 3½s
1,000.......... 86¾
deb 4s
3,000.......... 91⅜
5,000.......... 91½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
1,000.......... 96¾
s f 4½s
1,000.......... 89¼
Mo Pac 5s, 1917
5,000..........100¼
Mo Pacific 4s
5,000.......... 73¾
M & E 1st 7s
1,000..........100
N Or, Mob & C 5s
5,000.......... 94
N Y Air Brake 1st convertible 6s
1,000.......... 99
1,000.......... 98
N Y Cent, Lake Shore col 3½s
10,000.......... 83¼
10,000.......... 83⅜
4,000.......... 83½
N Y G, El L, H & Pow col tr 5s
7,000..........104
pur money 4s
6,000.......... 88½
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
2,000..........132¼
Nor & Wn con 4s
1,000.......... 98⅝
convertible 4s
50,000..........110
Northn Pacific 4s
2,000.......... 99⅞
1,000..........100
5,000.......... 99⅝
general 3s
3,000.......... 69⅞
5,000.......... 69¾
Ore R & N con 4s
15,000.......... 96
Ore Short Line 1st con 5s
6,000..........111¼
Ore-Wash R R & N 1st & ref 4s
2,000.......... 92¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
10,000..........100
1,000.......... 99⅞
Penn Co gtd gold 4s
25,000.......... 98¼
Penn gtd 4½s
2,000..........103⅜
conv 3½s, 1912
5,000..........100
P Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds
1,000..........121⅞
5s, temp bonds
4,000.......... 95⅞
10,000.......... 95⅝
9,000.......... 95⅞
Pub S Corp s f 5s
2,000.......... 92⅞
1,000.......... 92⅞
Reading gen 4s
6,000.......... 98⅝
Rio Gr Wn 1st 4s
2,000.......... 86¼
St L, Ir Mt & So general 5s
1,000..........106¼
St L & San Fran R R gen 5s
1,000.......... 88¼
St L S W 1st 4s
1,000.......... 92⅝
4,000.......... 92½
con 4s
1,000.......... 81⅜

St Paul, M & M, Mont ext 4s
1,000.......... 98
San Fe, Pres & P Ry 1st g 5s
10,000..........110
3,000..........110½
Seab Air L ref 4s
40,000.......... 82⅝
gold 4s, stpd
7,000.......... 88
So Pac col 4s
2,000.......... 92
convertible 4s
50,000.......... 96
1st ref 4s
4,000.......... 95⅛
2,000.......... 95
Southn Rwy 1st 5s
5,000..........108⅛
general 4s
6,000.......... 79¼
70,000.......... 79⅛
Tex & N O, Sab Div 6s
5,000..........100⅝
Third Av ref 4s, w i
25,000.......... 85⅛
29,000.......... 85
Third Av adj 5s, w i
55,000.......... 78
Tol & O C gen 5s
4,000..........103
Tol, St L & W 4s
2,000.......... 65¼
Tri-City 5s
1,000.......... 97¾
Union Pac 1st 4s
500..........100⅝
7,000..........100½
10,000..........100⅝
convertible 4s
10,000..........101⅞
5,000..........102
1st & ref 4s
8,000.......... 97¾
35,000.......... 97⅞
U S R & Imp 5s
8,000.......... 89
U S Rubber 6s
3,000..........105
U S Steel C s f 5s
1,000s10f..........102¾
5,000..........103
7,000..........102⅞
2,000..........103
1,000..........102⅞
29,000..........103
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
5,000.......... 56⅝
Wab, Om Div 3½s
2,000.......... 70
Wab-Pitts Ter 1st Cent Trust ctfs
5,000.......... 38¼
Colum Tr ctfs
2,000.......... 38
Wash W Pow ref 5s
3,000..........102⅞
Westn Electric 5s
5,000..........103
Westn Maryld 4s
5,000.......... 88¼
8,000.......... 88
Wn N Y & P 1st
4,000..........107⅝
West Shore 4s
2,000..........100⅜
registered
12,000.......... 98¼
1,000.......... 98
W U Tel col tr 5s
1,000..........108½
Westingh E & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000.......... 94¼
1,000.......... 94⅝
9,000.......... 94⅝
2,000.......... 94⅞
Wilk & Easton 5s
2,000..........102
Wis Cent gen 4s
2,000.......... 93
1,000.......... 93¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100⅛	100⅝
2s, c, 1930	100⅛	101
3s, r, 1918	102¼	102⅞
3s, c, 1918	102	..
4s, r, 1925	113¼	113⅜
4s, c, 1925	113¼	114
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100⅛	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅛	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	102
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅝	101¾

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	192	198
Alb & Sus.	265½	..
Alle & W.	128	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	102	103½
A B S pf.	97½	99
A B S & F.	93	93½
A B S & F pf.	130	132½
Am Can	11½	12
A C & F pf.	115	118
Am Coal	80	90
A C O pf.	98¼	..
Am Exp.	212	216
A H & L.	3	3¼
Am Linseed	9½	10½
Am Lin pf.	29¾	32
Am Malt.	8½	8¾
Am M pf.	47½	49
A S pf, B.	86	87
A S & R pf.	103½	103¾
Am Snuff	120	130
A S pf, n.	100	101
Am S R pf.	118	118¼
A T & C.	70	80
A W Pa pf.	80¼	81¼
Ann Arbor.	20	35
Ann A pf.	60	90
Assoc Oil	..	49
Atl C L.	136	136½
Batopilas M.	1¼	1½
B R T.	78	78½
B Un G.	138½	140
Bruns Ter.	8½	9
B, R & P.	102	105
B,R & P pf.	126	150
But'k Co.	29¼	29¾
Canada So.	67½	71
Can Pac, 1st paid	221	225
C R R of N J.	370	370
C & S A T.	120	122
Chi & Alt.	17	20
C & A pf.	35	66½
C & E Ill pf.	109	130
C Gt W pf.	35	35½
C, I & L pf	50	80
C,M & St P pf.	143½	145
C & N W.	141½	141¾
C & NW pf.	191½	200
Chi, St P, M & Om.	137	141
C, St P, M & Om pf.	150	160
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta.	1¼	2½
Chi Un Tr pf ctfs sta	4	5½
C, C, C & St L.	52½	55
C, C, C & St L pf.	95	100
Cleve & P.	166	..
C & P Sp.	95½	..
C F & I pf.	..	116½
Col & So.	43	45
C & S 1st pf	76	77
C & S 2d pf.	65	70
Consol Gas.	139	139½
Crex Carpet	70	75
Cub-Am S.	..	45
C-Am S pf.	94½	96½
Del & H.	167	170
D, L & W.	540¼	564
D & R G.	21	22
D & R G pf	41½	42
D M & Ft D	5	11¾
D M & Ft D pf.	25	..
Det & M.	115	..
D & M pf.	105	..
Det Un Ry	55	..
D, S S & A.	8	8¾
D, S S & A pf.	16	17
Du P de N Pow pf.	90¾	95
Erie 2d pf.	41	41½
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
F M & S.	11	15
F M & S pf	37¼	39
Gen Chem.	130	137
Gen M pf.	74½	78
G & S Tel.	115½	..
Granby Con.	..	60
G.W.Helme pf.	103	114
Hock Val.	120	127½
Homestake.	84	89½
Ill C l l.	92½	..
Inger-Rand.	100	..
Inger-R pf.	97	..
Int Harv.	105¾	106¾
Int H pf.	119½	120
Int Paper.	10¼	10½
Int Pa pf.	54	55
Int St P.	27½	28½
Iowa Cent.	10	12
Iowa C pf.	25	27
Kan C Ft S & M pf	78	82
Kan C So.	25¾	26½
K C So pf.	62	64
K & D M.	7	8
K & D M pf	40	50
Lack Steel.	28½	30
Lacl Gas.	106½	107½
L E & W.	12	14½
L E & W pf	32	34
Long Island	43¼	48
Mackay Cos.	82¾	83
Mah C R.	725	1,000
May Dep St	71	72
M D St pf.	111½	112
Mer Marine	4	4½
Mich Cent.	150	190
M & St L pf.	..	54
M, St P & S S M.	133	134¼
M, St P & S S M pf.	147	150
M, St P & S S M l l.	88½	89
Mo, Kan & Texas pf.	60	64¼
N,C & St L.	160	172
Nat Biscuit.	146	147½
Nat B pf.	126½	129
Nat Enam.	13	13¾
Nat Lead.	53¾	54
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	65	68
N O, M & C pf.	30	..
N Y A B.	50	54
N Y, C & St L.	54	57
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	97½	110
N Y, C & St L 2d pf.	84	87½
N Y Dock.	20	22½
N Y D pf.	40	55
N Y, N H & H.	138	138¾
N Y,O & W.	36¾	37½
N O T & L	57¾	75
Norf South.	46½	46¼
N & W pf.	91	92
Ont Mining	1⅛	1¾
Pabst B pf.	108	110
Pac Coast.	89	99½
P C 1st pf.	85	105
P C 2d pf.	90	105
P T & T pf.	98½	100
Peo G, C.	105¾	106¼
Peo & E.	11	16
P. Lorillard.	167	168½
Pere Marq.	..	80
P M 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	200	..
Phila Co.	106	108
Pitts Coal.	16½	17½
Pitts C pf.	77	80
P, Ft W & C.	165½	..
Pitts St pf.	100	103¼
P,Y & A pf.	160½	..
Pub S Cor.	106	109
Quicksilver.	3	8½
Q'ksil'r pf.	3½	4
R R Sec Ill C stk ctfs	86¼	87½
Ry St S pf.	102	103
Rdg 1st pf.	89¾	91⅞
Rens & S.	185½	..
Rock Island	22¾	22⅞
R, W & O.	122	..
Rutland pf.	50	80
St L & S F.	25	27
St L & S F 1st pf.	65	67½
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	150	180
St L & S F, C & E I new ctfs.	53¾	60
St L & S F, C & E I pf ctfs.	109	125
St L S W.	31½	33
St L SW pf	70	71
Sears-R pf.	123	123¾
S-S S & I.	35	45
S-S S & I pf	90	108¼
So P R S.	81	88
So P R S pf.	107½	115
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	80	89
Stand Mill.	16½	17
Stand M pf.	53	55
Tenn Cop.	36¼	36⅞
Texas Pac.	21½	22¼
T P L Tr.	89	93
Third Av, w issued	42	42¼
Third Av, f paid	52½	55½
T, P & W.	16	..
T R & L.	3¼	4
T C R T.	106½	108
T C R T pf.	140	145
Und Typew.	103½	104½
Und T pf.	111	111½
U B & P.	5	6
U B & P pf	49	55
U Cig M pf.	105	108
Un D G pf.	103½	104¼
U Rys I pf.	61½	63
U S I Alc.	27	30
U S I A pf.	96	98
U S R & I.	67	68
U S R & R.	1	3
U S R & R pf.	..	12
U S R 1st pf.	109½	110
U S R 2d pf	73	75
Vand R R.	..	81
Va I, C & Coke	58	62
Va R & P.	45	47
V A & P pf	..	88½
Wabash	6¾	7¼
Wabash pf.	18⅛	18⅜
W F Exp.	143	147
Weyman-B.	170	185
Weym-B pf.	109	114
West Md pf.	77½	80¼
Westingh'se.	71	73
Westingh'se 1st pf.	117	119⅞
Wis Cent.	52	54

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

COLORADO SOUTHERN—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
3d week Feb.	$250,480	$258,729	*8,249
July 1-Feb. 21.	9,641,721	11,225,863	*1,584,142

HAVANA ELECTRIC—

Wk. end. Fe. 25	46,775	44,145	2,630
Jan. 1-Feb. 25.	871,148	860,812	10,336

LONDON UNDERGROUND (Metropolitan District)—

Wk. end. Fe. 24	£12,905	£11,781	£1,124
Jan. 1-Feb. 24.	101,547	94,309	7,238
Tubes:			
Wk. end. Fe. 24	14,850	13,920	930
Jan. 1-Feb. 24.	120,015	113,700	6,315
London United Tramways:			
Wk. end. Fe. 24	5,406	5,372	34
Jan. 1-Feb. 24.	42,323	41,503	820

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—

3d week Feb.	$1,123,950	$1,022,680	$101,270
July 1-Feb. 21.	36,091,744	35,556,779	534,965

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—

3d week Feb.	11,811	7,927	3,884
July 1-Feb. 21.	330,877	384,078	*53,201

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

3d week Feb.	249,851	212,256	37,595
July 1-Feb. 21.	8,022,558	8,224,652	*202,094

*Decrease.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN LINES for January—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	1,154,333	1,335,752	1,394,323
Expenses & tax.	906,625	947,994	940,840
Net	247,708	387,758	453,483
Other income.	32,322	*24,461	6,931
Total income.	280,030	363,297	460,414
Charges	227,168	232,170	220,881
Surplus	52,861	131,127	239,533
7 mos. gross.	8,888,994	10,459,894	10,051,835
Expenses & tax.	6,052,210	6,937,748	6,412,348
7 mos. net.	2,836,784	3,522,146	3,639,487
Other income.	247,357	*27,275	157,051
Total income.	3,084,141	3,494,871	3,796,538
Charges	1,625,736	1,616,958	1,543,193
7 mos. surplus.	1,458,405	1,877,912	2,253,345

*Debit.

Earnings of Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek District Railway Co. included in last fiscal year, but not included in current fiscal year after Nov. 1, 1911.

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1912.	1911.	Decrease.
Mileage	827.16	827.38	.22
Freight rev.	501,987	603,576	101,588
Passenger rev.	118,318	134,784	16,466
Other tran. rev.	68,454	74,269	5,814
Non-transp. rev.	9,087	10,506	1,419
Total oper. rev.	697,847	823,136	125,288
Mt. way & str.	81,191	78,295	*2,896
Mt. equip.	118,249	120,242	1,992
Traffic exp.	28,411	24,389	*4,022
Transp. exp.	291,787	306,104	14,316
General exp.	30,491	35,973	5,481
Total oper. exp.	550,132	565,004	14,872
Net oper. rev.	147,715	258,132	110,416
Taxes	30,923	26,383	*4,539
Oper. income	116,792	231,748	114,956
July 1 to Jan. 31—			
Freight rev.	3,934,536	4,509,132	574,595
Passenger rev.	973,165	1,013,015	39,850
Other tran. rev.	544,353	545,961	1,608
Non-transp. rev.	67,064	66,635	*428
Total oper. rev.	5,519,118	6,134,744	615,626
Mt. way & Str.	564,615	619,795	55,180
Mt. equip.	810,069	783,380	*26,689
Traffic exp.	187,610	187,044	*565
Transp. exp.	1,918,829	2,051,434	132,605
General exp.	210,911	208,618	*2,293
Total oper. exp.	3,692,037	3,850,274	158,237
Net oper. rev.	1,827,081	2,284,470	457,388
Taxes	238,594	203,242	*35,351
Oper. income	1,588,487	2,081,227	492,740

*Increase.

ROCK ISLAND LINES for January—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	8,027	8,024	8,074
Oper. rev.	4,703,629	5,326,807	5,090,170
Oper. exp.	3,968,379	4,049,933	4,067,957
Net oper. rev.	735,250	1,276,874	1,022,213
Outside op. (deb.)	18,179	10,922	14,364
Total net rev.	717,071	1,265,952	1,007,849
Taxes	233,245	216,384	250,095
Oper. income	483,826	1,049,568	757,754
7 mo. op. rev.	38,839,410	41,844,690	39,820,912
Oper. exp.	28,378,782	29,393,885	27,712,637
Net oper. rev.	10,460,628	12,450,805	12,108,275
Outside op. (deb.)	112,037	76,709	100,830
Total net rev.	10,348,592	12,374,096	12,007,445
Taxes	1,585,083	1,627,037	1,521,668
7 mo. op. inc.	8,763,509	10,747,059	10,485,776

Miscellaneous Earnings.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Tl. rec. f'm op.	$3,048,954	$2,885,753	$163,201
Exp. priv.-deb.	1,584,895	1,503,645	81,250
Total op. rev.	1,464,058	1,382,108	81,950
Total op. exp.	1,269,572	1,250,492	19,079
Net op. rev.	194,486	131,615	62,870
Taxes	19,729	15,452	4,276
Op. income	174,756	116,162	58,593
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Tl. rec. f'm op.	14,046,194	13,734,154	312,040
Exp. priv.-deb.	7,152,278	7,115,409	36,869
Total op. rev.	6,893,916	6,618,745	275,171
Total op. exp.	6,166,428	5,810,372	356,056
Net op. rev.	727,487	808,372	*80,885
Taxes	98,391	74,390	24,001
Op. income	629,095	733,981	*104,886
Mileage, stm. rds	32,945	32,659	286
Mileage, oth. lines	4,842	3,727	1,115

*Decrease.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY for the twelve months ended May 31—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Total income	5,375,064	4,621,075	5,865,654
Total disb'm'ts.	4,462,201	3,834,075	4,267,183
Surplus	912,863	787,159	1,598,471
Dividends	1,310,400	982,800	1,365,000
Deficit	397,537	195,641	*233,471
Previous surplus	481,748	677,389	443,918
Total surplus	84,211	481,748	677,389

*Surplus.

More Pay for Rock Island Telegraphers.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 27.—The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway announced to-day that dating from Feb. 1 all telegraphers on the system will receive an 8 per cent. increase in wages.

New Issue

$538,500
CITY OF OMAHA, NEB.,
Coupon 4½% Bonds
Principal and Interest payable in New York City

$250,000. Twenty Year Bonds, to yield 4.20%.
(Semi-annual interest.)
$288,500. 2 to 9 Year Bonds, to yield 4.25%.
(Annual interest.)

Legal opinion of Messrs. Storey, Thorndyke, Palmer & Dodge, Attorneys, of Boston.
Circular and full particulars upon application

PARKINSON & BURR
BANKERS
BOSTON NEW YORK HARTFORD

Absolute Safety of Principal
and High Rate of Interest
are combined in our Guaranteed First Mortgages on New York City Real Estate.
Amounts of from $1,500 up netting 5½%.
First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Bridge Plaza—North, Long Island City, N. Y.
Send for Booklet A.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
Position of preferred stock.
Position of common stock.
Analysis sent on request.
J. Thomas Reinhardt
54 Devonshire St., Boston | 38 Broad St.,
18-20 King St. W., Toronto | New York.
Direct private wire connect my three offices, affording unequalled service in executing orders.

Inter'l Agricult. Corp. Securities
Comput'g-Tabulat'g Recd'g Sec.
Detroit Edison Company Securities
Michigan United Railw'y Securities
Grand Rapids, Grand Haven & Muskegon Railway 5s, 1826
Bought, Sold & Quoted.
Inquiries Invited on all unlisted Securities.
H. W. Noble & Company
43 Exchange Place New York
Telephone Nos. 6724-5
New York Detroit Philadelphia

Standard Oil of N. J.
and
SUBSIDIARIES
Dealt In
Edgar G. Youngs
35 Wall St. Phone 7402-7403 Hanover.

WANTED OFFERINGS
BRADEN COPPER 6s & 7s
BINGHAM & GARFIELD 6S
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER
Dealer in Unlisted & Inactive Securities.
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 4854-5 Broad.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.
The Franklin Society
A savings institution, founded 1888 under the N. Y. State Banking Law. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Feb. 29 earn from Mar. 1. Write for Booklet A. Or start at once.
38 Park Row, New York City.
4½%

Chartered 1836.
Girard Trust Co.
PHILADELPHIA
Capital and Surplus $10,000,000
E. B. Morris, President

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
Member N. Y. Clearing House
113 BROADWAY

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,900,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. — 60 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. — Third Ave. & 148th St.

Windsor Trust Co.
65 CEDAR STREET
FIFTH AVE. and 47th STREET
CLARK WILLIAMS, . . President

TO THE HOLDERS OF
SIX PER CENT. GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS
Due December 1, 1948
of
INTERNATIONAL SILVER COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of Article 5th of the Mortgage of International Silver Company, dated November 22, 1898, that the undersigned as Trustee under said Mortgage has drawn by lot for redemption on June 1st, 1912, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund, the following numbered bonds issued thereunder, viz.:

67	406	1115	1599	2264	3260
92	473	1130	1748	2289	3433
115	494	1131	1751	2325	3457
151	552	1214	1843	2426	3795
180	598	1266	1902	2495	3838
204	609	1279	1957	2690	3839
299	904	1354	1988	2872	3840
375	965	1551	2027	3216	3853
398	1031	1580	2212	3219	

The bonds herein designated by number will be paid at 110 per cent. of their face value and accrued interest to June 1st, 1912, upon surrender thereof with the coupons maturing that date, at the office of THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, No. 26 Broad Street, New York, on or after June 1st, 1912, on which date interest on said bonds will cease.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Successor to Continental Trust Company of the City of New York, Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
February 26th, 1912.

Trust Company Service

This Company receives checking accounts, individual or business, and pays interest on daily balances; issues interest-bearing certificates of deposit; owns and offers high-grade securities; issues foreign and domestic letters of credit and travelers' checks good everywhere; acts as trustee, guardian, administrator, executor and agent, taking entire charge of both personal and real property; makes loans on stocks, bonds, coupons, and mortgages at current interest rate; collects dividends and coupons, and safeguards at small cost in its safe deposit vaults valuable property of any kind.

Fifth Avenue Branch
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
Fifth Avenue & 43rd Street
Main Office, 28 Nassau St. London Office, 33 Lombard St., E.C.

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS . . $1,000,000
DEPOSITS $7,500,000

The capital and surplus of this bank have been increased in response to local mercantile demands for more ample banking facilities and to correspond with the rapid growth of deposits. Accounts invited on the basis of accommodation warranted by character of business, financial responsibility and bank balances
Banking hours: 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

California

Is peculiarly adapted to suit the individual homeseeker and business man. During the last decade the population increased 60.1%. The opening of the Panama Canal and the Panama Exposition will doubtless cause a larger increase in the next ten years.

We are offering Public Utility securities of efficiently managed companies rendering the necessary services of heating, lighting, and transportation to approximately 600,000 people in the most desirable section of California.

Smith-Tevis-Hanford Company
60 Broadway New York City

THE EQUITABLE TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
Alvin W. Krech, President

On and after Monday, February 26th, 1912, the business of the Trust Co. of America will be merged into that of THE EQUITABLE TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK. The main office of the Company will be at No. 37 WALL STREET.

BRANCHES
Fifth Avenue — 618 Fifth Avenue
Colonial — 222 Broadway
London — 95 Gresham Street
Paris — 23 Rue de la Paix

Morris & Essex Railroad
1st Refunding Mtge. 3½% Bonds, Due 2000.
Guaranteed principal & interest by DEL., LACK. & WEST. R. R.

United New Jersey R. R. & Canal Co.
1st Mtge. 3½% Bonds, Due 1951.
Guaranteed principal & interest by the Pennsylvania R. R. Co.

Manhattan Railway
1st Mtge. 4% Bonds, Due 1990.

WILLIAM S. FANSHAWE & CO.,
11 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD & LIGHTING CORPORATION
Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year First Lien and Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article Sixth of the Mortgage and Deed of Trust executed by the Manila Electric Railroad & Lighting Corporation to the undersigned as Trustee, dated September 24, 1903, bids are hereby invited for surrender of above-named Bonds to the amount of $30,979 in the Sinking Fund. Bids will be received by the undersigned, Trustee, on or before Friday, March 1, 1912, 12 o'clock noon.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee,
By ALVIN W. KRECH, President.

Unique Report to Policyholders
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.'S
66 YEARS' record—1846 to 1912.
Paid to members................281 millions
Received premiums from them..273 millions
Excess returned................ 8 millions
Assets accumulated on hand to be paid 68 millions
Gain over premiums............ 76 millions
T. E. LANE, Gen. Ag't, 170 B'way, N. Y.

BUSINESS MEN

Is it feasible for business men to buy Stocks? If so, what methods should they follow in order to be successful?

A booklet by Roger W. Babson treats of this subject and will be mailed gratis.
Address Compiling Offices of the Babson Statistical Organization, at Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts.
Largest Organization of Its Class in U. S.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT THE Abrams Company, 3 East Seventeenth St., has this day dissolved and that Isaac Abrams assumes all assets and liabilities of said company.

Every employer who wants high-class help may obtain it through the Want columns of The New York Times.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

BATHTUB MEN GO FREE.

Six Defendants Released by Court, and Others Seek Freedom.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 27.—Following the nol-prossing this morning of the cases against six defendants in the so-called bathtub trust trial at the request of the prosecution, arguments were begun by the defense to sustain its assertion that the Government had failed to establish a case against the remaining defendants—eighteen individuals and twelve corporations—charged with conspiracy to restrain trade. This consumed the rest of the day, and the Government will make its arguments to-morrow.

The defendants whose cases were dropped are C. H. Voegele, President of the Barnes Manufacturing Company of Mansfield, Ohio; S. N. Ford, President of the Humphreys Manufacturing Company of Mansfield, Ohio; Thomas Walker, President of McVey & Walker of Braddock, Penn.; D. W. Davis, Secretary of the National Sanitary Manufacturing Company of New Jersey, and E. V. Brigham, Secretary of the Union Sanitary Manufacturing Company of Noblesville, Ind. The same order was made in the case against J. A. Frauenheim, President of the Kerner Manufacturing Company of Zelienople, Penn., who was put on the stand by the Government, thus making him subject to immunity.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Grain and Coffee Hold Firm—Cotton and Provisions Show Strength.

The grain markets were dull and steady. Foreign markets were quiet. Northwestern receipts continue liberal. Western hog markets were generally higher. Cotton firmer on more encouraging labor advices from abroad. Spot interests supported the list and March notices were well absorbed. Coffee continues steady with light trade, but well held stocks serve to maintain prices. Receipts are liberal.

WHEAT.

Wheat trading was of limited volume, with a slight undertone of heaviness to the market, although the close showed very slight changes for the day. In fact, the Northwestern markets closed at a little advance. The Winnipeg market was heavy at the opening, but later good demand developed, with an advance of about ¾c. The foreign markets were lower. The English markets showed a slight decline. Berlin was comparatively weak, while other Continental markets were steady to a shade higher. The European visible decreased 1,700,000 bushels. Argentina reports were of somewhat disappointing arrivals at the ports as a result of the congestion following the strike. Weather conditions at the West were favorable for Winter wheat. There was more snow east of the Mississippi and the storm which has swept over the country has brought quite general snow through central and northern sections of the Winter wheat belt, with rain in the South. The receipts at the Northwest were liberal at Minneapolis, with an increase in stocks there so far this week. Cash wheat was steady. The visible supply, Bradstreet's statement, showed a decrease in wheat east of the Rockies of 193,000 bushels; decrease west of the Rockies, 376,000; increase in Canada, 1,525,000 bushels, with a total world's visible decrease of 1,700,000 bushels. The total visible of the United States east of the Rockies is 63,795,000 bushels; west, 4,272,000 bushels; Canada, 47,116,000 bushels; grand total all America, 115,113,000 bushels, compared with 73,734,000 bushels last year. Cash wheat was nominal, with No. 2 red $1.03¼ free on board; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.19¾; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.10¾; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.15⅝.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—With the Chicago market closed for the judiciary primary, the other Western future markets were quiet and steady. Cash corn was dull, with no export business. The Western receipts were small, due to the fact that several markets besides Chicago were also closed. No export business developed. The visible supply increased 2,475,000 bushels. The present visible is 16,333,000 bushels. No. 2 corn closed at 72¼c nominal, free on board; No. 3, 72¼c, export, elevator; steamer, 71¾c.

OATS.—The market for cash oats was dull and steady. The receipts have been quite liberal at the West the last two weeks. The incomplete figures of the receipts for the day, compared with last year, when the same Western markets were closed, showed nearly double the movement. Cash oats were steady, with standards, No. 2 and No. 3 whites, at 60c.

PROVISIONS.

The closing of the Western future markets resulted in small interest in cash products. Hogs were higher at packing points, showing advances of from 5c to 15c, while the receipts were only 77,000, partly due to the recent bad weather conditions.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat.				
May	$1.04⅝	$1.04	$1.04¼	$1.04⅝
July	..	..	1.00¾	1.00¾
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	8.85@8.95	8.80
March	..	..	8.85@8.95	8.80
May	..	..	9.25@9.35	9.20
July	..	..	9.40@9.50	9.35
September	..	..	9.65@9.67	9.60

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Closed. Primary election.

OTHER MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Minn. Wheat—				
May	$1.04⅞	$1.04¼	$1.04¾	$1.04½
July	1.05⅞	1.05½	1.05⅞	1.05¾
Duluth Wheat—				
May	1.04⅛	1.03⅞	1.04⅛	1.04
July	..	..	1.04⅞	1.04¾
May (dur.)	..	..	1.02½	1.02½
Winnipeg Wheat—				
May	99⅞	99¼	99¾	99⅝
July	1.01	1.00½	1.00⅞	1.00⅞
Oats—				
May	43¾	43¼	43⅛	43⅜

COTTONSEED OIL.

Momentary weakness at the start, due to free March tenders, was followed by a steadier undertone. Notices on March contracts were estimated at over 7,000 barrels, and while there was considerable selling by speculative holders, support was good, and the net change was trivial. As was expected, the leading refining interests absorbed the bulk of the tenders. The West sold moderately, with considerable of this liquidation in the nature of switching to the deferred option. Crude was slightly easier, and quoted at 4.54 in the Southeast and 4.67 in the Valley, which seems to offset the improved tone noted in the cotton market. The fact that the Board of Trade at Chicago was closed seemed to restrict business to some extent. Future prices were:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.45@	5.49
March	5.49	5.47	5.49@5.50	5.51
April	5.56	5.55	5.56@5.58	5.56
May	5.62	5.61	5.61@5.63	5.61
June	..	..	5.65@5.70	5.64
July	5.74	5.73	5.73@5.75	5.73
August	..	..	5.83@5.86	5.82
September	5.86	5.86	5.86@5.88	5.85

COTTON.

In contrast with the tenor of news advices recently, developments were more favorable for prices. Quotations during most of the session were substantially above the finals of Monday, although the volume of trade was not particularly large or general. Initial quotations were 2 to 8 points higher in response to better Liverpool advices than had been anticipated, and while the passing of March notices induced scattered selling by speculative holders, with a consequent decline to around the previous day's closing, there was good support rendered, and gradually the list recovered nearly 20 points. Offerings assumed larger proportions on the upturn, with final quotations at a small reaction, there being more or less realizing by early buyers.

Deliveries on March contracts amounted to approximately 40,000 bales. These were mainly started by scattered spot concerns and taken in by leading spot interests now in control of local stocks. The deliveries were not as large as had been anticipated, but it was asserted that if the future market advanced to a more satisfactory shipping basis there may be an increment later in the month in the shipments to this port. During the day brokers believed to be acting for spot houses bought March freely, and also the new crop months, partly against sales of May and July. Some of the inquiry for the next crop was based on numerous telegrams emphasizing the lateness of the new crop preparation, but with prospects of clearing and warmer weather the buying was not enthusiastic.

The character of Liverpool advices was stimulating to the bulls. Several cables were received claiming that indications pointed to an early settlement of the threatened coal strike abroad and a generally more optimistic view was accepted of the situation despite reports of several thousand miners having already abandoned their posts. Some foreign authorities maintain that spinners were calling cotton more freely. The Manchester cable reported yarns and cloths quiet and firm. Bar silver is steady and unchanged, with fluctuations less erratic at present. Receipts of India cotton continue liberal and at Bombay for the half week were given as 68,000 bales, against 30,000 for the same period last year; since Sept. 1 these amounting is more than 60,000 bales above the previous season, despite the crop shortage. Exports to date are approximately 7,750,000 bales, against 6,250,000 in 1911 for this time.

Southern spot dispatches lacked feature. The market at Augusta was ⅛c lower and in Norfolk ⅛c higher, others unchanged. The local spot market was 10c advance; middlings, 10.45c. Apparently inquiry at the South is smaller but holders are not pressing sales. Some attention was attracted by the claims that the Farmers' Union of Marshall County, Ala., had asked for the repeal of the law compelling returns to be made regarding cotton ginning, claiming that the reports are prejudicial to cotton prices, also urging a 25 per cent. reduction in area and smaller use of fertilizer.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	—Closing.— Bid. Asked.	Prev. Close.
February	..	..	10.12@10.15	9.92
March	10.20	9.99	10.14@10.15	9.98
April	..	..	10.21@10.23	10.08
May	10.36	10.18	10.31@10.33	10.18
June	..	..	10.37@10.39	10.24
July	10.45	10.29	10.42@10.43	10.29
August	10.43	10.38	10.43@	10.29
September	10.37	10.28	10.39@10.41	10.29
October	10.47	10.36	10.44@10.45	10.38
November	..	..	10.46@10.47	10.40
December	10.55	10.42	10.51@10.52	10.45
January	10.48	10.45	10.50@10.52	10.44

Market steady at 6 to 20 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee had a moderate upturn with comparatively small offerings, and closed 4 to 6 points net higher with sales aggregating 68,000 bags. Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig lower. Rio declined 75 reis, and Santos was unchanged to 50 reis higher, the special cable reporting the market as quiet at the opening with prices for 4s 50 reis lower. Spot coffee steady, Rio 7s, 14⅝@14½c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	..	..	....	13.26
March	13.31	13.30	13.30@13.32	13.26
April	..	..	13.30@13.32	13.26
May	13.32	13.29	13.30@13.31	13.26
June	..	..	13.34@13.36	13.30
July	13.40	13.38	13.39@13.40	13.33
August	..	..	13.41@13.42	13.35
September	13.44	13.40	13.43@13.44	13.38
October	..	..	13.42@13.43	13.36
November	..	..	13.41@13.43	13.36
December	13.41	13.38	13.40@13.41	13.36
January	..	..	13.39@13.41	13.35

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 30½c; extras, 30c; firsts, 29@29½c; seconds, 27½@28½c; thirds, 25½@26½c; held, firsts, 28½@29c; seconds, 27@28c; thirds, 25@26c; State dairy tubs, finest, 28½@29½c; good to prime, 27@28c; common to fair, 23@26c; process, specials, 27c; extras, 26@26½c; firsts, 25@25½c; seconds, 24@24½c; factory, current make, firsts, 25c; seconds, 24c; thirds, 21@22½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 22@22½c; No. 3, 20@21½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, specials, white, lb., 17⅝c; colored, 17¾c; average fancy, white, 17½c; colored, 17¼@17½c; Winter made, white, average fancy, 16¾@17c; colored, 16½@17c; under grades, 14½@16½c; daisies, fall and earlier, best, 17¾c; State, skims, Winter make, white, specials, 14¼@14½c; colored, 14¼@14½c; choice, 13¼@13¾c; fair, 12½@13c; under grades, nominal, 7½@12c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 30@31c; firsts, 29½c; seconds, 28½@29c; dirties, 26@27c; checks, 24@25c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery, whites, fancy, large, new laid, 33@34c; selected whites, fair to good, 31@32c; Western, gathered whites, 30@32c; States, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery, browns, 30@31c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 29½c.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MORRIS EHRLICH.—Schedules of Morris Ehrlich, confectioner, 149 Ludlow Street, show liabilities of $3,419 and assets $380.

SAMUEL GINSBERG.—Schedules of Samuel Ginsberg, dealer in dry goods, shoes, and clothing at 76 South Street, show liabilities of $4,528 and assets $2,590.

UNITED NOVELTY COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the United Novelty Company, dealer in novelties and leather goods at 405 Sixth Avenue, by these creditors: Juda S. Levy, $630; Blight & Overfield, $25, and Anton Adler.

EISIK LIBERMAN, manufacturer of store fixtures at 328 and 330 East Twenty-sixth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $10,086 and assets of $1,959. Among the creditors are Alphonse M. Moses, $2,400; United Machinery Company, $1,007, and Charles F. Keyes, $1,286.

RABINOWITZ & KOEN.—Judge Hand has appointed Morris B. Arnold receiver for Rabinowitz & Koen, manufacturers of cloaks at 129 West Twenty-second Street, bond $3,500, at the request of creditors on application of James N. Rosenberg, who said that he is informed that the liabilities are $15,000 and the assets less than $7,500.

NEAL & BRINKER COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Edward Sheehy receiver for the Neal & Brinker Company, wholesale hardware at 18 Warren Street, and he will serve without compensation. He was appointed at the request of 27 creditors, with claims of $64,000 out of total liabilities of $105,000. Among the creditors are the Merchants' Exchange National Bank, $23,000; E. I. B. Penman, $11,000; John H. Graham & Co., $9,500, and Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Company, $9,500.

Col. J. ENSIGN FULLER. Schedules of Col. J. Ensign Fuller, promoter and marble dealer, formerly of 303 Fifth Avenue, show liabilities of $44,143, of which $30,808 is on account of the Builders' Marble Works, 516 West Twentieth Street, of which he was the principal owner, and nominal assets of $105,241. Among the creditors are the Bryant Park Bank, $2,400, secured; Savoy Trust Company, $1,116; George M. Hard, $2,000; John E. Chatfield, $2,860; Thomas B. Jeffreys Company, $5,000, and Beach Lumber Company, Batavia, Ill., $2,000.

MANHATTAN STORAGE COMPANY.—David Grinberg and Adolph Morris, who did business as the Manhattan Storage Company, auto garage, at 1,587 Broadway, have filed schedules. Firm debts are $35,042 and assets $3,330. Mr. Grinberg has individual liabilities of $50,056, and nominal assets. Mr. Morris has individual liabilities of $53,131, and assets consisting of shares of stock of the London Varnish Company, Hayes Rubber Company, and Empire Auto League, all of which have been hypothecated. Among the creditors are the Continental Rubber Works, $7,392; National Security Company, $3,674; Arnold Schwinn & Co., Chicago, $3,155; Klaxon & Co., Boston, $1,691; Jensen Nicholson, Limited, $1,300, and Jacob Machlin, $1,447.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Alessandria, Luigi—A. Marchesini, $1,631.
Agid, Sam—National Cash Register Co., $296.
Albers, Henry F.—Marsellus, Pitt & Co., $232.
Bagley, Wm. W.—J. B. Martin, $132.
Bryan, Vincent—J. F. Erdman, $295.
Binder, Abraham—George L. Storm & Co., $133.
Brown, Wm. I., Wm. F. Brown, and Henry Lambert, executors—Lawyers Mortgage Co., $1,340.
Cuffe, Mildred E. J.—J. L. Thornton et al., $283.
Chiappa, Pietro—G. Rebucci, $362.
Corcoran, Margaret A.—Simon Strauss, Inc., $236.
Conrad, Felix—L. Solomon, $124.
Curzie, Eugene—Hannis Distilling Co., $141.
Corter, Andrew A., (not summoned,) and Isidor Anhalt—F. Pender, $160.
Cannon, Ackley C. and Dorrence K.—G. H. Smith, $1,065.
Dammann, Frederick, or Fred—N. Drake, Inc., $262.
Del Favero, Louis—Hannis Distilling Co., $285.
Deutschberger, Carl, and Samuel Kreisel—Williamsburgh Plumbing Supply Co., $152.
Ernst, Leon A.—Chas. M. Crittenton Co., $128.
Egan, Chas. E.—N. Y. Dock Co., $148.
Ernst, John F.—T. W. Kiley et al., $244.
Freedman, Philip—J. Schechter et al., $116.
Friedman, Jacob—C. Olsen, $240.
Fitz, Mabel A.—J. T. Shipman, $316.
Freese, John C.—C. F. Gennerich & Co., $149.
Forfey, Frank—Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y., $360.
Fullerton, Spencer, and Foster Millikin—H. Hotchner, costs, $137.
Fleisch, Nathan, Jr., and Samuel—Union Exchange Bank, $3,811.
Glick, David—I. Lampert, $611.
Gotthelf, Leo—H. S. Lewis, $164.
Gladman, Geo. J.—Surgery Pub. Co., $139.
Goodrich, Geo. G.—L. V. Goodrich, $144.
Greenblatt, Isaac—A. Silberstein, possession of property or $241.
Goldberg, Samuel—National Cash Register Co., $499.
Gerstenzany, Joseph, (not summoned,) and Jack Schiffer—A. Shaheen et al., $115.
Gordon, Samuel—N. Levy, $267.
Goodheart, George H.—J. Delahunty, $181.
Hueless, Marcellus—A. M. Battle, $298.
Hyman, Charles—C. F. Keyes, $159.
Horkheimer, Herbert M.—Best & Co., $115.
Hinchy, James—W. W. Farley, $1,820.
Hudson, Charles I. and Sarah E. K.—E. Hollander, $2,636.
Holland, Charles E., and George M. Baxter—A. C. Allwin, $3,086.
Holston, Frithof A.—W. Knowlton, $155.
Krakow, Max—S. Pascal et al., $119.
Kurzrock, Raphael—New York County National Bank, $489.
Klein, Dazso and Bertha—J. Whitelaw, $303.
Ketcham, Albert T.—American Surety Co., $4,954.
Kean, William B.—Photochromo Engraving Co., $1,064.
King, J. Strickland—W. Trevor, $482.
Lyons, Mark—Thomas J. Reilly Co., costs, $107.
Lanza, Sandy—J. E. Bates & Co., $133.
Laccella, Giovanni—A. Kelly, costs, $109.
Lieno, Joseph—Hannis Distilling Co., $145.
Lieb, Bertha—A. Miner, $152.
Jacobi, Samuel M.—D. Freedman et al., $144.
McCloskey, John—E. McKee, $221.
Meyer, Robert and Kriscenza—Swift & Co., $334.
Mason, Mary A.—J. Winkler & Son, $255.
Meyer, Frederick—Fellows & Pugh Realty Co., $329.
Mulhall, John T.—P. A. Meagher, $251.
Norton, Sheridan S.—A. N. Dunlap, $438.
Olson, Clara—Realty Advertising Supply Co., $672.
Pamplin, James—R. Fischer, $1,285.
Norton, Richard D.—M. M. Friedman, $634.
Peterman, Frank—J. Moore, $107.
Partridge, William O.—D. C. Weeks & Son, Inc., $112.
Rabinoff, Max, and G. P. Centanini—D. Lang, $389.
Raphael, Gus—Samuel Bros. & Co., $133.
Ripe, John P.—I. Polstein, $147.
Rosen, Alfred—M. Graulich, $204.
Short, John C.—Realty Trust, $236.
Same—Same, $636.
Schachter, Isidore—National Cash Register Co., $140.
Segal, Joseph P.—Burnham & Phillips, $147.
Solomon, Sidney—Paramount Mfg. Co., $290.
Solomon, Willia, and Christ Holst—C. H. Beckman, $104.
Tames, Peter—Davis Mills, $792.
Tillman, James A.—E. E. & M. E. Bernheimer, $128.
Tuite, Florence and John—J. Wiener, $226.
Warshawsky, Jacob—Thibaut & Walker Co., $125.
Waugh, Eugena—Cafe Martin, $131.
Winter, Ignatz—Peters & Heins, $201.
Waring, M. John—A. Bang et al., $107.
Weiss, Max, and Sol. I. Baron, (not summoned)—Columbia Bank, $297.
Weidig, George F.—George F. Stubmer & Co., $318.
Weinstein, Louis—J. Wilper, $697.
Weissberger, Morris—H. Kramer et al., $390.
Board of Education of the City of New York—C. R. Cockey, $947.
Same—H. P. Connor, $1,412.
Hampton Mfg. Co.—Garfield National Bank of the City of New York, $1,027.
Manhattan Properties Co.—A. W. Brown, $284.
Catholic Editing Co.—J. Bunn, $195.
Lake Hopatcong Club—W. F. Ingold, $1,304.
James Kane Co.—E. M. Houghtaling et al., $236.
Revolving Picture and Amusement Co.—B. Hallerstein, $1,559.
William Morris, Inc.—J. W. Ropp, $7,649.
Chateau Realty Co.—Lebow & Co., $250.
Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York—Guaranty Trust Co. of New York et al., $5,102.
Board of Education of the City of New York—G. A. Robertson, $415.
Same—A. D. Dunn, $160.
Same—E. J. Brooks, $415.
Same—D. Lawson, $415.
Same—J. D. McLarty, $414.
Geron Construction Co. and George H. Piguerou—C. P. Smith, $491.
Poughkeepsie Glass Works—Robert R. Sizer & Co., Inc., $829.
Board of Education of the City of New York—M. F. Conroy, $415.
Same—N. P. Andrus, $245.
Same—J. C. Roffe, $414.
Same—J. J. Curtin, $246.
Same—G. Putnam, $247.
Same—J. J. Bacon, $425.
Romand Restaurant Co.—F. P. Loyd, $326.
Sproessig Storage Warehouse Co.—J. Leitner, $370.
Edward Carroll, Jr., Co.—Central Bureau of Engraving, $251.
Minsker Progressive Young Men's and Ladies' Association—S. Wagner, $137.
Same—Same, $137.
Hasbrouck Piano Co.—J. Rheinfrank Co., $179.
Minsker Progressive Young Men's and Ladies' Association—M. Stern, $137.
Ernst Krabo Realty Co.—R. Cohen et al., $707.
Jacobson Engineering Co.—Cassier Magazine Co., $291.
California-Nevada Copper Co.—F. L. Ives, $442.
American Steel Barrel Co.—Charles Leffler & Co., $161.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

De Caro, Frank—National Cash Register Co., Oct. 2, 1910, $434.
Goin, James D.—C. M. Eaton, Nov. 10, 1911, $1,042.
Brenner, Samuel and Joseph—P. Brenner and others, Oct. 7, 1911, $113.
Lockwood Trade Journal Co.—P. D. Post, Jan. 31, 1912, $449.
Williams, Samuel, Samuel Roseff, and Maurice Gudinsky—H. Meltzer, Oct. 26, 1911, $471.
Jennings, Herbert T.—Curtis-Blaisdell Co., May 15, 1911, $1,090.
Johnson, Jessie L.—F. M. Holland, Feb. 15, 1905, $180.
Levin, Morris—Robert Griffin Co., March 21, 1911, $1,162.
Mesthene, Emanuel—P. C. Ralli & Co., Oct. 10, 1902, $538.
O'Brien, Thomas J. and Richard J.—L. B. Bock and others, Dec. 13, 1911, $3,259.
Rothenberg, Ettie and John W.—A. Kromich, Nov. 21, 1911, $194.
Zwirn, Benjamin, and Henry Hoffman—Bennett & Gompper Co., July 22, 1907, $166.
Hirsch, Oscar A.—N. Folgemen et al., Feb. 14, 1912, (canceled,) $108.
Cohen, Simon—Abendroth Brothers, Oct. 10, 1907, (canceled,) $717.
Cohen, Simon, and Isaac Kraft—M. Levy, March 15, 1909, (canceled,) $2,134.
Same—Meyer Brothers Co., Oct. 14, 1907, (canceled,) $191.
Same—S. Rozinsky, Aug. 8, 1907, (canceled,) $356.
Same—M. Levin, Nov. 11, 1907, (canceled,) $1,311.
Same—L. Golde, Nov. 18, 1907, (canceled,) $20,089.
Same—John C. Orr Co., July 16, 1907, (canceled,) $779.
Same—Same, July 16, 1907, (canceled,) $1,207.
Same—Same, July 16, 1907, (canceled,) $838.
Zimmerman, Carl J.—Metile Construction Co., March 4, 1904, $376.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia; Miss D. Holman, muslin underwear, wrappers, and petticoats; 32d St. and Broadway.
White, R. H., Co., Boston; F. L. Loftus, rugs and carpets; 41 Union Square.
Hens & Kelly Co., Buffalo; W. Reinhardt, hosiery, knit underwear; 31 Union Square.
Rosenbaum Co., Pittsburgh; I. S. Bickart, men's furnishing goods, gloves; 31 Union Square.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston; Mr. Barry, domestics; J. Lamb, merchandise manager; W. S. Tuffts, laces and embroideries; Miss Moss, corsets; Mr. Hawkins, representing; J. J. Whitaker, ribbons and umbrellas; P. J. Donovan, hosiery and underwear; Mr. Stearns, furnishing goods; C. A. Laubham, carpets, rugs; Miss Maynard, dresses; C. E. Masson, Oriental rugs; Mrs. M. E. Darlington, misses' suits; J. T. Hagan, white goods, embroideries; F. Coleman, dress goods; F. A. Burdick, ladies' coats and skirts; F. Kimball, costumes; Mrs. Rogers, gloves; Miss McClusky, costumes, (basement;) 31 Union Square.
Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore; L. Michaelson, millinery; I. I. Wolf, clothing; J. E. Berk, underwear and waists; 225 4th Av.
Moe, J. J., & Son Co., Duluth; J. J. Moe, ready-to-wear; 225 4th Av.
Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston; N. F. Finlayson, gloves, hosiery; C. W. Conklin, cloaks, suits; W. I. Wood, laces, neckwear; 45 East 17th St.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. F. Evans, infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear; J. A. Hobson, upholstery goods; 334 4th Av.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs, and ladies' neckwear; J. Moos, millinery; Mrs. Arnold, muslin underwear; 1,261 Broadway.
Shepard-Norwell Co., Boston, Mass.; J. H. Murphy, cloaks and suits; Miss A. F. Mosher, muslin and knit underwear; Miss L. Madden, suits and costumes; 220 5th Av.
Zollinger, W. R., & Co., Canton, Ohio; C. W. Zollinger, ladies' and infants' wear, corsets; 320 Church.
Saks & Co., Anniston, Ala.; J. Saks, clothing; 220 5th Av.
Great Dept. Store, Lewiston, Me.; Miss N. Hebbard, notions, jewelry; J. L. Moriarity, silks; Victoria.
Burke, FitzSimons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; A. L. McKittrick, laces, millinery, and muslin underwear; Gregorian.
Abrahamson-Bigelow Co., Jamestown, N. Y.; J. F. Searing, ready-to-wear; 41 Union Sq.
Farwell, J. V., Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. S. Jacobi, laces, veilings, embroideries; L. Humble, ladies' neckwear and buttons; 72 Leonard.
Bacon, J., & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; M. Mayor, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves, umbrellas; 214 Church.
Webber, W. G., Co., Salem, Mass.; M. Van Densmore, ribbons, laces, and hdkfs.; 75 Spring; Collingwood.
Lisner, A., Washington, D. C.; A. S. Heller, books and stationery; Hermitage.
McCarthy D. G. Co., Woonsocket, R. I.; Miss V. A. Lemery, corsets, ladies' knit and muslin underwear; 320 Church.
Gutman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. C. Rider, boys' clothing; 79 Grand.
Bennett Co., Omaha, Neb.; A. L. Schantz, notions; 320 Church.
Fair, The, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. J. Breen, notions; Miss L. Stall, laces; 214 Church.
Watt, Rettew & Clay, Norfolk, Va.; Miss A. De Laney, cloaks, suits, waists; 214 Church.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. W. McKnight, upholstery and carpets; 214 Church.
Nathan, M., & Bro., Johnstown, Penn.; B. Becker, upholstery, carpets; 320 Church.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; Mrs. J. E. Haslom, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 2 Walker.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; W. M. Parvin, domestics; 214 Church St.
Lebeck Bros., Nashville, Tenn.; H. Ogilvie, notions, laces, jewelry; 1,261 Bwy.
Lowenstein, B., & Bros., Memphis, Tenn.; P. B. Sharp, silks; 22 E. 17.
Miller & Pecks Co., Waterbury Conn.; Mrs. E. A. McCarthy, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; Marlborough.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; N. J. Aldrelge, art, toilet goods, stationery; 75 Spring.
Malley, Ed. Co., New Haven, Conn.; G. D. Sleigh, toilet goods, notions; E. A. Sadd, upholstery goods; 320 Church.
Lersch, J., & Co., Elyria, Ohio; J. Lersch, domestics, silks, laces, white goods; 320 Church.
Fries & Schuele Co., Cleveland, Ohio; G. Fries, dry goods; 320 Church.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. McGrath, cloaks, suits; 2 Walker.
Hager & Bro., Lancaster, Penn.; Miss E. Martin, ribbons; S. I. Ulrich, dry goods; 75 Spring.
Barney, H. S., Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; H. A. Miller, flannels, blankets; 75 Spring.
Bunce, J. H., Co., Middletown, Conn.; Miss E. E. Murray, hosiery, underwear; 75 Spring.
Gilchrist Co., Boston, Mass.; J. W. Kelly, trimmings, yarns, art goods, embroideries; J. Hinkley, gloves, embroideries; 55 White.
Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co., Portland, Me.; R. Braun, furn. goods, laces, ribbons, hosiery, gloves; 55 White.
Porteous & Mitchell Co., Norwich, Conn.; J. Porteous, dry goods; 55 White.
Sweney Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. H. Bader, upholstery; O. W. Billings, cloaks, suits; G. W. Sheerer, millinery; 75 Spring.
Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co., Worcester, Mass.; M. J. Toohil, linings, dress goods; C. Heller, cloaks, suits, waists; 75 Spring.
MacInnes, J. C., Co., Worcester, Mass.; G. L. Moran, linings, wash goods; G. W. Aubuchon, hosiery, gloves; 55 White.
Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; A. McArthur, muslin underwear; R. Parker, rain coats; 104 5th Av.
Fowler, Dick & Walker, Evansville, Ind.; A. Duncan, muslin underwear and rain coats; 104 5th Av.
Fowler, Dick & Walker, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; W. McWilliams, muslin underwear, rain coats; 104 5th Av.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss McMahon, misses' suits and coats; Broadway and 10th; Wolcott.
Lasalle & Koch Co., Toledo, Ohio; Miss A. Gerst, laces, trimmings; Wolcott.
Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; P. Bartholomew, upholstery goods, rugs; 220 5th Av.; Holland.
Smart & Silberberg, Oil City, Penn.; A. R. Smart, general mdse.; Imperial.
Goldenberg Bros., Baltimore, Md.; Miss K. Baker, muslin underwear; Breslin.
Donovan Co., Lancaster, Penn.; J. E. Weidel, furnishing goods; St. Denis.
Bieberman Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; C. Bieberman, furnishing goods; Grand.
Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; H. E. Kief, toys; 220 5th Av.; Grand.
Filene's, Wm., Sons & Co., Boston, Mass.; L. Rivers, veilings and ruchings; W. B. Warner, ready to wear; H. B. Scotes, shoes; 4 West 22d St.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. D. Furlong, silks; 215 4th Av.
Ost Bros. & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; E. Ost, waists; Pierrepont.
Howland Dry Goods Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; R. B. Clark, clothing; 75 Spring St.
Kaufman-Strauss Co., Louisville, Ky.; E. H. Durand, cloaks, waists; 220 5th Av.
Mann & Anker, Albany, N. Y.; F. L. Anker, dry goods; Cadillac.
Dickieson & Co., Springfield, Mass.; A. E. Dickieson, cloaks, notions, hosiery, gloves; Navarre.
McAuslon & Wakelin Co., Holyoke, Mass.; W. B. Wakelin, ladies' suits, laces, gloves, ribbons; Navarre.
Sweeney Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; M. J. Turfidy, dress goods, silks; S. E. Conrad, notions, jewelry, leather goods; 75 Spring.
Coppin, John R., Co., Covington, Ky.; J. R. Coppin, domestics, hosiery, gloves; Somerset.
Whit, S., Wheeling, West Va.; dry goods; Flanders.
Effroymson & Wolf, Indianapolis, Ind.; M. Effroymson, clothing and hats; 43 Leonard.
Sterling, Welch & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; R. F. Goulder, carpets; Broztell.
Watt, Rettew & Clay, Nolfolk, Va.; Miss M. Reedy, laces, ladies' neckwear; 214 Church.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. Silverman, domestics; S. B. Koffler, notions and laces; 18 West 27th.
Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. J. Cronin, silks; J. D. Healy, dress goods and cloths; G. J. Woodrich, shoes; 41 Union Square; Broztell.
Campbell & Judkins, Boston, Mass.; A. D. Campbell, millinery; Broztell.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; F. E. Pennock, domestics, dress goods, silks; Miss M. E. McLoughlin, laces, ladies neckwear; 214 Church.
Cahn-Coblens Co., Baltimore, Mo.; G. E. Griffith, upholstery goods and trunks; Broztell.
O'Callaghan, T. O., Boston, Mass.; carpets; Broztell.
Beir Brothers, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; F. S. Beir, furn. goods; Imperial.

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1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

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The Milbury Atlantic Mfg. Co., 543 B'way.
IRISH LACES AND COLLARS.
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TURKISH TOWELING & COTTO-RATINE.
A. S. Anable, 47 Leonard Street.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KRASNOFF BROS. & CO., Bankrupts.—No. 15,722.—Notice of sale at auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of the court, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at No. 54 Lispenard St., in the City of New York, on the 28th day of February, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day; a general description of said property is as follows: Dry goods, notions, skirts, underwear, hosiery, jewelry, leather goods, novelties, and other merchandise of a like character, and being the stock in trade of the above-named bankrupts. The above property may be inspected at 54 Lispenard St., the former place of business of these bankrupts, any business day between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated February 14, 1912.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
No. 71 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KRASNOFF BROS. & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Feb. 28th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 54 Lispenard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, notions, skirts, underwear, hosiery, jewelry, leather goods, novelties, and other merchandise of a like character.
MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Trustee.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Trustee, 100 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEO SCHOSBERG, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 4th, 1912, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 122 West 34th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, safe, fur machines, fixtures, &c.
ROBERT G. PERRY, Trustee.
RALPH O. L. FAY, Attorney for Trustee, 55 John St., New York.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy, 67 Wall St.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARGARET MURTHA, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 4th, 1912, by order of the court, at 1 P. M., at 543 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, suits, gowns, evening capes, waists, fancy underwear, corsets, &c.
MORRIS SIMON, Receiver.
BENJAMIN F. FEINER, Attorney for Receiver, 35 Nassau Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GERARD P. TOLLMANN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 4th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 8 West 45th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a fine up-to-date ladies' tailoring establishment, comprising select woolens, broadcloths, silks, linings, trimmings, cutting tables, fixtures, &c.
MOSES ELY, Receiver.
JESSE EPSTEIN, Attorney for Receiver, 149 Broadway, New York.

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TRAYMORE CHALFONTE HADDON HALL

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

SUPREME COURT—KINGS COUNTY.—In the matter of the Assignment of HYMAN RUDERFER to GEORGE L. STAMPER for the Benefit of Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named assignor will be sold by Oxman & Hanft, Auctioneers, under the direction of George L. Stamper, the assignee herein, at public auction, at No. 1,800 Pitkin Ave., in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the 28th day of February, 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. The said property consists of fixtures and merchandise, consisting of cloaks and suits.

The said property may be inspected at the above premises on any business day prior to the sale, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 12 M. The assignee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale.
GEORGE L. STAMPER, Assignee.
LESSER BROTHERS, Attys. for Assignee, 299 Broadway, New York City.
Dated February 26th, 1912.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of ELITE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURE CO., Banukrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Feb. 28, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,893 3d Av., Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gas and electric fixtures, chandeliers, fixtures, &c.
EUGENE N. ROBINSON, Receiver.
MORRISON & SCHIFF, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,582.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of M. G. SAMUELS & CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of M. G. Samuels & Co. of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said M. G. Samuels & Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

Notice is also given that John S. Davenport, Esq., the Receiver herein, will apply at the said meeting for the consent of the creditors to the proposed sale by him of the assets of the bankrupt estate, which sale will be held, subject to the consent of the creditors, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated New York, February 27th, 1912.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,833.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK SIMMONDS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Frederick Simmonds of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Frederick Simmonds was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
February 27, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,956.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GLOBE FOUNDRY COMPANY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Globe Foundry Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Globe Foundry Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
February 27, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,190.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS GARBARSKY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Morris Garbarsky of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Morris Garbarsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 26th, 1912.

NO. 16,215.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HANNAH GRINBERG, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Hannah Grinberg of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Hannah Grinberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 26th, 1912.

NO. 16,086.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH STOFF, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joseph Stoff of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Joseph Stoff was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 26th, 1912.

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CHELSEA
Atlantic City, N. J.
Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no obstruction to the view; in the fashionable residence section offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine, and service; 300 luxuriously furnished bedchambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and dining hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards, café, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all the year.
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OPEN THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
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Winter Days at ATLANTIC CITY are Delightful. HOTEL DENNIS, directly on the ocean front, is always open and is an ideal home for the Winter guest. WALTER J. BUZBY.

GRAND ATLANTIC
Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity, 500. Write for booklet. COOPER & LEEDS. Owners and Prop.

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New Jersey Av. and Beach, Atlantic City. Offers special rates for the Winter months. No extra charge for salt water baths.

HOTEL SHOREHAM Virginia Av., near Beach.
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FRONTENAC Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Cap. 250. Steam heat; Sun Parlor, Elevator, etc. $8 up weekly; $1.50 up daily; Sat. to Mon., $3. Booklet. W. F. WATTS.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

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LAKEWOOD, N. J.
An attractive Fall, Winter and Spring resort among the Pines, offering a dry, healthful climate, social advantages and every opportunity for outdoor recreations. The ideal place to seek freedom from the cities' discomfort.
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Now Open. A. J. MURPHY, Mgr.
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Now open. First-class family hotel. Private baths. Rooms single or en suite. Good family table. Rates moderate. JOHN D. BAILEY, Mgr.

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THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS AND BATHING ESTABLISHMENT OPEN MAY 15TH. Folders sent Free. J. H. GARDNER & SON. W. H. CRAIG, Mgr.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,203.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL MARRONE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Michael Marrone of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Michael Marrone was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
February 27, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,764.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BLOCH BROTHERS, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Bloch Brothers of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1911, the said Bloch Brothers were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWSEND,
February 24, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Bancroft Building
3-5-7 West 29th Street
Store, Basement and Loft, containing 7,858 sq. feet. Private elevator.
ALSO
LIGHT OFFICES,
suitable for architects, showrooms, etc.
HORACE S. ELY & CO.,
27 West 30th St. 21 Liberty St.
or on premises.

36th Street
Between 5th and 6th Aves.
12 story, 60 foot, new store and loft building, splendid light, adaptable for high grade business.
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63 CLIFF (near Beekman).
Third floor, Schieren Building, 7,500 sq. ft.; model factory space in the heart of printing trade district; concrete; sprinkler risk; will sublet five years.
—Also—
82 FULTON (cor. of Gold).
Third floor, 5,000 sq. ft.; elegant light corner office and stock room; will sublet reasonably.
SHEPPARD CO., 82 Fulton St.
'Phone, 295—John.

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147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce & Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

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449 TO 453 WEST.
LARGE, LIGHT LOFTS,
60x90. Electric Elevators. Steam Heat. Convenient to All Lines of Travel.
LOW RENTALS.
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FIFTH AVE.
STORE FOR RENT
Near 46th St.
Lease $8,000 per annum.
For full particulars see Mr. Landay, 27 West 34th St.

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PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,
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2 Modern Lofts.
East side section, corner Broome and Lewis Sts.; sixth floor large loft, 9,000 sq. feet; small loft, 3,000 sq. feet. Very light and healthful. Inquire Mr. Loewenthal, care Puritan Company, on premises, 47 Broome St. Telephone Orchard 6619.

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close to 23d St., entire four-story and basement building to let; size 30x75x100; steam heat, electric light; rent moderate; possession now.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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Near Broad Street.
Entire Building to let, five-story and cellar; size 28'7"x80'; rent reasonable. POSSESSION AT ONCE.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

MODERN NEW BUILDING, 25x100;
Lofts Light, Airy, Ready to Move in
17 E. 17th ST. Bet. B'way & 5th Av.
Suitable [illegible] All improvements. [illegible] Inquire [illegible]

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT LOFT; ALSO STORE, CORNER BANK AND GREENWICH STS., TO LET; ALSO STORE [illegible] BETHUNE [illegible] POWER IF DESIRED. APPLY ESTATE OF PETER M. WILSON, 329 HUDSON ST., or your own broker.

LOFTS 25x92, [illegible] low rent. NO. 141 WEST 20TH ST. Inquire [illegible] No. 135 West 20th St., New York City.

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Excellent business location; 164th St. elevated station. H. C. COPELAND, 242 West 131st St.

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Parlor store, 2 EAST 42D. [illegible] St., Room 713, [illegible]

Lofts, 50x100, [illegible] West 48th St.; fireproof modern building. DUROSS, 153 W. 14th.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ELIZABETH S. C. SEAVEY, a bankrupt.

Please take notice that Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, pursuant to an order made in bankruptcy [illegible] 1911, at [illegible] No. 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, [illegible] the assets of [illegible] of all of [illegible] the estate of William H. Clement, deceased, under the [illegible] deceased, [illegible] 1886, and [illegible] probate [illegible] County, Ohio.

For any [illegible] attorney for the undersigned.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee,
165 Broadway, New York City.
HYRAM C. TODD, Attorney for Trustee, City Hall, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

The above sale adjourned to Dec. 12th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to Dec. 18th at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
Above sale adjourned to [illegible] at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
Above sale adjourned to [illegible] at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to Jan. [illegible] 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to [illegible] 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to [illegible] at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to February 14th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to February 21st, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to [illegible] 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.
The above sale adjourned to March [illegible] 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Syndicate Headed by Robert E. Dowling Buys Adams Express Company Property on Lower Broadway—Another Maiden Lane Loft Sold—Marked Activity Along Sixth Avenue.

A deal involving several millions, and which will lead in the near future to the erection of another immense skyscraper on lower Broadway, has just been concluded, it was learned yesterday, in the sale of the large plot owned by the Adams Express Company at 57 to 61 Broadway. The property, beginning at 57, on the northwest corner of Broadway and Exchange Alley, has a frontage of 104.10 feet on Broadway, extending through to Trinity Place, the block front on Exchange Alley being 202 feet. Old structures now cover the plot, the tallest being the Pinkerton Building at 57, a six-story structure, which the express company bought last May for about $750,000.

This valuable plot, regarding which there have been rumors of a substantial improvement by the express company for some time, has been purchased by a syndicate headed by Robert E. Dowling, President of the City Investing Company. The new owners, it is understood, are having plans prepared for the improvement of the entire plot with a high-class office building, which will probably be thirty stories in height. The entire operation when completed will represent an investment of from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000. The assessed value of the land is $2,265,000.

The deal is the largest of lower Broadway property since the accumulation of the big Woolworth Building plot, at Barclay Street and Park Place, and the prospective structure will be the first big building undertaken on Broadway south of Wall Street in several years.

The Adams Express Company has no interest in the new syndicate, and although nothing definite has been done toward taking a lease of offices in the proposed building, it was said at the office of the company that in all probability the express company would be a tenant in the new building.

Buyer for 124 Maiden Lane.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has sold for Mrs. Egerton S. Jackson and Mrs. I. P. Alcott, for cash, the five-story building 124 Maiden Lane, covering a lot 26 by 53. The property was held at $35,000, and has been in the family of the sellers for seventy years.

The Noyes Company has made several sales in Maiden Lane in the same vicinity during the past few months, due to the increased activity caused by the construction of large office buildings by insurance companies in the immediate neighborhood.

Deals in Sixth Avenue.

Sixth Avenue furnished two good transactions yesterday. One included the small plot at 503 Sixth Avenue, adjoining the northwest corner of Thirtieth Street. The buyer is Marcus Loew, who leased over a year ago on a long term the corner and the big plot adjoining in Thirtieth Street and improved it with a theatre and four-story building. His recent purchase was for the purpose of acquiring a larger entrance for the theatre from Sixth Avenue. The plot, which is 17 by 44.2, was bought from William L. Sutphin and Frederick C. Gilsey. The little plot is assessed at $54,000. When the theatre was built, a year ago, it wiped out some old buildings and a portion of an early lane extending diagonally through the block.

The other deal involved the five four-story flats on the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, 101.1 feet on the avenue and 65 feet on the street, including the numbers from 968 to 976 Sixth Avenue.

They were purchased by M. J. Wolf and [illegible]. H. Stone for speculation from S. G. Solomon. The plot, which is considered one of the best on upper Sixth Avenue, has been held at about $400,000. Mangam & Little were the brokers.

$600,000 Lease in Lower Fifth Av.

Eight floors in the new Corn Building, lately completed on the old Lenox plot at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Twelfth Street, have been leased on a long term to Samuel Rosenthal & Brothers, at an aggregate rental of about $600,000. George Neiman was the broker in the transaction. This is the first lease made in the building. The lessees are large clothing manufacturers, now located in Bleecker Street, and their coming removal to lower Fifth Avenue will, it is intimated, lead to many other changes from the old clothing centre. The new loft is eighteen stories high, the floors containing about 10,000 square feet.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

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4½%

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One Million Dollars at 4½%
For 1st mortgages; $500,000 for 2nd mortgages and building loans. Quick decisions.
John Finck, 198 Broadway.

AT 4½%
Estate has $260,000 for Manhattan first mortgages or good Bronx loans at 5%. State full particulars. Principals only. C 135 Times.

Wanted—Six per cent first mortgage money on improved property in growing town in Bergen County; title guaranteed. Room 803, Singer Building.

Mortgage money; sums of $10,000 to $40,000; Washington Heights preferred; loans on our appraisements. Duff & Brown Co., 1,715 Amsterdam Av.

Wanted—$3,000 on first mortgage on property, Westchester County; 6 per cent. investment; title guaranteed. Address First Class, 467 Times.

Have estate of $50,000 to invest in first mortgages; will divide this sum into small amounts. Address Estate, Box 415 Times.

Good second mortgages wanted; $100,000 placed monthly; (seconds exclusively.) Howard H. Mosher, 135 Broadway.

Mortgage Money. Low rates and charges. H. H. Hazelton, 8 Church St.

The Alta Crest Resold.

The Hoguet estate has purchased for investment the Alta Crest, a six-story elevator apartment house, at the northeast corner of Broadway and 158th Street, occupying a plot 99.11 by 125.

In part payment the sellers, the Flemish Realty Company, composed of Goldberg & Kramer, accepted the four-story dwelling 31 West Sixteenth Street, on a lot 25 by 92, located between Fifth and Sixth Avenues.

The Flemish Realty Company secured the Alta Crest about three weeks ago from C. and F. Hirschhorn in exchange for the McConnell building, at 13 to 21 East Twenty-second Street. L. J. Phillips negotiated yesterday's transaction.

The Private Dwelling Market.

The four-story dwelling 38 East Thirty-second Street, on a lot 20 by 98.9, has been sold by Annie J. Dade to a client of Pease & Elliman for investment. The parcel is located opposite the Park Avenue Hotel. Adjoining on the west is a ten-story structure owned by Thomas S. Shelton, while W. H. Seaich owns 40 and 42, adjoining on the east.

The estate of Lawrence Hutton has sold to the St. Johns Park Realty Company 254 West Seventeenth Street, a two-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 17.4 by 71. The brokers were Mooyer & Marston.

Investor Buys Tenement.

An investor has purchased from the estate of Thomas J. Drummond 152 West Thirty-first Street, a five-story tenement, on a lot 25 by 98.9. This is the first transfer of the property in over twenty-five years.

Bronx Sales.

Frederick Kracke has purchased from Henry Cleland the five-story brick flat 2,846 Briggs Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100. The buyer gave in part payment 54 West 128th Street, a three-story brick dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100. The deal, which involves about $55,000, was negotiated by H. A. McDonough.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for the Rockland Realty Company to an investor 1,052 Fox Street, a five-story new-law apartment, 37.6 by 100. The same brokers have sold four houses, two on Simpson Street and two on Fox Street, for the same builders since Jan. 1.

$100,000 Deal in Jamaica.

Thomas F. Tevlin has purchased from the Horne-Benson Realty Company all of its property on Fulton Street at Brenton Avenue, Jamaica, L. I., consisting of nine stores, with modern living apartments above, and also a piece of unimproved land.

Mr. Tevlin gives in part payment to the Horne-Benson Company seven pieces of property on Prospect Street south of the Long Island Railroad, free and clear, and assumes the liabilities upon the Horne-Benson property.

Long Island.

Shields Company sold to a client for L'Ecluse-Washburn Company at Plandome two plots, having a frontage of 180 feet on Shore Drive South and within 300 feet of Manhasset Bay. The plots, which aggregate about three-fourths of an acre, will be improved with a house of Spanish Mission design, costing about $12,000.

The Laurelton Land Company has sold to Joseph W. Laba[illegible]e of Laurelton a parcel 89 feet on the northwest side of Belmont Street and 80 feet on the northeast side of West Road, Laurelton.

Louise M. Bastian has sold to John Kast of Brooklyn a parcel 25 feet on the south side of Hancock Street and 40 feet on the west side of Madison Avenue, Glendale.

May T. Thompson and others have sold to William B. Cruser of Jamaica a parcel 120 feet on the west side of Prospect Street and 96 feet on the north side of Pacific Street, Jamaica.

J. Parker Sloane has sold to Isabel B. Wachter of Brooklyn a parcel 101 feet on the east side of Bay Shore Terrace, East Elmhurst.

The United Boroughs Company has sold to Thomas Werner of Brooklyn five lots at Richmond Hill South.

Theatre for Bayonne, N. J.

The Lyceum Company of Hoboken, N. J., which was recently organized by David F. Plahn, Walter B. Wilson, and Charles F. McGuire of Hoboken, with a capital of $105,000, to operate amusement places and moving picture theatres, has purchased from Marie E. and Frederick Wandelt a plot of land in Bayonne.

The property is located on the southeast corner of Broadway and East Thirty-eighth Street, Bayonne, N. J., and is 100 feet square. The company will commence the erection of a theatre building on the site at once.

Recent Buyers.

Dr. Thomas L. Henriquez is the buyer of the six-story apartment house at the northeast corner of Broadway and Manhattan Street, sold last week by Charles Hensle. The purchase was made for the estate of L. N. Henriquez.

A $200,000 Building Loan.

The Saranac Construction Company, of which Max Liebeskind is President and Henry D. Davis Secretary and Treasurer, has procured a building loan of $200,000 from the Title Insurance Company of New York for the erection of two six-story elevator apartment houses on their recently purchased plot situated on Fort Washington Avenue, 150 feet west of Broadway.

Another Theatre in Harlem.

Henry Martinson has leased from M. Jarmulowsky a plot 100 by 125 on the east side of Seventh Avenue, 50 feet north of 131st Street, part of the Isaac L. Kip estate, which formerly owned the whole block front, for the purpose of erecting a theatre for vaudeville and motion picture exhibitions.

The plot was leased for a term of 21 years at a rental of about $25,000 per annum. The structure will have a seating capacity of about 1,400 and cost $135,000.

New President of Garden City Estates.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Garden City Estates yesterday afternoon former Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff, President of the estates, retired and William G. Gilmore of Arbuckle Brothers was elected to the position. There were several other changes in the officers and Board of Directors.

Mr. Woodruff will remain with the company as a Director. A multiplicity of business interests which make it impossible to give his entire time to the management of the estates is given as the reason for his retirement.

Bill to Amend Property Law.

A bill has been introduced by Assemblyman Coffey to amend the real property law providing that whenever a deed of real property shall be offered for record it shall be the duty of the recording officer to require that there be filed with him by the grantor or grantee an affidavit reciting the true money consideration for the transfer, including all deferred payments, secured or unsecured, and the estimated value of any property given in exchange.

Leases.

Cross & Brown Company has leased for Mrs. M. A. W. Heaton the store at 27 West Thirty-sixth Street to Miss Rose Marks for a term of years.

Cooper & Bondy have leased for the Realty Holding Company the store and basement at 34-38 West Twenty-seventh Street to the Ideal Hudson Lunch.

Louis Schrag has leased for the District Realty Company the store and basement in building 142-144 West Twenty-fourth Street to Charles H. Harris for a term of years.

The Herman Arns Company has leased for Lillie McGovern to the Lang System of Pianos for a term of years the store and basement at 241 West Forty-second Street for office and show-room purposes.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for H. H. Oltman 60 East Fifty-fifth Street, a four-story modern house, on lot 16 by 100, to Mrs. William Borden of Chicago. Also a large duplex apartment in 830 Park Avenue to G. Trowbridge Hollister, who recently sold his house, 107 East Sixty-ninth Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

72d St, 140 East, s w corner of Lexington Av, 20x84.2, four-story and basement dwelling; voluntary sale, bid in at $85,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Stanton St, 47, s s, 48.1 ft e of Forsyth St, 18.6x75x irregular, three-story tenement and store; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, M. P. Prout, $16,000.

AT 3,156 3D AV.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Tiebout Av, s w corner of 184th St, 23.8x91.9x 38.6x90.6, two-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. H. Marsching, $12,000.

Simpson St, 1,138, e s, 175 ft n of 167th St, 40x100, five-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned to March 12.

By Joseph P. Day.

Villa Av, w s, 438.4 ft e of Van Cortlandt Av, 65x100, three-story tenement and stores; also Villa Av, 3,194 to 3,198, e s, 71.6 ft s of Van Cortlandt Av, 50x121.1x50.1x120.5, three three-story tenements and stores; foreclosure to the plaintiff, Samuel Keeler, $31,500.

Daly Av, 1,070, e s, 100.8 ft n of Tremont Av, 25x43.6x25.10x42.1, two-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, C. P. Hallock, $3,700.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Amsterdam Av, n w corner of 157th St, for a one-story theatre and stores, 99.11x112.6; Riverside Viaduct Realty Co., 420 West 119th St, owner; N. Lederer, architect; cost, $45,000.

4th Av, s w corner of 32d St, for a twelve-story store and lofts, 115.10x83.8; 4th Av. and 32d St. Co. 103 Park Av., owner; Mulliken & Moeller, architects; cost, $250,000.

Cherry St, 420, for a three-story stable, 25x 97.9; Kaufman & Lewenthal Realty Co, 206 Division St, owner; L. A. Sheinart, architect; cost, $15,000.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

45th St, s s, 214.8 ft e of Broadway, to a four-story dwelling and store; M. I. Eissaldt, 127 West 43d St, owner; H. B. Hertz, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, FEB. 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, w s, 22 ft s of 19th St, 24x90; Jette Reiss, individually and as executrix of Lob. Reiss, to Jette Reiss, 811 East 155th St, (mtg $10,000,) Dec. 29, 1911; attorney, Hy. Lewis, 38 Park Row....$16,000

AVENUE A, n w corner of 9th St, 26.4x113; David Podolsky to Wilner Realty and Construction Co., 309 Broadway, Feb. 20, (mtg $100,500;) attorney, Walter T. Kohn, 309 Broadway....$100

AVENUE A, n w corner of 9th St, 26.4x113; David Podolsky to Broome-Clinton Co., 309 Broadway, Feb. 20; attorney, Walter T. Kohn, 309 Broadway....$100

DOWNING ST, s s, 100 ft w of Bleecker St, 25x94.4; John H. Hey to Clara L. Sibberns, 205 Prince St, Feb. 26....$100

LUDLOW ST, 19, n w s, 19x87; Samuel Rosenberg to Tillie Cooper, 178 Chrystie St, (mtg $28,100,) Feb. 26; attorney, S. N. Tuckman, 320 Broadway....$1

SPRING ST, 149, n s, 25x100; John H. Judge, referee, to Ella V. Eldredge, 366 Clinton Av, Brooklyn, Feb. 26; attorneys, Thompson & F., 165 Broadway....$48,000

SULLIVAN ST, 48 and 50, w s, 43.4x61; Harry N. Wassel, referee, to Michael Balletto and another, 50 Sullivan St, Feb. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$23,600

THOMPSON ST, 111, w s, 25x75; Thompson St, 106 and 108, e s, 38x70; Harry N. Wassel, referee, to Giovanni M. Malatesta, 111 Thompson St, Feb. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$41,600

WATER ST, 379, s s, 16.2x80.3; Auguste Gerson to Mary Brown, 98 Oliver St, (mtg $4,000,) Feb. 26; attorney, E. S. Klausner, 29 Henry St....$100

5TH ST, 546 East, s s, 24.11x96; Luis Turtel to Sadie H. Jacobs, 848 Manida St, (mtg $20,500,) and all liens, Feb. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1

8TH AV, s w corner of 139th St, 19.11x75.4; Benjamin Jacobs and others to Esther Kellogg, 556 West 160th St, Feb. 26; attorneys, Bauman & Ringler, 200 5th Av....$100

19TH ST, 405-407 East, n s, 40x97; Adeline H. Kruger to Charles A. Bondy, 405 East 19th St, 1-5 part, (mtg $2,000,) quitclaim, Feb. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

24TH ST, 328 and 330 East, s s, 50x98.9; Pasquale Lauria and others to Prince Holding Co., 244 Mott St, (mtg $48,000,) quitclaim, Feb. 27; attorney, Edward S. Napolis, 309 Broadway....$100

31ST ST, s s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x32.5x—x 34.8; Margaret E. Weill to National Surety Co., 115 Broadway, (mtg $20,000,) 1-3 part, all liens, Feb. 16....$1

37TH ST, 251-257 West, n s, 66x98.9; Richard Vellender to Lulu Quigg, 35 West 83d St, B. & S. & C. A. G., all liens, Feb. 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

75TH ST, 11 East, n s, 21x102.2; Loretta J. Linsey to Josiah J. Linsey, Northfield, Conn., Sophia J., wife of Noah Linsey, Wallingford, Conn., and Mary K. Potter, 64 East 80th St, all title, ½ part, Feb. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

82D ST, 306 East, s s, 25x102.2, (foreclosure, Jan. 26, 1912;) Roger A. Pryor, referee, to Prisca Cramme, 783 East 168th St, Feb. 26; attorney, Hy P. Botty, 302 Broadway...$9,500

114TH ST, n s, 66 ft e of Park Av, 16x100.11; Marie Burlinson to Harold G. Ewen, Ardsley-on-Hudson, N. Y., (mtg $8,200,) and all liens, Feb. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

114TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.10; Citizens' Holding Co. to Caesar Realty and Construction Co., 150 Nassau St, (mtg $24,000,) Feb. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

115TH ST, 16 East, s s, 25x100.11, (foreclosure Feb. 20, 1912;) William T. Keleher, referee, to Tillie Gutter, 65 Hamilton Terrace, Feb. 27; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St....$23,000

118TH ST, s s, 291 ft e of 7th Av, 16x100.11, (foreclosure, Dec. 27, 1911;) William Lustgarten, referee, to James C. Crawford, 152 Prospect Av, Mount Vernon, Feb. 27; attorneys, Fettretch & S., 41 Park Row....$14,200

118TH ST, 110 East, s s, runs s 50 x w 0.6 x s 50.11 x e 25 x n 100.11 to street x w 24.6 to beginning; Frederick Schnaibel to Max Mandelbaum, 127 East 72d St, (mtg $18,000,) Feb. 24; attorneys, Mandelbaum Brothers, 96 Wall St....$1

130TH ST, 131 West, 16.8x99.11; Anna L. F. Alfaro to William Duncan, 154 Noble St, Brooklyn, (mtg $11,000,) Feb. 27; attorneys, Sproull, H. & S., 1 Madison Av....$100

142D ST, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 100x 99.11; Marie N. Hoguet and others, executors and trustees, to Marie N. Hoguet and others, 152 Riverside Drive, June 21, 1911; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$57,500

143D ST, 617 West, n s, 75x99.11; Criterion Construction Co. to Domain Realty Co., 3,487 Broadway, (mtg $107,000,) Feb. 19; attorneys, Lese & Co., 35 Nassau St....$100

152D ST, 522 West, s s, 45x99.11; Alfred Raabe to Birch Realty Co., 319 West 64th St, Feb. 20; attorneys, Phillips & A., 41 Park Row....$1

170TH ST, 521 West, n s, 16x75; Lucille L. Laing to Maybelle McAdoo, 152 West 132d St, (mtg $7,500,) Feb. 26; attorney, W. H. Smith, 150 Nassau St....$1

181ST ST, s s, 318.5 ft w of Broadway, runs s 129.3 x n e 100.6 x n 118.11 to street x w 100 to beginning; James M. Gorman, referee, to Pauline P. Dinkelspiel, 249 West 98th St, (mtg $133,000,) Feb. 26; attorneys, Rigelman & B., 141 Broadway....$1,000

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 119 ft n of 173d St, 16.8x 72.6; Philipp Kronenberger to John H. Wynn, 686 Sackett St, Brooklyn, Feb. 26, (mtg $5,590;) attorney, C. Sharum, 170 Broadway.$1

BECK ST, 669, n s, 33.4x125; Rose Robinson to Pauline Dauere, 685 Dawson St, mtg $23,000, Feb. 21; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St....$100

BRIGGS AV, 2,580, e s, 19.2x86.10 to Poe Place x19.1x85.4; Lucy J. Yule to Neilson Brothers, a corporation, 528 West 145th St, mtg $8,500, July 15, 1910; address, 528 West 145th St....$1

BROOK AV, e s, 448.1 ft s of 167th St, 54x—x —x112.6; Payne Estate to Edward O. Binzen, 1,817 Morris Av, Feb. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1

BURNSIDE AV, n s, 108.5 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25x122.3; United States Real Estate and Trust Co. to Emil W. Klappert, 873 West End Av, Jan. 27; attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus, 55 Liberty St..$1

CENTRAL AV, s e corner of Mount Hope Place, —x—; Anthony McOwen to Henry Boschen, 1,872 Jerome Av, Dec. 26, 1911; attorney, Harold C. Knoepel, 5 Beekman St.$1

EASTBURN AV, w s, 81.8 ft s of 174th St, 25x95; John Miller to Louis Hirsch, 1,693 Eastburn Av, Feb. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

FRANKLIN AV, w s, 94 ft n of 170th St, 33.2x94.11; William Hodes to Marks G. Levy, 248 Stradford Road, Brooklyn, Feb. 27, (mtg $36,000;) attorney, Marks G. Levy, 54 Maiden Lane....$100

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, e s, at n w s of Kingsbridge Terrace, 163.9x—; Alfred T. Flach to William J. McNulty, 2,203 Heath Av, Feb. 3, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co, 201 Montague St, Brooklyn. $100

LOT 2, Block 6, map of Section A of Edenwald, 25x100; Louise A. Baker, individually and executrix, to John Muller, 1,609 St. Peter Av, Feb. 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$3,420

LOTS 1,028 and 1,029, map of Gleason property; Elizabeth Dietrich to Karl Gluck and another, 882 Longwood Av, Feb. 27; attorneys, Gluck Brothers, 882 Longwood Av....$100

MAPES AV, e s, part of Lot 138, map of East Tremont, 66x100; Katherine C. Kasser to Marie Gutman, 2,160 Mapes Av, Feb. 26, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, E. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St....$1

MINFORD PLACE, n w corner of 172d St, 34x 67; Maria A. Schussler to George Singer, 881 East 181st St, mtg $22,000, Feb. 26; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St....$1

RANDALL AV, s e corner of Monticello Av, 50x100; Anna S. Pfaeffle to William Pfaeffle, 53 West 11th St, Feb. 20; address, 53 West 11th St....$100

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 25 ft s of Merrille St, 25x100; Lillian W. Schmidt and others to John E. Soffel, 1,445 St. Lawrence Av, Feb. 14, (mtg $4,500,) 5 deeds; attorney, Harry Citret, 258 Broadway....$1

UNION AV, e s, 147.2 ft n of 160th St, 50x 110; Columbus & Dorfman Construction Co. to Samuel Finesilver, 68 Lenox Av, mtg $48,000, Feb. 26; attorney, William Jasie, 320 Broadway....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 179th St, 60.5x94.2; A. Feldman Construction Co. to Harry H. Galinger, 2 West 72d St, Jan. 27, 1911, (mtg $75,000;) attorney, Edward Galinger, 135 Broadway....$1

WEBSTER AV, s w corner of 201st St, 46.1x 112.11; Samuel Joseloff to Morris Epstein and another, South Norwalk, Conn., Feb. 23; attorney, M. Epstein, South Norwalk, Conn. $100

WILKINS AV, s w corner of 170th St, 69.1x 121.3; John Foster to Henry Neldig, 1,427 Wilkins Av, Jan. 31, (mtg $78,500;) attorney, George H. Hulbert, 257 Broadway....$100

134TH ST, 728 and 730 East, 26x106.11; Henry Brinckmann to Patrick J. O'Keeffe, 141 Cherry St, Feb. 24, (mtg $7,000;) address, 141 Cherry St....$1

148TH ST, 541 East, n s, 37.6x84.9; Marie Rupprecht to Wilhelmina V. Grimm, 1,427 2d Av, mtg $33,000, Feb. 26; attorneys, Lese & C., 35 Nassau St....$100

170TH ST, 412 East, 16.3x100; Warren Leslie to the Bungay Company of New York, 2,796 3d Av, Feb. 23, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.$6,000

235TH ST, n s, 450 ft e of Keppler Av, 25x 100; Dora M. Schrenkeisen to Louis Eickwort, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 26, (mtg $3,000;) address, Mount Vernon, N. Y....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 145th St, 24.11x84; Thomas Sheils to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, Feb. 26, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St..$5,000

LEXINGTON AV, 1,768, w s, 16.8x75; Rosa H. Goldstein to Richard Grant, 96 10th Av, Feb. 26, prior mtg $7,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. Henry W. Schutt, 55 Liberty St....$1,000

LUDLOW ST, 19, n w s, 19x87; Tillie Cooper to Samuel Rosenberg, 2 West 120th St, Feb. 26, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St....$344

SULLIVAN ST, 48 and 50, w s, 43.4x—; Michael Balletto and Domenico L. Bacigalupo to Giovanni M. Malatesta, 111 Thompson St, Feb. 23, 3 years; attorney, William E. Cook, 309 Broadway....$9,000

VERMILYEA AV, s s, 175 ft w of Emerson St, 25x150; Vermilyea Realty Co. to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, Feb. 27, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$22,000

5TH ST, 546 East, 24.11x96; Sadie H. Jacobs to Luis Turtel, 534 East 5th St, (mtg $16,000,) 1 year, 6 p. c., Feb. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$4,500

7TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 25x90.10; Dora Weisberg to Ethel Freedgood, 403 Kosciusko St, Brooklyn, Feb. 24, prior mtg $25,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....$11,000

12TH ST, 520 East, 25x103.3; Emil Vidder to Sigmund Kraus, 11 East 94th St, Feb. 27, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Davis & K., 51 Chambers St....$4,000

19TH ST, 122 East, s w corner of Irving Place, 25x92; Olivia B. Halsey to Annie B. Simonson, 2,112 Newkirk Av, Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$10,000

19TH ST, 122 East, 25x92; Olivia B. Halsey to Annie B. Simonson, 2,112 Newkirk Av, Brooklyn, Feb. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$10,000

22D ST, 136 and 138 West, s s, 41.8x98.9; Carvert Holding Co. to Marie F. Powell, guardian, 10 East 96th St, Feb. 27, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$85,000

37TH ST, 251-257 West, n s, 66x98.9; Lulu Quigg to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Feb. 27, 3 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$86,000

75TH ST, 11 East, 21x102.2; Mary K. L. Potter and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Feb. 23, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway....$18,000

115TH ST, 16 East, s s, 25x100.11; Tillie Gutter to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, Feb. 27, 5 years; attorneys, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St....$21,000

117TH ST, 338 East, 25x100.11; Louis Alterisi to Giovanni Guglielmetti, 322 East 104th St, Feb. 28, due Aug. 26, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leo Schafran, 116 Nassau St..$2,000

118TH ST, s s, 291 ft e of 7th Av, 16x100.11; James C. Crawford to Joseph L. R. Wood, Paris, France, Feb. 27, 3 years; attorneys, Fixman, L. & S., 55 Liberty St....$12,000

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 1,261, n w s, 45x90; Herman H. Holsten to Henry Lubbe, 300 West 20th St, Feb. 26, (prior mtg $26,000,) due as per bond; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St. $3,000

BROOK AV, e s, 448 ft s of 167th St, 54x—x—x 112.6; Edward O. Binzen to Payne estate, 98 Park Av, Feb. 15, due March 1, 1913, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$7,500

EAST BROADWAY, 187, s s, 26.1x75; Ezekiel Sarasohn and another to Alice Nones, 62 West 87th St, Feb. 2, 3 years; attorney, Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St....$15,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Esperanto Mortgage Co., 37 Liberty St, Feb. 2, 3 years; attorney, same....$7,000

FERRIS AV, both sides, leading to Ferris Point to West Chester, containing 47 acres, Throgs Neck; St. Joseph's Institute for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes Corporation to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Feb. 27, 1 year; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.... $270,000

HOFFMAN ST, 2,501, w s, 40.4x100.6; Pinnicle Realty Co. to Emily Fowler and others, executors, 60 East 68th St, Feb. 27, 5 years; attorney, Richard B. Kelly, 170 Broadway.... $25,000

LOTS 1,028 and 1,029, map of Gleason property; Karl Gluck to Elizabeth Dietrich, Hackensack, N. J., Feb. 27, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Whalen & D., 206 Broadway...$380

LOT 2, Block 6, map of Section A, Edenwald, 25x100; John Muller to George Brown, Hopewell Junction, N. Y., Feb. 23, (prior mtg $3,250;) address, Hopewell Junction, N. Y.. $1,000

LOT 2, Block 6, map of Section A, Edenwald, 25x100; John Muller to Agnes G. W. Bertieri, London, England, Feb. 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$3,250

MAPES AV, 2,159, w s, 30.5x146x45.5x145.3; John Violante Realty Co. to Anna E. Maginn, 206 West 80th St, Feb. 26, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, John M. Ruck, 116 Nassau St....$25,000

MAPES AV, e s, part of Lot 138, map of East Tremont; Marie Gutman to Katharine C. Kasser and another, 2,360 Crotona Av, Feb. 26, (prior mtg $4,000,) due as per bond; attorney, Edw. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St.... $3,400

PROSPECT AV, w s, 75 ft n of 151st St, 24.11 x100; Emelia Fenter to William Dettner, 790 East 160th St, Feb. 24, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Wager & Acker, 287 Broadway.. $1,500

TAYLOR AV, s e s, Lot 169, map of Belmont, 100x100; William Crowley to James A. Magoun, Newark, N. J., demand, 6 p. c., Feb. 17, 1910; attorney, John G. Snyder, 256 Broadway....$3,000

28TH ST, 228 West, s s, 24.10x98.9; Karoline Reis to Oscar Oestreicher, 120 East 31st St, prior mtg $21,000, Feb. 24, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louis W. Oesterweis, 200 5th Av.. $2,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 366, store; Frederick H. Hettling to Alfred Suckow, 366 Amsterdam Av, 5 2-12 years, from March 1, 1912; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St....$2,000

PLEASANT AV, 335, all; Rose Freyer to Saverio Gallo and another, 345 Pleasant Av, 3 years, March 1, 1912; address, 335 Pleasant Av....$600

BROADWAY, n w corner of 72th St, 106.10x 180.5, all; Morris Schinasi to Charles H. Dacis, 201 West 72d St, 21 years, from Feb. 26, 1912; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$54,000

FREEMAN ST, 958, store; Martha G. Perna to Frederick Muller, 1,321 Hoe Av, 5 years, from March 1, 1912; attorney, P. J. O'Connell, 730 Freeman St....$1,200

MADISON AV, 1,538 and 1,540, second floor; Isaac Becker and others to Nathan Sherman and another, 50 East 103d St, 5 years, from completion of buildings; attorney, Alex Lewis, 140 Nassau St....$800

SULLIVAN ST, 135 and 135½, all; Lawrence Schorr to Giovanni Motta, 26 King St, 3 years, from March 1, 1912; attorney, George N. Bruno, 57 Thompson St....$5,760

WARREN ST, 123, stone and cellar; Charles W. Glinsman to Luigi Esposito, 56 King St, 6 years, from May 1, 1912; attorney, James Simsuelli, 50 Spring St....$1,400

2D AV, n w corner of 63d St, 50.5x105, all; Abraham B. Cox and another to Jennie Housman, 2,412 7th Av, 5 2-12 years, from Feb. 23, 1912; attorney, Arnold Gross, 220 Broadway....$1,500

3D AV, 2,305, store, &c.; J. A. Smith and others to Frederick W. Barlow, 582 7th Av, 15 years, from May 1, 1912; attorney, Lewis C. Mott, 320 Broadway....$9,000

6TH AV, 450 and 452, store and basement; Max Radt to Albert Hemminger, 454 Graham Av, Brooklyn, 10 years, from March 15, 1912; attorney, Julius Miller, 42 Broadway..$10,000

7TH AV, 343, all; Amelia J. Vonderheide and another to Ernest Gurtner, 200 Manhattan Av, 2 years, from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Hirsh & E., 15 William St....$3,400

138TH ST, 410 and 412 East, all; Mary J. McNamara to Jacob J. Dreyfus, 92 St. Nicholas Av, 2 years, from March 1, 1912; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row....$6,400

MECHANICS' LIENS.

FOX ST, s w corner of 163d St, 100x100; Anton Larsen & Son against Thomas J. Reilly Co., owner, (renewal)....$800

SAME PROPERTY; Same against same, (renewal)....$800

LORILLARD PLACE, n e corner of 187th St, 90.3x98; Bouser & Dougherty against Arthur Avenue Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor; Joseph A. Falella and Joseph A. Falelia & Sons, contractors.. $1,475

BUILDING MATERIAL.

THE GEORGE A. JUST CO.
STEEL CONSTRUCTION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.
PHONE 3571 HUNTERSPOINT

MOTT ST, 279 to 283; John Reinhardt & Co. against John Plunkett, owner; George D. Roedels, contractor....$31

WESTCHESTER AV, Fox St, and 165th St, junction, 55x52x64; estate of S. Weinstein against James Butler, Inc., owner; George J. and William Martin, contractors...$1,660

19TH ST, 151 and 153 West; E. E. Day & Sons Co. against 151 West 19th Street Co., owner and contractor....$448

19TH ST, 151 and 153 West; New York Architectural Terra Cotta Co. against 151 West 19th Street Co., owner; Central Carolina Construction Co., contractor....$1,480

SAME PROPERTY; Michael Wielandt, Inc., against same, $7,705.

SAME PROPERTY; same against same..$1,063

19TH ST, 151 and 153 West; Hinkle Iron Co. against 151 West 19th Street Co., owner; Central Carolina Construction Co., contractor....$8,002

53D ST, 60 West; Matthew J. Goodwin against Christine N. Vandeventer, owner; Christine M. Vandeventer, contractor....$323

113TH ST, 151 East; John Reinhardt against John Plunkett, owner; George S. Roedels, contractor....$16

170TH ST, n s, whole front between Hughes and Belmont Avs, 97.9x66.4x100.9x81.7; Arthur Weiser against Salvatore Varisco, owner and contractor....$215

170TH ST, 427 East; William F. Lennon Construction Co. against Brook Avenue Construction Co., owner and contractor....$50,000

230TH ST, s s, 305 ft s of Barnes Av, 50x100; John Richman Plumbing Contracting Co. against Vincenzo Avarello, owner and contractor....$104

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

AQUEDUCT AV, 1,492 and 1,494; Savoy Glass Co. against Towanda Construction Co. and others, Feb. 13, 1912....$170

BROADWAY, s w corner of 153d St; Empire City Gerard Co. against Morris Levin and others, Jan. 31, 1911....$5,958

SAME PROPERTY; Rose L. Middleman against same, Dec. 13, 1910....$1,350

SAME PROPERTY; Robert Graves Co. against same, Feb. 20, 1911....$697

SAME PROPERTY; Max Rosenthal & Son against same, Dec. 14, 1911....$142

SAME PROPERTY; Edward Schalle against same, Dec. 13, 1911....$1,275

BROADWAY, 2,708; Celia Golembe against Henry Lowenthal and others, Aug. 11, 1911, (by bond)....$50

BROADWAY, s w corner of 153d St; Thomas F. McCaul against Morris Levin and others, Dec. 8, 1911....$887

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 152d St; Shiren & Silberberg against Gingold Realty Co. and others, Dec. 28, 1911....$358

2D AV, 787; Abe Lifson against Mulvaney estate, Dec. 26, 1911....$86

2D AV, 787 to 791; Max Rosenblum against E. P. E. Mulvaney and others, April 28, 1911....$68

58TH ST, 614 West; Rafferty Brothers against Thedford Eltz Coal Co. and others, Dec. 29, 1911....$137

230TH ST, s s, 305 ft e of Barnes Av; Philip Henser, Jr., against Vincenzo Avarello and others, Feb. 5, 1912, (canceled)....$33

223D ST, n s, 380 ft e of White Plains Road; John Cameron against Morris Improvement Co. and others, Jan. 25, 1912, (by deposit).$38

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, w s, 115 ft n of 158th St, 51.10x irregular; Chelsea Realty Co. loans Saranac Construction Co....$96,000

FORT WASHINGTON AV, w s, — ft n of 158th St, 41.4x irregular; same loans same..$64,000

LIS PENDENS.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 187th St, 189.9x 75; Jacob Levy against Huldana Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Arnstein, Levy & Pfeiffer.

BOONE ST, w s, 125 ft s of 172d St, 25x100; Edith M. Ewen and others against Benjamin Viau and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wilder, Ewen & Patterson.

CARPENTER AV, s e corner of 235th St, 27x 105; Carpenter Av, n e corner of 234th St, 25x105; Northern Bank of New York against Max Germansky and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Breed, Abbott & Morgan.

MARION AV, w s, 150 ft n of road leading from West Farms to Kingsbridge, 50x145; Elizabeth E. Bradley against George P. Tarbox, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. V. Simpton.

WEST BROADWAY, w s, 50 ft n of Worth St, 25x50; Henry McGoughran against Alexander McGoughran and others, foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. D. Sherman.

3D AV, n w corner of 14th St, 53.6x100; Caroline De Motte Briggs against George Fauvel and others, (partition;) attorney, G. A. Runk.

3D AV, 132; James H. Briggs and others against Charles B. Graf and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. A. Runk.

15TH ST, 155 West; Thomas S. Ollive against Altson Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fixman, Lewis & Seligsberg.

35TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 250x98.9; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States against Emma M. Wray and others, (foreclosure of four mortgages;) attorneys, Alexander & Green.

67TH ST, s s, 850 ft e of 3d Av, 40x100; Luke Kouwenhoven against Joseph Sagovitz and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fuller & Prest.

140TH ST, 66 West; August Ruff and others against Florence L. Keller and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Abramson & Potter.

187TH ST, 665 to 669 West; Mary A. McCaffrey against John Hodgetts or Hodgett, (action to reform deeds;) attorney, J. Fennelly.

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No matter how small, a fault in a Title is an element of danger. We may be able to cure it. Better consult us.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - $5,500,000
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TO CLOSE AN ESTATE
317 WEST 88TH ST.

A four-story, 20 ft. Dwelling, with three baths; fine woodwork. Open for inspection.

Full particulars,
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d St. Near Broadway

32d St., Bet. Broadway & 5th Av.
FOR SALE OR LEASE,
TWELVE STORY LOFT BUILDING;
45.8x98.9; HIGH GRADE EQUIPMENT AND WELL FINISHED INTERIOR.
ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FIRST CLASS CONCERN; POSSESSION NEXT YEAR.
APPLY YOUR OWN BROKER,
OR MAXWELL S. MANNES, 135 BROADWAY.

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AT TERMS TO SUIT
High Class Fireproof 12 Story Mercantile Building,
JUST COMPLETED
FULLY RENTED
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20TH ST. REALTY CO.,
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IN
FIFTH AVENUE SECTION.

5-story American basement dwelling in the Fifties, near Fifth Avenue. 24 rooms, 3 very fine bathrooms; separate servants' quarters and rear stairway; in perfect order. Price under $80,000, which is $10,000 less than assessed value. Only $15,000 cash required. A. J. ROBERTSON, 542 Fifth Avenue.

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A four-story brownstone Dwelling to let, on 22d St., near Broadway; size 26x66x98; has 23 rooms, two baths and butler's pantry; house in good order; rent low; possession May 1, CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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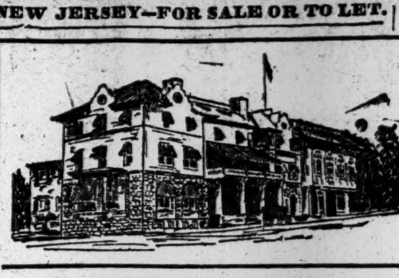

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FULLY FURNISHED

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7-room house, built on half acre of land, has all modern improvements. Near two attractive lakes in the mountains; 47 minutes on train, main line of D., L. & W. Small cash payment, balance like rent. Write for particulars and photograph. P. O. Box 744, New York City.

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70 acres, half wooded, half clear; spring-fed lake and stream with two waterfalls; high elevation; no mosquitoes; one mile from Woodcliff Lake station; $450 an acre for whole, on easy terms, or will subdivide in plots of 5 acres and up. S. R. Lamb, 95 Liberty St.

Builder—Builds after your plans and loans you the money; nearby thriving town; save 25% speculators' profits. Box 383 Madison Square.

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A LOVELY HOME
Can Be Bought Now At Cost

in the park section of Brooklyn, 30 minutes from New York City Hall; 5c fare; $100 DOWN, BALANCE SAME AS RENT; perfect house, finely finished, handsomely decorated, on a beautiful boulevard; seven rooms, tiled bath and vestibule; parquet floors; hardwood trim; sewer, gas, electricity; send for particulars. H. B., S 221 Times Downtown.

Kinko Studio Houses

Fire-proof; one family; for those appreciating a home of individuality and character. Ten rooms, two baths, three open fire-places. Third St., near Prospect Park. Inspection invited. Price $15,000. Call or write. Room 610.

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FLATBUSH, $5,750.

For a beautiful new house; none like it for the money; 10 rooms, first floor parquet; most elegant dining room, with beam ceilings, Dutch shelving, panelled walls and buffet; handsomely decorated, tiled bathroom and vestibule, large porch, and laundry in cellar; terms to suit; buy now before prices go up.
FREDERICK LUPPENS,
1,368 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

$5,000 buys four-story corner paying 20 per cent. on investment; biggest bargain in Brooklyn; all rented; good neighborhood; brokers and agents protected. Call, premises, Mathews, builder, Linden St. and Irving Av., Brooklyn.

For sale at a sacrifice, a modern three-story and basement swell front box stoop stone house; dining room extension; parquet flooring throughout; two bathrooms; perfect condition; on Park Slope. S 275 Times Downtown.

4-story new double; best investment in B'klyn; all rented, showing 12 per cent.; easy terms. Lowell Construction Co., 1,165 Broadway, N. Y.

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Sound View Residence Bargain.

225 Pelham Road, New Rochelle's best corner location; plot 165x210; beautiful lawn, hedges, splendid shade; fruit, garden; three chicken runways; cement sidewalks; garage with quarters; hot and cold water and electricity; the dwelling, artistic outside and in, contains 14 rooms, gas, electricity, 7 fireplaces, hot and cold water, with porcelain wash stands in all sleeping rooms; two baths, standing shower, with receptacle; J. L. Mott plumbing throughout; large, broad verandas, (glass inclosed for Winter); house thoroughly screened; will sell at greatly reduced price of $25,000 on terms, or will rent, unfurnished, $1,800 per year. Reason for selling, owner in business at Newark, N. J. H. E. Colwell, 284 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

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In fairly open country, 1,000 feet only from edge of Hudson River, (thus giving country freedom, but still with every city convenience, including macadam road, sidewalks, sewer, water, and light.)
A REAL COUNTRY HOME,
both good to look at and good to live in. Four porches, (two of them upstairs,) several bedrooms; three real fireplaces and three baths; library bay window and reception hall window seats overlooking Hudson River. It's a bargain. Less than $6,000 cash needed, and balance mortgage at 5%. Address "COUNTRY," 'Phone 4430 Murray Hill, or Room 1,000, Corner 43d Street and Madison Avenue.

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10 and 12 room and bath dwellings, unfurnished; five minutes from depot; $450 to $600 a year.
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Residential Waterfront Sites
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These have every essential, making them ideal. Prices and terms offered bring this class of property within reach of those who desire a waterfront place of the most select character.

Write for full particulars.

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Magnificent stucco residence on Olive St., Price $16,000, $4,000 less than cost.

120x150 feet on Boardwalk, six lots; exceptionally low price asked. Will sell separate lots.

Business lot, 100x100, corner Long Beach Boul. and Park St.; choicest corner at Long Beach. Bargain at $10,000. (Grocers, attention.)

Boardwalk, two choice lots, near Casino, size 40x200. Price $10,000.

These properties must be disposed of by order of Court and Trustees in Bankruptcy.

OFFERS CONSIDERED.
FREDERICK P. JONES, 334 Fifth Av.
Specialist in Long Beach Properties.

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eight rooms, bath and shower; semi-fireproof; steam heat, sun porch; large plot of ground; sacrifice price; pay same as rent; must be seen to be appreciated. Ocean bathing 2 minutes; fishing and boating in bay near by; 40 minutes from Herald Square. Appointment only. Address Sunporch, P 73 Times.

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Hollow tile cement house, Japanese tile roof; nine large rooms, bath and shower; near ocean; 45 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 12c. commutation; can be bought as rent. Price low. See any day, appointment. Address Ocean, Box P 72 Times.

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Need $100 cash; have 6-room, cellar, and attic cottage, with improvements, and large tract of land; near trolley and depot; 40 minutes to heart of city; will sell cheap, on terms to suit; the above has all water rights. Owner, 1,088 Broadway, Brooklyn.

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279 acres, 2 hours out on Lackawanna. Average yield $4,500. As to fertility it is a wonder and should return you its cost in few years. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

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Craftsman bungalows among the trees and beautiful hills of Fanwood, N. J.; finely built homes, with all city improvements, sold at low prices, and on very easy terms; write for free plans and full particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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River frontage, 700 feet, six acres fertile cleared land in Millington Hills, hour out, Lackawanna; ideal for commuter's farm or bungalow sites; $3,200. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

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For sale or rent, furnished or unfurnished, 14-room house, four acres; high elevation; near Shelton, Conn.; Housatonic River; suitable for institution, Summer school, or boarding house. Owner, I. Wallach, Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

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MANHATTAN.

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HUNTINGTON.
All improvements; elevator service; five and six rooms; rent $570 to $720 per annum; one suite suitable for doctor's office. Apply on premises, or CUSHMAN, 240 W. 23d St.

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Firm L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty St.

308 WEST 15TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
2 ROOMS AND BATH, $32
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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Close to transit lines and park; refined home Apartments, very moderate rent; 7 rooms, modern appointments, only $48 and $55. Diagrams, &c., of superintendent, on premises, or
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New fireproof elevator apartments, six extra large rooms, foyer halls, tiled bath, with showers; separate maid's convenience; very reasonable rents. Supt.

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Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

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Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $55.

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Office Furniture
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COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

883—United States of America et al., appellants, vs. Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company, et al.; 884—The United States of America et al., appellants, vs. Union Pacific Railroad Company et al.; 928—The United States of America, appellants, vs. Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company et al., and 929—The United States of America et al., appellants, vs. Union Pacific Railroad Company et al.—Argument continued for the appellees and concluded for the United States.

168—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. International Coal Mining Company.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until to-morrow.

Day call for Feb. 28: Nos. 168, 161, 171, 172, 163, 173, 176, 177, 179, and 180.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part 1.—Hendrick, J. Litigated motions. 1—Butterick Pub Co v. Mistrat-Munic Co. 2—In re Gun Hill Road. 3—In re Bretini. 4—Cassidy v. Fitzsimons. 5—Robertson Sales Co v. Spiegel. 6—Goldstein v. Birnbaum. 7—Griffen v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 8—Kimball v. Senft. 9—In re Diggles. 10, 11—In re Keller. 12—Budd v. Roth. 13—Zablatzky v. U S Casualty Co. 14—Am Undergarment Co v. Liberman. 15—Prospect Inv Co v. Roma Const Co. 16—Merchant v. Along-the-Hudson Co. 17—Braunfeld v. Goldman. 18—Goepel v. Kurtz Auction Co. 19—Riley & Brice Realty Co v. Nichols. 20—New England Theatre Co v. Workingmen's, &c., Assn. 21—Danziger v. Silverfield Co. 22—Dunn v. Nassau Elec R R. 23—People v. Bertoline. 24—Riggs v. Froelich. 25—Hofmann v. Hofmann. 26—Reed v. Belnord Realty Co. 27—In re Nelson. 28—Stiles v. Lozier Motor Co. 29—Reynolds v. Berger & Co. 30—Agnew v. N Y C & H R R R. 31—McGowan v. Farmers' L & T Co. 32—Curtis v. Coghlan. 33—Miehling v. Ehret. 34—Luttinger v. Luttinger. 35—Fulton v. Many. 36—Am Undergarment Co v. Liberman. 37, 38—Barry v. Uhlig. 39—People v. Vitusky. 40—Wright Co v. Aero Corp. 41—Federal Sign System v. Miller. 42—Bruns v. Sobel. 43—Aetna Life Ins Co v. Hudson Terrace Realty Co. 44—Jacobs v. Brook Const Co. 45—Gardner v. Gardner. 46—Dannath v. Crawley. 47—Harris v. U S Raincoat Co. 48—Hollis Court Realty Co v. McNeece. 49—Matter of Laurence (Lloyd.) 50—In re Hall Mfg Co. 51—Geist v. Walsh. 52—Winckler v. Edison Mfg Co. 53—Kaplan v. Kaplan. 54—Mangold v. Butensky. 55—De Carlo v. Brown. 56—Caporali v. Santangelo. 57—Feldmark v. Getzler. 58—Lumb v. Lumb. 59—Livingston v. Levy. 60—In re Burnham v. Lippmann. 61—Natl Fireproofing Co v. Phila Casualty Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Davis, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Newburger, J. Motions. General calendar. 192—Loughran v. Astor. 1121—Gray v. Hoadley. 4026—Vogel v. Vogel. 3611—Western Com Trav Ass'n v. Langelheineken. 3591—Ward v. Ward. 484—Richards v. Richards. 4048—Petronio v. Rossito. 4059—Maass v. Maass. 4062—Jackson v. Smith. 4064—Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co v. Sillon Const Co. 4069—Rich v. Cohen. 4095—Long Acre Electric Lgt & Pow Co v. Maguire. 4097—Schiff v. Chebra Talmud Thora. 4114—Schultz, Jr, v. Schultz. 4118—Kitzinger v. Kitzinger. 3283—Milliken Bros, Inc, v. City of N Y. 3827—Randall v. Randall. 4121—Poholsky v. Brown. 4123—Schmidt v. Schmidt. 4125—De Jonge & Co v. Gogarsky. 4129—Lumb v. Lumb. 4134—Netschert v. Jedel. 4141—Van Raalte v. Oppenheim. 4142—Rodenstein v. same. 3603—Titomaglio v. Scineca. 3637—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 4032—McDermott v. same. 4058—Holzman v. Hegeman & Co. 4070—Bernhard v. Bernhard. 4087—Von Haus v. Fuchs. 4160—Ernhout v. Ernhout. 4171—Hetterich v. Bosche. 4285—Davies v. Ross. 4287—Yates v. Yates. 4291—Wildrick v. Wildrick. 4310—Goldsmith v. Hamilton Terrace Co. 4339—Beacon Falls Realty Co v. Patton. 4346—Hoagland v. Leask. 4356—Williamsburg Trust Co v. Gens. 4359—Landeker v. Property Sec Co. 4361—De Palma v. De Palma. 4362—Vierno v. Alteri. 4368—Bahout v. Mizrani. 4375—Goldberg v. Sarasohn. 4383—Humphrey v. Bowser. 4384—Tubbs v. Hulse. 4389—Goldstein v. Zaliels. 4393—Hogenauer v. Hand. 4397—Bercowitz v. Balaban. 4401—Sanders v. Sanders. 4408—Johnson v. France. 4411—Paul v. Conover. 4414—O'Bierne v. Callan. 236—Hodgson v. Chinatown Charley Co. 801—Hajek v. Hilderbrand. 2364—Mahoney v. Mahoney. 2105—Warren Const Co v. Lyons. 2520—Goldberg v. Goldberg. 1041—Sutliff v. Sutliff. 1596—Cowlin v. Cowlin. 2330—Mediterranean Brokerage Co v. Mediterranean Exp Co. 2119—Schwahn v. Creme De Mohr Co. 2336—Coleman Stable Co v. London Realty Co. 2709—Burnstine v. Burnstine. 700—Ransom v. Ransom. 4081—Hopper v. Boehm. 4116—Gaston v. Gaston. 4360—Fordon v. Fordon. 4409—Broido v. Broido. 48—Blandy v. Vanderbilt. 1854—Goldman v. Goldman. Undefended divorces. 4819—Vick v. Vick. 4384—Willard v. Willard. 4605—Heller v. Heller. 4619—Slutzky v. Slutzky. 4624—Levene v. Coleman. 4633—Pawluscek v. Pawluscek. 4650—Nelke v. Nelke. 4662—Kaufman v. Kaufman. 4439—Neustein v. Neustein. 4206—Cohen v. Cohen. 4816—Yepimakov v. Yepimakov. 4828—Malkan v. Malkan. 4849—Johannsmeyer v. Johannsmeyer. 4850—Mandel v. Mandel. 4851—Bayerlieb v. Bayerlieb. 4857—Gunn v. Gunn. 4858—Welsh v. Welsh. 4872—Miller v. Miller. 4875—Ginzberg v. Ginzberg. 4879—Nicolas v. Nicolas. 4881—Smith v. Smith. 4820—Sherkovsky v. Sherkovsky. 4843—Valinoti v. Valinoti. 4894—Jones v. Jones. 4622—Solomon v. Solomon. 4257—Hall v. Hall. 4836—Levy v. Levy. 3496—Wagner v. Wagner. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., clear; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal calendar)—Seabury, J. 1—Emory M. Rogers. 2—Willis V. Cole. 8—Wm. A. Hayes. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Goff, J. Inquest. 5888—Story v. Story. 6102—Abrams v. Abrams. 5942—Hudson Trust Co v. Peet. 5911—Sauerbrun v. Board of Education.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Cohalan, S. 589—Hunt v. Linch. 381—Crane v. Bklyn Un El R R. 363—Martin v. L I R R. 634—Ludwig v. Int R T Co. 574—Horwitz v. Joline. 642—Posner v. Int R T Co. 646—Seidenstein v. Bklyn Un El R R. 655—Lambert v. Linch. 667—Montefiore v. same. 668—Hanpes v. Joline. 672—Nolan v. Bklyn Hts R R. 677—Halpes v. B, Q Co, &c, Co. 678—Kantrowitz v. same. 687—Zeiner v. Linch. 688—Nolan v. Bklyn Hts R R. 691—McAvay v. Linch. 692—Same v. same. 694—Cromwell v. L I R R, &c. 697—Kraut v. Whitridge. 699—Reutenberg v. N Y C & H R R R. 35—Zint v. Int R T. 644—Commerford v. Whitridge. 671—Hill v. Joline. 682—Solomon v. Linch. Clear. 2200—Reusch v. Penn Tunnel and Term R R. 585—Dorfman v. Nat Bank of Commerce. 3861—Hahn v. Conried Met Opera Co. 3829—Nekola v. Veseley. 3848—Passero v. Cons Gas Co. 3850—Cinetello v. Kneer. 3862—Walden v. Wolff. 3893—Ginvert v. Berman. 3668—Kelly v. Alpi. 3816—Anderson v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 3939—Quinn v. Rosenzweig. 3940—Fuhrmann v. City of N Y. 3944—Welch v. Elton. 3945—Mirsky v. Nat Fire Ins Co. 3947—Daub v. City of N Y. 3948—Kelly v. United Fruit Co. 3950—Monachino v. Donohue. 3951—Feuer v. Evers-Rehn Co. 3952—Feig v. Sobel. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Gavegan, J. 3678—Causa v. Roosevelt. 3866—Frankel v. City of N Y. 3868—Flaherty v. Kent. 3869—Same v. Hollins. 822—Zeischang v. Dr Platt Inst. 3751—Sherman v. W B Riker & Son Co. 3913—Schurmacher v. Rosier. 3918 Murphy v. Eppelsheimer Co. 3882—Wissotzky v. Levy. 3752—Kammerer v. Liberty Brew Co. 3414—Resnick v. Cent Park Taxi Car Co. 624—Draisin v. Brinn. 3232—McDermott v. Dairy Products Co. 3471—Lansky v. Teffer. 3779—Mang v. Williams. 3896—Katana v. Shock. 3610, 3611—Blank v. Jorgensen. 3827—Haverty's Stables v. Joline. 3909—Lengyel v. Maag. 3911—Loewenstein v. City of N Y. 3916—Catsonas v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 3930—Nemeroff v. N Y Transp Co. 3931—Palinsky v. 5th Av Coach Co. 3935—Lenihan v. Siegel Cooper Co. 3936—Hasford v. Bide-A-Wee Home Asso.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VII., case on; Part IX., case on; Part X., clear; Part XII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Bischoff, J. 8749—M Morgenthau, Jr, Co v. Friedlander. 300—Ahlers v. Broedermann. 4050—Baltimore Grain Clearing House v. Ruggles-Coles Eng Co. 4130—Leavitt v. Hoffman. 4178—Buckham v. Densmore & Compton Bldg Co. 4011—Taft-Pierce Co v. Jeff. 4247—Gillies v. Doubleday, Page & Co. 4280½—White v. J Carlin Const Co. 4286—Baer v. Hurtig & Seamon. 4300—Schnee v. Weil. 4312—Kanner v. Meyers. 4316—Heney v. Chartered Co of Lower California. 748—Atkins v. Trowbridge. 531—Freeman v. Harmon. 4072—Am Pianograph Co v. Smith. 2907—Scheer v. Markowitz. 3972—Miller v. Nichols. 4169—Lenz v. Gen Dev Co. 4242—Heller v. Hensle Const Co. 5672—City of N Y v. Const A Pav Co. 4024—Russell Uniform Co v. Walter. 1900—Ulrich v. MacDonald. 1467½—Bimberg v. Sondheim. 1760½—Thacher v. N Y & West R R. 3449—Haberman v. Bosch. 3458—Little v. Barling. 3160½—Westcott v. Hill. 4089—Gray v. Blackmore. 3465—Bjork v. Lorini. 1594—Dininny v. Brown. 4353—Moyna v. Lamar. 4357—Rosenberg v. Shea. 4382—Ernst v. McLean. 4395—Klein Wagon Works v. Gass. 4406—Stromwasser v. Hennings. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII., case on; Part XV., case on; Part XVII., case on; Part XVIII., clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: Eugene Kelly, Joseph Aliano, John J. Koonahrens, Adelheid Roesch, Georgina Berrian, G. Herman Haass, Maria Sass, Frederick Goetze, Edward G. Thompson, Jennie K. Bourquin, Edward B. Brown, Jessie S. Hirseman, Margaretha Taff.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S.—Contested wills: Minna S. Miller, estate Daniel Cunningham.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., McAvoy, J.; Part III., Finelite, J.; Part IV., Schmuck, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Smith, J.; Part VII., O'Dwyer, J.; Part VIII., Lynch, J. Calendar called in Trial Term (Part I.) Room at 9:45 A. M. 5855—Terry v. Lenny. 6149—Rudman v. Gordon. 6041—Knaster v. Mahoney. 6104—Jacobs v. Paley. 7309½—De Angelis v. Bank for Savings. 6160, 6161—Turner v. Wollner. 6165—Gilhooley v. Bunting. 6169—Burns Bros v. Boehm. 6180—Fay v. N Y C & H R R R. 5923—Digan v. same. 5727—Meyer v. Joline. 5729—Carnegie Trust Co v. Mendelsohn. 5842—Laska v. Harris. 6110, 6111—Rice v. Riggs. 6098—Perlstein v. Sealbach. 5630—Braido v. Western, &c, Mfg Co. 6133—Morrison v. Glauber. 5637—J W Thompson Co v. Hehn. 6068—Palmer v. Wallach. 5944—Duval v. Centre Realty Co. 1660—Eckstrom v. Vietze. 9190—Barbarito v. Mason Seaman Transp Co. 6182, 6183—Rosenquit v. Int R T Co. 6184—Vogel v. Feuer. 6185—Halls Portrait Studio v. Blaney. 6186—Kaufman v. Rheinstrom & Sons Co. 6188—Borden v. Reis. 6189—Schwartz v. Greenberg. 6192—Morawetz v. Schaller. 6194½—Wieder v. Greenspan. 6196—Sheeran v. Matthiessen. 6197—Lustgarten v. Wyckoff Holding Co. 6198—Ring v. Andersen. 6202, 6203—Medviedek v. Smihola. 6204—Kraus v. Gellis. 6208—Quint v. David. 6210—Federal Sanitary, &c, Co v. Joline. 6211—Dyer v. Schwarz. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., clear; Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—La Fetra, J. 4036—Epstein v. Olenger. 4048—Norton v. Kull. 4070—Friedman v. Velleman. 4035—Baer v. Epstein. 4041—Kohn v. Buchler. 4009—Leggett v. Lubon. 4057, 4058—Birdseye Somers Co v. Sleeper. 4034—Gross v. Gash. 4031—Fish v. Doktor. 4072—Horowit v. Malle Little Imp Co. 4073—Motor Finance Co v. Schroeder. 4080—Gross v. Hose. 4082—Man Steamboat Co v. Weil. 4047—Stern v. Litho Products Co. 4027—Karp v. Mass Bonding and Ins Co. 4044—Chester Hill Realty Co v. Gaillard. 4063—Klebold Press v. Abbott-Detroit Motor Co. 3993—Smith v. Nones. 4076—Liebman's Sons Brew Co v. Cain. 4079—Corbett v. Vail. 4081—Architectural Tile, &c, Co v. Doniger. 4083—Reder v. Factor. 4048—Fishel v. Sinson. 4085—Anderton v. Rigueron. 4087—Masulli v. Lefknowitz. 4089—Mahoney v. Cahill. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J. Zimit v. Altman—Peter L. Mullaly. Hearne v. Wells—J. Sidney Bernstein. Cromwell v. Anderson—John F. O'Ryan. Brown v. Kiel—A. Welles Stumpf. Stuyvesant Mortgage Co. v. Alterisi—George L. Lewis. Angur v. Anderson—Joseph A. Warren. Orlando v. Bonn—George E. Welles. North Side Savings Bank v. Harrison—Oscar P. Willman. Green v. Goldberg—William F. Wund. Buckout v. Martin—Eugene N. Robinson. American Mortgage Co. v. Napier—Fred R. Rich. Empire City Savings Bank v. Hale Bldg and R Co.—James R. Deering. Brady v. Ginsberg—Peter J. Everet.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Herche v. University Heights Realty Co. (2)—James W. Hyde.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Hall v. Hall—Alfred Steckler.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Edith M. Ewen v. Benj. Viau—James S. Schwab. Charles S. Albert v. Emil J. Veith—Edward V. Nicholson. N. Y. Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital v. City R. E. Co.—Percival Wilds. Joseph W. Schwartz v. Albert E. Hankenson—Matthew F. Mulvihill. Cent Bldg Imp and Inv Co. v. Julian P. Thomas—Samuel Goldsticker.

SUPREME COURT—Delehanty, J. George A. Hull v. Leslie Lithow—Albert Blumenstell. Paul Erle v. A. Weindenbusch & Co.—Sol Tekulsky. Vincent Capitelli v. Thomas La Martyne—Edward J. McGean.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part II., Stapleton, J.; Part III., Van Siclen, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Kelby, J.; Part VII., Maddox, J. 3201, 3202—Audette v. B H R R. 3479—Lessen v. Bklyn Un El R R. 3155—Wexler v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 3227—McNally v. City of N Y. 3352—Bolın v. Werthman. 3487—Lyman v. B H R R. 3488—Frank v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 3492—Rolfsen v. Mathiesen. 3494—Smith v. Auditore et al. 3434—Stumpf v. Waterbury Co. 1605—Wrede v. Sinick. 2986—Elkins v. Ardenter Mustard and Spice Co. 3469—Stamm v. Moe. 3503—Harris v. Guggenheim. 3508—Smith v. Brooklyn Heights Railroad. 3509—Carmel v. Walsh and others. 3511—Hall v. Chasmar-Winchell Press. 3512—Biscardi v. Beuonogura. 3194—Kerrigan v. L I R R. 1458—Doerith v. Kofod & Ronconi Mfg Co. 3517—McCallen v. Nassau R R. 3522, 3523—Dambrosky v. H. Bridgman Smith Co. 3524—Callen v. Bostress. 3525—D'Esterre v. Ernest. 3527—Crantz v. Nassau R R. 3530—Lewis v. Robbins Co. 3534—Hanna v. Standard Oil Co. 3537—Shanewall v. Blake et al. 3538—Magowan v. B H R R. 3541—Greave v. City of N Y. 3544—Heavy v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 3546—Storch v. Saperstein. 3548—Moore v. Standard Oil Co. 3550—Borough Dev Co v. Harmon et al. 1124—Tortorillo v. Hanan et al. 1277—Cain v. Bklyn Citizen.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 3342—Sparaci v. Nassau R R. 2438, 2439—Boyer v. Mills. 5761—Leon v. Rossa. 6154—Bannon v. Rockland Co Trust Co. 5983—Long Island R R v. National Surety Co. 6696—Dennehy v. Prendergast. 2820—Margaral v. Slifka. 2963—Pietsch v. Magaw. 2224—Goldman v. Hanley. 3495—Hogan v. Ballentine Co et al. 3424—Kogonovitz v. B H R R. 2997—Lewinsohn v. Nassau R R. 3182—French v. Nassau R R. 1818—Fitzsimmons v. N Y, Susq & W R R. 2442—Nieman v. Miller. 3468—O'Neill v. Guerrero et al. 3551—Bockmann v. Terry Construction Co. 3553—Killkenney v. Nassau R R. 3555—Rimmer v. Nassau R R. 3557—Powers v. B H R R. 3559—McCauley v. Backster. 3560—Mitchell v. Harlowe. 3561—Van Buskirk v. Strong. 3562—Rowe v. Coney I & B R R. 3563—Brush v. Backster. 3564—Peluso v. Coney I & B R R. 3565—Lombardo v. Nassau R R. 3566—Herbert v. B H R R. 1014—Jennings v. N Y Contracting Co. 1394—Hochberg v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 3567—Williams v. B H R R. 3568—Dellavecchia v. Transit Development Co. 3569—Schultz v. Transit Development Co. 3570—Jennings v. Coney I & B R R. 3571—Hess v. Bonnlander. 3573—Odesky v. Coney I & B R R. 3574—Mierzejewski v. B H R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 3574.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Putnam, J. 1575—Sharkey v. Hanneman. 1580—Driver v. Driver. 1581—Rees v. Rees. 1583—Galbally v. Breslin. 1762—Merit Construc Co v. Thousand Realty Co. 1926—Ring & Sons v. Winola Worsted Yarn Co. 694—Moore v. Taleismikow. 1023—Sengstack v. Moeser. 164—B H R R Co v. Steers, Pres, &c. 1388—Stanchi v. Sessa. 895—Stafford v. Falk. 151—Carella v. Moffit Realty Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be pased for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 1461—Sheridan v. Sheridan and another. 1245—Brown v. Galewski. 1435—Kitzler v. Kitzler. 1143—De Mayo v. J H Williams Co. 773—Clark v. Meredith. 132—Levine v. Levine. 1026—Coyle v. Coyle. Highest number reached on regular call, 1586.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III—McCann, J. 1708—Max v. Skaletzky. 1164, 1165—Paolillo v. Kielgast. 1710—Poiner v. Sachs. 300—Livio v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Marean, J.—Motions. 1—Ruger v. Powers. 2—Meriweather v. Neale Pub Co. 3—Matter of 14th Av, (People's Union Realty Co.) 4—Matter of same. 5—Sutcliffe v. C I & B R R Co. 6—Klein v. Tritschler. 7—Levinthal v. Shiffman. 8—Smith v. Williamsburg Hospital. 9—Mechanics' Bank v. Cunningham et al. 10—Jones v. Sandiford et al. 11—People v. Ashley. 12—Same v. Grout. 13—Matter of Av P. 14—Lopardo v. Iadanza et al. 15—Imhof v. Youngentob et al. 16—Smith v. City of N Y. 17—Siry v. Freel. 18—Same v. same. 19—Ludeking v. L I R R Co. 20—Matter of Av R, (Paramount Const Co.) 21—Matter of Manhattan Bridge No. 3, (Robert.) 22—Lott v. Lott. 23—Meyer v. Meyer. 24—Hauck v. German Hosp Socy. 25—Detwiller v. Rolled Plate Metal Co. 26—Matter of Scott. 27—Tax Lien Co. of N Y v. Henry et al. 28—Higgins v. Nass Elec R. R. Co. and ano. 29—Same v. same. 30—Same v. same. 31—Erdmann v. Erdmann et al. 32—Matter of East 28th and East 29th Sts. 33—Matter of Manhattan Bridge.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Aspinwall, J. 345—Kieley v. Rosenthal. 225—Guecca v. Pedersen. 887—Kelly v. Gillen. 537—Voska Foelsh v. Port Washington Construction Co. 466—Green v. N Y Cent & Hudson River R R Co. 59—Beacorn v. Bklyn, Q Co & Suburban R R Co. 535—Crowley v. American Druggist Syndicate. No reserve calendar. Highest number reached on calendar, 607.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3480—People v. Hugh Spratt. 3487—People v. Clarence Daniels. 3466—People v. Margaret Woodson. 3465—People v. Frank Garbuski.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. People v. Charles Cole, People v. John Martinela, People v. Peter Roscoe, People v. John Anderson.

SURROGATE CITATION.

CLARK, SETHELIA MATILDA.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Jacob A. Felter, Joseph W. Felter, Hannah M. Myers, George W. Crist, Ida Bell Hawkins, Nelson H. Decker, Margaret J. Decker, Linda K. D. Lloyd, Elizabeth A. Decker, and Frederic L. Decker, and "the brothers and sisters of Abner Clark, deceased, father of decedent, and the descendants of such brothers and sisters who may have died before decedent, and the executors of the wills and administrators of the estates of such of said brothers and sisters and descendants thereof who may have died since the death of decedent, and the heirs, legatees, devisees, next of kin, and surviving husbands or widows of deceased brothers and sisters of the deceased father of the decedent, and of deceased descendants of such deceased brothers and sisters, each and every one of whose existence, names, and places of residence are unknown and cannot after diligent inquiry be ascertained," the heirs and next of kin of SETHELIA MATILDA CLARK, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, William Leverich Brower of the City of New York has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing and the codicil thereto relating to both real and personal property duly proved as the last will and testament of Sethelia Matilda Clark, late of East Orange, New Jersey, deceased, therefore, you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York at his office in the County of New York on the 19th day of March, one thousand nine hundred and twelve, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or, if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto [L. S.] affixed. Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 22d day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ETHEL TURNBULL, plaintiff, against MORRIS FOGEL and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 30th day of January, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

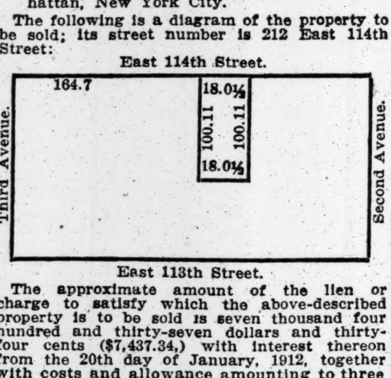
Beginning at a point on the southerly line of One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street distant one hundred and sixty-four feet and seven (7) inches easterly from the southeasterly corner of Third Avenue and One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street; running thence southerly and parallel with Third Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Thirteenth and One Hundred and Fourteenth Streets; thence easterly along said centre line eighteen (18) feet one-half (½) inch; thence northerly, again parallel with Third Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street, and thence westerly along said southerly side of One Hundred and Fourteenth Street eighteen (18) feet one-half (½) inch to the point or place of beginning, be said several distances and dimensions more or less, being the premises now known by the Street Number Two Hundred and Twelve (212) East One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1912.

M. SPENCER BEVINS, Referee.

GEORGE WADDINGTON, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 79 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 212 East 114th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is seven thousand four hundred and thirty-seven dollars and thirty-four cents ($7,437.34,) with interest thereon from the 20th day of January, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and ninety-two dollars and eighteen cents, ($392.18,) with interest from 30th January, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and sixty-four dollars and 02-100 and interest. The above premises will be sold subject to covenant against nuisances and in respect to buildings contained in deed recorded Liber 1610, Page 140, and condition of things shown on survey dated 19th November, 1907, by F. W. Fords Sons.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1912.

M. SPENCER BEVINS, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JULIA A. GROH, Plaintiff, against SAMUEL SHENKER et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 1st day of February, 1912, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of March, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

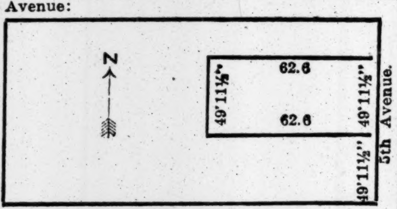
Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Fifth Avenue distant forty-nine (49) feet eleven (11) and one-half (½) inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One hundred thirty-seventh (137th) Street with said westerly side of Fifth Avenue; running thence westerly parallel with One hundred thirty-seventh (137th) Street and part of the distance through a party wall sixty-two (62) feet six (6) inches; thence northerly parallel with Fifth Avenue forty-nine (49) feet eleven and one-half (11½) inches to the centre line of the block between One hundred thirty-seventh (137th) and One hundred thirty-eighth (138th) Streets; thence easterly along said centre line of the block sixty-two (62) feet six (6) inches to the westerly side of Fifth Avenue; thence southerly along the westerly side of Fifth Avenue forty-nine (49) feet eleven and one-half (11½) inches to the point or place of beginning. Be the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, February 13th, 1912.

EMANUEL TEPPER, Referee.

JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street Number is 2,254 Fifth Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Twenty-seven thousand two hundred ninety-five 67-100 Dollars ($27,295.67) with interest thereon from the 15th day of January, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to $480.71 with interest from February 5th, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $2,798.31 and interest.

Dated New York, February 13th, 1912.

EMANUEL TEPPER, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—GUERNSEY MYERS, Complainant, vs. DAIRY PRODUCTS COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Defendant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, NORTHern District of New York.—GUERNSEY MYERS, Complainant, vs. DAIRY PRODUCTS COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Defendant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DIStrict of New Jersey.—GUERNSEY MYERS, Complainant, vs. DAIRY PRODUCTS COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Defendant.

Pursuant to decrees of the above-named courts, dated respectively February 21, 1912, February 24, 1912, and February 24, 1912, duly made and entered in the above-entitled actions, all creditors of said Company are required to file sworn proofs of their claims with the undersigned Receiver at his office, No. 71 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the eighth day of April, 1912. And said decrees further provide that no person failing to comply therewith shall be entitled to share in the forthcoming distribution of funds derived from sales of the Company's assets.

MATTHEW C. FLEMING, Receiver of Dairy Products Company of New York.

SHATTUCK, GLENN, HUSE & GANTER, Solicitors for Receiver, 26 Exchange Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Dated New York, February 26th, 1912.

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NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; week days only. Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Lv. Pier 27, E. R., week days only 11:00 A.M. Str. NAUGATUCK.

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AMERIKA........March 7, 10 AM
PRES. LINCOLN....March 14, 3 PM
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*Hamburg direct. 2nd cabin only.

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NEARBY SAILINGS
Celtic....... Feb. 29, 12:00 Noon
New York... Mar. 2, 9:30 A. M.
Kroonland... Mar. 2, 10:00 A. M.
Minnewaska . Mar. 2, 9:00 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York......Mar. 2 | St. Louis.......Mar. 16
†Oceanic..Mar. 9, noon | Philadelphia..Mar. 23
†White Star Line Steamer, Pier 59.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N.R.
Minnewaska...Mar. 2, 9 AM | Minnetonka Mar. 30
Minneapolis.Mar. 9, 10:30 AM | Minnehaha..Apr. 6

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Kroonland.......Mar. 2 | Vaderland.....Mar. 16
Finland ....Mar. 9 | Lapland (new).Mar. 23

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*NewYork..Mar. 2, 9:30AM | Olympic.....Mar. 16
Oceanic.....Mar. 9, noon | *Philadelphia.Mar. 23
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Celtic....Feb. 29, noon | Celtic.........Mar. 28
Baltic...Mar. 14, noon | Laurentic (new).Mar. 30

CRUISES TO THE RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
CEDRIC, March 6, 12 Noon
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamer.
CANOPIC, March 16, 9 A. M.
CRETIC, April 6. CANOPIC, April 27.

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CAMPANIA MAR. 6, 1 AM. MAR. 27, 1 AM. APR. 17, 1 AM. MAY 15, 1 AM. — CARONIA May 4, 10 A. M.
Commencing February 28th, the "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander, instead of 9 A. M. Passengers served cold buffet supper between 9 P. M. and midnight Tuesday.
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VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
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CRUISES to EGYPT
CALLING AT MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, VILLEFRANCHE or GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME, ALEXANDRIA
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
b CARMANIA...Mar. 2
c IVERNIA..Mar. 28 d CARPATHIA...April 11 f SAXONIA..April 25
b Omits Trieste and Fiume. c Omits Algiers and Alexandria. d Omits Madeira, Algiers, Villefranche, Alexandria. f Omits Algiers, Villefranche, Alexandria.
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Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Thurs., Mar. 7
Kronprinz Wilhelm - - - - - Tuesday, Mar. 12
George Washington - - - - - Saturday, Mar. 23
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Columbia..Mar. 16, 9 AM | Cameronia..Mar. 30, 8 AM
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*Ryndam ....Mar. 12
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*Potsdam ....Mar. 26
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*La Provence...March 14 | *La Savoie........April 4
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SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:36 | Sun sets..5:51 | Moon sets..4:15

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:41	4:24	10:12	10:24
Governors Island	4:02	4:48	10:58	11:08
Hell Gate	5:52	6:38	12:32	0:41

Arrived—Tuesday, Feb. 27.

SS Amerika, Cherbourg, Feb. 19.
SS Noordam, Rotterdam, Feb. 17.
SS Pennsylvania, Hamburg, Feb. 13.
SS Richmond, Dundee, Feb. 5.
SS Marowijne, Trinidad, Feb. 20.
SS Havana, Havana, Feb. 24.
SS Ikaria, St. Lucia, Feb. 20.
SS Tivives, Port Limon, Feb. 19.
SS Grayson, Porto Rico, Feb. 19.
SS Clothilde Cuneo, Jamaica, Feb. 21.
SS Nueces, Tampa, Feb. 23.
SS Commodore Rollins, Puerto Cortez, Feb. 21.
SS Aquila, Caibarien, Feb. 20.
SS Buckminster, Antilla, Feb. 20.
SS Dochra, Trinidad, Feb. 17.
SS Oklahoma, Port Arthur, Tex., Feb. 19.
SS Denver, Galveston, Feb. 22.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, Feb. 24.
SS Winyah Jacksonville, Feb. 21.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Luisiana	Genoa	Feb. 10
Chicago City	Swansea	Feb. 11
Venezia	Naples	Feb. 14
Ancon	Cristobal	Feb. 21
Cedric	Naples	Feb. 17
Kroonland	Antwerp	Feb. 17
Giulia	Palermo	Feb. 12
Sibiria	Colon	Feb. 19
Denver	Galveston	Feb. 22
El Siglo	Galveston	Feb. 22
Apache	Jacksonville	Feb. 25

DUE TO-MORROW.

Prinz Fried. Wilhelm	Bremen	Feb. 20
San Giovanni	Naples	Feb. 15
New York	Southampton	Feb. 21
Oceania (Ital.)	Genoa	Feb. 13
Breslau	Bremen	Feb. 15
Zacapa	Kingston	Feb. 24
Arcadian	Bermuda	Feb. 27
Camaguey	Tampico	Feb. 21
Proteus	New Orleans	Feb. 24
Nueces	Tampa	Feb. 23
Huron	Jacksonville	Feb. 26

DUE FRIDAY.

Mexico	Havana	Feb. 27
Californian	Puerto Mexico	Feb. 22
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Feb. 16
City of Savannah	Savannah	Feb. 27
El Cid	Galveston	Feb. 24

DUE SATURDAY.

Franconia	Palermo	Feb. 17
Savoie	Havre	Feb. 24
Campania	Liverpool	Feb. 24
Idaho	Hull	Feb. 17
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Feb. 28

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lusitania, Liverpool*	9:30 P.M.	1:00 A.M.
Caracas, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Metapan, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
Sabine, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Manzanillo, Cienfuegos	—	12:00 M.

*Tuesday.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Celtic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Touraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Panama, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Tocantins, Pernambuco	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Con. di Giorgio, Haiti	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
United States, Christiansand	—	2:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Brunswick	—	1:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Tripoli, Montevideo	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Javary, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Guantanamo, Tampico	—	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
New York, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Carmania, Madeira	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cherokee, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	10:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Orotava, Jamaica	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Denver, Bahamas	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Minnewaska, London	—	9:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Berlin, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Italia, Naples	—	2:00 P.M.
Rochambeau, Havre	—	3:00 P.M.
Oceania, Naples	—	11:00 P.M.
Harry Luckenbach, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Momus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
El Sol, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Nueces, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 27, (MARCONI.)

SS Franconia, Naples to New York, 1,363 miles E. at 11 P. M. 26th; due March 1, 3 P. M. Cunard Line.

SS Cedric, Alexandria to New York, 900 miles E. at 8 A. M. 26th; due 29th, 9 A. M. White Star Line.

SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen to New York, 860 miles E. at 3:30 A. M.; due 29th, 9 A. M. North German Lloyd Line.

SS Oceania, Naples to New York, 650 miles E. at 12:10 A. M.; due 29th, 9 A. M. Austro-American Line.

SS Kroonland, Antwerp to New York, 350 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 28th, 9 A. M. Red Star Line.

SS Sibiria, Colon to New York, 260 miles S. at 7 P. M.; due 28th, 9 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, (UNITED.)

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, 287 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.

SS San Marcos, Brunswick to New York, 120 miles S. at 8 P. M. Mallory Line.

SS Mexico, Vera Cruz to New York, 1,112 miles S. at 7 P. M. Ward Line.

SS Lampasas, Galveston to New York, 1,015 miles S. at 8 P. M. Mallory Line.

SS Allianca, Cristobal to New York, 298 miles S. at 7 P. M. Panama R. R. & S. S. Co.

SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, 500 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.

SS Maracaibo, Curacao to New York, 1,225 miles S. at 8 P. M. Red D Line.

SS Oratava, Southampton via Colon to New York, 800 miles S. at midnight 26th. Royal Mail Line.

SS Ancon, Cristobal to New York, 105 miles S. at 7 P. M. Panama R. R. & S. S. Co.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Burmese Prince, at Manila, Feb. 26.
SS C. F. Tietgen, at Christiansand, Feb. 27.
SS Clan Macintyre, at Capetown, Feb. 27.
SS Roseric, at Melbourne, Feb. 27.
SS Asiatic Prince, at Santos, Feb. 25.
SS Uranium, at Rotterdam, Feb. 26.
SS Caronia, at Madeira, Feb. 27.
SS Cincinnati, at Port Said, Feb. 27.
SS Francisco, at Hull, Feb. 25.
SS Buenos Aires, at Cadiz, Feb. 26.
SS Indrasamha, at Kobe, Feb. 26.

Sailed.

SS Arion, from Madeira, Feb. 25.
SS President Lincoln, from Southampton, Feb. 26.
SS Parima, from St. Thomas.
SS Duca d'Aosta, from Suez, Feb. 27.

Passed.

SS Minnetonka, New York for London, passed Lizard.
SS Ville de Rouen, New York for Rotterdam, passed Isle of Wight.
SS Adriatic, New York for Madeira, passed St. Michaels.
SS Cuyahoga, New York for Calcutta, passed Sagres.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Siberia	Feb. 29 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Feb. 29 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Aorangi	Mar. 1 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India	Mar. 1 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Mar. 4 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Siena	Mar. 4 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Awa Maru	Mar. 7 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, Australia (via Vancouver)—Makura	Mar. 15 6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Jan. 27; Shanghai, Jan. 30; Yokohama, Feb. 7, and Honolulu, Feb. 17—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Siberia, were dispatched east at P. M. Feb. 23. Due in New York on the morning of Wednesday, Feb. 28.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

Keeping in touch with the opportunities offered in the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times is a quick and direct way of finding employment.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Northwesterly gales prevailed during Tuesday along the North Atlantic Coast as the centre of the storm passed into the ocean. The precipitation following the storm has ended, but light snow flurries have fallen in scattered areas from the Ohio Valley to the Rocky Mountains.

The temperature has fallen in the East and in the Far Northwest, but has risen in the Mississippi and lower Missouri Valleys.

The rivers in the eastern half of the country have increased considerably, and flood warnings have been issued for many streams.

Generally fair weather is indicated for all districts east of the Rockies Wednesday and Thursday, and the temperature will not change materially in any section.

Winds along the New England Coast will be high northwest, diminishing; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate west, and South Atlantic Coast, moderate west, becoming variable.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have brisk northwest winds with partly overcast weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, except light snow flurries in north portions; moderate to brisk northwest winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, not much change in temperature; moderate winds, mostly northwest.

Eastern New England—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, a colder wave in Rhode Island and Eastern Massachusetts; brisk northwest winds.

Northern New England—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, colder Wednesday, high northwest winds, diminishing.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	46	36	4 P. M.	49	31
6 A. M.	48	34	6 P. M.	41	29
9 A. M.	47	29	9 P. M.	34	28
12 M.	49	36	12 P. M.	29	26

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 38; for the corresponding date last year it was 40; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 37; at 8 P. M. it was 29. Maximum temperature, 41 degrees at 10:15 A. M.; minimum, 26 degrees at 10:07 P. M. Humidity, 87 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 55 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.		Loss.
12:30	209 West 108th St.; Ethel Young	None
12:50	93 Ludlow St.; Victor Dubin	Trifling
1:20	714 East 9th St.; Max Hyer	$400
8:15	604 West 39th St.; Butchers' Beef Dressing Co	$25
7:30	222 Chrystie St.; John English	$10
9:15	419 West 21st St.; James Costello	$50
10:45	422 East 10th St.; Max Collage	Slight
11:05	416 West 52d St.; M. Bryant	$10
11:15	27 Market St.; I. Kroshilsky	$50
P M		
12:10	343 East 101st St.; Annie Schwartz	$200
1:30	239 5th St.; Jacob Rothman	$200
3:50	645 Lenox Av.; L. Hochner	Trifling
4:15	2,533 Frisby Av., Bronx; Fred Keiser	$10
4:45	Foot of West 100th St.; D. S. C.	$100
4:45	247 West 144th St.; C. V. Barterman	Trifling
5:20	20 Harrison St.; Simon Pratt	Trifling
5:35	746 7th Av.; unknown	Trifling
6:50	Baychester Station; Peter McMahon	$2,800
7:05	145 Duane St.; Empire Feather Duster Co	$2,000
7:10	14 West 134th St.; Barnett & Co.	Trifling
7:40	528 East 79th St.; City and Suburban Homes Company	Trifling
8:05	169th St. and Concourse; Ralph Wilson	$400
8:15	270 Riverside Drive; T. Steinhart	Trifling
9:30	698 10th Av.; M. Haydel	$500
10:30	210 East 122d St.; M. Plotzsky	Trifling

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ELIZABETH A. McKAY, (died Jan. 24, 1912;) left $10,000 realty and $500 personalty to nine children.

MARTHA SEELYE, (died Feb. 13, 1912;) left more than $5,000 personalty to Sarah E. Arnold, daughter.

JOSEPH MOORE, (died Dec. 21, 1911;) left $70,000 personalty; to William J. McCloud, nephew, $8,500; to Catherine M. Moore, niece, $7,500; to Daniel P. Moore, nephew, $7,500; to Mary Moore Egan, niece, $7,500; to Anna McCloud, niece, $1,500; to Joseph McCloud, nephew, $1,500; to John Loughman, nephew, $500; to William Loughman, nephew, $500; to Martha Loughman, niece, $500; to Catherine Loughman, niece, $500; to John Fagen, William Fagen, Alexander Fagen, nephews, $500 each; to Joseph Brennan, trustee, $10,000; to William McCullen, trustee, $15,000; Catherine Taytor, niece, $500.

STELLA T. SHERMAN, (died Jan. 23, 1912;) left $4,000 personalty to two sons.

JAMES DAVIDSON, (died Feb. 10, 1912;) left more than $10,000 realty and less than $100 personalty to two daughters.

PAULINE PARADIES, (died Feb. 15, 1910;) left $100 realty and $100 personalty to daughter.

ERNESTINA BERNSTEIN, (died Feb. 6, 1912;) left $3,000 personalty to brothers and sisters and mother.

SARAH EMMA LOOMIS, (died Feb. 10, 1912;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; legacies of unknown value to John R. Loomis, husband, and John R. Loomis, Jr., son.

MARY C. BEGG, (died Feb. 15, 1912;) left $5,000 personalty to her nephews and nieces.

PATRICK McGRATH, (died Feb. 13, 1912;) left $17,000 realty and $675 personalty to two daughters.

MARY ANN KERR, (died Jan. 19, 1912;) left $23,603 realty and $200 personalty to four children.

CAROLINE HART, (died Feb. 15, 1912;) left $3,000 personalty to seven children.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisal under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the transfer tax office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of MARY BAKER, (died Jan. 18, 1901;) net personalty, $834.52.

Estate of WILLIAM SHRADY, (died Sept. 20, 1909;) net personalty, $44,931.24.

Estate of SARAH E. WOODMAN, (died April 19, 1911;) net personalty $3,874.37, including 30 shares American Telephone and Telegraph Company, $4,250; 2 shares Boston & Albany Railroad Company, $80.

Estate of GEORGE STOW SLAYTON, (died Sept. 10, 1910;) net personalty $3,460.63, including 20 shares International Paper Company, preferred, $1,175; 25 shares Industrial Savings and Loan Company, $2,400.

Estate of ROSANNA V. McMAHON, (died Jan. 9, 1911;) net personalty, $9,558.88.

Estate of IDA F. TAFT, (died July 20, 1909;) net personalty in New York, $9,936.46.

Estate of LUCIUS H. SMITH, (died April 21, 1911;) net personalty, $145,928.43, including 200 shares Central Leather Co. pf., $19,700; 500 shares U. S. Steel Corporation pf., $59,625; 500 shares O. & I. Con. N. & I. Gas Co., $7,500; 140 shares Union Carbide Co., $15,680; 500 shares U. S. Steel Corporation common, $37,062.50; 100 shares U. P. Ry Co., $17,425; 400 shares M., K. & T. Ry., $12,700; 200 shares Amal. Copper, $12,100; 200 shares V.-C. Chem. Co., $11,800; 400 shares B. R. T. Co., $30,900; 500 shares Indianapolis Gas Co., $2,100; $20,500 bonds Standard Cord Co., at 15, $3,075; $17,200 adj. bonds of same, at 2, $344.

Estate of LINTON B. SUTTON, (died June 11, 1911;) net personalty, $4,650.72.

Estate of SUSAN A. HARWOOD, (died March 29, 1911; net personalty, $4,704.50.

Estate of BERNARD SCHROEDER, (died Aug. 28, 1901;) net personalty, $2,214.49.

Estate of MOSES KAHN, (died Oct. 4, 1910;) realty, 17 West Seventy-fifth Street, $40,000; one-third interest in Fairmont Park property, Buffalo, N. Y., $10,526.67; personalty, interest in L. & H. Kahn & Co., $674,697.50; net realty and personalty, $666,410.46.

Estate of HELEN B. FOWLER, (died Nov. 2, 1909;) net personalty, $7,975.36.

Estate of THOMAS BUTLER, (died Jan. 20, 1911;) realty, undivided one-third interest in eight parcels of land on White Plains Avenue, Olinville Avenue, Barker Avenue, and Post Street, $16,800; net personalty and realty, $21,-640.01.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Committee on Elementary Schools, at a meeting yesterday afternoon, confirmed the nominations, by the Board of Superintendents, of between 600 and 700 men and women teachers. These names will be submitted to the Board of Education at its meeting to-day.

The Committee on Elementary Schools is considering the cases of teachers who leave school, stay away for months and cannot be heard from, some of them marrying and others giving no address. The District Superintendents, at the suggestion of the Committee on Elementary Schools, were notified by the City Superintendent to report the names of all teachers who have been absent from school for half a year. The following have sent in their reports: District Supts. William A. Campbell, Brooklyn; John Dwyer, Manhattan; James M. Edsall, Brooklyn; Cornelius E. Franklin, Brooklyn; Ruth [illegible] Granger, Brooklyn; John Griffin, Brooklyn; Henry W. Jameson, Manhattan; William J. O'Shea, Manhattan; Julia Richman, Brooklyn; Edgar D. Shimer, Queens; Grace C. Strachan, Brooklyn; Joseph S. Taylor, the Bronx, and Joseph H. Wade, Manhattan. The report covers only the last half year or thereabouts. If any teacher returned to duty in February he or his name is not included in the reports. Most of the cases reported by the District Superintendents named above are due to illness. Where the illness is so prolonged as to give rise to the question what teachers' names would be carried on indefinitely as absent for this cause the Committee on Elementary Schools will require the teacher to apply for leave of absence without pay or resign, with the privilege of reappointment if health should be restored within a period of five years.

At a short meeting of the Board of Superintendents yesterday it was decided to appoint as supervising teacher Miss Will, who is now an elementary teacher in Public School 14, in East Twenty-seventh Street.

Quite a number of teachers find that under the equal pay law, by the abolition of the $60 bonus which they were allowed under the old law for teaching mixed classes, they now lose from $10 to $60 a year. The Board of Superintendents has decided that there is no help for these teachers, as they themselves were instrumental in having the equal pay law passed. Eventually, however, those teachers who now suffer loss of pay by the abolition of the bonus will have the loss more than made up by the increase of pay in years of service.

Associate City Supt. Andrew W. Edson, who with City Supt. William H. Maxwell is attending the meeting of the Department of Superintendence, National Education Association, in St. Louis, will deliver an address before that body to-day on the subject, "Types of Special Schools in Our Large American Cities."

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Designated Acting Detective Sergeants First Grade, for excellent detective duty: Eugene A. Daly and Joseph A. Donelon.

Pension: Lieut. John Taylor, 74th Precinct, on his own application, at $1,125 per annum; appointed Oct. 9, 1878.

Transfers: Captains—Edward J. Bourke, Bridge A to 5th Precinct; Edward J. Toole, 5th to Bridge A. Lieutenants—Lawrence J. Collins, 14th to 143d Precinct; Henry Ebert, 18th to 153d Precinct; Joseph Ivory, 153d to 18th Precinct; William J. McGowan, 155th to 14th Precinct; John Lake, 28th to Harbor Precinct; John W. Atherson, Harbor to 28th Precinct. Patrolmen—J. H. Boyle, 14th to 18th Precinct; F. T. Nisbet, 18th to 14th Precinct; T. F. Marron, 36th to 63d Precinct; J. J. Devlin, 63d to 36th Precinct; W. K. Henry, 40th to 65th Precinct; W. McCauley, 43d to 25th Precinct as Acting Sergeant; J. D. Geldeman, 61st to Traffic B; E. J. Shannon, 65th to 40th Precinct; J. L. Sauerbrunn, 151st to 153d Precinct; J. J. McManus, 153d to 151st Precinct; W. E. Rehahn, Traffic B to 26th Precinct; J. C. Cunniff, Detective Bureau to 79th Precinct, and designation as Acting Sergeant revoked.

Mutual Transfers: Mounted Patrolmen—G. F. Paige, 89th to 173d Precinct, and J. W. O'Brien, 173d to 89th.

Assignment: Patrolman—W. K. Henry, 65th Precinct to mounted duty.

Assignment Discontinued: Patrolman—E. J. Shannon, 65th Precinct to mounted duty.

Resignation: Matron—Mary M. Neal, 155th Precinct.

Suspended: Patrolman—John J. Quinn, 146th Precinct.

Special Order.—On March 6 only, the Third Battalion of 2d, 3d, 5th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, and 13th Regiments will be instructed at hours previously designated at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, instead of at Twelfth Regiment Armory.

Fire Department.

Auditing Committee on Department Accounts Appointed.—Foreman, Charles S. Bass, Engine 4; John F. Keely, Engine 54, and Marcus Fitzgerald, (retired.)

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following eligible list for veterinarian is announced by the Municipal Civil Service Commission:

	P.C.
Leonard, John L.	93.20
Johnson, Augustus F.	92.60
Hazel, George A.	90.60
Robertson, Archibald N.	90.40
Grover, Arthur L.	88.20
Smith, Maffitt	88.00
Bretherton, George C.	87.00
Schlesinger, Alexander, Jr.	85.60
Nabock, Charles V.	84.00
Amsher, Peter I.	84.00
Johnson, William L.	84.00
Richards, Robert	82.00
Luks, Alfred E.	81.20
Caulfield, Charles E.	81.00
Kent, John, (N. Q.)	80.80
Henry, Michael F.	80.00
Shaw, Charles W.	79.00

The following is the eligible list for Deputy Medical Superintendent of Hospitals:

	P.C.
Scofield, Irving F.	78.00
Corish, John L., (N. Q.)	76.00
Lancer, Thomas F.	75.00
Hunter, James R., (N. Q.)	74.50
Corcoran, David	74.50

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination at the New York Custom House on March 16 to fill a vacancy in the position of architectural draughtsman at $1,250 a year in the Philippine service. It is desired to obtain persons of considerable office training, capable of producing additional plans, which are both accurate and complete. Ability in designing is desirable, but the principal essential is reliability in the drafting of working plans. Not less than seven years' good general experience in architectural work is necessary. The degree of B. S. in architecture from a reputable technical school will be accepted as equivalent to four years of these seven. The age limit is 18 to 40 years on the date of the examination. Applicants should appear before medical officers of the army, navy, Indian, or Public Health and Marine Hospital Service. If such an officer cannot be conveniently visited, a pension examining surgeon may execute the certificate. Special arrangements have been made with the pension examining boards throughout the country to give such examination for a fee of $2, to be paid by the applicant. This certificate must not be executed by the family physician of the applicant. Each applicant will be required to submit with his application a photograph of himself taken within three years, which will be filed with his papers as a means of identification in case he receives appointment.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Capt. J. W. Moore, First Cavalry, report to Brig. Gen. E. A. Garlington, Inspector General, President of Army Retiring Board, Washington, D. C., for examination.

Capt. R. C. Marshall, Jr., Quartermaster, to Fort Howard, Md., on business pertaining to final inspection and test of the electric lighting system at that post and to other matters.

First Lieut. M. C. Stayer, Medical Corps, report to Lieut. Col. J. D. Glennan, Medical Corps, President of Examining Board, Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, for examination for promotion.

The following named officers of the Medical Department, upon arrival at San Francisco, proceed to post specified:

First Lieut. W. R. Dear, Fort Robinson, Neb.; First Lieut. C. A. Treuholtz, Medical Corps, Presidio of Monterey, Cal.; First Lieut. F. S. Wright, Medical Corps, Fort Adams, R. I.; First Lieut. L. R. Dunbar, Fort Douglas, Utah; First Lieut. A. D. Davis, Medical Corps, Fort Riley, Kan.; First Lieut. E. Wilson, Medical Reserves, Fort Huachuca, Arizona; First Lieut. H. F. Philips, Medical Reserves, Fort Bliss, Texas; First Lieut. R. Lemmon, Medical Reserves, Fort Hancock, N. J.; First Lieut. O. F. Henning, Fort Stevens, Ore.; First Lieut. W. M. Archer, Jr., Fort Riley, Kan., Central Division.

First Lieut. C. T. Harris, Jr., Ordnance Department, to Fort Morgan, Ala., pertaining to proof firing of guns and carriages.

First Lieut. J. S. Saurman, Medical Reserves, detailed as member Examining Board, Fort Monroe, Va., during absence of Capt. G. P. Peed, Medical Corps.

Major A. Gray, Cavalry, detailed for service in the Inspector General's Department, vice Major J. T. Dickman, Inspector General, relieved from detail.

Orders Jan. 26 relating to Capts. R. B. Harper, Third Cavalry, and E. Anderson, Commissary, revoked.

Capt. R. B. Harper, Third Cavalry, detailed to Subsistence Department, vice Capt. E. Anderson, Commissary.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander C. C. Fewel to the Lancaster as executive officer.

Lieut. Commander M. J. McCormack to compass instructor, Washington, D. C.

Lieut. Commander E. M. Larimer to the Nebraska as navigator.

Lieut. F. D. Burns to the Montana.

Lieut. F. M. Perkins commissioned as Lieutenant from Dec. 22, 1911.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Bainbridge and Barry at Nanking; Salem, Mars, and Vulcan at Guantanamo; Fortune, A3, and A5 at San Diego.

Sailed—Nanshan from Shanghai for Amoy; Wheeling from Mobile for St. Andrew's Bay, Fla.

Lost

LOST—On 34th St., near 5th Av., Waldorf or McCreery's, Tuesday, Feb. 27, a turquoise and diamond earring; liberal reward. Chas. Presbrey, 456 4th Av., New York City.

LOST—Feb. 26, at the Metropolitan Opera House, small diamond heart brooch. Reward will be given by return to J. M. W., 5th floor, 22 William St., New York.

LOST—A small black leather pocketbook; 56th St. and Lexington Av., containing about $15 and latch key. Kindly return to Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, with gold pencil, initialed "I. A. L.," attached, Thursday, Subway or 110th St. Reward, 364 Palisades Av., Yonkers.

LOST—Between 68th and 50th, Madison and 5th Avs., Saturday, diamond circle brooch. Return Buckingham Hotel, 50th St., 5th Av.

LOST.—Lady's open-face Tiffany gold watch; monogram "M. W."; cracked glass; reward. M. W., Box 64 Times.

LOST—Pearl brooch, on Washington's Birthday; reward. Mrs. Vogel, 423 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—On 108th St., Manhattan Av., or 110th St., Irish lace collar; reward. Fuller, 7 West 108th St.

Lost

LOST—Feb. 27, two small memorandum books bearing names Lamport Mfg. and Supply Co. and other concerns, vicinity of 14th St., between 5th and 6th Avs.; reward. Lamport Mfg. and Supply Co., 273 Canal St.

LOST—On 86th St., corner Broadway, or Subway to Astor Place, or Broadway to Hotel St. Denis, diamond dagger. Return to Miss L. Klein, Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway, and receive liberal reward.

LOST.—Feb. 27, black pocketbook containing railroad passes, checks, and money. Owner's name inside. Reward and no questions if returned to E. C. Edwards, Room 508, 195 Broadway.

LOST—Between Mount Morris Park and 124th St. and Lenox Av. and 128th St., a diamond bar pin. Liberal reward if returned to Room 200, 271 West 125th, (Bishop Building.)

$500 REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED FOR THE RETURN OF THE ROUGH DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY STOLEN FROM THE SAFE OF S. ROSE, 47 MAIDEN LANE, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, FEBRUARY 21.

$20 REWARD—Lost pearl and black bead bracelet. Return to E. B. Black, Hotel Gotham.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—English setter, black and white, male, collar marked "Lockwood"; $25 reward if returned to Brown, 42 West 86th St., city.

LOST.—Toy black and tan dog; liberal reward; no questions asked. Address Dr. I. Zippert, 351 East 4th St.

LOST—Newfoundland dog, Friday, 2 P. M.; liberal reward. Joseph Karl, 134 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—French bull, dark brindle, 116th St., Lenox Av.; liberal reward. Handley, 337 West 58th.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

FOUND—Feb. 24, gold watch, Manhattan St; owner can redeem. Johnson, 365 West 126th.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Purse, shoes, bag, aprons, muff. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Six umbrellas, leather bag, brush, two bags, two purses, jumper, muffler, pails, fuse. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Mitts, paint, checkbooks, nine umbrellas, leather bag, ring, fob, cardcase, eyeglasses, 3 pairs gloves, 10 odd gloves, magazine, catalogue, shirt, blanket, skate, library card, keys, pail. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Two umbrellas, leather bag, book, gloves, spectacles, papers, overcoat. SUBWAY—Cane, 8 umbrellas, satchels, 2 portfolios, book, leather bag, 5 purses, music, cardcase, charm, 2 pins, hatpin, rosary, 8 books, bankbook, law papers, cap, hat, 5 pairs gloves, 2 odd gloves, rubbers, 3 pairs shoes, neckpiece, nightshirt, apron, napkins, handkerchief, jar, gravel, tin box.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply 168 Montague St., Brooklyn: SURFACE AND ELEVATED—Cap and other articles, gas fixtures, clothes, dress suitcase, eyeglasses, with chain; girl's pin, pipe, school books, coat, package albuminized food, trousers, suitcase, rubbers, muffs, overalls, watch, apron, gloves, envelope, papers, eyeglasses in case, magazines, satchel, story book, collars and cuffs, bag of rope, glass bottles in box, box of buttons, packagae cloth, wallpaper, tools, pictures, Prayer Books, cloth bag, lady's watch and pin.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Three packages, 3 umbrellas, book, overcoat, fur piece, eyeglasses, muff, hat, cap.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package, 2 pairs gloves.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—NEW PENN. DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Muffler, cap, toilet case, nightshirt, knife, suit of pajamas, Bible, umbrella. LONG ISLAND DIVISION—Umbrella, package, pair gloves, envelope.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Three umbrellas, pin, roll music, bicycle, pumps, box spices, package, 5 umbrellas, muff, picture, package of polish, pair gloves, rubbers.

FOUND, Feb. 26—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Purse, spectacles, fancy work outfit, samples, apron, towel, tin foil, 3 umbrellas.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, muff, 4 packages, pair gloves.

FOUND, Feb. 26.—PENN. R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Umbrella, lady's handbag.

Help Wanted, Female

A FIRST-CLASS, experienced maid and seamstress; good packer and hair dresser; city references required. Call Plaza Hotel Wednesday before 10 A. M., Apartment 639.

A YOUNG WOMAN to sew, wait on elderly invalid lady; references. Write Mrs. McGregor, 201 West 54th St. Call before 10.

COMPETENT GIRL, housework; reference required. Call, before 12, 817 West End Av. Paul West.

FEMALE BOOKKEEPER; steady position for one who is willing and accurate; please give experience, reference, and salary expected to start. C 131 Times.

FEMALE bookkeeper wanted. B. Kowaloff & Co., 410 Lafayette St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN IN THEIR CHINA, CRYSTAL and ARTWARE SECTIONS.
Exceptional opportunities and permanent positions for those properly qualified.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
MILLINERS.
Long season positions. Highest salaries.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN IN THEIR CORSET DEPARTMENT.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN IN THEIR LINEN DEPARTMENT.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

TEACHER wanted for private lessons in English. Inquire 62 West 8th St., (stationery store.)

WANTED.—In the office of a wholesale house a young woman who is accurate at figures and has some knowledge of stenography and typewriting; state salary desired. W. M. S., P. O. Box 1,959, New York City.

Help Wanted, Male

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED SALESMEN IN THEIR CHINA DEPARTMENT.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR THEIR LINEN DEPARTMENT.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

PRINTING OFFICE desires several ambitious young men with knowledge of printing business; plant or office experience desired; we will teach the selling end to the proper men; give experience and particulars. D 11 Times.

SALESMAN.—A good Italian-American salesman and collector wanted; man who can deposit cash security and collect; a large district and selling sewing machines at same time on salary and large commission to a good man. Call between 10 A. M.-12 M. Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Singer Store, 135 West Houston St., City.

SALESMEN wanted to carry our line of calendars and advertising novelties and specialties; good men wanted for permanent connection; liberal commission basis; acquaintance with large merchants desirable. Rand, McNally & Co., 40 East 22d St. Call 8-11. See Mr. Vaslett.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in kimonos, in city or on the road; commission basis. A. Sayak & Son, 60-62 Washington St.

SALESMAN well acquainted with coast trade to carry fur line. Chas. Meshel, 89 East 12th St.

STEEL PLATE PRINTERS, wet work; first-class men only. Apply 31 Nassau St., Republic Bank Note Co.

TWO FIRST-CLASS BOOK SALESMEN on the finest proposition in New York; absolutely new. Call, between 2 and 4, G. M. Switz, manager, Room 704, 118 East 28th St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED.—Office boy; reply in own hand writing, stating age, experience, and references. V 229 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Male

WANTED—Competent and reliable margin clerk for cotton house; only first-class men need apply; remuneration liberal. Answer R—5200 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

A REFINED WOMAN wishes to be employed a few hours each day; can do fine hand sewing, read to invalids, or any kind of work. Mrs. A. C. Bunker, 27 West 19th St., city.

A VISITING SECRETARY, daily or few times weekly; correspondence, stenography, accounts. C 96 Times.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes and remodels; children's a specialty. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. Phone 408 Stuyvesant.

COOK, &c.—Woman wishes position as first-class cook and housekeeper; private or home. M. R., 139 Dwight St., Jersey City.

CULTURED, experienced woman, independently situated; desires position; linguist, traveller, musician; highest references. C 111 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, middle-aged woman desires position as housekeeper in small family; is entirely competent to take charge of all details of a household and to act in the capacity of secretary. C 140 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—Refined North German wants position for housework in small family adults; references. Call 333 East 88th, ground floor.

MAID.—Light colored girl would like position as lady's maid; good seamstress. J. W., care Burris, 342 West 59th St.

REFINED AMERICAN wishes position as housekeeper; will take charge of Apt. V 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent girl beginner; rapid, accurate; neat appearance; high school education; businesslike; no agency; $7. V 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Somewhat experienced; moderate salary; neat, accurate. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660—East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thorough business woman; seven years' experience; first-class references. W 228 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Few months' experience; willing, reliable, ambitious; $6. Miss Steiner, 327 Beekman Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

A BRIGHT young lawyer able to devote part of his time from his practice desires connection with business concern to attend to collections and legal business; thoroughly experienced in mercantile collections; well recommended. Y 304 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, accounts audited, systems installed, factory cost accounting, financial statements; instruct your bookkeeper; books kept part time; terms moderate. Aetna Audit Co., 302 Broadway. Telephone Worth 2981.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems, reasonable. Mitchel, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT and AUDITOR wishes to connect with house of public accountants. Box Z 224 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Some experience; bright. Stenographer, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660—East New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—German, married, 35 years of age, experienced single and double entry, good penman, quick and accurate at figures, well acquainted with cost systems, desires permanent position. C. E. F., 11½ Sackman St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man (28) desires position in a commercial house; experienced in bookkeeping and foreign (French and German) corresponding; first-class references. D 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wants position with opportunity of advancement; best references; capable taking complete charge; $21. Box 58 North Side News, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—(26;) thoroughly competent; A1 office man; highest credentials; $21. D 42 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—8 years' experience, wishes to connect with good house. Box Z 223 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position private family; married man; no family; city or country; best reference. Address Chauffeur, care Hughes, 257 West 68th St.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced mechanic, wishing position; steady; any cars; good references. Box W 225 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, 23, reliable; own repairs; three years' experience; salary moderate. Lesser, 13 East 108th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Four years' business experience; stenographer, bookkeeper; high school education; American. C 143 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Position is wanted by boy (17) who is main support of family; intelligent, willing, ambitious; references. D 10 Times.

PORTER, &c.—By light colored porter; elevator; reference; know suburban towns thoroughly. John Nash, 113 West 134th St.

SALESMAN, (27,) well acquainted with Southern notion buyers, would like to connect with manufacturers' line; salary or commission. V 225 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires side line of shoes and felt hats for Southern trade. D 57 Times.

SECRETARY OR CORRESPONDENT.—American, 25, with legal training and experience, desires connection in that capacity. Address Z 220 Times Downtown.

SOUTHERN SALESMAN is open for a popular line of waists and dresses; one who can get big business with the right goods; best of references. C 123 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 32, thoroughly experienced, now employed, sober man, good references, taste for clipping, writing, wants job on city sheet; art, editorial, obituary departments preferred. C 138 Times.

STENOGRAPHER (male) desires position; 5 years' law and commercial experience; best references. W 227 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK.—By young man as stock clerk; best references. T 247 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.—Wanted, position as traffic manager, by young man who has had experience with firm doing a large business. X 30 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMAN wishes permanent position; has covered every State in the country, being connected with a New York automobile and motor cycle firm for the last three years. 1,544 Park Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Joseph Prosky.

TWO BROTHERS, aged 21 and 16, speaking English, French, German, and Italian wish employment. Address J. C. M., P. O. Box 1,970.

WELL-KNOWN SALESMAN on handkerchiefs, linens, &c., for Southern States, also Ohio, Michigan and Indiana, desires exceptionally strong line for territory mentioned. Best of references. Address Room 50, No. 51 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) well educated, desires position in office with advancement; recently bookkeeper and cashier with one concern for four years; ambitious; can furnish best reference. T 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20;) 5 years' experience; can operate typewriter. W 229 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires charge of small printing office on salary or commission. D 54 Times.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

CREDENTIAL EMPLOYMENT CORPORATION, (1904;) high-grade clerical, office, and executive positions. 253 Broadway, (Agency.)

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 Bway. Tel. 3499 Cort.

HIGH-GRADE OPENINGS for competent men; manager, (systematizer,) $75; bookkeeper, (country,) $20; stenographer, $12; other immediate openings. Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Building.

Domestic.

BOND $1,000; OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 West 134th St., guarantees A1 colored help. 1,119 Harlem.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone 4786—Columbus. Established 1899.

COOK, chambermaid, housekeepers, firemen, elevator runners. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. Telephone 94 Morningside.

HELP, select colored, furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

A.—A.—MRS. MALMBERG'S, 115 East 26th St.; oldest Swedish agency; established 1881; select servants for private families; formerly 352 4th Av.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St. Orchard 2508.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Pianos and Organs

KNABE mahogany upright piano; beautiful tone; like new; sell at sacrifice. 318 W. 42d.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (123d St.)—Clean, single, double rooms; substantial board; fine, airy location; reference.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large rooms, well heated and furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

20TH, 356 WEST, (5445 Chelsea.)—Medium-sized room, ground floor; excellent table, well served; $8 per week; small private family; references.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms; including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam-heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793—Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large second-story front room; other rooms; telephone; excellent table; reasonable.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.
Large room, private bath; well heated; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and single rooms; steam heat; baths; telephone; table first-class.

54TH, 54 WEST.
Rooms, table guests, first class.

70TH, 151 WEST.—Third-story room, bath adjoining; hot water supply; room telephone; references.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large rooms, with board; every convenience; first class.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Sub.; board optional.

71ST ST., 115 WEST.—Real home for young man, private family, young people; telephone; reasonable.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Large front room; bath adjoining; pleasant, homelike surroundings; Subway, "L"; telephone.

74TH, 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms, near Subway and "L"; steam heated; telephone; reasonable; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Sunny rooms, suitable one, two; refined surroundings; table guests; references.

168 WEST 78TH ST.
Sunny rooms; excellent table; board optional; telephone; Subway.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; excellent table board; reasonable; convenient car lines; telephone; reference. 5475—Schuyler.

79TH ST., 137 WEST.—Pleasant double rooms, third floor; homelike; excellent table; couple; gentlemen.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Open for quick acceptance, charming rooms; beautiful home; exceptional table; references.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED HOUSE; LARGE, LIGHT ROOM; EXCELLENT TABLE; BEST OF SERVICE; ALL CONVENIENCES.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Large, sunny second floor front room; moderate terms; telephone; table guests.

92D, 54 WEST.—Large room, with piano, $11; small rooms; excellent board; telephone 9939 Riverside.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large, small rooms; conveniences; excellent board. 5326 Schuyler.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.—Elegantly furnished Jewish home can accommodate select people; excellent cuisine. Stajer.

93D, 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Large, clean room, with bath; private house; excellent table; convenient location.

101ST, 215 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Two front rooms; southern exposure; private bath; high-grade apartment; table guests. Maslin.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive, double rooms; private baths; modern house; excellent board optional; references.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; excellent table board. 'Phone Morningside—8136.

117TH, 421 WEST, near Amsterdam, opposite Columbia, Broadway Subway, 116th.—Large room, dressing room attached; southern exposure; with board; private house.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Morningside Heights; near Broadway Subway; two beautiful rooms; newly furnished; high class elevator apartment; delicious cooking; terms moderate.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large room, running water, closets, overlooking Hudson; good board; telephone; references.

LADY with quiet, refined home on West 73d St. can receive one or two paying guests; references desired. D 56 Times.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel, elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

East Side.

11TH ST., 26 EAST, Adjoining 5th Av.—Handsome rooms, newly decorated; running water; superior table.

GRAMERCY PARK, 40, corner 21st.—Best location downtown; steady heat, electric lights, telephone; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms, private bath, with board; also suite of rooms.

MADISON AV., 69.—Large room; private bath; hotel apartments; service; table choice; attractive rates.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5; river view Manhattan; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway, ferry, bridge; 5 minutes Wall St.; apartments, single rooms; furnished, unfurnished; upper rooms; special rates business people; table choicest products New York markets. 905 Main.

ON COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.
Two rooms, overlooking bay; electric light, steam heat, elevator, shower; board optional. X 20 Times.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Best place to board; convenient New York; near subways, ferries; steam-heated rooms; excellent table. Telephone 1159W Main.

142 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.
Desirable vacancies, overlooking bay; excellent cuisine; 'phone.

MONROE PLACE, 1, (cor. Clark St.)—Elegant rooms; moderate rates; near bridge and Subway.

Board Wanted

WANTED—Refined Jewish family to board one or more children; apply in writing; references. Superintendent, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 373 Ralph Av., Brooklyn.

Country Board

Long Island

WHITESTONE, L. I., 8th Av. and 26th St., Grant Villa; overlooking the Sound; permanent and week-end parties. Telephone 440—L Flushing.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New Jersey.

ORANGE, N. J., MOUNTAIN ST.—English couple will board two or three people; private bath; telephone 671R Orange; electricity; well heated. Irvine, 33 East Clark Place.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9th.)—Refined surroundings; beautiful, large, front room; running water; bath; breakfast.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Parlor floor, handsomely furnished, two large rooms, one small room, bath.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms for bachelors; electricity; telephone; transit facilities unsurpassed; references.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Cosy hall room; large closet; warm house; gentlemen; references exchanged.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms; one private bath; superior table; telephone; references.

56TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large and small comfortable rooms in clean, well kept house.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $4 up; facing Central Park; suitable for studio.

60TH, 22 WEST, New York.—$25-$60 monthly; $1-$5 daily. Tel. 5891 Col. Elegantly kept; private baths; independent residence; meals.

65TH ST., 5 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, or single; steam, bath; private 'phone; two in family; references required; Subway, "L," and trolley; ground floor. Hanshe.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large rooms, adjoining bath; private house; steam heat; electricity, 'phone.

69TH, 145, (corner Broadway.)—Furnished room; private family; first-class apartment; gentlemen preferred. Manning.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Unusually attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Large room; suite; private bath; single front room; $4.50; gentlemen; telephone.

73D, 179 WEST.—Desirable large and medium rooms; reasonable; references.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large room, private bath; medium room; high-class house; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; hot water; reference.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Nicely furnished large sunny room; also single room; private family; references.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny, second story front hall room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Front room; near bath; running water, electricity; everything first class; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; every convenience; accessible Subway, elevated; telephone; references; moderate.

79TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room; also single room; telephone; all conveniences.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Light airy rooms with bath; private house; breakfast optional; reference required.

79TH ST., 172 WEST.—Front parlor suite; single room; elevator apartment; exclusive; business people; moderate.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Large front room, suitable two gentlemen.

82D, 130 WEST.—One comfortable, medium-sized room, with dressing room; southern exposure; references.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Select; gentlemen, or man and wife; beautifully furnished large and hall room.

82D, 327 WEST.—Private house; large, front, second floor; lavatory; tiled bath, shower. Campbell.

83D ST., 202 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, parlor, bedroom, and bath; independent entrance; steam heat, $10 per week; private; reference; gentlemen. Jacobosky.

84TH, 29 WEST.—Sunny front room; 'phone; piano; private; board optional; references. Apt. 4.

84TH ST., 137 WEST.—Newly decorated suite, also single rooms nicely furnished; homelike; telephone. Kennedy.

85TH, 140 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; suitable two; private house; 'phone.

87TH ST., 131 WEST.—Two rooms on second floor, single or en suite; private bath; gentlemen.

94TH ST., 34 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room; quiet, refined surroundings; reference. Owner.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Large front and back parlor, together, singly; one flight; telephone. Stanclift.

94TH, 110 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and medium sunny rooms, running water; telephone; reasonable.

94TH ST., 137 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, running water, in quiet, well kept private family; gentleman.

(95TH ST.,) 710 WEST END AV.—Superior rooms; running water; reasonable; 96th St. Subway.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room; running water; private house.

95TH ST., 151 WEST.—Attractive room, newly furnished; private house; references.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; attractive rooms, elevator apartment; breakfast. Grossman.

97TH ST., 145 WEST.—Private family; second floor front room; nicely furnished; bath; convenient Subway.

98TH ST., 243 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room; shower; electric light; elevator; Apartment 3B.

101ST, 211 WEST.—Two attractive rooms, kitchen, in high-class apartment (24;) $10.

104TH ST., 78, (Manhattan Av.)—Parlor and bedroom; ground floor; steam heat. Call evenings, Flaherty.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Attractive outside room; refined surroundings; private family; elevator; gentlemen; references. White.

108TH ST., 3 WEST.—Sleeping room and den, 2-3 gentlemen; elevator apartment; reference. Gilbert.

112TH ST., 305 WEST.—Elegant, large and small rooms; all improvements; newly decorated; private house; moderate.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Large, newly decorated front room, elevator apartment; restaurant in building. Macdonald.

114TH ST., 606 WEST (near Riverside Drive.)—Private house, large room and adjoining dressing room, near bath; steam; electricity; telephone; near Subway.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private house; also large room with bath; ground floor; suitable for gentlemen; quiet locality; convenient Subway.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; southern exposure; homelike; elevator; Subway. Smith.

418 WEST 118TH ST.
Attractive front rooms; elevator; Subway; Apartment 64.

119TH ST., 420 WEST, (Morningside, Near Columbia University.)—Fine room, southern exposure, adjoining bath; closets extra large; telephone; elevator; Subway. Apartment 39.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Newly furnished, sunny room; elevator, telephone; reasonable. Inquire Apartment 1.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood; half block east of Broadway; two beautiful rooms, newly furnished; in Bancroft Apartments, just completed; fireproof; electric lights; elevators; most attractive restaurant.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Two-room suites, scrupulously clean; small rooms, $3; all conveniences. Carter.

126TH ST., 54 WEST.—Beautifully furnished single, double rooms; running water; telephone; references; block Subway.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large, attractive front room; dressing room; adjoining bath; quiet, select house.

130TH ST., 152 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny room, heated; running water, telephone; select neighborhood; elevated, Subway.

131ST ST., 226 WEST.—Attractive front room; also back; no other roomers; refined surroundings.

132D ST., 236 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity, large well-furnished room; quiet, American home; private block.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Suites, single rooms; private baths; hotel conveniences; home comforts; reasonable. Pierson.

139TH ST., 601 WEST, (near Subway.)—Sunny front rooms; elevator, 'phone; reasonable. Apartment 31.

141ST ST., WEST, (1 Hamilton Terrace.)—Private family; large, small front or rear room; references.

158TH ST., 646 WEST, (Near Subway.)—Private house; comfortable rooms; all conveniences; breakfast; gentleman preferred.

159TH ST., 549 WEST, (Two Blocks Subway.)—Large front furnished room; private dwelling; two people; telephone; electric light; $5 week.

SUNNY PARLOR and alcove, $8; sunny single room, $4; "L," Subway. Address T 246 Times Downtown.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Handsomely furnished, steam-heated rooms, adjoining bath; gentlemen; references; board optional.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms, without board; steam heat, all conveniences.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable room; private house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

83D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, comfortable room, private house; every convenience; gentlemen; references required.

31ST, 35 EAST.—Comfortable room, adjoining bath; one or two business people; moderate rent.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room; private bath; square room, bath adjoining; breakfast optional; references.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Comfortable room; best location; near Park; $5.50 weekly; also skylight room.

87TH, 63 EAST.—Large front room; running water; all conveniences; suitable for two; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 642.—Large, handsome rooms, adjoining bath; scrupulously clean; exclusive private dwelling. Owner.

LEXINGTON AV., 822.—Large furnished room and board, running water, in private boarding house.

LEXINGTON AV., 850.—Really clean, comfortable rooms; all conveniences; central location. 'Phone 2958 Plaza.

MADISON AV., 348, Near Grand Central.—Attractive rooms; private baths; meals optional; references.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

Two business men desire best one or two room, bath, unfurnished apartment, at $32; west side, above 50th St. C 129 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

For Rent—Elegantly furnished seven large, outside rooms; southern and eastern exposure; elevator, phone, hall service; Subway; will rent to family without children. Brady, 251 West 95th.

237 West 107th St.—To sublet, well-furnished 6-room elevator apartment, fifth floor, to particular couple; 3 bedrooms; telephone, electricity, shower; near Riverside. Mrs. Robelin, Apartment 14.

208 West 59th St.—Facing Central Park, clubrooms, suitable for musicals, recitals, or lectures; electric light; reasonable. Phone 7594 Columbus.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

Gentleman and wife want 5 or 6 room and bath elevator apartment for March, completely furnished for housekeeping; will pay $60 or $70. C 132 Times.

Business Opportunities

ROAD HOUSE AND GARAGE FOR SALE on main road New York to Lake Hopatcong, opposite station; new building; 400 autos pass daily. Reasonable terms. Address
GEORGE F. PEARE,
Tel. 1521 Cortlandt. 170 Broadway.

A CORPORATION, MANUFACTURING CHOCOLATE AND CANDY, WITH DAILY INCREASING BUSINESS, DESIRES TO HEAR FROM AN INVESTOR WITH $5,000; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY; OFFICIAL POSITION CAN BE OFFERED. REPLY C 125 TIMES.

For Sale—Drug store, one of best stands in city; established over twenty-seven years; good prescription trade; proprietors wish to retire; reasonable terms; splendid opportunity for young, ambitious man. Address D 59 Times.

Mercantile Import Company, to organize State New Jersey; highly profitable; will earn $60,000 annually; excellent business opening for gentleman investing $10,000 or less; capable manage office. V 228 Times Downtown.

A manufacturing company in business 15 years and with an established reputation throughout the country, needs $5,000 or more additional capital. C 102 Times.

Cotton mill, 7,000 spindles, sacrifice best offer before March 10; take real estate part payment; terms. J. R. G. Ivey, 43 Cedar St., New York.

Burrough's adding machine; practically new; perfect condition; big discount. 8th Floor, 36 West 87th St.

Business Notices

500 Multigraph typewritten letters, $1.50; 1,000, $2; addressing; printing, lowest prices, 1,000 letterheads, envelopes, $1.50. Royal Letter Company, 15 East 14th St.

The Century Hat Works, 197 Greene St., discontinued business February 23d, 1912. All communications to be made to A. Bernstein, 656 Broadway.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

West Side.

Sublet to Oct. 1st, six attractive rooms, all outside, facing Riverside Drive, corner 139th St.; magnificent view; every modern convenience; $75 monthly. Apply premises, 616 Riverside Drive.

57th, 322-328 West, near Broadway.—Modern elevator apartment, eight large, light rooms; very moderate rental.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

170TH, 650 WEST.—New private dwelling, 8 rooms, two baths, all improvements, near 168th St. Broadway Subway. Keys at office of
JAMES E. BARRY & CO.,
St. Nicholas Av. & 171st St.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

Ocean Front furnished cottages at Long Beach, L. I., FOR RENT. 1912 season list ready. Photographs at office.
Frederick P. Jones, 334 Fifth Av.
Specialist in Long Beach properties.

For Sale

ALL GRADES OF OFFICE FURNITURE.
NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED.
25 rolltop, flat, and bookkeeper desks and chairs; 10 tables, partitions, railings; 8 telephone booths, double sound proof. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St., near Subway: Telephone 5483 Spring.

Fire Sale.—A full line desks, office furniture, slightly damaged by water, sold at greatly reduced prices. J. Bronstein, 40 Beaver.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs. Nathan's, West Broadway, corner White.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

AUSTIN, NICHOLS & COMPANY—WHEREAS, the undersigned, Thomas M. McCarthy, Thomas W. Ormiston, Harry Balfe, Walter B. Timms, John C. Mahlan, Louis C. Owens, and James E. Nichols, heretofore formed a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Partnership Law of the State of New York, to begin on January 30, 1909, at 10 o'clock P. M., and is to end at the close of business on the last day of January, 1912, to be conducted under the name of Austin, Nichols & Company, with its principal place of business in the County of New York; and

Whereas, the undersigned desire to renew or continue said limited partnership beyond the term fixed for its duration in its original formation, pursuant to the provisions of the Partnership Law of the State of New York.

Now, therefore, we, the undersigned, desiring to renew and continue the limited partnership of Austin, Nichols & Company beyond the time fixed for its duration in its original formation, do hereby make, sign and acknowledge this certificate as follows:

I. The name of said partnership is Austin, Nichols & Company, and the principal place of business is located in the County of New York.

II. The general nature of the business is for carrying on a general importing, manufacturing and wholesale grocery business.

III. The names and residences of the general partners, all of whom are of full age, are as follows:

Thomas M. McCarthy, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Thomas W. Ormiston, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Harry Balfe, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Walter B. Timms, Elizabeth, New Jersey.

John C. Mahlan, Ridgewood, New Jersey.

Louis C. Owens, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The name and residence of the special partner, who is also of full age, is James E. Nichols, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IV. The amount of the capital which the said special partner, James E. Nichols, has contributed, is three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000).

V. The time at which the renewal of said partnership is to begin is at the close of busines on the last day of January, 1912, and is to end at the close of business on the 30th day of January, 1915.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 18th day of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

THOMAS M. McCARTHY.
THOMAS W. ORMISTON.
HARRY BALFE.
WALTER B. TIMMS.
JOHN C. MAHLAN.
LOUIS C. OWENS.
JAMES E. NICHOLS.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 18th day of January, 1912, before me personally appeared Thomas M. McCarthy, Thomas W. Ormiston, Harry Balfe, Walter B. Timms, John C. Mahlan, Louis C. Owens, and James E. Nichols, to me personally known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

[Seal.] CHARLES B. BAKER,
Notary Public, Kings County. Certificate filed in New York County.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

Thomas W. Ormiston, being duly sworn, says that he is one of the general partners named in the foregoing certificate; that the sum specified in the said certificate to have been contributed to the common stock by James E. Nichols, the special partner therein named, to wit, the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000), has been actually and in good faith paid in cash.

THOMAS W. ORMISTON.

Sworn to before me this 25th day of January, 1912.

CHARLES B. BAKER, [Seal.]
Notary Public, Kings County. Certificate filed in New York County.

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR of the County of New York, No. 119 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, February 15th, 1912.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 230 of the Laws of 1898, that a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Public Administrator of the County of New York, during the year 1911, was published in The City Record, three times each week for three weeks, beginning January 15th, 1912.

WILLIAM M. HOES,
Public Administrator of the County of New York

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ANNIE WIESENBERG, plaintiff, vs. FRANK WIESENBERG, defendant.—Trial desired in New York County.—Action for Annulment of Marriage.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, January 5, 1912.

SAMUEL BLUMBERG,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 91 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the Defendant Frank Wiesenberg:

The foregoing summons is served upon you pursuant to an order of the Hon. Irving Lehman, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 22d day of January, 1912, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on January 23d, 1912.

SAMUEL BLUMBERG,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 91 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BENJAMIN, ALICE ELIZA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York,

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALICE ELIZA BENJAMIN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 545 West 111th Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April next.

Dated New York, the 9th day of October, 1911.

DUNCAN A. DOBIE, Executor of estate of Alice Eliza Benjamin, deceased.
J. BROWNSON KER, Attorney for Executor, 261 Broadway, New York City.

FEDERAL ACTION ON SHIPPING OF CHILDREN

Right of Inter-State Transportation by Common Carrier May Be Involved.

CONGRESS READY TO ACT

Berger Requests Lawrence Strikers to Send 100 Children to Washington by Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 27.—Acting City Marshal Sullivan announced this afternoon that he will not prevent the shipment of children from this city to Washington, as planned by the strike committee, provided he receives assurances from Congressman Victor Berger that he will safeguard the children's welfare.

Congressman Berger will present the children before the House Committee on Labor on Saturday. About 100 children will be sent, and will be selected in groups from all the nationalities represented among the strikers.

Judge Mahoney of the Sixth District Court, announced to-day that parents had a right to send their children out of the State if assured that they were going to suitable homes.

United States District Attorney French, acting upon instructions from Attorney General Wickersham, has begun an investigation in connection with the Inter-State transportation of children, and Massachusetts Attorney General Swift announces a similar inquiry.

An investigation of the individual cases of the fourteen strikers' children who were detained by the police as neglected minors, when the textile strike leaders sought to send them to Philadelphia last Saturday, will be made by a committee in lieu of a regular court hearing. This plan was adopted at a conference called by Judge J. J. Mahoney after he had heard the evidence in the cases of two of the children.

While some of the cotton mills are operating more than 50 per cent. of capacity, the plants of the American Woolen Company do not average more than 25 per cent. It is estimated that there is now a total of 18,000 operatives at work, with 12,000 still on strike.

The mill owners have positively declined to treat with the leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World.

In a statement issued to-night the strikers' committee declares:

> These men and women cannot suffer much longer; they may be compelled to rise in armed revolt against the oppressors if the present state of affairs is allowed to continue.

The loom fixers employed at the Kunhardt mill will return to work to-morrow. This will allow the weavers, who have been forced out of employment, to resume, and will result in a considerable increase in the working force of the mill.

Six women, charged with violating a city ordinance in obstructing sidewalks and molesting passers-by, were given a hearing in the Police Court to-day. Although they pleaded not guilty the court found them guilty, and imposed fines of $3 each. A sentence of three months was also given Sharaton Ekodrigfer, the pepper-thrower.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—That the Senate is seriously contemplating some action in the Lawrence situation was disclosed to-day when it defeated, 38 to 24, an effort to table the Poindexter resolution providing for an investigation by the Commissioner of Labor. The resolution, however, was not acted upon, and it will be amended and some of its more drastic provisions eliminated before it is again taken up.

Consideration of the resolution precipitated a brisk debate and sidetracked other business. The criticism of the resolution was aimed chiefly at the proposal to hale State officers before a Federal Bureau to be interrogated on State affairs. Senator Lodge led the opposition to such procedure.

The House Committee on Rules will have a hearing on Saturday on the resolutions of inquiry introduced by Representatives Berger of Wisconsin and Wilson of Pennsylvania.

The strike was taken up in the House to-day, but an effort to inquire into the alleged abuses of strikers by soldiers and police failed. Representative Wilson of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Committee on Labor, sought authorization for his committee to undertake an investigation. He had introduced a resolution providing $10,000 for the work.

The instructions of Attorney General Wickersham to District Attorney French, at Boston, included inquiry into the action of the Massachusetts authorities in withholding from citizens the constitutional rights of unhampered travel from State to State, and also whether the inter-State commerce law has been violated by preventing railroads from carrying out their contracts to transport persons out of Lawrence.

BOSTON, Feb. 27.—District Attorney French said to-day:

The law officers of the United States have no authority to investigate this strike in its general aspects. Their only solicitude is to ascertain whether or not the complaint which has been made to them, that the prevention by the local police of the transportation of children from Lawrence to Providence and Philadelphia last Saturday was in violation of any paramount law of the United States and particularly whether or not it involves a conspiracy to restrain trade among the States under the criminal provisions of the Sherman act, on the ground that it unwarrantably interferes with a contract for inter-State transportation of passengers by a common carrier.

"This investigation has, of course, nothing to do with the merits of the questions at issue between the strikers and the mill owners."

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Feb. 27.—The calling out of the local mills of all members of the Industrial Workers of the World, in sympathy with the textile strikers at Lawrence, is under consideration, according to statements made by the members of the organization today. The leaders of the local branch today continued their efforts to obtain new members of the industrial workers from among the operatives in New Bedford mills. The membership of the organization in this city at present is stated to be about 600, out of a total of 25,000 textile workers.

Under the gaily colored banner of the Industrial Workers of the World, Samuel A. Stodel and Alvin A. Brown addressed an open air meeting in front of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of arousing sympathy and raising funds for the Lawrence strikers.

As usual on such occasions, Wall Street did not take the meeting very seriously, and the crowd of 200 or 300 persons was made up mostly of clerks, stenographers, and messenger boys. Also, as usual, the crowd's interest waned rapidly when a cigar box was circulated for contributions.

The meagre response voiced by the scattered offerings of small change may have been in Mr. Stodel's mind when he made an attack on the capitalistic class and said that while the Equitable Building had been completely gutted by the recent fire, the "two billion dollars' worth of stocks in the cellar were so full of water that they would not burn."

RUNAWAY GIRL IS FOUND.

Jessie Dunn of Brooklyn Takes Poison When Policeman Calls for Her.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Dunn, of 802 Fifty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, were overjoyed last night to receive a message from Mr. Dunn's brother, James, from Red Bank, N. J., saying that he was starting for home with their 16-year-old daugher Jessie, who ran away on Feb. 15, and for whom the family had been searching ever since. Their happiness at the discovery of their daughter's whereabouts was mingled with alarm, however, for yesterday morning the girl swallowed a dose of poison when she learned that she had been found out, and later declared that if she were taken home she would surely kill herself, though her attempt yesterday was frustrated.

Mr. Dunn said last night that he could not imagine what had come over the girl, who was always treated well at home, he said, and had always seemed to love her parents. He declared that he hoped the child would recever from the melancholy that seemed to possess her when she was with her parents once more.

The girl disappeared on Feb. 15, and with her went three other girls employed, like her, in a wall paper factory at Third Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, Brooklyn. A day or so later one of the girls, Jennie Basilio of 620 Thirtieth Street, returned, and from her Mr. Dunn learned that the girls had gone to a town in New Jersey to which the fare was $1.50, the girl thought. She didn't recall the name of the town.

Since then Mr. Dunn and his brother had searched every New Jersey town which seemed likely to be the one to which the girls had gone, but it was not until yesterday that James Dunn found the girl in Red Bank. There, he learned, she was living with a girl named Cora Cockran, whose parents are separated. Cora Cockran went to her father's home in Red Bank, when she ran away from Brooklyn with the other girls.

Chief Arthur Wynds of the Red Bank police went to the Cockran home to get the Dunn girl, and the child ran upstairs and swallowed the contents of a medicine bottle containing poison. Miss Cockran heard her, and running into the room found her in agony. The girl called a doctor and antidotes were given to Jessie Dunn. It was then that she deslared she would kill herself if she were taken home.

WANT SENATOR'S LETTER.

Disrated Detectives It Denounced Apply to Court to Get It.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick reserved decision yesterday on the application of Jesse Brenner and Daniel J. Curtayne, policemen, for an order vacating a stay granted to the Corporation Counsel. The stay was issued to prevent the execution of an order of Justice Gerard compelling the Police Commissioner to turn over to them a copy of a letter to him from State Senator Stephen J. Stilwell.

The two men are to sue Stilwell for writing a letter which caused their reduction from first-grade detectives to patrolmen. They saw the letter at the time of their reduction, but want to get a copy of it to insert in their complaints.

Stilwell's letter to the Commissioner was based on their seizure of his motor car one warm Saturday afternoon in August last. He was on the platform of the New York Central station at 125th Street and Park Avenue, waiting for a party of friends from up-State. His motor car was below. While he was waiting for the train the detectives came along and took the car.

Stilwell was much disappointed when he found his car missing, and it took him two hours to recover it. Meanwhile his programme for the evening had been turned topsy-turvy. He charged the detectives, they say, with commandeering the car for a joy ride.

The detectives say that they thought the Senator's automobile might have been the one used by the men who killed Adolph Stern, the jeweler, at Thirteenth Street and Sixth Avenue earlier in the day. They based their suspicion on the fact that its number contained the figures 5, 7, and 9, observed on the taxicab which figured in the robbery and murder.

Senator Stilwell, it is said, denounced this theory as an example of stupidity, taking it to heart that any one could think his car resembled a taxi.

Gov. Wilson to Speak in Des Moines.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 27.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson will leave here on Thursday for Des Moines, Iowa, where he will speak Friday night. Gov. Wilson at this time has no further speaking engagements for the week. He has accepted an invitation to speak before the Maryland Legislature soon but the date has not been announced.

WOMEN APPLAUD JURORS.

Cheer and Clap Hands When Mrs. Townsend Wins Separation Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Feb. 27.—Women connected with the Minerva and Thursday Morning Clubs of Manhattan cheered and clapped their hands when a jury in the Supreme Court at White Plains this afternoon awarded a separation to Mrs. Florence E. Townsend from her husband, George S. Townsend, formerly prominent in New Rochelle society, on the ground that he had tried to place her in an asylum.

Mrs. Townsend contended that the action of Mr. Townsend in endeavoring to have her committed to an institution, and in telling her neighbors that she was crazy, constituted extreme cruelty, and the jury upheld her contention.

About forty society women from New York and New Rochelle were in the courtroom, and they all sided with Mrs. Townsend, who is a member of the Minerva Club. When the jury reported they hugged and kissed Mrs. Townsend, and every club member insisted on shaking the hand of each juror.

Mr. Townsend called in his behalf five physicians, among them Dr. Charles Dana of Manhattan, all of whom testified that the plaintiff was of unsound mind in 1911 when they examined her.

The plaintiff, to offset this, called a number of her female companions and Dr. D. B. Sheldon of New York, who testified that they had never seen an irrational act upon Mrs. Townsend's part.

Second
Annual Exhibition
Paintings
BY THE
OLD MASTERS
AT THE
V. G. Fischer Art Galleries
467 Fifth Avenue
(Opposite the Public Library, New York)
Exhibition extended until March 1st.
Admission by Card

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
(One Minute from Hudson Terminal)
Styles Worth "Coming Miles to See."
Russet Shoes, $3.98
Wonderful Value
Worth $6.00
Flat Toe, Wide Shank.
Low
Heel

BALTIC
A New
ARROW
Notch COLLAR
Easy to put on, easy to take off, easy to tie the tie in.
Cluett, Peabody & Company, Makers, Troy, N. Y.

Woman's Industrial Exhibition
March Fourteenth to Twenty-third
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF
The George Washington Memorial Association.
The Woman's Municipal League.
The Association of New York City Day Nurseries.
The George Junior Republic.
The New York Association for the Blind.
The Litle Mothers' Association.
Free Industrial School and Country Home for Crippled Children.
The Widowed Mothers' Fund Association.
The Wilson Industrial School for Girls.
Stony Wold Sanatorium Association.
At the
New Grand Central Palace
Lexington Avenue & 46th Street.
ADMISSION 50c.

NEW YORK Thea., B'way & 44th St. Daily 2:30 and 8:30.
THE DURBAR in KINEMACOLOR

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees To-day & Sat. at 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. A Persian Garden, S. Miller Kent & Co., Beatie & Babs, Bonita & Lew Hearn.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Festival of Femininity All Women Stars

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St Daily Mat. 25c. Andrew Mack, "Mein Liebchen," Mr. & Mrs. J. Barry, Claude & Fannie Usher.

KINEMACOLOR Thea., 40th St., near B'way.
Daily 2:30 & 8:30. Best Matinee Seats 50c.
POSITIVELY LAST WEEK
CORONATION
"Oedipus Rex" Opens Monday Eve.

Columbia B'way & 47th. Burlesque Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. THE BELLES OF THE BOULEVARD Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th St. Mat. Daily.
The Trocadero Burlesquers Amateurs Fri. Night.

OPERA SEATS Phones 4189-6442 Murray Hill. CHOICE SEATS CARUSO in TOSCA To-night. Normandie Hotel, B'way, cor. 38th.

IRVING PL. Every Eve. Opera Bouffe, By arrangement with the Munich Kuenstler Theatre, Offenbach's "SCHOENE HELENA"

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. Home of High-Class Burlesque. Mat. To-day, SEATS, 25c. ROSE SYDELL'S LONDON BELLES. Amateur Night TO-MORROW.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c Miss Stella Hammerstein & Co., Ned Wayburn & Co., Blossom Seeley, 12 others.

5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. Mlle. DAZIE, Willa Holt Wakefield, Bedini & Arthur and "Big Show."

Academy OF MUSIC. Pop. Prices. Mat. Daily. THE DEEP PURPLE.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15 THE NEW JERSEY LILIES.

The Story of Welsbach Service

Sixth:—The Right Collodion

"Collodion" is the waxy covering which protects the Welsbach mantle from the jars of shipping and handling.

The proper manufacture of this Collodion is one of the essential problems of mantle durability.

If too thick, the Collodion distorts and weakens the mantle. If too thin, it does not protect from breakage.

Welsbach chemists have developed Collodion processes which have never been discovered outside our laboratories; and in order to insure dependable service we make a special Collodion to suit the different conditions of each style of mantle.

Sold by all Gas Companies and Dependable Dealers
Welsbach Company
TRADE MARK INSURES Welsbach SERVICE
Ask for our free booklet "The Story of Welsbach Service."

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2, Best Seats $1. Evs. 8.
AROUND THE WORLD

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'wy. Ph. 2628 Bryant. Evs. 8:10. Mats. 2:10
Bought and Paid For
MATINEES TO-DAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat To-morrow 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
4TH MONTH LITTLE BOY BLUE Balcony $1.00 Fam. Circle 50c Orch. $2.
"A Very Entertaining Operetta."—Press.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39, bet. B'way & 6 Av. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
The play of a Woman's Soul, The Bird of Paradise

MANHATTAN OP. H. 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 25c.-50c.
THE ROSARY

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Closed This Week for Rehearsals.
Beginning MONDAY, MAR. 4 Complete new entertainment, including
"WHIRL OF SOCIETY" and
"A NIGHT WITH THE PIERROTS"
and other international features. Star Cast. SEATS ON SALE TO-MORROW.

Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
Weber & Fields Jubilee Co. of 100 in "Hokey Pokey" & "Bunty Bulls & Strings."

39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:20 Matinee To-morrow 2:20.
EVERYWOMAN
POPULAR MATS. TUES. & THURS. ENTIRE ORCH. $1. ENTIRE BALCONY 50c. Evs. 50c-$1.50.

CASINO B'way & 39th. Ev. 8:30. Mat. To-day $1.50
Winthrop Ames Presents The Wordless Play. SUMURUN Last 2 Weeks.

West End, 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Mat. To-day, $1.
BABY MINE with Marguerite Clark | MIKAIL MORDKIN, Lydia Lopoukowa, Bronislowa Pajitzkaia.

DALY'S Broadway and 30th Street. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:15
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:15. BEST SEATS, $1.50.
OLIVER MOROSCO OFFERS
THE SEASON'S MOST REFRESHING COMEDY
THE TRUTH WAGON
A NEWSPAPER PLAY BY HAYDEN TALBOT.
"IT IS A CLEAN BEAT."—HERALD.
"AMUSING."—TIMES.
"HAS THE SPARK OF ORIGINALITY, AND THE DIALOGUE IS PARTICULARLY BRIGHT AND BREEZY."—WORLD.
"EXHILARATING."—TRIBUNE.
"ROLLICKING."—PRESS.
"ORIGINAL, BRIGHT, AMUSING."—SUN.
"INTERESTING DIVERSION."—EV. TELEGRAM.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE Broadway and 40th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY.
BRILLIANT PLAY, PERFORMANCE SUCCESS.
"Delicious Comedy."—Tribune.
"Sparkling Comedy, Brilliantly Revealed."—Sun.
"Delightful Comedy, Delightfully Acted."—Times.
"Mrs. Fiske Wins."—World.
"Mrs. Fiske at her best."—Telegraph.
MRS. FISKE in the Charming Comedy LADY PATRICIA
"A REAL SUCCESS."—Eve. Mail.
"Comedy of Wit, Grace, and Sparkle."—Eve. World.
"Mrs. Fiske Wins Triumph."—Eve. Telegram.

LYCEUM 45th St. & B'way. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:15.
GERTRUDE ELLIOTT in ARTHUR PINERO'S LATEST COMEDY
PRESERVING MR. PANMURE

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
10 Nights and 4 Matinees Only.
LAST NIGHT SAT., MARCH 9th.
DOUBLE BILL—AN ALL-STAR CAST in J. M. BARRIE'S Great NOVELTY,
A SLICE OF LIFE | ETHEL BARRYMORE, JOHN BARRYMORE, HATTIE WILLIAMS.
preceded by ETHEL BARRYMORE in COUSIN KATE.

FULTON 46th St. & B'way. Eve 8:15, Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
ELSIE FERGUSON THE FIRST LADY IN THE LAND.

HARRIS W. 42d Street. Eve. 8:30 Mats. To-mor. & Sat. 2:20.
PLEASE YOUR WIFE—SEE THE TALKER

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. First Matinee Sat. 2:15.
TO-NIGHT at 8:15.
MME. SIMONE playing in English
will present for first time in English EDMOND ROSTAND'S Mediaeval Romance,
"THE LADY OF DREAMS"

PARK 59th St., B'way, Columbus Circle. Ev. 8:10. Mat. To-day 50c. to $1.50.
The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mat. To-day. Popular Prices.
A Smashing Play of Laughs and Thrills.
LOUIS MANN in "Elevating a Husband."
Entire Balcony $1.00. Seats also at McBride's, Cadillac Hotel. No advance.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Ev. 8 Sharp. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2.
OTIS SKINNER IN AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET

The Times says:
The Liebler Co.'s Dickens Centenary Production of
"OLIVER TWIST"
at the NEW AMSTERDAM Theatre is
"SUPERB"
Press—"Not to behold Goodwin's Fagin is to miss one of the genuine pleasures of a lifetime."
World—"Miss Doro, as Oliver, played with a delicacy and simulation of childishness which gave the character just the right appeal."
Tribune—"The Bill Sykes of Lyn Harding stood out; he was a living part of the sordid, vicious underworld."
Sun—Constance Collier, as Nance, was beautiful even in her rags. Her hopeless clinging to Bill sent pleasurable shivers down the backs of the feminine part of the audience."
Eves. 8 Sharp. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2 Sharp.
POPULAR PRICE MAT. TO-DAY, 50c. to $1.50.

LIBERTY 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Best Seats $1.50.
GENUINE HIT GREAT COMPANY—MUSIC—CHORUS. MARIE CAHILL in THE OPERA BALL with HARRY CONOR.

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris success, "UPROARIOUS SUCCESS."
OFFICER 666
with GEORGE NASH & WALLACE EDDINGER.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Eve. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
MATINEE TO-DAY POPULAR PRICES
EDDIE FOY in "OVER THE RIVER."
With THE ONLY CABARET ON THE STAGE. MAURICE in NEW DANCES.

ASTOR TO-MORROW NIGHT 8:15. FIRST MAT. SAT. 2:15.
WAGENHALS & KEMPER CO. present
THE GREYHOUND
A play of incident and character by PAUL ARMSTRONG and WILSON MIZNER.

THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
at the CENTURY THEATRE has played to the Greatest Eighteen Weeks of Business Since the World Began. 62d & 8 Av. Phone 8800 Col.
POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2; 50c. to $2.
Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. (Pop.), Sat. at 2. Seats to Mar. 30.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20.
POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY, 50c. to $1.50.
TO-NIGHT 195th TIME. ARLISS in DISRAELI

The LITTLE Theatre 44th Street, West of B'way.
First Public Performance Tues. Eve., March 12.
Box office opens Mon., Mar. 4. Mail Orders Now.
GALSWORTHY'S Comedy, "THE PIGEON."

GEO. M. COHAN Theatre, B'way & 43 St. Ev. 8:10. Mat. Sat.
174TH TIME TO-NIGHT.
HIS FAME GIRDLES THE GLOBE.
COHAN and his own Co. in
Now and forever musical farce hit,
THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE

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EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Orchestral Concerts Aft. and Eve.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night, at 8:15—TOSCA. Fremstad; Caruso, Amato, Rossi, Pini-Corsi, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
THURS., at 8:15—DONNE CURIOSE. Farrar, Alten, Maubourg, Fornia; Jadlowker, Scotti, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
FRI. MAT. at 2.—RIGOLETTO. Pasquali, Homer; Caruso, Renaud, Segurola. Cond., Sturani.
FRI. at 8.—TANNHAEUSER. Destinn, Fremstad; Slezak, Weil, Griswold, Hinshaw. Cond., Hertz.
SAT. MAT. at 2.—ARIANE. Farrar, Matzenauer, Maubourg; Rothier. Cond., Toscanini.
SAT. at 7:45, Pop. Prices—LOHENGRIN. Morena, Homer; Jorn, Goritz, Witherspoon, Hinshaw. Hertz.
NEXT MON. EVG. at 8.—OTELLO. Alda, Maubourg; Slezak, Scotti, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
TUES., at 8. PHILA-CHICAGO OPERA CO., first time here., JEWELS of the MADONNA. White, Dufau, Berat, Wittkowska, Galli; Bassi, Sammarco. General Musical Director, Campanini.
WED., at 7:30—MEISTERSINGER. Destinn, Wickham; Jorn, Weil, Reiss, Goritz, Griswold, Hinshaw. Cond., Toscanini.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
TUES., Mch. 5, at 8—KOENIGSKINDER. Farrar, Wickham,; Jadlowker, Goritz, Reiss, Didur. Con., Hertz.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

TO-NIGHT CARNEGIE HALL
MENDELSSOHN CHOIR OF TORONTO
in conjunction with
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VERDI'S REQUIEM
CELEBRATED SOLOISTS.
Seats, $1-$2.50, at Hall.

SYMPHONY Society of New York.
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Friday Aft., March 1—Century Theatre.
Symphony in C minor, Saint-Saens; Piano Concerto, Grieg (Miss Cecile Ayres), (her first appearance in New York) Symphonic Poem "Villon," Wallace.
Seats 50c. to $1. Box Office & 1 W. 34th St.
Next Sunday Afternoon, March 3.
Soloist—MME. JEANNE JOMELLI.

PHILHARMONIC
—Society of New York—
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve. & Fri. Aft.
Soloist MISS ELENA GERHARDT
Grieg "Autumn," Wagner Songs, Strauss "Tod und Verklaerung," Wolf Songs, Schumann 1st Symphony.
50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.
B'klyn Academy, Sunday Aft., Mme. ALDA.

SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE,
Sat. Aft., March 2, at 2:30
SENIOR and JUNIOR ORCHESTRAS.
Music School Settlement—120 Young Players.
Master Beryl Rubinstein, Pianist.
DAVID MANNES..............Director
Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34 St. & Carnegie Hall.

CARNEGIE LYCEUM. This Eve., (Wed.) 8:15.
Recital of German and English Songs.
LUDWIG HESS
Tenor. EUGEN HAILE at the Piano.
Seats 75c-$1.50, by mail, M. H. Hanson, 437 5th Av.

Beatrice Herford
Benefit Babies' Ward, P. G. Hospital, Delmonico's, Thurs. Aft., 29th. $1.50.

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HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

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NEW YORK
CAFE DES BEAUX ARTS 80 WEST 40TH ST. TEL. 2300 BRYANT.
TAVERNE LOUIS FIFTH AV. AT 23RD ST. TEL. 5181 GRAMERCY.
ANNOUNCEMENT
LOUIS BUSTANOBY takes pleasure in announcing that he will reassume control of the CAFE DES BEAUX ARTS, at 80 West 40th Street, New York, on Thursday, February 29th, 1912.
It will then be conducted as when formerly under his management it won world wide reputation for its unexcelled cuisine and atmosphere of refinement.
A splendid musical entertainment, both vocal and instrumental, will be one of the features.
Louis Bustanoby extends his compliments to his patrons and appreciates their very kind congratulations.
The TAVERNE LOUIS, Flatiron Building, New York, will also continue to be under his exclusive management.

A NEWSPAPER SENSATION.

ON Sunday, March 24th, The New York Times will give as an extra section, consisting of eight full pages in three colors, of its Easter Edition, the most attractive feature ever issued by a daily newspaper.

The New York Times will reproduce in colors for the first time the entire fifteen panels of the Holy Grail, by Edwin A. Abbey, the most famous modern mural paintings in the world, and the most notable decorative feature of the Boston Public Library.

Nothing like this has ever been attempted by a newspaper before. Special permission was obtained by The New York Times from Mrs. Abbey to reproduce these paintings, and every effort has been made to make the reproductions worthy of the remarkable pictures that represent Mr. Abbey's art at its best.

The reproduction is done on heavy super paper by the best process known in color printing, and made from photographs colored by hand by artists directly from the originals. The set costing $600.

Until their publication in the Easter Edition of The New York Times it has not been possible to secure colored reproductions of the complete series of Holy Grail pictures except in the expensive hand colored form.

To further increase the excellence of the result the maker of the plates sent highly skilled men to Boston to put the last finishing touches on the plates with the original paintings in front of them.

Never before has a newspaper given gratuitously to its readers an art supplement of such originality or of such importance from the standpoint of art. This remarkable publication involves an expense of ten thousand dollars by The New York Times.

It was because of the wide public interest and demand for these paintings that Mrs. Abbey was persuaded to give her consent to their first and exclusive publication in The New York Times, when assured that the reproduction would be so well done as to be creditable not only to the publisher but to the paintings themselves.

No mural decorations of modern times are so widely known as these elaborate panels by the late Edwin A. Abbey. They are the show pieces of Boston and thousands have gone to the Public Library simply to see them. They are vivid in color, striking in conception and execution, and the theme is one that cannot fail to arouse interest.

The Legend of the Holy Grail has always been a favorite subject of romance and poetry, and it was left to Abbey to give it as notable a place in art. The deep religious sentiment of the theme inspired the artist to his highest skill, and his remarkable paintings are especially appropriate for the Easter Edition of The Sunday Times. An authoritative description of each panel accompanies the reproduction.

Now a word of warning.

The high quality of the paper used for this section and the slow and careful method of printing required to get the results striven for involve so much time and expense that this edition of The New York Times is necessarily limited. Each copy of this section alone costs more than any reader of The New York Times will pay for The Sunday Times complete. It will not be possible to supply the demand of all of the casual purchasers of The Sunday Times on March 24th, but an edition will be planned estimated to supply those who read The Times regularly.

This timely notice is given so that those who wish to secure a copy of the Easter Edition of March 24th may place an order for the regular delivery of The Times at once, because preference will naturally have to be given to those who are regularly served with The Times.

It would be a reflection on the intelligence of any man or woman who after seeing a copy of this superb section would not desire one, and it is safe to say a dollar or more would be willingly paid for a copy when it is too late.

The Easter Edition of The New York Times, with the supplement containing the celebrated Abbey pictures of the Holy Grail as one of numerous features, appears Sunday, March 24th.